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FAMILIES

OF

PLANTS

IN TWO VOLUMES

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THE

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VOL. II.

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VOL. II

## FAMILIES

OF

## PLANTS,

WITH THEIR NATURAL CHARACTERS,

ACCORDING TO THE

NUMBER, FIGURE, SITUATION, AND PROPORTION OF ALL THE PARTS OF FRUCTIFICATION.

TRANSLATED FROM THE LAST EDITION, (As published by Dr. REICHARD)

OF THE

## GENERA PLANTARUM,

AND OF THE

#### MANTISSÆ PLANTARUM

OF THE ELDER LINNEUS;

AND FROM THE

#### SUPPLEMENTUM PLANTARUM

OF THE YOUNGER LINNEUS,

WITH ALL THE NEW

FAMILIES OF PLANTS,

FROM

#### THUNBERG AND L'HERITIER.

TO WHICH IS PREFIX'D AN ACCENTED CATALOGUE OF THE NAMES OF PLANTS, WITH THE ADJECTIVES APPLY'D TO THEM, AND OTHER BOTANIC TERMS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF TEACHING THEIR RIGHT PRONUNCIATION.

#### VOL. II.

#### BY A BOTANICAL SOCIETY AT LICHFIELD.

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MDCCLXXXVII.



#### CLASS XIV.

## TWO POWERS.

(Didynàmia.)

TWO POWERS. (Didynamia) \* The lip'd and marked flowers of Tournef. the one-petal'd irregular flowers of Riv.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, erect, tubular, five-cleft, with unequal fegments, permanent.

Con. one-petal'd, erect, whose tubular base contains the honey, and supplies the place of a nectary.

The mouth commonly grinning: the upper Lip straight; the under Lip expanding, three-cleft: the middle division broader.

STAM. Filaments four, linear, inferted into the tube of the corol, inclining towards the back of it; of which the two intermediate and nearest ones are shorter: all parallel, rarely surpassing the length of the corol. Anthers often covered by the upper lip of the corol and converging by pairs.

Pist. Germ oftner above. Style one, thread-form, inflected in the fame manner as the filaments, oftner placed between them, a little furpaffing them in length, flightly incurved at the furmit. Stigma commonly two-cleft.

PER. either none, (feed-naked); or prefent (feed-covered), oftner two-cell'd.

SEEDS either (if no pericarp) four, concealed in the bottom of the calyx, as in a capfule; or (if any pericarp) many, affixed to the receptacle placed in the middle of the pericarp.

Obs. The flowers of this family for the most part are nearly erect, but rather inclining from the stem at an acute single; by which the corol can more easily cover the anthers, nor can it be so drench'd with rain, but that the dust may fall upon the stigma.

The effential character consists in four stamens, of which the two nearest are shorter, converging (with one style of the pistil) within

an unequal corol.

## TWO POWERS.

(Didynamia.)

#### I. SEED-NAKED.

(Gymnospérmia.)

705 Ajuga. 706 Teucrium. 707 Saturéia. 708 Thýmbra. 709 Hyssópus. 710 Népeta. 711 Lavéndula. 712 Sideritis. 713 Méntha. 1236 Perílla. 714 Glecóma. 716 Lámium. 717 Galeopfis. 718 Betonica. 719 Stáchys. 720 Ballóta. 721 Marrubium. 722 Leonúrus. 723 Phlómis. 724 Mollucélla. 725 Clinopódium. 726 Origanum. 727 Thýmus. 728 Melissa. 729 Dracocéphalum. 730 Horminum.
731 Melíttis.
732 Ócymum.
733 Trichostéma.
734 Scutellária.
735 Prunélla.
736 Cleónia.
737 Prásium.
738 Phrýma.

## II. SEED-COVERED. (Angiofpérmia.)

1408 Castilléia.
739 Bártsia.
740 Rhinánthus.
741 Euphrásia.
742 Melampýrum.
743 Lathræa.
744 Schwalbéa.
745 Tózzia.
746 Pediculáris.
747 Gerárdia.
748 Chelóne.
749 Gesnéria.

750 An=

750 Antirrhinum.

751 Cymbária.

1407 Thumbérgia.

752 Craniolária.

753 Martýnia. 754 Torénia.

755 Besléria.

756 Scropulária.

757 Célfia.

1405 Hemimeris.

758 Digitalis. 759 Bigónia.

760 Citharéxylon.

761 Halléria.

762 Crescéntia. 763 Gmelina.

764 Petrœa.

1316 Prémna. 765 Lantána.

766 Cornútia.

767 Loefélia.

768 Caprária.

1315 Lindérnia.

769 Selágo. 1264 Manúlea.

770 Hebenstrétia.

771 Erinus.

772 Büchnéra.

773 Browállia.

774 Linnæa.

775 Sibthórpia.

776 Limosélla.

1265 Vandéllia.

Sternódia. 777 778 Obolátia.

779 Orobanche.

1317 Hyobánche.

780 Dodártia.

781 Lippia.

782 Sésamum.

783 Mimulus.

784 Ruéllia.

785 Barléria.

786 Duránta. 787 Oviéda.

1406 Millingtónia.

788 Volkaméria.

789 Clerodéndrum.

790 Vitex.

791 Bóntia.

1237 Avicénnia.

792 Columnéa.

793 Acanthus. Aléctra.

794 Pedálium.

1409 Amafónia.

795 Meliánthus. Dombéya.

## I. S E E D - N A K E D. (Gymnospérmia).

705. AJUGA. \* Bugula Tournef. 98. Bugle.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, short, half-fivecleft, subequal, permanent. Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, incurved. Upper lip very small, erect, two-cleft, obtuse. Under lip large, expanding, three-cleft, obtuse: the middle division largest, inversehearted: the lateral ones small.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, erect, longer than the upper lip, of

which two are shorter. Anthers twin.

PIST. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, the situation and length of the stamens. Stigmas two, slender, of which the inferior is shorter.

Per. none. Calyx converging, cherishing the seeds in its bosom. SEEDs four, oblongish.

706. TEÚCRIUM. \* Tournef. 93. Polium Tournef. 98. Chamædrys Tournef. 97. Chamæpitys Tournef. 98. Germander. Wood-sage.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-fivecleft, acute, subequal, gibbous

on one fide at the base, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, short, ending in an incurved throat. Upper lip erect, acute, deeply two-parted beyond the base, with distant divisions at the sides. Under lip expanding, three-cleft; the lateral divisions the form of the upper lip, erectish: the middle one largest; rather rounded.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, longer than the upper lip of the corol, alcending between the divisions of it, prominent. Anthers small.

PIST. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, the situation and size of the stamens. Stigmas two, slender.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged, cherishing the seeds in its bottom.

SEEDS four, roundish.

OBS. The upper lip of the corol divided beyond the base, and gaping, resembles a corol destitute of an upper lip.

Teucrium T. Calyx bell'd, the divisions of the under lip of the

corol concave.

Polium T. Flowers collected in a head, terminating the branches: Chamædrys T. Flowers from the wings of the leaves, calyx tubular. Marum Boerh. Leaves of serpyllum, the odour acrid. Scordium T.Raj. The odour of Garlick.

Iva. Dill. Calyx very gibbous below.

707. SA-

#### 707. SATURÉJA. \* Tournef. Savory.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, striated, erect, permanent: the

mouth five-tooth'd, subequal, erect.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, shorter than the calyx.

Throat simple. Upper lip erect, obtuse, acutely end-nick'd, the length of the under lip. Under lip three-parted, expanding the divisions obtuse, equal, the middle one rather larger.

STAM. Filaments four, bristly, distant, scarcely the length of the upper lip, of which the two inferior ones are rather shorter.

Authers converging.

PIST. Germ four-cleft. Style briffly, the length of the corol. Stigmas

two, briftly.

PER. none. Calyx converging, cherishing the seeds in the bottom. SEEDs four, roundish.

### 708. THÝMBRA. \* Mountain Hyssop.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, subcylindric, keel'd on the sides, two-lip'd in the mouth: the upper lip broader, half-threeclest, equal, converging: the under lip narrower, two-parted.

Cor. grinning: Tube subcylindric. Upper lip flat, straight, half-twocleft, obtuse: Under lip three-cleft, subequal, flat.

STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, approximated by pairs: the two inferior of which are shorter. Anthers two-lobed with lobes remote, under the upper lip of the corol.

PIST. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, half-twocleft. Stigmas

two, acute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS four.

### 709. HYSSÓPUS. \* Tournef. 95. Hysfop.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, cylindric, oblong, striated, acutely five-

toothed, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, slender, the length of the calve. Throat inclining. Upper lip straight, flat, short, roundish, end-nick'd: Under lip three-cleft: the lateral divifions shorter. obtuse: the intermediate one notch'd, inversehearted, acute, with distant lobes.

STAM. Filaments four, erect, longer than the corol, distant, of which the two superior are shorter; but the two longer are

nearer the under lip. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, under the upper lip, and the length of it. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx containing the feeds in its bosom.

SEEDs four, rather egg'd.

#### 710. NEPETA. \* Cataria Tournef. 95. Cat-mint. Nep.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, cylindric: the mouth 5-tooth'd, acute, erect: the fuperior toothlets longer; the inferior ones

more expanded.

Con. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, incurved. Border gaping. Throat expanded, hearted, terminated by two reflected obtute very front divisions. Upper lip erect, roundish, end-nick'd: Under lip roundish, concave, larger, intire, notchletted.

STAM Filaments four, awl'd, placed under the upper lip, approxi-

mated, of which two are shorter. Anthers incumbent.

Pist. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, the length and fituation of the stamens, Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER. none. Calyx straight, containing the seeds in its bosom.

SEEDs four, rather egg'd.

OBS. If you number with the under lip the divisions of the throat, the under lip will be three-cleft.

#### 711. LAVANDULA. \* Tournef. 93. Stoechas Tournef. 95. Lavender.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, egg'd: obscurely toothed in the mouth,

thort, permanent, supported by a bracke.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning, resupine. Tube cylindric, longer than the ealyx. Border expanding. One lip looking upwards, larger, two-cleft, expanding. The other lip looking downwards, three-cleft: all the divisions foundish, subequal.

STAM. Filaments four, short, within the tube of the corol, deflected,

of which two are shorter. Anthers small.

PIST. Germ four-parted. Style threadform, the length of the tube. Stigma two-lobed, obtuse, converging.

PER. none. Calyx converging in the mouth, cherishing the seeds.

SEEDS four, inverse-egg'd.

Obs. Of Lavandula T. The flowers are digested into a simple spike.

Stoechas T. The slowers are collected into a spike, arranged in various series, adorned with hair.

#### 712. SIDERÍTIS. \* Tournef. 90. Iron-wort.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, oblong, about half-fivecleft: the

divisions acute, subequal.

Cor. one-petal'd, subequal. Tube cylindric, oblong. Throat oblong, columnarish. Upper lip erect, two-cleft, narrow: Under lip three-cleft: the lateral divisions acuter, rather less than the under lip: the middle one roundish, notch'd.

STAM. Filaments four, within the tube of the corol, shorter than the throat, of which two are less. Anthers roundish: two twin.

PIST. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, rather longer than the stamens. Stigmas two, of which the superior is cylindric, concave, lop'd; the inferior one membranous, shorter, sheathing the superior.

PER. none. Calyx cherishing the seeds in its bosom.

SEEDS four.

713. MÉN-

#### 713: MENTHA. \* Tournef. 89. Mint.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, erect, five-tooth'd, equal, per-

Cor. one-petal'd. Petal erect, tubular, rather longer than the calyx.

Border four-parted, subequal: the superior division broader, endnick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, erect, distant, of which the two nearest are longer. Authors roundish.

PIST Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, erect, longer than the corol. Stigma two-cleft, expanding.

PER. none. Calyx erect, cherishing the seeds in its bosom.

SEEDS four, finall.

#### 1236. PERÍLLA.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, erect, half-fivecleft: (the divisions equal: the highest very short), permanent.

Con. one-petal'd, irregular, four-cleft: the superior division endnick'd; the lateral ones expanded; the lowest longer, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments four, simple, distant, shorter than the corol. Anthers two-cleft.

Pist. Germs four. Styles two, thread-form, connected, the length of the stamens. Stigmas simple.

PER. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS four.

#### 714. GLECOMA. \* Ground-ivy. Gill.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, cylindric, striated, very small, permanent: the mouth five cleft, pointed, unequal.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube flender, compress'd. Upper lip erect, obtuse, half-twocleft. Under lip expanding, larger, obtuse, three-cleft: the intermediate division larger, end-nick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, under the upper lip, of which two are shorter. Each pair of Anthers converging in the form of a cross.

Pist. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, inclining under the upper lip. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

Per. none. Calyx cherishing the feeds in its bosom.

SEEDs four, egg'd.

#### 716. LAMIUM. Tournef. 35. Orvala gen. pl. ed. VI. n. 715. Papia Mich. 17. Deadnettle. Archangel.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, more expanding upwards, five-

tooth'd, awn'd, subequal, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, very short. Border gaping. Throat inflated, compress'd, gibbous, mark'd on each side the margin with a reflected toothlet. Upper lip vaulted, roundish, obtuse, intire. Under lip shorter, inverse-hearted, end-nick'd, reslected.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, concealed under the upper lip, two

of which are longer. Anthers oblong, shaggy.

Pist. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, the length and fituation of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

Per. none. Calyx open, bearing the feeds flat above in its bosom. Seeds four, short, three-sided, convex on one side, lop'd at both ends.

# 717. GALEÓPSIS. \* Tetrahit Dill. gen. 3. 4. Galeobdolon Dill. gen. 4. Hedge-nettle.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, five-tooth'd, acute-awn'd, ending

in awns the length of the tube itself, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube short. Border gaping. Throat rather broader than the tube, the length of the calyx, putting forth above the base of the inferior lip on each side a toothlet pointed, concave beneath. Upper lip roundish, concave, saw'd at top. Under lip three-cleft: the lateral divisions roundish: the middle one larger, end-nick'd, notch'd.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, conceal'd under the upper lip, of

which two are shorter. Anthers roundish, two-cleft.

Pist. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, the length and fituation of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER. none. Calyx rigid, straight, containing the seeds in the bottom.

SEEDs four, three-sided, lop'd.

OBS. G. Ladanum has the upper lip fearcely notched with a fubrefletted top.

G.Galeobdolon has the lip of the corol equal, deflitute of teeth. R. 718. BE-

### 718. BETÓNICA. Tournef. 96. Betony.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, cylindric, five-tooth'd, awn'd, permanent.

Con. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube incutved, cylindric. Upper lip roundish, intire, flat, erect. Under lip three-cleft: the mid-dle division broader, roundish, end-nick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, the length of the throat, of which two are shorter, inclining to the upper lip. Anthers roundish.

Pist. Germ four-parted. Style the form, fituation and fize of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx cherishing the feeds in its bosom.

SEEDs four, egg'd.

#### 719. STACHYS. Tournef. 86. Galeopsis Tournef, 86, Baje Horebound.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, angular, half-fivecleft, pointed,

permanent: (the toothlets pointed, awl'd), subunequal.
COR. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube very short. Threat oblong, gibbous downwards to the base. Upper lip erect, nearly egg'd, vaulted, often end-nick'd. Under lip larger, reflected on the fides, three-cleft: the intermediate division very large, endnick'd, replaited.

STAM Filaments four, of which two are shorter, awl'd, deflowered, recurvate to the fides of the throat. Anthers fimple.

PIST. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, the fituation and length of the stainens. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER none. Calyx scarcely changed.

S'EEDS four, egg'd, angular. OBS. Galeopsis T. upper lip vaulted. Stachys T. upper lip erect.

S. hirta (shaggy) the upper lip of the corol divaricated. S. arvensis (field) the upper lip of the corol most intire.

120. BAL-

#### 720. BALLOTA. \* Ballote Tournef. 85. Black-Horehound.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, falver-form, five-corner'd, oblong, ten-striated, erect, permanent, equal: the mouth acute, expanded, plaited, five-tooth'd.

Involucre beneath the Verticils with linear leaflets.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, the length of the calyx. Upper lip erect, egg'd, intire, notch'd, concave. Under lip three-cleft, obtuse: the intermediate division larger, end nick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, of which two are shorter, awl'd, inclining to the superior lip, and shorter than it. Anthers oblong, lateral. Pist. Germ sour-clest. Style thread-form, the situation and form of

the stamens. Stigma stender, two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged, cherishing the seeds in its bosom.

SEEDs four, egg'd.

OBS. It has the Involucre of Clinopodium; the Calyx of Marrubium; the. Corol of Stachys; but approaches nearest to Marrubium. B. disticha (two-rank'd) has its perianth obscurely ten-cornered.

#### 721. MARRUBIUM. \* Tournef. 91. Pseudodictamnus Tournef. 89. Horebound.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, falver-form, rigid, ten-striated: the mouth equal, expanded, often ten-tooth'd: the alternate toothlets lefs.

Con. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric. Border gaping with a long tubular throat. Upper lip erect, linear, two-cleft, acute. Under lip reflected, broader, half-threecleft: middle division broader, end-nick'd: the lateral ones acute.

STAM. Filaments four, shorter than the corol, concealed under the

upper lip, of which two are longer. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, the length and situation of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx contracted in the neck, expanded in the mouth, including the feeds.

Seens four, oblongish.

Ors. Marrubium T. has the upper lip of the corol erect. Pseudodictamnus T. has the upper lip of the corol vaulted.

Some species have five calyx-toothlets. M. crispum (curled) has the upper lip intire.

M. hispanicum (spanish) has the upper lip 3-or 4-cleft.

722. LE-

#### 722. LEONÚRUS. \* Cardiacá Tournef. 37. Lion'stail. Mother-wort.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, cylinder-angled, five-corner'd,

five-tooth'd, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube narrow. Border gaping. Throat long. Upper lip longer, femicylindric, concave, gibbous, round-obtufe at the top, intire, villous. Under lip reflected, three-parted: the divisions lanced, subequal.

STAM. Filaments four, covered under the upper lip, of which two are fhorter. Anthers oblong, compressed, two-cleft in the middle, incumbent, springled with elevated, globular, glosfly, solid,

very fmall points.

PIST. Germs four. Style thread-form, the length and fituation of

the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged, containing seeds shorter than itself. Seeds four oblong, convex on one side, angular on the other. Obs. The lips of the corol differ in different species. R.

### 723. PHLOMIS. \* Tournef. 82. Jerusalem Sage.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, oblong, five-angled, tooth'd,

permanent: the involucre beneath the Verticil.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube oblong. Upper lip egg'd, vaulted, incumbent, compressed, villous, obscurely two-cleft. Under lip three-cleft: the middle division larger, two-lobed, obtuse: the lateral ones small, acuter.

STAM. Filaments four, concealed under the upper lip, of which two

are longer. Anthers oblong.

Pist. Germ four-parted. Style the length and situation of the stamens. Stigma two-clest, acute: the inferior part longer.

PER. none. Calyx containing the feeds in its bosom.

SEEDs four, oblong, three-fided.

Obs. It differs from Leonurus by the want of points on the Anthers.

The form of the Calyx and lips of the Corol is not the same in all.

R

724. MO-

## 724. MOLUCCÉLLA. \* Molucca Tournef. 88.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, very large, top-shape, gradually ending in a most ample border, bell'd, tooth-thorned, (of which the superior tooth is more remote), incurved, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning, less than the calyx. Tube and throat short. Upper lip erect, concave, intire: Under lip three-cleft: the middle division more produced, end-nick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, under the upper lip: of which two are shorter.

Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ four-parted. Style the fize and fituation of the stamens.

Stigma two-cleft.

Per. none. Fruit top-shape, lop'd, in the bottom of the open calyx. Seeds four, convex on one side, angular on the other, broader upwards, lop'd.

Obs. Of M. spinosa (thorny) the Calyx has seven long thorns.

Of M. levis (polish'd) the Calyx has five small thorns.

Of M. frutescens (shrubby) the Calyx has twelve expanded thorns.

The Calyx in some is longer than the Corol, in others shorter. R.

#### 725. CLINOPÓDIUM. \* Tournef. 92. Field Bafil.

CAL. Involucre many-bristled, the length of the perianth, beneath the verticil.

Perianth one-leaved, cylindric, very flightly incurved, with a two-lip'd mouth. Upper lip broader, three-cleft, acute, reflected: Under lip two-parted, flender, inflected.

Con. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube thort, gradually enlarged to the throat. Upper lip erect, concave, obtuse, end-nick'd. Under lip three-cleft, obtuse: the middle division broader, end-nick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, under the upper lip, of which two are thorter.

Anthers roundish.

Pist. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, the fituation and length of the stamens. Stigma fimple, acute, compressed.

Per. none. Calyx contracted in the neck, gibbous in the belly, containing the feeds.

SEEDS four, egg'd.

726. ORI-

726. ORIGANUM. Tournef. 64. Wild Marjoram. CAL. Involucre spiked, compounded with imbricated, egg'd, coloured bractes.

Perianth unequal, various.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, compress'd. Upper lip erect, flat, obtuse, end-nick'd. Under lip three-clest: the divisions subequal. STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, the length of the corol, of

which two are longer. Anther's simple. PIST. Garm four-cleft, Style thread-form, inclining to the upper lip of the corol. Stigma very flightly two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx converging, cherishing the seeds in its bosom.

SEEDs four, egg'd.

OBS. The Involucre of the calyx constitutes the effence of the character in this genus. Perianth in some is nearly equal, five-tooth'd; in others two-lip'd:

the upper lip large, intire; the under one scarcely any; in some

two-leaved.

Origanum T. The flowers are folitary arifing from proper scalelets. Majorana T. The flowers proceed from an imbricated four-corner'd head.

Dictamnus Raj. Boerh. The flowers proceed from a loofe imbri-

cated head.

727. THYMUS. \* Tournef. 93. Acynos Dill. gen. 4. Thyme.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, half-twocleft into two lips, permanent, the throat closed with hairs: Upper lip broader, flat, erect, three-tooth'd. Under lip two-briffled, of equal length.

COR. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube the length of the calyx. Throat small. Upper lip shorter, flat, erect, end-nick'd, obtuse. Under lip longer, expanding, broader, three-cleft, obtuse; the middle division broader.

STAM. Filaments four, incurved, of which two are longer. Anthers small. Pist. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER. none. Calyx contracted in the neck, cherishing the seeds in its bosom.

SEEDs four, small, roundish.

OBS. Thymus T. the stamens are very short.

Scrphyllum T. differs from Thyme in the woody, lefs, hard,

humbler stems. Acinos Riv. Dill. the middle division of the under lip of the corol is end-nick'd.

Mastichina Boerh. the teeth of the calyx are extended into very long and hairy brifiles.

728. ME-

#### 728. MELISSA. \* Tournef. 91. Calamintha Tournef. 92. Balm.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, nearly bell'd, dry-parch'd, rather expanding, angular, striated, permanent, with a two-lip'd mouth. Upper lip three-tooth'd, reflex-expanding, flat. Under lip thorter, acutish, two-parted.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric. Throat gaping. Upper lip shorter, erect, vaulted, roundish, two-cleft, Under lip three-cleft, the middle division larger, hearted.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, of which two are the length of the corol, two are shorter by half. Anthers small, converging by pairs.

PIST. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, the length of the corol, inclining with the stamens under the upper lip of the corol.

Stigma stender, two-cleft, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx larger, unchanged, cherishing the seeds in its bosom. SEEDs four, egg'd.

#### 729. DRACOCEPHALUM. \* Tournef. 83. Hire A. G. 1712. 11. Moldavica Tournef. 85. Dragon's-head.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, permanent, very short.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube the length of the calyx. Throat very large, oblong, inflated, gaping, rather compress'd on the back. Upper lip straight, vaulted, complicated, obtuse. Under lip three-eleft: the lateral divisions erect, as the divisions of the throat; the intermediate one depending, small, prominent before at the base, roundish, end-nick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, concealed under the upper lip of the corol, of which two are rather shorter. Anthers nearly hearted.

Pist. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, the situation of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute, slender, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx cherishing the feeds in its bottom.

SEEDs four, egg-oblong, three-fided.

OBS. Dracocephalum T. calyx tubular, inflected, five-tooth'd, equal. Moldavica T. calyx belied, contracted in the neck, two-lip'd in the mouth; the superior lip broader, three-cleft; the inferior one less, acuter, two-parted.

Some species of the Moldavica T. furnish'd with a calyx as in the Dracocephalum T. evince that the calyx in this genus avails nothing.

#### 730. HORMÍNUM. + Pyrenean Clary.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, ftraight, five-angled with lines, unequal, half-twocleft. Upper lip broader, egg'd, more expanding, three-tooth'd, with pointed teeth. Under lip lanced, ftraight, two-parted: the fegments croffwife incumbent, pointed.

Con. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube the length of the calyx. Upper lip erect, concave, two-cleft, shorter. Under lip three-cleft:

with roundish segments.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, ascending, inflected, not longer than the corol, of which the two opposite are rather shorter. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, the situation and length

of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs four, roundish, obtufely three-fided.

#### 731. MELLITTIS. \* Balm-leaved Archangel.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, columnar, straight, with a two-lip'd mouth. Upper lip higher, end-nick'd, acute. Under lip

fhorter, two-cleft, acute, with gaping divisions.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube much narrower than the calyx. Throat scarcely thicker than the tube. Upper lip erect, roundish, intire. Under lip expanding, three-cleft, obtuse: the intermediate division larger, flat, intire.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, under the upper lip, of which the intermediate are shorter than the exterior ones. Anthers con-

verging by pairs to a cross, two-cleft, obtuse.

Pist. Germ obtuse, four-cleft, villous. Style thread-form, the length and fituation of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged, containing the feeds in its bottom. SEEDS four.

OBS. The under lip of the calgu is sometimes notch'd.

732. CCY-

### 732. OCYMUM. \* Tournef. 96. Bafil.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, two-lip'd, very short, permanent. Upper lip flat, orbicular, broader, ascending. Under lip four-cleft,

acute, converging.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning, refupine. Tube very short, expanding. One lip looking upwards broader, half-fourcleft, obtufe, equal. The other lip looking downwards narrower, intire, faw'd,

STAM. Filaments four, declining, of which two are rather longer, and two putting forth at the base a reflected process. Anthers

half-mooned.

PIST. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, the fituation and length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx closed, cherishing the seeds.

SEEDS four, egg'd.

OBS. The upper lip of the petal looks downwards, but the under one upwards, according to the flexure of the stamens. The essential character consists in the reflected process of the two filaments.

#### 733. TRICHOSTÉMA. & Gronov. Hair-stamen.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, two-lip'd. Upper lip twice as large, threecleft, equal, acute. Under lip two-parted, acute.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube very short. Upper lip compress'd, fickled. Under lip three-parted: the intermediate division very fmall, oblong.

STAM. Filaments four, capillary, longest of all, incurved, of which

two are rather shorter. Anthers simple,

PIST. Germ four-cleft. Style capillary, the length and form of the filaments. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx larger, reflected, as if the superior lip evaded the inferior, bellied, converging.

SEEDs four, roundish.

Cc2 734. SCU-

## 734. SCUTELLARIA. \* Cassida Tournef. 84. Skull-cap.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, very short, tubular: the mouth nearly

intire: closing after the florescence, lid-cover'd.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube very short, bent backward. Throat long, compressed. Upper lip concave, three-cleft: the mid-alle division concave, end-nick'd: the lateral ones stat, acutish, beneath the intermediate ones. Under lip broader, end-nick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, concealed under the upper lip, of which two

are longer. Anthers fmall.

Pist Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, the fituation and length of the stamens. Stigma simple, incurv'd, pointed.

PER. none. Calyx closed with a lid, helmet-form, supplying the place of a capsule, three-fided, gaping on the inferior margin.

SEEDS four, roundish.

Obs. It is sufficiently distinguished from all others by its fruit alone; for the calyx represents a belinet with its crest and lid.

#### 735. PRUNÉLLA. \* Tournef. 84. Self-heal.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, two-lip'd, shorter in the throat, permanent. Upper lip stat, broader, lop'd, very slightly three-tooth'd. Under lip erect, narrower, acute, half-twoclest.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube short, cylindric. Throat oblong. Upper lip concave, intire, nodding. Under lip reslected, three-cleft, obtuse: the middle division broader, end-nick'd, saw'd.

STAM. Filaments awl'd, two-fork'd at the top, of which two are rather longer. Anthers simple, inserted into the filaments beneath the tops, as it were another branch.

PIST. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, inclining with the sta-

mens to the superior lip. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx closed, cherishing the feeds.

Seens four, rather egg'd.

Obs. The effential character consists in the two-fork'd filaments, as that of Crambe.

736. CLE-

#### 736. CLEÓNIA.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, angular, two-lip'd. Upper lip flattish, broad, three-tooth'd. Under lip two-parted, short.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Upper lip straight, two-cleft, keel'd.

Under lip three-cleft: the intermediate part two-lobed: the lateral ones expanded.

STAM. Filaments four, two-fork'd at ton; the two inferior ones longer. Anthers fitting on the exterior top of the filaments,

cross'd by pairs.

PIST. Germ four-parted. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas four, briftly, equal.

PER. none. Calyx closed with hairs. SEEDS four, columnarish, smooth.

OBS. It differs from all of this order in its four stigmas.

### 737. PRASIUM. \* Shrubby Hedge-nettle.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell-topshape, erect, two lip'd. Upper lip broader, half-three-cleft, acute. Under lip rather less, two-parted.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Upper lip erect, egg'd, obscurely endnick'd, concave. Under lip broader, three-cleft, reflected:

the middle division larger.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, appress'd to the upper lip, expanding, and shorter than it; of these two are shorter than the rest.

Anthers oblong, lateral.

Pist. Germ four-cleft. Style thread-form, the length and fituation of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute: one division shorter.

PER. Berries four, in the bottom of the calyx, roundish, one-cell'd.

SEEDs folitary, roundish.

QBS. The feeds themselves covered with a berried skin, assume the nature of a berry. Hence the plant is four-feed-naked, berry-bearing; by which mark it is distinguished from all others of this order.

#### 738. PHRÝMA. Leptostachia Mitch 11.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, cylindric, gibbous above, the base striated, two-lip'd in the mouth. Upper lip narrow, longer: with three awl'd, converging teeth. Under lip obtuse, two-cleft.

Con. one-petal'd, grinning. Tuhe the length of the calyx. Upper lip shorter, nearly egg'd, end-nick'd, straight: Under lip larger, expanding, three-cleft; the intermediate part more produced.

STAM. Filaments four, two together, the superior shorter. Anthers roundish, converging, in the throat of the corol.

Pist. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged, furrow'd, converging. SEED one, oblong, columnarith, furrow'd on one fide.

# II. S E E D - C O V E R E D. (Angiospérmia.)

#### 1403. CASTILLÉIA. Mutis. S.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, (the fide of the superior part contracted), longitudinally gaping, coloured.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Upper lip longer, channel'd, rather leafy, supported by the calyx. Under lip with two, tubular, three-cleft, very minute glands.

STAM. Filaments four, two-power'd, the length of the corol. Anthers two on each filament: one higher.

Pist. Germ above, oblong. Style thread-form, equalling the corol. Stigma obtule.

Per. Capfule egg-oblong, compress'd, two-cell'd. The partition opposite.

SEEDS most numerous, very small.

739. BÁRT-

739. BARTSIA. \*
CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, permanent: the mouth obtuse, two-lobed, the lobes end-nick'd, with coloured tops.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Upper lip crect, slender, intire, longer.

Under lip reflected, three-cleft, obtuse, very small.

STAM. Filaments four, briftly, the length of the upper lip, two of which are rather shorter. Anthers oblong, approximated, under the top of the upper lip.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens.

Stigma obtuse, nodding.

Per. Capfule egg'd, compress'd, pointed, two-cell'd, two-valved, with an opposite partition.

SEEDS numerous, angular, small.

OBS. This is as it were a middle genus between Rhinanthus, Euphrafia, and Pedicularis, distinguished by its coloured calyx.

#### 740. RHINANTHUS. \* (Nofe-flower) Pedicularis species Tournef. 77. B.F.M. N.O.P. Elephas Tournef. 482 Elephant's Head.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, roundish, inflated, compress'd, four-cleft,

permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube subcylindric, the length of the calyx. Border gaping, compress'd at the base. Upper lip helmetted, compress'd, end-nick'd, narrower. Under lip expanded, flat, half-three-cleft, obtuse: the middle division broader.

STAM Filaments four, the length of the upper lip, under which it is concealed, of which two are shorter. Anthers incumbent,

two-cleft at one end, shaggy.

PIST. Germ egg'd, compress'd. Style thread-form, the situation of the stamens, and longer than them. Stigma obtuse, inflected.

PER. Capfule obtuse, erect, compress'd, two-cell'd, two-valved, with the partition opposite the valves, gaping on the margins.

SEEDS numerous. compress'd.

OBS. Elephas T. The margin of the capfule is obtuse; the seeds simple; the calyx unequal, two-lip'd. Christa Galli Riv. The margin of the capfule is increased; the

feeds cloathed with a loofe membrane; the calyx equal, four-cleft.

741. EU-Cc4

#### 741. EUPHRASIA. \* Tournef. 78. Odonitis Dill. gen. 6. Eye-bright.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, cylindric, four-cleft, unequal, perma-

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube the length of the calyx. Upper lip concave, end-nick'd. Under lip expanding, three-parted: the divisions equal, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, inclined under the upper lip. Anthers two-lobed: of which the inferior ones in the inferior

lobe are pointed to a thornlet.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, with the fituation and form of the stamens. Stigma obtuse, intire.

PER. Capfule egg-oblong, compress'd, two-cell'd.

SEEDs numerous, very imall, roundish.

#### 742. MELAMPYRUM. \* Tournef. 78. Black-grain. Cow-wheet.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, four-cleft: (the divisions flender),

permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube oblong, recurved. Border comprofe'd. Upper lip helmetted, compress'd, end-nick'd, the lateral marginlets reflected. Under lip flat, erect, the length of the upper one, half-three-cleft, with equal divisions, obtuse, marked in the middle with two eminencies.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, curved, concealed, of which two are

shorter. Anthers oblong.

PIST. Germ pointed. Style simple, the situation and length of the

stamens, Stigma obtuse.

Per. Capfule oblong, oblique, pointed, compress'd, (the function margin convex, the inferior one straight), two-cell'o, wovalved, (the partition opposite to the valves), gaping in the fuperior future.

SEEDs double, egg'd, gibbous, increased at the base.

743. LATH-

## 743. LATHRAA. \* Clandestina Tournef. 424.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, straight: the mouth deeply four-cleft.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube longer than the calyx. Border grinning, bellied. Upper lip concave, helmetted, broad with a narrow, hook'd top. Under lip less reflected, obtuse, three-cleft.

Nectory. A Gland end-nick'd, depress'd on both sides, very short, inserted into the receptacle of the slower at one angle of the

germ.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, the length of the corol, concealed under the upper lip. Anthers obtuse, depress'd, converging.

Pist. Germ globe-compress'd. Style thread-form, the length and fituation of the stamens. Stigma lop'd, nodding.

PER. Capfule roundish, obtuse with a point, one-cell'd, two-valved, elastic, cloathed with a very large expanding calyx.

SEEDS few, subglobular.

OBS. It approaches very nearly to Orobranche, on account of the Gland.

### 744. SCHWALBÉA. + Gronov. virg. 71.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tube-bellied, striated, the mouth fourcleft, oblique: the highest division shortest; the lateral ones longer, the lowest still longer, broader, end-nick'd.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube the length of the calyx. Border erect. Upper lip erect, concave, most intire. Under lip of the same length, three-cleft, obtuse, with equal divisions.

STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, the length of the corol, of which two are rather shorter. Anthers incumbent.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style the situation, form, and length of the stamens. Stigma thickish, recurved.

PER. Capfule two-cell'd?

SEED one, roundish, small.

745. TOZ-

#### 745. TÓZZIA. + Mich. 16.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, very fhort, five-tooth'd, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, longer than the calyx.

Border expanding. Upper lip two-cleft. Under lip three-cleft:
all the divisions subequal, rounded.

STAM. Filaments four, concealed under the upper lip. Anthers roundish. PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the fituation and length of

the stamens. Stigma headed.

PER. Capfule globular, one-cell'd, one-valved.

SEED one, egg'd.

## 746. PEDICULARIS. \* Tournef. 77. (Louse-wort) A.D.E.H.I.K.L. Rattle.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, roundish, bellied, (the mouth five-cleft,

equal), permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube oblong, gibbous. Upper lip helmetted, erect, compress'd, end-nick'd, narrower. Under lip expanding, flat, half-three-cleft, obtuse: the middle division narrower.

STAM. Filaments four, the length of the upper lip, under which they are concealed, of which two are shorter. Anthers incumbent,

roundish, compress'd.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, the situation of the stamens, but longer. Stigma obtuse, inslected.

Per. Capfule roundifh, dagger'd, oblique, two-cell'd, with the partition opposite the valves, gaping at the top.

SEEDs numerous, roundish, compress'd, coated. Receptacles oblong, petioled.

OBS. In most the Capsule is oblique at the top.

Sceptrum Carolinum (Charles sceptre) Rudb. kas a regular capsule; and the grin closed.

There are species with the mouth of the calyx two-cleft.

747. GE-

# 747. GERARDIA. + Plum. 12.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, erect, acute, permanent.

COR. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube columnar, longer than the calyx:

Upper lip erect, obtuse, flat, broader, end-nick'd: Under lip
reflected, three-parted: the lateral divisions end-nick'd; the
middle one shorter, two-parted.

STAM. Filaments four, scarce the length of the tube, of which two

are rather shorter. Anthers small.

PIST. Germ egg'd, small. Style simple, short. Stigma obtuse. PER. Capfule egg'd, two-cell'd, two-valved, gaping at the base. SEEDS egg'd, solitary.

# 748. CHELONE. \* Dill. gen. 11. Anonymous Gron. virg. 71. 72. Shell-flower.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, very short, permanent: the

divisions erect, egg'd.

Cor. one, grinning. Tube cylindric, very fhort. Throat inflated, oblong, convex above, flat beneath. Border closed, small. Upper lip obtuse, end-nick'd: Under lip nearly equal with the superior, very slightly three-cleft.

STAM. Filaments four, concealed under the back of the corol, of which the two lateral ones are rather longer. Anthers incumbent. There is a Rudiment of a fifth filament, like a dagger,

within the superior pair of stamens.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the situation and length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Capfule egg'd, two-cell'd, longer than the calyx.

SEEDS very numerous, roundish, girt with a membranous margin.

Obs. Ch. penstemon differs in some things; it has ascending stamens the length of the corol, and the fifth or highest stamen is castrated, straight, the length of the corol, bearded above longitudinally, thicker, and the Anthers not villous.

749. GESNÉRIA. + Gesnera Plum. Jacq. amer. 179.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, above, five-cleft, acute, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, incurved and recurved. Tube thickish, the neck contracted, and throat funnel-form. Border five-cleft, obtuse: the superior divisions concave, the three inserior ones flat, expanding.

STAM. Filaments four, shorter than the corol. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ beneath, depress'd. Style simple, the situation and length of the stamens. Stigma headed.

PER. Capfule roundith, and crown'd with a spreading calyx, two-

cell'd.

SEEDS most numerous, very small: the Receptacles adjoin'd to the partition on all sides.

750. ANTIRRHÍNUM. \* Tournef. 75. Linaria Tournef. 76. Asarina Tournef. 76. Elatine Dill, gen. 6. Snap-dragon, Calve's-nout.

CAL. Perianth fiveparted, permanent: the divisions oblong, perma-

nent; the two inferior ones more gaping.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube oblong, gibbous. Border twolip'd: Upper lip two-cleft, reflected on the fides: Under lip three-cleft, obtuse. Palate convex, oftner closed by the palate, prominent between the lips, produced from the under lip, beneath the concave throat.

Nessary produced downwards at the base of the corol, prominent. STAM. Filaments four, inclosed under the upper lip, nearly the length of the corol, yet two are shorter. Anthers converging.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style simple, the length and situation of the

stamens. Stigma obtuse.

Per. Capfule roundish obtuse, two-cell'd, of various form and aperture, in various plants.

SEEDs very numerous. Receptacles kidney-form, solitary, affixed to

the partition.

Obs. The Nectary and Pericarp in this genus are very different. In Linaria T. the Nectary is long, awl'd, the Capfule equally gaping.

In Antirrhinum T. the Nestary is obtuse, scarcely prominent, the Capsule gaping obliquely at the top, unequal at the base.

In Elatine Dill. the Nectary is awl'd, the Capfule in gaping de-

posits on each side a fold.

A. bellidisolium (daisy-leaved) & canadense (canadian) have an open grin, destitute of a palate,

751. CYM-

# 751. CYMBARIA. Amm. Ruth. I. Boat.

CAL. Perianth ten-tooth'd, erect: (with two teeth opposite, stronger, more expanding; the rest erect, linear), permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube oblong, bellied. Border two-lip'd: Upper lip two-parted, reflected, obtuse: Under lip three-cleft, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments four, the length of the tube. Anthers two-cleft,

prominent.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens, with an incurved top. Stigma obtule.

PER. Capfule egg'd. one-cell'd, two-valved. Receptacle quadrangular.

SEEDs very numerous, angular, polished.

OBS. It is easily distinguished from all by the caly alone.

# 1407. THUNBÉRGIA. S.

CAL. Perianth double: the exterior one two-leaved, the leaflets egg'd, obtuse, five-nerved, nearly the length of the tube: the interior calyx one-leaved, many-parted: Divisions about twelve, awl'd, thrice as short as the exterior perianth.

Cor. one-petal'd, bell'd. Tube gradually enlarged. Border five-cleft. Divisions equal, egg'd, most obtuse, twice as short as the tube.

STAM. Filaments four, inferted into the tube, two-power'd. Anthers egg'd.

Pist. Germ above. Style thread-form, shorter than the tube. Stigma two-lobed.

PER. Capfule globular, beaked, two-cell'd, longitudinally gaping. SEEDs two in each cell, kidney-form, rather wrinkled, convex. Obs. In many things it agrees with Barleria.

# 752. CRANIOLARIA. +

CAL. Interior *Perianth* four-leaved: the *leaflets* linear, fhort, expanded, permanent.
Superior *Perianth* egg'd, inflated, large, diffected longitudi-

nally on one fide.

Cor. one-petal'd, unequal. Tube very long, most narrow. Border stat, two-lip'd. Upper lip intire, roundish, like the rest of the divisions, but larger. Under lip three-cleft: the divisions roundish: the middle one broader.

STAM. Filaments four, the length of the tube of the corol, of which

two are rather shorter. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the tube of the corol. Stigma thickish, obtuse.

PER. leathery, egg'd, acute both ways, two-valved.

SEED Nut woody, depress'd, pointed at both ends, with an incurved, two-parted point, marked on both fides with three toothletted furrows (the form of the skull of some wild beast), two-cleft on the sides.

OBS. This genus is too nearly allied to Martynia, but the corol is more

equal.

The Interior Calyx of C. annua (aunual) is two-leaved. R.

### 753. MARTÝNIA. \* Mart. I. 42.

CAL. Perianth five-cleft, withering.

Cor. one-petal'd, bell'd. Tube expanding, bellied, gibbous beneath at the base, melliserous. Border small, sive-clest, obtuse, expanding: the divisions subequal: the lowest one more erect, concave, notch'd.

STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, incurved; a Rudiment of a fifth filament between the superior pair of stamens, short, like a

sting. Anthers convex-converging.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style short, simple, the length of the stamens.

Stigma two-lobed.

PER. Capfule woody, oblong, gibbous, five-cell'd, quadrangular, (each fide two furrow'd), pointed, recurved at the top, gaping two ways, including the feeds as in a four-cell'd nucleus.

SEEDS many, oblong, berried.

OBS. M. longistora (long-stower'd) differs in a five-tooth'd calyx, two stigmas, capsule scarcely beaked, with a thick toothlet on each side at the base. R.

### 754. TORÉNIA.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, angular, permanent, two-cleft: Upper lip three-piked: Under lip narrow, most intire.

COR. one-petal'd, grinning: Upper lip intire: Under lip three-

cleft; the intermediate division more produced.

STAM. Filaments four; the two superior ones simple; the two inferior two-parted: with an inferior shorter steril branchlet. Anthers twin, contiguous by pairs.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, thicker above. Stigma two-

cleft, acute.

PER. Capfule oblong, two-cell'd.

SEEDS very numerous.

# 755. BESLERIA. Plum. 5. Jacq. amer. 187.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, pointed, erect, loofe, with reflected tops.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube the length of the calyx, columnarish, gibbous on one fide at the base and top. Border fivecleft: the divisions roundish, of which the lowest is very large, the two superior ones less divided.

STAM. Filaments four, within the tube of the corol, of which two are rather shorter. Anthers oblong, twin, dependent on both

fides.

PIST. Germ globular, fitting on a glandular embracing permanent body, hearted at the gibbofity of the corol. Style awl'd, erect. Stigma two-cleft, obtuse.

PER. Berry subglobular, one-cell'd.

SEEDS numerous, round, very small, nestling:

756. SCROPHULÁRIA. \* Tournef. 74. Fig-wort.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, permanent: the divisions shorter

than the corol, rounded.

five-parted, very small: the two superior divisions larger, erect, the two largeral ones expanded, the third lowest, reslected.

STAM. Filaments four, linear, declining the length of the corol, of

which two are later. Anthers twin.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style simple, the situation and length of the sta-

mens. Stigma simple.

PER. Capfule roundish, pointed, two-cell'd, two-valved, (with a partition constructed from the inflected margin of the valvelets), gaping at the top.

SEEDs very numerous, small. Receptacles one, roundish, infinuating

itself into each cell.

Obs. There is a certain minute division found in the threat of the corol, under the highest division of the border, counterfeiting a small lip, which is not common to all the species.

The Corol must be conceived resupine in this genus: the upper lip less recurved: to which the stamens are declined, rounded; lateral ones notch'd, rounded, equal with the highest. Under lip larger, spreading, two-parted: the intermediate one very small forward.

# 757. CÉLSIA. \*

CAL. Perianth five-parted: the divisions lanced, obtuse, the length of

the corol, permanent.

Con. one-petal'd, wheel'd. Tube shortest of all. Border stat, halffiveclest, unequal: the divisions roundish, of which the two superior ones are less: the lowest larger.

5TAM Filaments four, capillary, inclining towards the smallest divifions of the corol, of which the two longer are shorter than the

corol, woolly without. Anthers roundish, small.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

Per. Capfule roundifh, compres'd at top, pointed, fitting on the calyx, two-cell'd.

caryx, two-cen u.

SEEDS very-numerous, small, angular. Receptacles solitary, hemispheric.

Obs. It is evident from what has been faid, how much it differs from Verbascum.

1405. HE-

#### 1405. HEMIMÉRIS. S.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, almost five-parted to the base: the leastets

lanced, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, wheel'd, subunequal: each division has in the middle a nectary-bearing pit: One larger, inverte-hearted: the rest obtuse; the ultimate ones less, opposite the larger.

STAM. Filaments two or four, at the base of the larger petal: two horizontal; two less, inclining. Anthers heart-form, con-

joined.

Pist. Germ above. Style thread-form, placed between the Anthers. Stigma fimple.

PER. Capsule egg'd, two-cell'd: One Cell more gibbous.

SEEDS very numerous, subglobular, diaphanous.

Obs. This Genus is very nearly alied to the Antirrhinums, but very different in the form of the corol.

# 758. DIGITALIS. \* Tournef. 73. Foxglove.

CAL. Perianth five-parted: the divisions roundish, acute, permanent;

the highest narrower than the rest.

Cor. one-petal'd, bell'd. Tube large, expanding, bellied downwards: the base cylindric, contracted. Border small, sourclest: the superior division more expanding, end-nick'd: the lowest larger.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, inferted into the base of the corol, declining, of which two are longer. Anthers two-parted,

pointed at one end.

PIST. Germ pointed, Style simple, the situation of the stamens.

Stigma acute.

Per. Capfule egg'd, the length of the calyx, pointed, two-cell'd, two-valved, the valves burfting two ways.

SEEDs very numerous, fmall.

Obs. There are species in which the divisions of the corol are acute and more evident, and the upper as well as the lower lip is acute and more prominent.

# 759. BIGNÓNIA. \* Tournef. 72. Trumpet-flower.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, erect, cup-form, five-cleft.

Cor. one-petal'd, bell'd. Tube very fmall, the length of the calyx.

Threat very long, bellied, beneath, bell-oblong. Border five-parted: the twa fuperior divisions reflected: the inferior ones expanded.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, shorter than the corol, of which two are shorter than the rest. Authors reslected, oblong, as if

doubled.

Past. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, with the fituation and form of the stamens. Stigma headed.

PER. Silique two-cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDs very numerous, imbricated, compress'd, membrane-wing'd on both sides.

Obs. Catalpa has two perfect stumens only, and three very small rudiments of stamens, with a five-leaved calys.

The form of the Silique in this genus is indeterminate, the Seeds are always wing'd, although, some on one part only.

# 760. GITHARÉXYLUM. B. Jussieu. Jacq. 117.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-tooth'd, acute, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, wheel-funnel-form. Tube twice as long as the perianth, thicker above. Barder five-parted, two-lip'd: the divisions villous above, oblong, lop'd, flat, most expanded.

STAM. Filaments four, with the rudiment of a fifth from the middle of the tube, thread-form, of which two are rather longer.

Anthers oblong, twin, erect.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse-headed.

PER. Berry roundish, subcompress'd, one-cell'd.

SEEDS two, egg'd, two-cell'd, convex on one fide, concave on the other, end-nick'd at top.

761. HAL-

# 761. HALLERIA. \* African Fly-honeysuckle.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, three-cleft, flat, expanding, most obtuse,

permanent: the superior division twice as broad.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube roundish at the base, inflected with a bellied throat. Border oblique, erect, sour-cleft: the highest division rather longer, obtuse, end-nick'd: the lateral divisions shorter, broader, more acute: the lowest one very short, very stender, most acute.

STAM. Filaments four, briftly, straight, inserted into the tube, longer than the corol, of which two are still longer. Anthers roundish,

twin.

Pist. Germ beneath, egg'd, ending in a Style longer than the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Berry roundish, two-cell'd.

SEEDS small, flat, roundish, wing'd. Fabric.

# 762. CRESCÉNTIA. Cujete Plum. 16. Calabasto-tree.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, two-parted, thort, deciduous: the divisions roundish, concave, obtuse, equal.

Cor. one-petal'd, unequal Tube gibbous, curved, wreathed.

Border erect, five-parted: the divisions unequal, tooth-finuous.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, the length of the corol, expanded, of which two are rather shorter. Anthers incumbent, obtuse, twin.

Pist. Germ broad at the foot, egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the corol. Stigma headed.

PER. Berry oval, hard, one-cell'd.

SEEDS very numerous, rather hearted, neftling, two-cell'd.

Dd 2 763. GME-

# 763. GMELÍNA. † Michelia Amm. act. petr. tom. 8.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, very small, subglobular, four-tooth'd, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, bell'd, spreading, with a four-cleft border: the superior division ampler, vaulted: the lowest division, and lateral ones obtule, less, expanding, rounded.

STAM. Filaments four, of which two are thicker, two incurved, afcending. Anthers two thicker, two-parted; two lefs, fimple.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style the length of the lesser stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Drupe globular, one-cell'd.

SEED Nut egg'd, polished, two-cell'd.

# 764. PETRÉA. Houst. A. A. Jacq. amer. 180.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd: Border five-parted, expanding, very large, colour'd, permenent: the divisions oblong, obtuse, the throat closed with five, double, lop'd scales.

Cor. one-petal'd, wheel'd, unequal, less than the calyx. Tube very short. Border slat, sive-cleft: the divisions rounded, subequal, most expanding: the middle one larger, different-colour'd.

STAM. Filaments four, concealed within the tube of the corol, afcending, of which two are shorter. Anthers oval, erect.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style simple, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Capfule inverse-egg'd, flat at the top, one-cell'd, with a thin membrane, concealed in the bottom of the calyx.

SEED one, fleshy.

1316. PRÉM-

1216. PRÉMNA.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, nearly two-lobed: (the superior division end-nick'd), permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, irregular, tubular: with a four-cleft, obtuse mouth: the two superior divisions erect, shorter; the rest expanding. STAM. Filaments four, erect, middle fize: the two inferior ones

shorter. Anthers roundish.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style cylindric, shorter. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. Berry subglobular, four-cell'd, (Drupe Kônig.)

SEEDs folitary, bony, rounded on one fide, angular on the other.

765. LANTANA. \* Camara Plum. 2. Dill. elth. 56. 57. Myrobatindum Vaill. A. G. 1722. Spielmannia Medic. in Act. palat. Vol. 3. phys. p. 196. t. 15. American Viburnum.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, very short, converging, obscurely sour-

tooth'd, tubular.

Cor. one-petal'd, subequal. Tube cylindric, slender, longer than the calyx, rather oblique. Border flat, unequally four-cleft, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments four, very minute, placed in the middle of the tube of the corol, very flender, of which two are rather superior.

Anthers in the same place, roundish.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma refracted, acute downwards like a hook, and growing as if obliquely to the top of the ftyle.

PER. Drupe roundish, one-cell'd.

SEED Nut pyramid-round, two-cell'd. Nucleuses as many, oblong.

OBS. The effential Character confifts in the form of the Stigma.

Camara Plum. Involucre many leaved: The common oblong Receptacle of the fructifications collects the flowers, often very unequal.

Africana (african) is distinguished by the involucre, and has more regular flowers; the border five-cleft, subequal, with a globular base; calyx five-parted, with and divisions; Nucleus globular, two-cell'd.

Nut with three cells; of which the two superior closed ones contain the feeds; the third inferior open one is replete with the pulp of the Drupe and some dust. Medic in Act. palat. Vol. 3. phys. p. 200.

Spielmannia Medic. or lantana africana (african) L. differs from Lantana in a two cell'd Nut, anthers four-male, not twin and other attributes. Medic. l. c. R.

# 766. CORNÚTIA \* Plum. 17. Agnanthus Vaill. A. G. 1722.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, roundish, very small, tubular, five-tooth'd,

permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tuhe cylindric, much longer than the calyx. Border four-cleft, the superior division erect, roundish: the lateral ones distant; the inferior one roundish, intite.

STAM. Filaments four, of which two are prominent without the tube

of the corol. Anthers simple, inclining.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style very long, two-parted. Stigmas thickish.

PER. Berry globular, contain'd in the base of the calyx.

SEED one, kidney-form.

### 767. LOESELIA. † Royenia Hauft. A.A.

CAL Perianth one leaved, tubular, four-cleft, acute, fhort, permanent

Cor. one-petal'd unequal. Tube the length of the calyx. Border five-perted: all the divisions deflected to the inferior fide, egg-lanced, equal in fize.

STAM. Filaments four, the length of the corol: of which two are shorter; all are opposite and reflected to the divisions of the petal, in a situation contrary to the corol. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style simple, the stuation of the stames. Stigma

thickish.

PER. Capfule egg'd, three-cell'd.

SEEDs many, angular.

#### 768. CAPRÁRIA.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, oblong: the divisions linear, erect, distant, permanent, shorter than the corol.

Cor. one-petai'd, bell'd, five-cleft, subequal: the divisions oblong,

acute: the two superior ones more erect.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, inserted into the base of the corol, shorter by half than the corol, of which the two inferior are rather shorter. Anthers hearted.

PIST Germ conic. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigma

hearted, two-valved, equal.

PER. Capfule cone-oblong, compress'd at the top, two-cell'd, two-valved, with a contrary partition.

SEEDS very numerous, roundiffr.

1315. LIN-

# 1315. LINDÉRNIA. + Allioni.

CAL Perianth five-parted: the leaflets linear, acute, equal, permanent. Cor. one-petal'd, grinning, two-lip'd. Upper lip very fhort, concave, end-nick'd. Under lip erect, three-cleft: the middle rather larger.

STAM. Filaments four, twin: the two superior ones simple; the two inferior ascending: with a straight terminal tooth. Anthers

twin; the inferior ones sublateral.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, Stigma end-nick'd.

Per. Capfule oval, one-cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDS numerous. Receptacle cylindric.

# 769. SELAGO.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, four-cleft, small, permanent: the inferior division larger.

Con. one-petal'd. Tube very small, thread-form, scarcely perforated.

Border expanding, five-parted, subequal: the two superior divisions less; the lowest larger.

STAM. Filaments four, capillary, the length of the corol, into which they are inferted, of which the two fuperior are longer. Anthers fimple.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style simple, the length of the stamens. Stigma simple, acute.

PER. none. Corol involving the feed.

SEED one or two, roundish.

OBS. S. polystachia (many-spiked) has fruit two-partible; and S. ra-punculoides (rapunculus-like) has a four-cleft calyx: the two exterior divisions larger. R.

1264. MANÚLEA.

CAL. Perianth five-parted: the leaflets linear, erect, equal, perma-

COR. one-petal'd, irregular. Tube cylindric, with the throat rather broader. Border five-parted, awl'd, expanding: the four fuperior divisions more connected at the base: the lowest reflected.

STAM. Filaments four, very short. The two superior Anthers in the throat; the two inferior ones oblongish, within the tubc.

PIST. Germ above, roundish Style thread-form, the length of the inferior stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Capfule egg'd, the length of the calyx, two-cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDS vary numerous.

770. HEBENSTREÍTIA. CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, membranous, end-nick'd, gaping

longitudinally underneath.

Cor. one-petal'd, one-lip'd. Tube cylindric, longer than the calyx, gaping half the way on the underfide. Border one-lip'd, afcending, flattish, four-cleft, subequal,

STAM. Filaments four, of these the two earlyer ones stand out under the throat, inferted into the margin of the corol; the two later are interior, inferior; reflected to the sides. Anthers mooned, compress'd, outwardly lop'd.

Pist. Germ very small. Style thread-form, flexile, reflected through

the fissure of the corol. Stigma simple.

SEEDS two, oblong, on one fide convex, three-furrow'd, flat on the other.

771. ERINUS. \* Ageratum Tournef. 422.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets lanced, erect, subequal, permanent.

Con. one-petal'd, unequal. Tube egg-cylindric, the length of the calyx, reflected. Border flat, five-parted: the divisions equal, inverse-hearted.

STAM. Filaments four, very fhort, within the tube of the corol, of which two are opposite, rather longer. Anthers small.

Pist. Germ rather egg'd. Style very short. Stigma headed.

PER. Capfule egg'd, obvolute in the calyx, two-cell'd, gaping twoways.

SEEDS numerous, small.

772. BUCH-

# 772. BUCHNÉRA. + Hort. Cliffort. 501.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, obscurely five-tooth'd, rugged, permanent.

COR. one-petal'd. Tube very long, thread-form, bow'd. Border

flat, short, five-cleft, equal: the two superior divisions very

short, reflected; the three inserior ones hearted, subequal.

STAM. Filaments four, very short, in the throat of the corol, of which the two superior ones are prominent without, short.

Anthers oblong, obtufe.

Pist. Germ egg-oblong. Style thread-form. the length of the tube. Stigma obtufe.

Per. Capfule egg-oblong, pointed, covered, two-cell'd, gaping two ways at the top.

SEEDs numerous, angular.

OBS. The Calyx and Corol vary in their form, and the Stamens in their infertion,

# 773. BROWALLIA. \* Hort. Cliffort.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, short, five-tooth'd, permanent:

the toothlets rather unequal.

Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Tube cylindric, twice as long as the calyx. Border flat, equal, five-cleft, with divisions rounded, end-nick'd; the superior one rather larger, constituting the

upper lip; the other four equal.

STAM. Filaments four, in the throat of the corol: the two superior ones very short; the inferior broader, higher, coloured, reflected, closing the throat of the corol. Anthers simple, incurved, converging: the interior ones twin; the exterior ones gaping with a perforation at the top, closing the throat of the corol.

PIST. Germ egg'd, retuse. Style thread-form, the length of the tube

of the corol. Stigma thick, four-lobed.

PER. Capfule egg'd, obtuse, one-cell'd, covered, gaping sour ways at the top.

SEEDs numerous, small. Receptacle columnarish, compress'd.

774. LIN-

# 774. LINNAA. \* Auctore Cl. Gronovio.

CAL. Perianth double.

P. of the Fruit beneath, four-leaved; the two opposite leaves very small, acute; the two others elliptic, concave, erect, hispid, embracing the germ, converging, permanent.

P. of the flower above, one-leaved, five-parted, erect, narrow,

acute, equal.

Cox. one-petal'd, top-shape, half-fiveclest, obtuse, subequal, twice as large as the calyx of the flower.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, inferted into the bottom of the corol: of which two are very small; the two nearest ones longer, shorter than the corol. Anthers compressed, versatile.

Pist. Germ roundish, beneath. Style thread-form, straight, the

length of the corol, declining. Stigma globular.

PER. Berry juiceless, egg'd, three-cell'd, covered with the hispid glutinous perianth of the fruit, deciduous.

SEEDS two, roundish.

OBS. The Corol is bell'd. Syst. Veget. R.

### 775. SIBTHÓRBIA. +

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, top-shape, five-parted, expanding: the leaflets egg'd, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, five-parted, expanding, equal, the length of the

calyx, with rounded divisions.

STAM. Filaments four, capillary: two approximated. Anthers heart-

oblong.

PIST. Germ roundish, compress'd. Style cylindric, thicker than the filaments, the length of the flower. Stigma simple, headed, depressed.

PER. Capfule compressed, orbicular, twice-bellied, with sides acute,

two-valved, two-cell'd: the partition transverse.

SEEDS few, oblong-roundish; convex on one side, flat on the other.

# 776. LIMOSÉLLA. \* Plantaginella Dill. gen. 6. (Mud-wort) Least Water Plantain.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, erect, acute, permanent.
Cor. one-petal'd, bell'd, erect, equal, five-cleft, acute, finall: the divisions expanding.

STAM. Filaments four, erect, of which two are approximated to the

fame fide, shorter than the corol. Anthers simple.
PIST Germ oblong, obtuse. Style simple, the length of the stamens,

declining. Stigma globular.

Per. Capfule egg'd, femi-involute in the calyx, one-cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDS very numerous, oval. Receptacle egg'd, very large.

# 1265. VANDELLIA. Auth. Cl. Brown.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, four-parted: (the divisions nearly egg'd, equal, the highest nearly two-cleft;) permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube the length of the calyx. Border fmall, with the upper lip egg'd, intire. Under lip dilated,

two-lobed.

STAM. Filaments four, two from the disk of the under lip, bow'd upwards; two from the throat, higher. Anthers egg'd, connected by pairs.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens.

Stigmas two, egg'd, membranous, reflected.

PER. Capjule oblong, one-cell'd.

SEEDS very numerous.

# 777. STEMODIA. Stemodiacra Brown. t. 22. f. 2. Jacq. amer. 181.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five parted, erect, equal, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, irregular. Tube the length of the calyx. Border rather two-lip'd, erectifh. Upper lip egg'd, intire. Under lip three-parted: with rounded, equal divisions.

STAM Filaments four, subequal, the length of the tube; all twocleft. Anthers eight, each sitting on a single arm of the filaments.

PIST. Germ obtusish. Style simple, the length of the stamens, Stigma obtusish.

PER. Capfule oblong, egg'd, two-cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDS numerous, globular.

778. OBO-

# 778. OBOLÁRIA. † Halfpenny.

CAL. none: except the two Bractes.

COR. one-petal'd, unequal. Tube bell'd, bellied, pervious. Border four-cleft, spreading: the divisions shorter than the tube, two-eleft, rather unequally jagg'd.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, from the slits of the corol, the

nearest are rather longer. Anthers small.

Pist. Germ egg'd, compress'd. Style subcylindric, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, thickish, permanent.

PER. Capfule rather egg'd, compress'd, bellied, one-cell'd, two-valved,

the partition-opposite.

SEEDS numerous, small like meal.

### 779. OROBANCHE. † Tournef. 81. Aphyllon Mich. 25. Broom-rape.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, erect, coloured, permanent. Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube inclining, ample, bellied. Border

expanding. Upper lip concave, open, end-nick'd. Under lip reflected, three-cleft, with an unequal margin; all the divisions subequal.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, concealed under the upper lip, two of which are longer. Anthers erect, converging, shorter than the

border.

Nectary a gland at the base of the germ.

Pist. Germ oblong. Style simple, the length and situation of the stamens. Stigma half-twoclest, obtuse, thickish, nodding.

Per. Capfule egg-oblong, pointed, one-cell'd, two-valved.

Seeds numerous, very small. Receptacles four, linear, lateral, adjoined. Obs. There is a species with the calyx five-clest; each division of the stigma end-nick'd.

The Author now defines the calyx two-cleft. Syst. Veg. p. 479.

but it is with the corol different in various species. R.

# 1317. HYOBANCHE. +

CAL. Perianth seven-leaved: the leasters linear, pointed, erect, the length of the corol,

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Upper lip vaulted, end-nick'd. Under lip none.

STAM. Filaments four, twin, inferted into the base of the corol, middle size. Anthers egg'd, nodding, gaping on the superior side.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, curved at the top. Stigma thicken'd, obtute, end-nick'd.

PER. Capfule roundish. two-cell'd.

SEEDs numerous, finall.

OBS. The Calyx and Corol forbid its being affociated with Orobanche.

# 780. DODÁRTIA. \* Tournef. 478.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-tooth'd, with ten angles, tubular, subequal, flat, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, deflected, much longer than the calyx. Upper lip small, end-nick'd, ascending. Under lip expanding, broader, three-cleft, twice as long, obtuse: the intermediate division narrower.

STAM. Filaments four, afcending to the upper lip, and shorter than it.

Anthers small, roundish, twin.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style awl'd, the length of the corol. Stigma compress'd, oblong, obtuse, two-cleft, with converging folds.

PER. Capsule globular, two-cell'd.

SEEDs numerous, very small. Receptacle convex, adjoined to the partition.

# 781. LÍPPIA. + Houst. A. A. Jacq. amer. 176.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved, above: the leaflets distant; pointed, keel'd, erect, permanent.

COR. one-petal'd, unequal. Border four-cleft: the divisions rounded, the inferior and superior larger: the superior one erect.

STAM. Filaments four, shorter than the corol; of which two are longer than the rest. Anthers simple.

Pror. Germegg'd, flat-compress'd. Style thread-form, the fituation and length of the stamens. Stigmo oblique.

Per. Capfule two-valved, one-cell'd, compress'd, crowned with the calvx like a scale, erect.

SEEDS folitary, oblong.

Obs. Many frustifications are collected into a head.

The Calyx is four-tooth'd, roundish, erect, membrane-compressed.

Syst. Veg. 480. R.

# 782. SESAMUM. \* Oily purging Grain.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, erect, equal, very short, permanent: with lanced divisions, the highest shorter.

Cor. one-petal'd, bell'd. Tube roundish, nearly the length of the calyx. Throat inflated, expanding, bell'd, very large, declining. Border five-cleft: four divisions spreading, subequal; the fifth lowest rather longer, egg'd, straight.

STAM. Filaments four, growing forth from the tube, shorter than the corol, ascending, bristly, of which the two interior are shorter, a Rudiment of a sifth salament. Anthers oblong, acute, erect.

Pigr. Germ egg'd, shaggy. Style thread-form, ascending, rather longer than the stamens. Stigma lanced, two-parted: with parallel folds.

PER. Capfule oblong, obscurely four-cornered, compressed, pointed, four-cell'd.

SEEDS very numerous, nearly egg'd.

OBS. The flower of Digitalis, but the fruit very different.

783. MÍ-

# 783. MIMULUS. \* Cynorrhynchium Mitch. Monkey-flower.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, oblong, prismatic, five-angled, five-

plaited, five-toothed, equal, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube the length of the calyx. Border two-lip'd. Upper lip erect, two-cleft, rounded, reflected on the fides. Under lip broader, three-cleft, with rounded divisions: the intermediate one less: the Palate convex, two-cleft, protruded from the base of the lip.

STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, within the throat, two shorter.

Anthers two-cleft, kidney-form.

PIST. Germ conic. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma egg'd, two-cleft, compressed.

PER. Capfule uval, two-cell'd, covered.

SEEDS very numerous, small.

# 784. RUFLLIA. \* Plum. 2. Dill. elth. 248. 249.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, permanent: the divisions

linear, acute, straight, permanent.

Con. one-petal'd, irregular, with a spreading, inclined neck. Border five-cleft, expanding, obtuse: the two superior divisions more reflected.

STAM. Filaments four, placed in the dilatation of the tube, approxi-Pist. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens.

Stigma two-cleft, acute: the inferior division involute.

Per. Capfule columnar, pointed at both ends, the length of the calyx, two-cell'd, two-valved, gaping elasticly with claws.

SEEDS few, roundish, compressed,

785. BAR-

785. BARLÉRIA. + Plum. 31.

CAL. Perianth four-parted, permanent: the opposite leastest larger.
COR. one-petal'd, funnel-form, five-cleft, subequal; the fifth division deeper.

STAM Filaments four, thread-form: two very short, capillary: the the superior Anthers oblong; the inferior ones withered.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. Capfule the length of the calyx, acute, flat-quadrangular. two-cell'd? two-valved, gaping elasticly without claws.

SEEDS two, compressed, roundish.

OBS. It is the mean between Ruellia & Justicia.

# 786. DURÁNTA. Castorea Plum. 17. Ellisia Brown.

29. f. II. Læfl. it. 174. CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, fomewhat lop'd, five-cleft.

Cor. one-petal'd. Tube longer than the calyx, rather curved.

Border expanded, five-parted, fubequal, rounded.

STAM. Filaments four: the two longer within the tube. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ beneath, roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma thickish.

PER. Berry roundish, covered with the calyx.

SEEDS Nucleuses four, two-cell'd.

787. OVIÉDA. + Valdia Plum. 24.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, bell'd, acute, erect, broadish, short, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube longest of all, narrow, subcylindric. Border short, three-lobed, subequal.

STAM. Filaments four, longer than the corol. Anthers roundish. PIST. Germ beneath, globular. Style thread-form, the length of the

flamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER. Berry globular, set in the larger, bell-form, erect Calyx. Seeds two, egg'd.

1406. MIL-

# MILLINGTONIA. S.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, short; the margin reflected, five-tooth'd.

Cor. one-petal'd, regular. Tube very long, thread-form. Border

four-parted: the divisions obling, intire.

STAM. Filaments four, at the superior side of the corol, shorter than the border of the corol, converging by pairs with the Anthers, of which two are shorter, thread-form. Anthers two-parted, embracing: the exterior one oblong, straight, obtuse, longitudinally gaping: the lesser one emitted from the base of the larger, awl'd, incurved.

Pist. Germ linear. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens and slower. Stigma egg'd, two-valved: the valvelets equal, egg'd,

flat, rather expanding.

PER. If a Silique?

SEED

# 788. VOLKAMERIA. \* Duglassia Houst. A. A.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, top-shape, five-cleft, subequal, acute.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, twice as long as the calyx. Border five-parted, subequal, flat: the divisions restected to one side, gaping very much on the superior side.

STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, very long, gaping at the fide of

the corol. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ four-corner'd. Style thread-form, nearly the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft: one division acute, the other obscure.

PER. Berry roundish, two-cell'd, four-furrow'd.

SEED Nut solitary, two-cell'd, surrow'd.

# 789. CLERODÉNDRON. † Burm. zeyl. 29. Fortunate-tree.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, bell'd: the divisions egg-acute, broader than the tube of the corol, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, irregular. Tube slender, longer. Border siveparted, equal: the superior divisions more deeply separated.

STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, much longer than the corol, very widely gaping between the divisions of the corol, of which two are shorter. Anthers simple.

two are shorter. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style with the form, length and situation of

the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Drupe (Berry) roundish, placed on the large calyx.

SEED one, roundish.

# 790. VÍTEX. \* Tournef. 373. Agnus castus. Chaste-tree.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, cylindric, very short, five-tooth'd. Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube cylindric, slender. Border slat, two-lip'd. Upper lip three-cleft: the middle division broader. Under lip three-cleft: middle division larger.

STAM. Filaments four, capillary, rather longer than the tube, of which two are shorter than the rest. Anthers versatile.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the tube. Stigmas two, awl'd, expanding.

PER. Berry globular, four-cell'd.

SEEDs folitary, egg'd.

# 791. BONTIA. + Plum. 23. Dill. eltb. 49. f. 57.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted: (the leaflets obtuse, erect,)

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning. Tube long, cylindric. Border gaping.

Upper lip erect, end-nick'd. Under lip revolute, half threecleft, the fize of the upper one.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, inclining to the upper lip, the length of the corol: two higher than the rest. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style simple, the length and situation of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, obtuse.

PER. Drupe egg'd, with an oblique top. SEED Nut oval, one-cell'd, germinating.

1237. AVI-

# 1237. AVICÉNNIA. Jacq. amer. 178. t. 112.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, permanent, (the leaflets rather egg'd, obtufe, concave, erect;) augmented with three scales.

Con. one-petal'd. Tube bell'd, short. Border two-lip'd. Upper lip fquared, end-nick'd, flat. Under lip three-cleft: the divisions 1. The inverse-egg'd, equal, flat. The look and in the

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, erect, of which the two interior are rather shorter, reslected to the upper lip. Anthers roundish,

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style awl'd, erect, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, acute: the inferior division deflected.

PER. Capfule leathery, rhomboidal, compress'd, one-cell'd, twovalved. still gives solen a costa his

SEED one, large, the form of the capfule, constructed of four fleshy folds, germinating.

# 792. COLUMNÉA. † Plum. 33. Achimenes Brown. 30. f. 3.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, rather bellied at the base:

of the divisions erect, lanced, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, grinning, villous. Tube long, gibbous above at the base. Border two-lip'd. Upper lip straight, end-nick'd. Under lip three-parted: the lateral divisions lanced, the intermediate longer one more deeply feparated, lanced.

STAM. Filaments tour, of which two are longer, concealed under

the upper lip. Anthers simple, connected in a coronet.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the upper lip. of a Stigma two-cleft, obtufe, with your personal of work

PER. Capfule two-cell'd, egg'd.

SEEDS numerous, small, incumbent on the large Receptacle.

OBS. The upper lip of the corol is vaulted, intire. Syst. Veg. p. 484. R.

### 436

# 793. ACANTHUS. \* Tournef. 80. Bear's Breech.

CAL. Perianth with leaflets of three alternate pairs, unequal, perma-

COR. one-petal'd, unequal. Tuhe very short, closed with a Beard. Upper lip none. Under lip very large, flat, straight, very broad, three-lobed, obtule, the length of the upper lip of the

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, shorter than the corol: the two superior rather longer, recurvate, incurved at the top. Anthers oblong,

compress'd, obtuse, lateral, parallel, villous before.

PIST. Germ conic. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, acute, lateral.

PER. Capfule rather egg'd with a point, two-cell'd; with a lateral

partition.

SEED fleffly, gibbous, one or two.

# ALÉCTRA. Thunb. nov. gen. p. 81.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, 2-lip'd. Upper lip two-cleft. Under lip three-cleft: the divisions egg'd, obtuse, shorter than the tube.

Con. one-petal'd, tubular. Tube gradually rather enlarged, halfinch. Border expanding, 5-parted, the divisions broad-lanced, obtufe, half-inch.

STAM. Filaments four, inserted into the tube, of which two are rather shorter, thread-form, bearded, the length of the tube. Anthers

egg'd, twin, inferted on their backs.

PIST. Germ above. Style thread-form, the length of the filaments. Stigma incurved, rather thicker than the Ityle, and of the same length, striated on both fides.

PER. Capsule egg'd, obtuse, twin, smooth, 2-valved, 2-cell'd.

SEED one in each cell, egg'd.

# 794. PEDALIUM. + David Royen.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, small: the highest division very short; the lowest ones longer.

Cor. one-petal'd, rather grinning. Tube three-corner'd, with a flat belly. Border five-cleft, ample, oblique: the divisions rounded; the highest ones less; the lowest one ampler.

STAM. Filaments four, shorter than the tube, two shorter. Anthers connected in the form of a cross, double.

PIST. Germ conic. Style the length of the stamens. Stigmas two,

Per. Nut netted, corky, four-cornered, with four thorny angles towards the base; two-cell'd with an opposite partition.

SEEDs two, oblong, alternate, cloathed with an aril.

Obs. The Character, as described from a living flower by Rottboell in Collect. Soc. med. Haun. 2. p. 255.

CAL. & COR. as in Limeus.

STAM. Filaments four, surrounded at the base with gland-bearing hairs, inflected, less than the tube of the corol, of which two are rather shorter. Anthers hearted, twin, with a glandular orange top. The Rudiment of a fifth filament between the two shorter stamens, with a very small simple anther of an orange colour. Stigma two-cleft. The superior division reslected at the margin and top; the inferior one revolute. It slourished in the Garden of Copenhagen in the summer of the year 1772. R.

# 1409. AMASÓNIA. S.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, one-leaved, bell'd, half-fivecleft, acute, equal, permanent.

Con. one-petal'd, tubular, longer. Border five-cleft, subequal, expanding, small.

STAM. Filaments four, two-power'd, at the superior side, longer than the corol, incurved at the top. Anthers oval, incumbent.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style with the fituation and form of the filaments. Stigmas two, acute.

PER. none.

SEED Nut egg'd, the length of the calyx.

# 795. MELIANTHUS. \* Tournef. 245. Herm. ludgb. 415. Honey-flower.

- CAL. Perianth large, five-parted, coloured, unequal: the two superior divisions oblong. The lowest division very short, tack-form, gibbous downwards. The intermediate divisions opposite, interior, lanced; with simple, erect tops.
- Con. Petals four, lance-linear, with reflected tops, parallel-expanding, turned outwards, conflictuting the under lip (as the calyx itself the upper one), connected in the middle to the lateral ones.
  - Nectary one-leaved, placed within the lowest division of the calvx, and growing to it with the receptacle, very short, compress'd on the sides, gash'd on the margin, turning its back downwards.
- STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, erect, the length of the calyx, of which the two inferior are rather shorter. Anthers heart-oblong, four-cell'd on the fore part.
- PIST. Germ four-cornered, gibbous, four-tooth'd. Style erect, awl'd, the length and fituation of the stamens. Stigma four-cleft: the highest division larger.
- Per. Capfule four-angled, half-fourcleft, (with acute, diffant angles, inflated cells, open partitions in the centre for the receptacle of the feeds), gaping between the angles.
- SEEDS four, subglobular, annexed to the centre of the capsule.

### DOMBÉYA. L'Héritier Stirpes novæ.

CAL. Perianth one-leav'd, tubular, two-lip'd, erect, scalet before it opens, green atter the florescence, (the upper division oblong, acute, sometimes furnished with an awl'd point at the top of the back like the horn of a Rhinoceros, the lower division twice as broad, enlarged above, end-bitten, obscurely fournotch'd, concave, connecting within a membrane, appres'd from one margin to the other), permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, longer than the calyx, inferted on the receptacle, villous, expanded and clongated above like an erect, columnar, chamber-hooded upper lip, with revolute lateral margins. Tube columnar, the length of the calyx. Throat obtong, opposed before to the chamber. Lower lip none, in the place of which is a very small obsule toothlet, scarcely discernible in diffecting and unfolding the corol.

5TAM. Filaments 4 of which two are scarcely longer, concealed under the hood, interted above into the tube, scarcely shorter than the corol. Anthers 2-lobed, twin, the lobes oblong, incumbent every way.

Pist. Germ above, oblong, rather four-corner'd, roughen'd with reflected tawny tubercles, placed on the concave, expanded, nearly four-cleft receptacle. Style the length, fituation and flexure of the hood. Stigma small, 2-cleft, acute.

PER. Capfule leathery, oblong, acute, nearly 4-lobed, unequally thorny: (fome thorns twice as long, hook'd), 2-valved, gaping at top, 4-cell'd: the Partition 4-wing'd, ending above in an edge; each cell interfected by a less membranous partition into two cells, of which the inner is seed-bearing, the outer one turgid, empty.

Seeds few (4-6) in each cell, fearcely imbricated, inferted within the angle of the partition from the middle towards the base, depres'd out of the less partitions, suborbicular or egg'd, flat, except where they are every way angle-bent by the sides of the partition, girt with a membranous nochletted base-nick'd crest.

Obs. It is fingular for the union of the leaves and tendrils, and the defect of the lower lip; as the upper lip is wanting in Teucrium, and the keel and wings in Armorpha.

#### CLASS XV.

# FOUR POWERS.

(Tetradýnamia.)
FOUR POWERS. \* Cross-form. Tournef. Siliculous

and Siliquous. Raj.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, oblong: the leaflets egg-oblong, concave, obtuse, converging, gibbous downwards at the base, in oppofite pairs, deciduous. Here the calyx is the nectary, hence

often gibbous at the base.

Cor. is called cross-form. Petals four, equal: the claws flat-awl'd, erect, rather longer than the calyx. Border flat: the folds broader outwards, &btuse, scarcely touching each other on the sides. The infertion of the petals is in the same circle with the stamens.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, erect, of which the two opposite ones are the length of the calyx; the other four rather longer, fnorter than the corol. Anthers oblongish, pointed, thicker at the

bale, erect, with tops outwardly reclining.

Nectary-bearing glands in various and different genera, occur in various manners, fit on the stamens and are especially affixed to the shorter filaments at their base, which lest they should compress, are very often incurved, and thence those two filaments become shorter.

PIST. Germ above, daily growing higher. Style the length of the

longer stamens, or none. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silique two-valved, often two-cell'd, gaping from the base to the top, with a partition at the top rather prominent beyond the valvelets, which before supplied the place of the style.

SEEDS roundish, nodding, alternately and longitudinally immersed in the partition. Receptacle linear, encompassing the partition,

and immerfed in the futures of the pericarp.

OBS. This Class is really natural and has been assumed as such by all the most able Systematists, yet each of them has added one or two genera contrary to nature, but here there is none except perhaps Gleoma. The plants of this class are said by all to be antiscorbutic, the taste in most of them is acrid and watery.

These genera are distinguish'd by all two ways, into those which

have a pericarp

Silicled, that is, roundish, furnish'd with a style, often the length of the Silicle.

Siliqued, that is, very long, with a flyle fcarcely vifible.

# FOUR POWERS.

(Tetradý namia.)

# I. With SILICLES. (Siliculósa.)

796 Myágrum.

797 Vélla.

798 Anastática.

799 Subulária.

800 Drába.

801 Lepídium.

802 Thláspi.

803 Cochleária.

804 Íberis.

805 Alýsfum.

807 Clypéola.

806 Peltária.

808 Biscutélla.

809 Lunária.

#### II. With SILIQUES. (Siliquosa.)

810 Ricótia. 811 Dentária. 812 Cardámine.

813 Sifýmbrium.

814 Erýsimum. Chamíra.

815 Cheiránthus.

816 Helióphila. 817 Hésperis.

818 Árabis.

819 Turritis.

820 Brássica.

821 Sinápis.

822 Ráphanus. 823 Búnias.

824 Isatis.

825 Crámbe.

826 Cléome.

# I. With SILICLES. (Siliculofa.)

# 796. MYAGRUM. Tournef. 99. Gold of Pleasure.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, the leaflets egg-oblong, concave, gaping, coloured, deciduous.

Cor. one-petal'd, cross-form. Petals flat, roundish, obtuse: with narrow claws

STAM. Filaments fix, the length of the calyx: of these four opposite

ones are tather longer. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the calyx. Stigma

obtuse.

PER. Silicle inverse-hearted, subcompress'd, intire, rigid, terminated at the top by a rigid conic style, two-valved: often with some vacant cells.

SEEDS roundish.

OBS. Of Myagrum T. the Pericarp is one-cell'd, with two vacant cells in the fummit, one feed-bearing at the base.

Seed one.

Of Alyssum sp. T. the Pericarp is two-cell'd. Seeds few.

# 797. VÉLLA. \* Spanish Cress.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, erect, cylindric: the leaflets linear, obtuse, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals inverse-egg'd, expanding: with claws the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, the length of the calyx; of these two opposite ones are rather shorter, Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ egg'd, Style conic. Stigma simple.

PER. Silicle globular, intire, two-cell'd, with a partition twice as large as the filicle, egg'd beyond the filicle, erect.

SEEDs few, roundish.

OBS. V. Pseudo-Cytisus (Mock-Cytisus) bears four filaments larger, castrated, and coadjoined by pairs.

798. ANAS-

# 798. ANASTÁTICA. \* Rose of Jericho.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, deciduous: the leaflets egg-oblong, concave, erect, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, crois-form. Petals roundish, flat, expanding: with claus nearly the length of the calvx, more expanding.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, the length of the calyx, erect-expanding: of these two opposite ones are more incurved and shorter. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ two-cleft, very small. Style awl'd, the length of the

stamens, permanent. Stigma headed.

PER. Silicle very short, two-cell'd: the partition ending in a dagger awl'd, oblique, longer than the silicle itself; the valvelets parallel, making a cell from the inferior half, but standing out from the superior, rounded, concave, gaping, oblique, (hence the pericarp represents the form of the foot of two-hoos'd cattle).

SEEDS folitary, roundish.

OBS. A. fyriaca (fyrian) the filicle is egg'd, not two-cleft.

# 769. SUBULARIA, \* (Awl-wort) Rough-leaved Alysson.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, rather expanded, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals inverse-egg'd, intire, rather larger than the calyx.

STAM Filaments fix, shorter than the corol: of these two opposite ones are still shorter. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style shorter than the silicle. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silicle egg'd, subcompress'd, intire, furnished with a very short style, two-cell'd: the partition contrary to the valvelets: the valvelets egg'd, concave.

SEEDS few, very minute, roundish.

800. DRA-

# 800. DRÁBA. \* Dill. gen. 122. Whitlow-Grass.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, erect-expanded, deciduous

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals oblong, rather expanding:

with very minute claws.

STAM. Filaments fix, the length of the calyx: of these four apposite ones are rather longer, erect-expanding. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style scarcely any. Stigma headed, flat.

PER. Silicle oval-oblong, compress'd, intire, destitute of a style, two-cell'd, the partition parallel to the valvelets: the valvelets stateoncave.

SEEDs many, small, roundish.

Obs. In some the Petals are two-parted even to the claws, in others only end-nick'd at the top, in others most intire.

The effential character consists in a silicle, obling, oval, compressed, nearly destitute of a style; hence it is easily distinguished from Alssegum Subularia and Lunaria.

# 801. LEPÍDIUM. \* Tournef. 103. Nasturtium Tournef. 102. Pepper-wort. Dittander.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, deciduous. Cor. four-petal'd, crofs-form. Petals inverse-egg'd, twice as long as the calyx: with narrow claws.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, the length of the calyx, of these two op-

posite ones are shorter. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ hearted, Style simple, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silicle hearted, end-nick'd, compres'd, acute on the margin, two-cell'd: the valvelets boated, keel'd, contrary to the lanced partition.

SEEDS few, egg-pointed, narrow at the base, nodding.

Oss. Of Naturtium T. the Pericarp is acuter on the margin, and offinet more end-nick'd at the top.

L. Iberis has a two-male flower, which is unufual in this class.

L. ruderale (rubbish) is petalless.

L. alpinum (alpine) has a four-male flower.

802. THLÁS-

# 802. THLÁSPI. \* Tournef. 101. F.G.H.I.K.L. Dill gen. 6. BurstaPastorisTournef. 103. Treacle Mustard. Shepherd's Purse.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, erectexpanded, deciduous.

Cor. four-leaved, cross-form. Petals inverse-egg'd, twice as long

as the calyx: with narrow claws.

STAM. Filaments fix, shorter by half than the corol, of these two opposite ones are still shorter. Anthers pointed.

PIST. Germ roundish, compress'd, end-nick'd. Style simple, the

length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silicle compress'd, inverse-hearted, end-nick'd, with the style the length of the end-nick, two-cell'd, with a lanced partition; the valvelets boated, margin-keel'd.

SEEDS many, nodding, affixed to the futures.

Obs. Of Bursa pastoris T. The Silicle is inverse-hearted, destitute of a margin.

Of Thlaspi T. the Silicle inverse-hearted, girt with an acute margin.

# 803. COCHLEARIA. \* Tournef. 101. (Spoon-wort) Scurvy-grafs, Horse-radish.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, gaping, deciduous.

Con. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals inverse-egg'd, expanding, twice as large as the calyx: with claws narrow, shorter than the calyx, expanded.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, the length of the calyx; of these two

opposite ones are shorter. Anthers obtuse, compress'd.

Pist. Germ hearted. Style simple, very short, permanent. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silicle hearted, gibbous, turgid, end-nick'd, furnished with a style, two-cell'd, rugged, with gibbous obtuse valvelets.

SEEDS about four in each cell.

# 804. IBERIS. \* Dill. gen. 6. Candy-tuft.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets inverse-egg'd, concave, ex-

panding, small, equal, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, unequal. Petals inverse egg'd, obtuse, expanding, with oblong, erect claws: of these the two exterior nearest Petals are much larger, equal to each other; the two interior ones very small, respected.

STAM. Filaments six, awl'd, erect: of which the two laterel ones are

shorter. Anthers roundish.

Pist. Germ roundish, compress'd. Style simple, short. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Siticle erect, fuborbicular, compress'd, end-nick'd, girt with an acuse margin, two-cell'd: with a lanced partition: the valvelets boated, compress'd, keel'd.

SEEDs few, nearly egg'd.

OBS. J rotundifolia (round-leaved) has flowers nearly equal, and a fubquadrangular fiticle.

#### 805. ALÝSSUM. \* Tournef. 104. Alyssoides Torunef. 104. Vesicaria Tournef. Mad-wort.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, oblong: the leaflets egg-oblong, obtuse, converging, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals flat, shorter than the calyx,

most expanded: with claws the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, the length of the calyx: of these two opposite ones are rather shorter, marked with a toothlet. Anthers erect, expanding.

PIST. Germ nearly egg'd. Style simple, the length of the stamens,

longer than the germ. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silicle subglobular, end-nick'd, furnished with a style the length of the silicle, two-cell'd: with an elliptic partition; the valvelets ellipse-hemispheric.

SEEDs few, orbicular, affixed to thread-form receptacles, in their

egress to the top of the filicle.

OBS The Petals in some are end-nick'd, in others intire.

'The Siliele in some bellied, in others compress'd, (but not oblong).

The effential character consists in the less filaments, with a toothlet inserted within at the base.

807. CLY-

## 807. CLYPEOLA. \* Jonthlaspi Tournef. 99. Shield-wort.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved; the leaflets egg-oblong, permanent. Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals oblong, intire: with claws

rather longer than the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, shorter than the corol: of these two opposite ones are still shorter. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ roundish, compress'd. Style simple. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silicle orbicular, end-nick'd, flat-compress'd, erect, deciduous, two-valved: with orbicular valvelets.

SEEDs orbicular in the center of the pericarp.

OBS. Of C. Jonthlaspi the stamens are marked with a toothlet, as in Alyssum. R.

## 806. PELTÁRIA. Jacq. vind. 260. Target-

CAL. Perianth four-leaved; the leaflets egg'd, concave, erect, coloured, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals inverse-egg'd, intire, flat; with claws shorter than the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd: of these two opposite ones are shorter, the length of the calvx. Anthers simple.

Prst. Germ roundish, compress'd. Style short. Stigma simple, obtuse.

PER. Silicle intire, suborbicular, flat-compress'd, one-cell'd, not-gaping.

SRED one, roundish, flat-compress'd, end-nick'd.

808. BIS-

#### 808. BISCUTELLA. \* Thlaspidium Tournef. 101. Buckler.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved; the leaflets egg'd, pointed, gibbous at the base, colour'd, deciduous.

COR four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals oblong, obtuse, expanding.

STAM. Filaments fix, the length of the tube of the corol; of these two opposite ones are shorter. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ compress'd, orbicular, end-nick'd. Style simple, permanent, Stigma obtufe.

PER. Sziicle erect, flat-compress'd, half-twoclest with roundish lobes. two-cell'd: the partition lanced, terminated by a rigid style: the cells two-valved, affixed to the partition (on its fraight margin).

SEEDs folitary, roundish, compress'd, placed in the middle of the

OBS. The two exterior leaflets of the calyx, in some species have a tubeconcave, melliferous, prominent base.

### 809. LUNARIA. \* Tournef. 105. Moon-wort. Sattin-flower.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, oblong; the leaflets egg-oblong, obtule, converging, deciduous, of which two alternate ones are gibbous and bag'd at the base.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals intire, obtuse, large, the length

of the calyx, ending in claws of the fame length.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, the length of the calyx; of these four are the length of the calyx, but two rather shorter. Anthers erect-expanding.

Pist. Germ pedicel'd, egg-oblong. Style short. Stigma obtufe,

PER. Silicle elliptic, flat-compress'd, intire, erect, very large, pedicel'd, terminated by a style, two-cell'd, two-valved; the partition parallel, and equal to the valvelets, flat.

SEEDs few, kidney-form, compress'd, margined, placed in the middle of the filicle. Receptacles thread-form, long, inferted into the

lateral futures.

# II. With SILIQUES. (Siliquofa.)

### 810. RICOTIA. \*

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets oblong, parallel-approximated, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals inverse-hearted, expanding. STAM. Filaments six, the length of the tube; of these two opposite ones are rather shorter. Anthers oblong, acute.

PIST Germ cylindric, the length of the stamens. Style scarcely any.

Stigma acute.

PER. Silique lance-oval, one-cell'd, two-valved: with flat valvelets. SEEDs about four, orbicular, compress'd.

### 811. DENTARIA. \* Tournef. 110. Tooth-wort.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg-oblong, longitudinally converging, obtufe, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals roundish, obtuse, scarcely end-nick'd, flat, ending in Claws the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, the length of the calyx, of these two are shorter. Anthers heart-oblong, erect.

Pist. Germ oblong, the length of the stamens. Style very short, thick. Stigma obtuse, end-nick'd.

PER. Silique long, columnar, two-cell'd, two valved, elafticly bursting with revolute valvelets: the partition rather longer than the valves.

SEEDs many, nearly egg'd.

# 812. CARDAMINE. \* Tournef. 109. Lady's smock.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg-oblong, obtuse, rather expanded, gibbous, small, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals inverse-egg-oblong, most expanding, ending in Claws erect, twice as long as the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd: of these two opposite ones are double the length of the calyx, but the rest rather longer. Anthers small, heart-oblong, erect.

PIST. Germ slender, cylindric, the length of the stamens. Style

none. Stigma obtuse-headed, intire.

PER. Silique long, cylinder-compress'd, two-cell'd, two-valved: the valvelets spirally revolving in gaping.

SEEDS many, roundish.

Obs. There is a species of the destitute of those two lesser stamens, and another destitute of Petals. In C. petræa (rock) the valvelets of the silique gape indeed from the base, but are not roll'd back.

### 813. SISÝMBRIÚM. \* Tournef. 109. Radicula Dill. gen. 6. Water-crefs.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets lance-linear, expanding, coloured, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. \*Petals oblong, expanding, oftner less than the calyx, with very fmall claws.

STAM. Filaments fix, longer than the calyx: of these two opposite ones are rather shorter. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ oblong, thread-form. Style scarcely any. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silique long, incurved, gibbous, columnar, two-cell'd, two-valved; the valvelets rather straighter in gaping: with a partition rather longer than the valvelets.

SEEDS very numerous, small.

Obs. Sophia bears a corol shorter than the calyx, and a very slender, very long silique

Radicula D. produces a very short, gibbous silique, as S. sylvestre (wood) and amphibium (amphibious).

814. ERY-

## 814. ERÝSIMUM. \* Tournef. 111. Hedge-Mustard.

CAL Perianth four-leaved: the leasters egg-oblong, parallel-converging, coloured, deciduous.

Con. four-petal'd, crofs-form. Petals oblong, flat, very obtuse at the top: with claws the length of the calvx, erect.

A Nectary-bearing double gland within the shorter silament.

STAM. Filaments fix, the length of the calyx: of these two opposite ones are shorter. Anther's simple.

Prst. Germ linear, four-corner'd, the length of the stamens. Style

very short. Stigma headed, permanent, small.

PER. Silique long, linear, straight, exactly four-corner'd, two-valved, two-cell'd.

seens very numerous, small, roundish.

### CHAMÍRA. Thunberg. nov. gen.

AL. Perianth 4-leaved, erect, closed, rather shorter than the claws of the corol; the leaflets lanced, convexish outwardly; two of them opposite to the longer stamens, produced at the base into a nectary horn'd, flraight, white, twice as fhort as the calyx.

OR. 4-petal'd, croffed: the claws linear, erect; the folds egg'd, obtuse, expanding, the length of the claws Nectary: a gland, globular, green, smooth, sessile without the shorter stamens,

one on each fide.

FAM. Filaments 4, inferted into the receptacle, line-awl'd; rather shorter than the calyx, erect, white; four longer, two oppofite ones twice as short. Anthers egg'd; the four longer filaments converging.

st. Germ above, egg'd, smooth. Style very short. Stigma obtuse. R. Silique oblong, straight on the back, convex on the belly, rather

jointed, two-valved.

EDS many, egg'd,

# 815. CHEIRANTHUS. \* Leucoium Tournef. 107. Wall-flower.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, compress'd: the leastlets lanced, concave, erect, parallel-converging, deciduous: of which the two exterior are gibbous at the base.

COR. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals roundish, longer than the

calyx; with claws the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, parallel, the length of the calyx: o these the two within the calyx-leastest are gibbous, rathe shorter. Anthers erect, two-clest at the base, acute and ressected at the top.

A nettary-bearing gland surrounds the base of the stamen on all sides Pist. Germ prismatic, four-corner'd, the length of the stamens marked on both sides with a tubercle. Style very short, compress'd. Stigma oblong, two-parted, restected, thickish

permanent.

PER. Silique long, compress'd, (with two opposite angles obliterated marked with a toothlet), two-cell'd, two-valved, furnishe with a very short style, and a two-clest, erect stigma.

SEEDs very numerous, pendulous, alternate, nearly egg'd, flat, wit

a membranous margin.

OBS. The toothlet sitting on each side of the germ, nearly vanishes in some in others increases.

Of C. tricuspidatus (three-piked) the top of the silique is three piked.

Ot C. erysimoides (erysimum-like) the silique is four-corner'd.

# 816. HELIOPHILA. \* Nic. Burmanno auctore, nov. Act. Upfal. Vol 1. p. 94. t. 7. Sun-lover.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets expanding, oblong, concav, membranous on the margin, deciduous: the two exteriones blader'd at the base.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form : Petals roundish, flat, sessile.

Nectaries two from the receptacle, recurved towards the bladder f

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, erect, the length of the calyx, to opposite ones rather shorter. Anthers oblong, erect.

Pist. Germ cylindric. Style shorter than the germ. Stigma obtust.
PER. Silique columnar, rather wreathed, dagger'd, two-cell'd, tw-valved.

Seeds many.

817. HE

### 817. HESPÉRIS. \* Tournef. 108. Dame's violet Rocket.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets lance-linear, parallel-converging, incumbent above, gaping beneath, deciduous: of which two opposite ones are gibbous at the base.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals oblong, the length of the calyx, rather reflected obliquely contrary to the motion of the fun, ending in attenuated claws, the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments six, awl'd, the length of the tube; of these two are shorter by half. Anthers linear, erect, reslected at the top. A pointed melliferous gland, placed between the shorter stamen and the germ, and then surrounding the same stamen.

PIST. Germ the length of the calyx, prismatic, four-corner'd. Style none. Stigma two parted, fituated inwards, oblong, erect, two-fork'd at the base, converging at the top, withering.

PER. Silique long, flat-compress'd, straight, two-cell'd, two-valved: the valves the length of the partition.

SEEDs very numerous, egg'd, compress'd.

OBS. H. lacera (lacerated) the filiques are knotty, three-piked. R.

### 818. ARABIS. \* False Tower Mustard.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, deciduous: the leastets parallel-converging:

two opposite larger ones egg-oblong, acute, prominentish at
the base, gibbous, concave: the other two linear, erect.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals egg'd, expanding, ending in

clairs the length of the calyx.

Nectaries four: each from a scalelet within the bottom of the calyx-leastet, affixed to the receptacle, reflected, permanent.

STAM. Filaments six, awl'd, crect: of these two are the length of the calyx; four twice as long. Anthers hearted, erect.

Pist. Germ columnar, the length of the stamens. Style none. Stigma

Ost. Germ columnar, the length of the stamens. Style none. Stigma obtuse, intire.

Per. Silique compress'd, very long, linear, unequal in the wreathes at the seeds: the valvelets nearly the length of the partition.

SEEDS very numerous, roundish, compress'd.

Ops. The Nectaries and Stigma neither demonstrate it to be Cheiranthus, nor Hesperis.

Ff 3

819. TER-

### 819. TURRÍTIS. \* Tournef. Dill. gen. Tower-Mustard.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg-oblong, parallel-converging, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals egg-oblong, obtuse, erect, intire: with erect claws.

STAM Filaments fix, awl'd, erect, the length of the tube: of these two are shorter. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ the length of the flower, columnar, subcompress'd.

Style none. Stigma obtule.

PER. Silique the longest of all straight, four-corner'd, (the opposite alternate angles obscure and subcompress'd), two-cell'd, twovalved: the valvelets fearcely equalling the partition.

SEEDS most numerous, roundish, end-nick'd.

### 820. BRASSICA. \* Tournef. 106. Rapa Tournef. 113. Cabbage. Turnep.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, erect: the leafiets lance-linear, concavechannel'd, gibbous at the base, erect, parallel, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals nearly egg'd, flat, expanding, intire, gradually attenuated into claws nearly the length of the

Nectary-bearing glands four egg'd; of which one is placed on both sides between the shorter stamen and the pistil, and one on both fides between the longer stamens and the calvx.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, erect: of these two opposite ones are the length of the calyx; and four longer. Anthers erect, pointed.

PIST. Germ columnar, the length of the stamens. Style short, the

thickness of the germ. Stigma headed, intire.

PER. Silique long, columnarish, depress'd on both sides; (the partition with a prominent columnar top), two-cell'd, two-valved: the valvelets shorter than the partition.

SEEDS many, globular.

OBS. Napus F. scarcely differs in appearance from Rapa. Rapa T. the calyx has the colour of the corol. Braffica P. the calyx is green.

121. SI-

### 321. SINAPIS. \* Sinapi Tornef. 112. Mustard,

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, expanding: the leaflets linear, concave-

channel'd, cross-form-expanding, deciduous,

Cor. four-petal'd, crois-form. Petals roundish, flat, expanding, intire: fitting on claws erect, linear, scarcely the length of the calvx. Four, egg'd nectary bearing glands: of which one is placed on each fide between the shorter stamen and the pistil, and one on each fide between the longer stamens and the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, erect: of these two opposite ones are the length of the calyx, and four are longer. Anthers erect-expand-

ing, pointed.

PIST. Germ columnar. Style the length of the germ, the height of

the stamens. Stigma headed, intire.

PER. Silique oblong, brawny below, rugged, two-cell'd, two-valved: the partition oftner twice as long as the valvelets, large, compress'd.

SEEDS many, globular.

Obs. Hence Sinapis differs from Brassica in an expanding calyx, yet with the clasus of the corol erect.

### 822. RAPHANUS. \* Tournet. 114. Raphanistrum Tournet. 115. Radish.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, erect: the leaflets oblong, parallel, converging, deciduous, gibbous at the base.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals inverse-hearted, expanding: the claws rather longer than the calyx. Four nectary-bearing glands; one on each fide between the short stamen and the pistil: and one on each side between the longer stamens and calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, erect: of these two opposite ones are the length of the calyx, and four the length of the claws of the

corol. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ oblong, bellied, attenuated, the length of the stamens. Style scarcely any. Stigma headed, intire.

PER. Silique oblong with a point, bellied with wreathes, rather jointed, columnar.

SEEDs roundish, smooth.

Obs. Of Raphanus T. the fruit is spungy, two-cell'd, not gaping.

Of Raphanistrum T. the fruit is jointed, opening according to the joints.

Ff4 823. BU-

### 823. BUNIAS. \* Erucago Tournef. 103.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg-oblong, expanding, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals inverse-egg'd, twice as long as the calvx: the claws attenuated, erect.

STAM Filaments fix, the length of the calyx; of these two opposite ones are rather shorter. Anthers erect, two-clest at the base.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style none. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Silicle irregular, egg-oblong, four-fided, (the angles with one or two points), not gaping, deciduous.

SEEDS few, one under each point of the filicle, roundish,

### 824. ISATIS. \* Tournef. 100. Woad.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved; the leaflets egg'd, rather expanded, coloured, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. Petals oblong, obtuse, expanding, gradually attenuated into claws.

STAM. Filaments fix, erect-expanding, the length of the corol: of these two are shorter. Anthers oblong, lateral.

PIST Germ oblong, two-edged, compress'd, the length of the shorter

stamens. Style none. Stigma obtuse, headed.

Per. Siliele oblong, lanced, obtuse, compress'd, two-edged, oneceil'd, not gaping, two-valved, (the valvelets boated, compress'd, keel'd), deciduous.

SEED one, egg'd, within the center of the pericarp.

825. CRÁM-

### 825. CRAMBE. \* Tournef. 100. Rapistrum Tournef. 99. Sea Cabbage.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved; the leaflets egg'd, chanel'd, rather expanded, deciduous.

Cor. four-petal'd, cross-form. *Petals* large, obtufe, broad, expanding; with *claws* erect-expanding, the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments six, two the length of the calyx; four longer, with a two-cleft top. Anthers simple, on the exterior branch of the filaments.

A melliferous gland on both fides within the corol and longer

itamens.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style none. Stigma thickish. PER. Berry dry, globular, one-cell'd, deciduous.

SEED one, roundith.

OBS. The effential character confifts in filaments two-cleft at the top.

### 826. CLÉOME. \* Sinapistrum Tournef. 116. False Mustard.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, very small, expanding; (the inferior leaster more gaping), deciduous.

Cor. four petal'd. Petals all ascending, expanding; of which the nearest intermediate ones are less than the rest.

Three nectary-bearing glands roundish, one at each division of the calyx, except one.

STAM. Filaments fix, (seldomer 12 or 24), awl'd, declining. Anthers

lateral, afcending.

Pist. Style simple. Germ oblong, declining, the length of the stamens. Stigma thickish, arising.

PER. Silique long, cylindric, fitting on the style, one-cell'd, two-

valved.

SEEDS very numerous, roundish.

Obs. In some species the germ is pedicel'd, and the stamens sit on a pedicel near the germ as in the class Feminine-Males. In some there are more stamens than six.

CLASS

#### CLASS XVI.

### ONE BROTHERHOOD.

(Monadélphia.)

## OF ONE BROTHERHOOD the natural claffic character.

CAL. Perianth always present, permanent, in most double.

Cor. Petals five, inverse-hearted, one side of each embracing the nearest petal, contrary to the motion of the sun:

STAM. Filaments coalesced below, distinct above, the exterior ones

fhorter. Anthers incumbent.

Pist. Receptacle of the fructification prominent in the center of the flower. Germs erect, wheel-jointed, furrounding the top of the receptacle. Styles all coalefced below in one body with the receptacle, feparated above into as many threads as there are germs. Stigmas expanding, flender.

PER. Capfule separated into as many cells, as pistils, of various forms in various plants; it often confist of the same number of con-

nected arils.

SEEDS kidney-form.

Obs. Tournefort has affigned to this class a corol mostly one-petal'd; yet all the petals are distinct at the base, altho' cohering with the coalesced filaments in one body, hence it is more properly named five-petal'd.

The genera of this class were divided according to the fruit only, which is not sufficient: hence it seem'd necessary to most to have recourse to the leaves. We distinguish the genera by the caly,

which is of great consequence, and fixes absolute limits.

## ONE BROTHERHOOD.

(Monadélphia.)

### 1. THREE MALES. (Triándria.).....

1410 Aphytéia. Galáxia. II. FIVE MALES. (Pentándria.) 1318 Lerchéa. Hydnóra. a Walab 827 Walthéria. 1411 Symphónia. 828 Hermánnia. 829. Melóchia. III. EIGHT MALES. (Octandria.) 1412 Aytónia. IV. NINE MALES. (Enneandria.)

Dryándria.

V. TEN MALES. (Decandria.) 830 Cómarus.

831 Hugónia, 832 Geránium.

VI. ELEVEN MALES. (Endecandria.)

833 Brownæa.

VII. TWELVE MALES. (Docecandria.)

834 Pentápetes.

VIII. MANY MALES. (Polyandria.)

1414 Gustávia. 836 Adansónia.

1413 Barringtónia.

1415 Carolinea.

835 Bómbax.

837 Sída. Solándra.

1266 Málachra.

839 Althéa.

840 Alcea. 841 Málva.

842 Lavatéra.

843 Malope. 844 Uréna.

845 Gossýpium.

846 Hibiscus.

847 Stewartia.

1344 Gordónia.

848 Caméllia. 665 Mésua.

642 Morisónia.

J. THREE

### I. THREE MALES.

(Triandria.)

### 1410. APHYTÉIA. Plant. aphyt. p. 7. Hydnora Thunb. Act. bolm. am. 1775. p. 69. S.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-threecleft, funnel-form, large, erecl, permanent.

COR. Rudiments of three petals, growing to the divisions of the calyx, or rather none.

STAM. Filaments three, conjoined above, short. Anthers convex, hearted, striated.

PIST. Germ rather beneath. Style thickish, short. Stigma threecorner'd, channel'd.

PER. Berry one-cell'd, with tender pulp,

SEEDS numerous, neftling.

### GALAXIA. Thunb. nov. gen. p. 50.

CAL. Spathe one-valved, membranous, smooth, very slender, converging.

Cor. one-petal'd, above. Tube thread-form, or capillary, long, erect, smooth, rather inlarged at top. Border six-parted. Divisions inverse-egg'd, obtuse, expanding; the three exterior ones with a nectary-bearing pit at their base.

STAM. Germ beneath, obtusely triangular, smooth. Style inserted in the center of the germ, thread-form, rather longer than the stamens. Stigmas three, threadform-manyparted, expanding,

PER. Capfule oblong, smooth, 3-valved, 3-cell'd, subcylindric, 3-furrow'd.

SEEDS very numerous, globular, very small.

II. FIVE

## H. FIVE MALES.

(Pentandria.)

### 1318. LERCHEA. +

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, five-tooth'd, permanent. Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Tube longer than the calyx. Border five-parted, erectish.

STAM. Filaments scarcely any, but the tube of the gerin. Anthers

five, oblong, fitting on the tube of the germ.

PIST. Germ rather egg'd, above, terminated (within the corol) by an obtuse tube. Style within the tube of the germ, thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas 2 or 3, obtusish.

PER. Capfule subglobular, wreathed, three-cell'd, fometimes two-

cell'd.

SEEDS very numerous.

### HYDNÓRA. Thunberg. nov. gen. p. 24.

CAL. fleshy, subcolumnar, closed at first, then gaping at top; 3-sided at top before opening, somewhat dilated above the base; chinky without, with pubescent pits, reddish with elevated tubercles, which are, obtuse, brownish; divide above after opening into three borders, funnel-form below. Divisions of the border sublanced, obtuse, shorter by half than the sungus, divaricated with inflected tops, the external margins rather bent outwardly, the internal ones dilated, obliquely inflected, uniting at the base into three teeth with murex'd fringes; the Fringes imbricated like HyJnum, white carnation, the exterior ones longer, the interior gradually shorter.

COR. 3-petal'd, each Petal growing within the inflected margins of

the border, heart-oblong, flefhy, fnowy, inch.

STAM. Filaments 3, inferted into the middle of the tube of the calyx, broad, coalesced into one body, cover'd outwardly with anthers almost to the base; naked within, concave, white; quarter-inch. Anthers 3, hearted, striated, fleshy, smooth, white-carnation; conjoin'd at the base, free at top, obtuse, converging, the Dust very fine, sitting in the surrows of the anthers, white.

Pist. Germ beneath the stamens, convex, sleshy, smooth, white. Style very thick, very short, scarcely any. Stigma 3-corner'd, slat-convex, 3-surrow'd, with surrows going from the center to the angles, very slightly striated transversely, white.

PER. Berry included in the base of the fungus, sleshy, white, 3-cor-

ner'd, many-furrow'd.

Seeds cylinder-egg'd, very numerous, the immature feeds vertical, filling almost the whole capsule, affix'd above, petioled, free beneath and at the sides; within horny, solid, sleshy, without beset with very small pellucid snowy globules. Petioles short, subfascicled, the mature seeds free, nestling in very tender pulp, minute, gradually becoming browner, smooth.

### 827. WALTHÉRIA. \* Monospermalthæa Isnard. A.G. 1721.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-fivecleft, acute, cup-form, permanent.

COR. Petals five, inverse-hearted, expanding.

STAM. Filaments five, expanding, short. Anthers simple, distinct. PIST Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigmas pencil'd.

PER. Capfule inverse-egg'd, one-cell'd, two-valved.

SEED one, obtuse, broader above.

### tait. SYMPHONIA. S.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, permanent: the leaflets roundish, very fmall, expanding.

Cor. Closed. Petals five, roundish, rather leathery, concave, contorted, converging in a depress'd globe.

STAM. Filaments cylindric, sheathing the style. Anthers five, egg'd, acute, alternate with the stigmas. Pist. Germs egg'd. Style cylindric, rather longer than the corol.

Stigmas five, oblong, acute, expanding.

PER. Berry five-cell'd. globular.

SEEDs solitary, subglobular, smooth, flatter within,

# 828. HERMANNIA. \* Tournef. 432. Dill. elth. 147.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, roundish, inflated: (the divi-

fions inflected), permanent.

Cor. five-petal'd, spiral contrary to the sun: the claws the length of the calyx, increased on both sides by a membranelet, converging into a hooded nectary-bearing tube. Border expanding, broadish, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments five, broadish, very slightly coalesced beneath into

one body. Anthers erect, pointed, converging.

PIST. Germ roundish, five-corner'd, five-angled. Styles five, threadform, approximated, awl'd longer than the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Capfule roundish, five-corner'd, five-cell'd, gaping at the top.

SEEDs very numerous, small.

### 829. MELOCHIA. \* Dill. elth. 176.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-fiveclest: the divisions half-egg'd,

COR. Petals five, inverse-hearted, expanding, large.

STAM. The Tube of the Filament involving the germ. Anthers five, fimple.

PIST. Germ roundish. Styles five, awl'd, erect, the length of the

stamens, permanent. Stigmas simple.

PER. Capfule roundish, five-angled, five-cell'd: the cells gaping with two horned beaks.

SEEDS folitary, roundish on one side, angle-compress'd on the other.

III. EIGHT

# III. E I G H T M A L E S.

### 1412. AYTONIA. S. Thunb. nov. gen. p. 52.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, erect, much shorter than the corol, fourparted: the divisions egg'd, acute.

Cor. Petals four, erect, equal, broad-egg'd, convex, very obtuse STAM. Filaments eight, coalesced to the middle, free above, lineawl'd, furrow'd, longer than the corol, protruded. Anthers egg'd, furrow'd.

Pist. Germ above, egg'd, smooth, subangular. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse, undivided.

Per. egg'd, juiceless, membranous, four-angled, one-cell'd, fragile, inflected. Angles produced, acute
Seeds affixed to a column, globular, smooth, solitary.

# IV. NINE MALES. (Enneandria.)

### DRYANDRA. Thunberg. Flor. Japon. p. 13.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved: the divisions egg'd, acute, shorter than the corol.

Cor. five-petal'd, yellow. Petals inverse-egg-oblong, reflex-expanding, half-inch.

STAM. Filaments nine, coalefeed beneath into one body, unequal, fhorter by half than the corel. Anthers minute.

Pist. none was present in the male flowers in the whole penicle, whence I conjecture the flowers to be of the class two-house.

PER. - - - - SEED - - - -

# V. TEN MALES. (Decándria.)

### 830. CONNARUS.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, erect, downy, permanent.

COR. Petals five, lanced, erect, equal.

STAM. Filaments ten, awl'd, erect, connected at the base: with alternate ones the length of the flower; other alternate ones very short. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style cylindric. Stigma obtuse. PER. Capfule oblong, gibbous, one-cell'd, two-valved.

SEED one, egg'd, large.

### 831. HUGÓNIA.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, leathery, permanent.

COR. Petals five, roundish, large, expanding.

STAM. Filaments ten, awl'd, shorter than the corol, conjoined from the base to the middle in a pitcher. Anthers twin.

PIST. Germ roundish. Styles five, capillary. Stigmas headed.

PER. Drupe globular, one-cell'd. SEED Nut striated, globular.

### 832. GERANIUM. \* Tournef. 142. Crain's bill.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leastets egg'd, acute, concave, permanent.

COR. Petals five, inverse-hearted, or egg'd, expanding, large.

STAM. Filaments ten, awl'd, expanding at the top, the alternate ones longer, shorter than the corol. Anthers oblong, versatile.

Pist. Germ five-angled, beaked. Style awl'd, longer than the stamens, permanent. Stigmas five, reslected.

PER. none. Fruit five-grain'd, beak'd.

SEEDs folitary, kidney-form, often aril'd, with an awn very long at last spiral.

OBS. Geranium Riv. has an irregular corol.

Gruinalis Riv. has an equal corol, and filaments fcarcely manifestly coalesced.

G. africana (african) commonly have their calyxes one-leaved, tubular at the base. Petals unequal. Stamens with filaments conjoin'd, and only seven Anthers. Seeds naked with a feather'd awn. Flowers umbel'd.

G. cicutaria have their flowers umbel'd. Calyxes five-leaved. Corols subunequal. Petals separated by a gland. Filaments of the stamens ten, but the alternate ones only anther-bearing. Seeds naked with an hairy awn.

G. columbina have their flowers in pairs or folitary. Calyxes five-leaved. Petals regular, divided by a gland; Stamens teng diffinct anther-bearing; Seeds aril'd, with a polifh'd awn.

# VI. E L E V E N M A L E S. (Endecandria.)

### 833. BROWNÉA. Jacq. amer. 194. Harmesias Læst.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, top-shape, unequally two-cleft, acute.

COR. Exterior one-petal'd, funnel-form: Border five-cleft: the divifions oblong, concave, obtuse, erect.

Interior one five-petal'd: Petals inverse-egg'd, flat, obtuse, spreading, fitting on the tube of the exterior corol. Claws long.

STAM. Filaments ten, awl'd, (the alternate ones shorter), adjoined to the tube of the exterior corol, coalesced into a cylinder divided above. Anthers oblong, incumbent.

Pist. Germ oblong, acute, fitting on the pedicel adjoined to the fides of the exterior corol. Style awl'd, erect, furpassing the

corol. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Legame one-cell'd.

OBS. The Stamens are naturally eleven and the calyx five-cleft. Syst. Veg. 516. R.

## VII. T W E L V E M A L E S. (Dodecandria.)

## 834. PENTÁPE FES. \* Pterospermadendron Amm. A. Ptr. Five-leaf.

CAL. Perianth five-parted: the leaflets leathery oblong, reflected.

COR. Petals five, oblong, expanding.

STAM. Filaments fifteen, linear, conjoin'd at the base into a tube. Filaments five, longer, castrated, colour'd, erectish, the length of the corol, one between every three fertile stamens. Anthers oblong, erect.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style cylindric, the length of the stamens.

Stigma thickish.

PER. Capfule woody, egg'd, five-cell'd, with two-valved cells. SEEDS many, oblong, compress'd, with a membranous wing.

VIII. MANY

### VIII. MANY MALES. (Polyandria.)

### 1414. GUSTÁVIA. Plant. Surinam. p. 18. Pingara Aublet-guin. S.

CAL. none, but the Receptacle girt with a margin above, flat, broad, bald.

COR. Petals fix or eight, flightly connected at the base, egg'd, sessile,

large.

STAM. Filaments very numerous, shorter than the Petals, conjoined at the base into an erect bell, distant from the style. fmall, oblong, erect, shorter by half than the petals.

Pist. Germ top-shape, beneath, flat, bald between the petals and the style. Style conic, very short, permanent.

obtuse.

PER. Berry subglobular, subconic, lop'd, fix-cell'd, crown'd with the

margin of the receptacle.

SEEDS Beans many, oval, polish'd, mutilated on one side at the base: with a cartilaginous contorted appendage.

### 836. ADANSONIA. the character by D. Adanson. Ethiopian Sour-gourd.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-fivecleft, cup-form: (the divisions revolute), deciduous.

COR. Petals five, roundish, nerved, revolute, growing reciprocally

with the claws and stamens.

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalefeed beneath into a tube, and crowning it, expanding horizontally. Anthers kidney-form, incumbent.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style very long, tubular, variously intorted.

Stigmas many, (10) prismatic, villous, ray-expanded.

Per. Capsule oval, woody, not gaping, ten-cell'd, with farinaceous pulp, the partitions membranous.

SEEDS numerous, kidney-form, rather bony, involved in a friable pulp.

Gg3 1413. BAR-

### 1413. BARRINGTÓNIA. Forst. gen. n. 38. S.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved, above: the leaflets roundish, concave, leathery, permanent, inch, spreading.

COR. Petals four, egg'd, equal, expanding, leathery, thrice as large

as the calyx.

Nectary one-leaved, tubular, conic, surrounding the base of the style, rather leathery, (as if from the conjoin'd rudiments of silaments) toothletted at the top: the toothlets many, awl'd,

unequal, converging.

STAM. Filaments very numerous, one-brotherhood or coalesced at the bottom of the base into a cylinder standing on the receptacle, awl'd, twice as long as the petals. Anthers roundish, with a channel'd margin, gaping,

Pist. Germ top-shape, beneath, sour-cell'd. Style thread-form, straight, longer than the stamens. Stigma simple, depress'd.

Per. Drupe large, fingle, four-angled, or pyramidal, crown'd with a permanent ftyle and calyx. Pulp hard, wood-fleshy.

SEED Nut bony, egg'd, obscurely four-angled, wrinkled without, fibrous, properly four-cell'd, but mostly one-cell'd. Nucleus egg'd, solitary, wrinkled.

### 1415. CAROLÍNEA. Pachifa. Aublet guin. S.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, lop'd, most intire, very short, deciduous.

Cor. Petals five, fword-form, very long, erectifh.

STAM. one-brotherhood. Filaments very numerous, connected at the base, thread-form, very long. Anthers oblongish, erect.

Pist. Germ beneath, oblong, cylindric. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Pome egg'd, five-furrow'd, two-cell'd.

SEEDS double, one above another, egg'd, gibbous, flattish within.

835. BOM-

835. BOMBAX. Jacq. amer. 191. Xylon edit. pri. Ceiba Plum. 32. Silk Cotton-tree.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, permanent: the mouth five-cleft,

Cor. five-parted, expanding, with egg-concave fegments.

STAM. Filaments five or many, awl'd, the length of the corol, conjoin'd at the base. Anthers oblong, incurvate, incumbent.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma headed.

PER. Capfule large, oblong top-shape, five-cell'd, five-valved, with woody valvelets.

SEEDs very numerous, round, woolly. Receptacle columnar, five-

corner'd, constituting the partitions.

OBS. B. pentandrum (five-male) has the corol five-petal'd, stamens five. Ceiba and heptaphyllum (feven-leaved) has the corel funnel-form, one-petal'd, five-cleft, and many stamens.

837. SIDA. \* Maluinda Dill.elth. 171. 172. Abutilon Dill. elth. 2. 5.6. Tournef. 25. Sida-Mallow.

CAL. Perianth half-fivecleft, angular, permanent.

COR. Petals five, broader above, end-nick'd, coalesced below.

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalesced below into a tube, free above. . Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ orbicular. Style half-manycleft, short. Stigmas headed. PER. Capfule roundish, pointed, with cells conjoined, the cells gaping as they recede, horned.

SEEDs roundish, pointed, convex on one side, angular on the other.

OBS. Maluinda D. has capfules five, feeds folitary.

Abutilon T. D. has more capfules and often many feeds.

#### 1266. MALACHRA. Emollient.

CAL. Common Perianth mostly five-flower'd, three or five-leaved, large: the leastets hearted, acute, permanent: Chaff builtly, interposed double between the proper perianths, and longer than them.

Proper Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-cleft, small, perma-

COR. Proper. Petals five, inverse-egg'd, intire.

STAM. Filaments many, capillary, conjoined below into a cylinder.

Anthers rather kidney-form.

PIST. Germ orbicular. Style cylindric, five-cleft. Stigmas obtuse.

PER. none. Arils five.

SEEDs five, roundish, thence angular.

### 339. ALTHÉA. \* Marsh-Mallow.

CAL. Perianth double: the exterior one-leaved, unequally nine-cleft, with very narrow divisions, lefs, permanent.

The interior one one-leaved, half-fivecleft: the divisions broader, acuter, permanent.

COR. Petals five, coalesced at the base, inverse-hearted, end-bitten,

flat

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalesced below into a cylinder, loose above, inserted into the corol. Anthers nearly kidney-form.

Pist. Germ orbicular. Style cylindric, short, Stigmas numerous,

(twenty) briftly, the length of the style.

Per. And very numerous, unjointed in a depress'd verticil about the columnar Receptacle, deciduous, gaping inwardly.

SEEDs followry, kidneyform-compress'd.

840. ÁL-

### 840. ALCEA. \* Malva Tournef. 24. Holly-bock. Rose-Mallow.

CAL. Perianth double.

The exterior one-leaved, fix-cleft, more expanding, permanent. The interior one-leaved, half-fivecleft, larger, permanent.

COR. Peta's five, coalesced at the bule, inverse-hearted, end-nick'd,

expanding.

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalesced below into a five-corner'd cylinder, loofe above, inferted into the corol. Anthers nearly kidney-formal to killing a constant of the continuous arround

PIST. Germ orbicular. Style cylindric, short. Stigmas-numerous, (20), briffly, the length of the style.

PER. Arils many, jointed in a verticil, about a columnar depressed Receptacle, disparting, gaping inwardly. SEEDs folitary, kidneyform-compress'd.

### 341. MÁLVA. \* Tournef. Alcea Tournef. Abutilon Dill. elth. 1. 4. Mallow.

CAL. Perianth double. The exterior three-leaved, narrow: the leaflets hearted, acute, The interior one-leaved, half-fivecleft, larger, broader, per-

COR. Petals five, coalesced at the base, inverse-hearted, end-bitten,

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalesced below into a cylinder, loose above, inferted into the corol. Anthers kidney-form.

PIST. Germ orbicular. Style cylindric, short. Stigmas very numerous, briftly, the length of the style.

PER. Arils very numerous, unjointed in a depress'd verticil about the columnar Receptacle, deciduous, gaping inward.

SEEDs folitary, kidney-form.

OBS. Of Malva T. the leaves are nearly intire, not villous. Of Alcea T. the leaves are many-cleft, not villous.

### 842. LAVATÉRA. \* Tournef. A. G. 1706. t. 3. Dill. gen. 10.

CAL. Perianth double.

The exterior one-leaved, three-cleft, obtuse, shorter, permanent.

The interior one-leaved, half-fivecleft, acuter, erecter, permanent.

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalesced below into a cylinder, loose above, inserted into the corol. Anthers kidney-form.

PIST. Germ orbicular. Style cylindric, short. Stigmas many (7 to 14),

briftly, the length of the style.

Per. Arils very numerous, unjointed in a depress'd verticil about the columnar Receptacle, deciduous, gaping inward.

SEEDs folitary, kidney-form.

Obs. Of Althea sp. T. the fruit comes forth without a cover.
Of Lavatera T. the fruit is concealed by an obtuse cover.

#### 843. MÁLOPE. Malacoides Tournef. 25. False-Mallow.

CAL. Perianth double.

The exterior three-leaved, broader: the leaflets hearted, acute, permanent.

The interior one-leaved, half-fivecleft, more erect, permanent. Cor. Petals five, coalesced at the base, inverse-hearted, end-bitten,

expanding.

FAM. Filaments numerous, coalefeed below.

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalefced below into a cylinder, loofe above: Anthers nearly kidney-form.

PIST. Germs roundish. Style simple, the length of the stamens. Stigmas many, simple, bristly.

PER. Arils very numerous, roundish, conglomerated into a head. Seeds folitary, kidney-form.

844. URÉ-

### 844. URÉNA. \* Dill. elth. 319. Indian Mallow.

CAL. Perianth double.

The exterior one-leaved, five-cleft: the divisions broader.

The interior five-leaved: the leastets narrow, angular, permanent.

Cor. Petals five, oblong, broader at the top, obtuse with a point, narrower at the base, conjoined.

STAM. Filaments very numerous, coalesced below into a cylinder, free above. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ roundish, five-cornered. Style simple, the length of the stamens. Stigmas ten, headed, hairy, reslected.

PER. Capfule roundish, hedghog'd, five-angled, five-cell'd, resoluble into five closed Arils.

SEEDs solitary, roundish, thence angle-compress'd.

### 845. GOSSYPIUM. \* Xylon Tournef. 27. Cotton.

CAL. Perianth double.

The exterior one-leaved, three-cleft, flat, larger. The interior one-leaved, obtufely fiveways end-nick'd, cup-form.

Cor. Petals five, coalesced at the base, inverse-hearted, flat, expanding

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalesced below into a cylinder, loose above, inserted into the corol. Anthers kidney-form.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style columnar, the length of the stamens. Stigmas four, thickish.

PER. Capfule roundish, pointed, 3 or 4-cell'd, 3 or 4-valved.

SEEDs numerous, oval, involved in wool.

### 846. HIBÍSCUS. \* Malvaviscus Dill. elth. 170. Tournef. 26. Althæa frutex, or Sirian Mallow.

CAL. Perianth double:

The exterior many-leaved: the leaflets linear, permanent. The interior many-leaved, half-fivecleft, cup-form, acute, permanent.

COR. Petals five, inverse-hearted, prominent with one larger at the top, coalesced at the base.

STAM. Filaments very numerous, coalefeed below into a tube, free at the tops. Anthers kidney-form.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens, five-cleft above. Stigmas headed.

PER. Capfule five-cell'd, five-valved.

SEBOS kidney-form.

Obs. Of Ketmia T. The Capfule is egg'd, five-cell'd (or above); Seeds copious.

Of Malvaviscus D. The berry is globular, five-cell'd; Seeds solitary.

H. populneus (poplar) and tiliaceus (lime) are fingular in an exterior one-leaved calyx.

Capfule in some is egg'd, in others long; the exterior calyx 5-12-leaved.

## 847. STEWARTIA. \* If. Lawfon. Malachodendron. Mich. 16.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, expanding: the divisions egg'd, concave, permanent.

Cor. Petals five, inverse-egg'd, expanding, equal, large.

STAM. Filaments numerous, thread-form, coalesced below into a cylinder, shorter than the corol, connecting the petals at the base. Anthers roundish, incumbent.

Pist. Germ roundish, shaggy. Style simple, thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas sive-cless.

PER. Pome juiceless, five-lobed, five-cell'd, resoluble into five closed

SEEDs solitary, egg'd, compress'd.

1344. GOR-

## 1344. GORDONIA. Jon million

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets roundish, concave, permanent. COR. Petals five, inverse-egg'd, concave, large, united at the base. STAM. Filaments numerous, thread-form, coalesced at the base into

an obtufe body. Anthers oval, erect. somba standard .

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style short, five-corner'd. Stigmas five, acute, horizontal.

PER. Capfule egg'd, acute, five-cell'd, (with cells half two-cleft), five-valved.

SEEDS two, with a leafy wing on one fide.

### 848. CAMÉLLIA.

CAL. Perianth many-leaved, roundish, imbricated: the scales roundish, most obtuse, the internal ones gradually larger, concave, deciduous.

COR. Petals five, inverse-egg'd, coalesced at the base.

STAM. Filaments numerous, erect, coalesced below into a crown. more ample than the style, free above, shorter than the corol. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style awl'd, the length of the stamens. Stigma

acute, reflected.

PER. Capfule top-shape, woody, ploughed with some furrows.

SEEDS As many Nucleuses as strias of the capsule, roundish, often replete with less seeds.

### 665. MÉSUA. \* Indian rose-chesnut.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, obtuse, permanent: the opposite ones less.

COR. Petals four, retuse, undulated.

STAM. Filaments numerous, capillary, the length of the corol, conjoined into a pitcher at the base. Anthers egg'd.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style cylindric. Stigma thickish, concave. PER. A Nut roundish, pointed, marked with four elevated longitudinal futures.

SEED one, roundish.

### 642. MORISONIA. Plum. 23. Jacq. amer. 156.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bellied, breaking off, two-cleft, expanding in the mouth, obtuse, withering.

Cor. Petals four, obtuse, oblongish.

STAM. Filaments numerous, awl'd, shorter than the corol, con-

joined at the base into a funnel. Anthers oblong, erect. Pist. Germ pedicel'd, egg'd. Style none. Stigma headed, stat-convex, navel'd with a dot.

PER. Berry globular, with an hard fmooth bark, one-cell'd, pedicel'd. SEEDs many, kidney-form, neftling.

#### CLASS XVII.

### TWO BROTHERHOODS.

The papilionaceous flowers of Tournes; the irregular' four-petal'd ones of Riv; the leguminous plants of Ray.

The CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, withering; gibbous at the base, annexed below to a peduncle, obtuse above, melliferous; the mouth five-tooth'd, acute, erect, oblique, unequal: the lowest odd toothlet longer; the highest pair shorter, more remote; the bottom moist with an honey'd liquor, including the receptacle.

The Cor. called Papilionaceous, unequal: each Petal distinguished by

a separate name.

The Banner: A Petal covering the rest, incumbent, larger, slathorizontal, inserted by a claw into the superior margin of the receptacle, approaching on the outside of the calyx to a roundish figure, nearly intire, with a longitudinal line, especially towards the top, elevated, as if it had been a petal depress'd at the sides. Part of the petal nearest the base approaching to a semicylindric form embraces those beneath it: the Border of the petal is depress'd on both sides, but the sides next the margin are restected upwards, where the halved tube ends; at the unfolding of the halved border, there are two concave impressions from the back, prominent underneath, which compress the subjected wings.

The Wings: Petals two, equal, one at each fide of the flower, placed under the banner, incumbent on the margin, parallel, oblong-roundifh, broader outward, with the fuperior margin straighter, the inferior more dilated towards rotundity; the base is two-cleft in each, whose inferior part is produced into a claw, inserted into the side of the receptacle, about the length of the calyx; but the superior part is shorter and

inflected.

The Keel: The lowest Petal oftner two-parted, placed under the banner between the wings, boat-form, concave, compress'd on the sides, in the situation of a swimming boat, mutilated at the base, whose inserior part is extended into a claw, the length of the calyx, inserted into the receptacle: but the lateral and superior shorter divisions are interwoven with the corresponding part of the wings. The sides of the keel assume a form consimilar to the wings, and in a situation nearly equal, altho' lower and more inwards. The Keel-line of this petal is extended straight to the middle, thence it gradually ascends to the segment of the circle; but the marginal line runs straight to the top, where it melts obtusely into the keel-line.

The STAMENS are called two-brotherhoods: the Filaments are two, not uniform: the inferior one involving the piffil; the

superior one incumbent on the pistil.

The inferior Filament theathing the germ; membranous below the middle, cylindric, gaping upwards longitudinally, thence it ends in nine awl'd parts, which imitate the length and flexure of the keel of the corol itself, and of which the intermediate or inferior rays are longer by alternate pairs.

The fuperior Filament is awl-briftled, covering the cleft of the former cylindric filament, incumbent, correspondent in fituation, fimple, and being shorter by degrees, gapes at its own base from the rest, and surnishes on both sides an outlet to the

honev. maaran.

The Anthers number'd together are ten: one on the superior filament, and nine (one anther sitting on each ray of the inferior silament) on the inferior one; all of them small, equal in magnitude, terminal

The Pistil one, above: 1200

The Germ is oblong, columnarish, slightly compress'd, straight, the length of the cylinder of the inferior filament, in which it is involved.

The Style is awl-thread-form, ascending, the length and situation of the rays of the silament, among which it is placed,

withering.

The Stigma is pubescent, from the part turned upwards, imme-

diately beneath the Anthers.

The Pericarp. A Legume oblong, compress'd, obtuse, two-valved, with a longitudinal suture existing above and below, both straight, yet the superior one descending near the base, and the interior ascending near the top; gaping at last in the superior suture.

The Seeds few, roundify, smooth, fleshy, pendulous, mark'd with a rather prominent embryo near the hile: the cotyledons preferve after the exclusion of the young plant the form of the

halved feed.

The Receptacles. The proper seminal Receptacles are very minute, very short, attenuated at the base; and where they adhere to the disk, obtuse, oblong, inserted longitudinally into the suture, (of the superior legume only) in an alternate situation; that, when the valvelets are separated, the alternate seeds adhere to each valvelet.

Ιt

### It may be OBSERVED that

This Class is perfectly natural, and the structure of the flower very singular.

The common fituation of the flowers is obliquely pendulous, at an

acute angle with the perpendicular line.

The form of the Legume is not of such consequence, as some systematic writers pretend, nor is therefore so absolutely to be depended on in distinguishing the Genera, as it has hitherto been. But the Calyx though commonly esteemed of no importance, is of great consequence in the generic distinctions. The Leaves should never be admitted in forming the characters.

### TWO BROTHERHOODS.

(Diadélphia.)

#### R. FIVE MALES.

(Pentándria.)

850 Monniéria.

II. SIX MALES.
(Hexándria.)

1267 Saráca. 849 Fumária.

III. EIGHT MALES. (Octándria.)

851 Polýgala. 852 Secúridáca. 1416 Dalbérgia.

IV. TEN MALES.
(Decándria.)

853 Nissolia. 1286 Ábrus. 854 Pterocárpus. 855 Erythrína. 856 Piscídia. 857 Borbónia. 858 Spártium.

859 Genista. 860 Aspálathus-881 Úlex. 861 Amórpha. 862 Crotalária. 862 Onónis. 864 Anthýllis. 876 Árachis. 895 Ébenus. 865 Lupinus. 866 Phaséolus 867 Dólichos. 868 Glýcine. 869 Clitória. 870 Písum. 871 Orobus. 872 Láthyrus. 873 Vícia. 874 Érvum 875 Cicer. 1319 Lipária. 876 Cýtisus. 1417 Mulléra. 878 Geoffræa. 879 Robínia.

880 Colútea.

882 Gly-

882 Glycyrrhíza.
883 Coronílla.
884 Orníthopus.
885 Hippocrépis.
886 Scorpiúrus.
887 Hedýfarum.
889 Indigófera.
890 Galéga.
891 Pháca.
892 Aftrágalus.
893 Biférrula.
894 Pforálea.
896 Trifólium.
897 Lótus.
898 Trigonélla.
899 Medicágo.

### I. FIVE MALES. (Pentándria.)

#### 850. MONNIÉRIA. Loefl. it. 179.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, permanent:: the fuperior division linear, one, incurved, covering the corol; the exterior one lanced,

shorter by half; the rest obtuse, short.

Cor. Tubular, grinning. Tube cylindric, more contracted in the middle, curved. Border two-lip'd. Upper lip undivided, obtuse, egg'd. Under lip sour-cleft, straight, with oblong, obtuse divisions.

Nectary an egg'd scalelet at the base of the germ beneath the infe-

rior base

STAM. Filaments two, flat, membranous: the fuperior one concave, two-cleft at the top: the inferior flat, three-cleft. Anthers of the fuperior filament two, conjoin'd, shaggy within, including the stigma, on the inferior filament three, columnar, most minute.

Pist. Germ roundish, five-angled, five-lobed. Style solitary, threadform. Stigma headed, oblong, flat within, orbicular with an

acute margin.

PER. Capfules five, egg'd, compress'd, half two-valved with a suture. SEEDS solitary, egg'd, (the interior margin straighter, more obtuse), included in a two-valved, dry, deciduous Aril.

### II. SIX MALES. (Hexándria.)

### 1267. SARÁCA-

CAL. none.

COR. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Border four-parted: the divisions egg'd, expanding; the superior one more remote: the Throat with an elevated margin.

STAM. Filaments fix, briftly, declining, fitting on the throat; three from each fide, conjoined at the base amongst themselves.

Anthers furnished with a heel.

Pist. Germ pedicel'd, oblong, compress'd, the length of the stamens.

Style awl'd, declining, the length of the germ. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Legume?

849. FU-

849. FUMÁRIA. \* Tournef. 239. Capnoides Tournef. 237. Cysticapnos Boerh. 1. 310. Corydalis Dill. gen. 7. Bicucullata Jus. A. G. 1733. Fumitory.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved: the leaflets opposite, equal, lateral, erect,

acute, fmall, deciduous.

Cor. oblong, tubular, grinning, with a prominent palate, clofing the throat.

Upper lip flat, obtuse, end-nick'd, reslected. (The Banner.)

The Nectary is the base of the upper lip prominent behind, obtuse.

Under lip quite similar to the upper, keel'd towards the base.

(The Keel.)

The Nectary is the keel'd base, although in this less prominent.

Throat four-cornered, obtuse, perpendicularly two-cleft.

(The Wings.)

STAM. Filaments two, equal, broad, one within each lip, included, pointed. Anthers three on each filament, terminal.

Pist. Germ oblong, compress'd, pointed. Style short. Stigma orbi-

cular, erect, compress'd.

PER. Silicle one-cell'd.

Of Fumaria Off. (officinal) The Silicle is roundish, often one-feeded, deciduous.

Of Pseudo-sumaria (Mock-fumitory) Riv. The Silicle is eggpointed, two-valved, with a receptacle like a thread placed on both sides the sutures.

Capnoides T. the Silicle is very long, nearly cylindric, two-valved, with a receptacle like a thread, placed on both sides the sutures.

Cysticapnos B. the Pericarp is three-valved, concealed within a very large inflated calyx.

Capnorchis B. the Nectary of the under lip is as prominent as that of the upper one.

Fumar. lutea (yellow) has a columnar filique.

### III. EIGHT MALES.

(Octándria.)

851. POLÝGALA. † Tournef. 79. Chamæbuxus Tournef. A. G. 1705. Polygaloides Dill. gen. 9. Penæa Plum. 25. Heisteria edit. prior. (Muchmilk) Milk-wort.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved, small: the leastets egg'd, acute: two beneath the corol, one above it, permanent.

Cor. Of a papilionaceous figure, with an indeterminate number of Petals.

Wings rather egg'd, flat, very large, placed without the other parts of the corol, made from the teeth of the calyx, permanent.

Banner nearly cylindric, tubular, short: (with a small reflected mouth), two-cleft.

Keel concave, compress'd, bellied towards the top.

Appendage: Corpufcles of the Keel (in most), two, three-parted, pencil-form, affixed to the keel towards the top.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood (eight-conjoined) included in the keel. Anthers eight, simple.

Pisr. Germ oblong. Style simple, erect. Stigma terminal, thickish, two-clest,

Per. Capfule inverse-hearted, compress'd with an acute margin, two-cell'd, two-valved, (the partition contrary to the valves), gaping at the margin on both sides.

SEEDs folitary, egg'd.

Obs. The Appendage of the keel is different in different flowers, and in many the pencil-form appendage is wanting, whence they are call'd beardless.

The Wings are now taken for the middle, wing-form, coloured leaflets of the calyx, so that the calyx is five-leaved. Syst. Veg. R.

852. SE-

### 852. SECURIDACA. + Jacq. amer. 197.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved, fmall, deciduous; the leaflets egg'd, coloured, of which the highest regards the banner, two the keel.

COR. papilionaceous, five-petal'd.

Wings most expanding, most obtuse, Banner two-leaved, oblong, straight, conjoin'd to the keel at the base, with reflected tops. Keel the length of the wings, subcylindric, the border broader,

augmented with a plaited obtuse appendage.

STAM. Filaments eight, conjoined below. Anthers oblong, erect. PIST Germ egg'd, ending in an awl'd Style. Stigma flat, broader, with a tooth'd top.

PER. Legume egg'd, one-cell'd, ending in a tongued wing.

SEED one, oblong.

OBS. Hence its affinity to Polygala is evident.

### 1416. DALBÉRGIA. S.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-tooth'd; the teeth obtufish.

Cor. Papilionaceous.

Banner larger, ascending, heart-egg'd, end-nick-retuse: the

Wings oblong, ffraight, obtuse, with a reverted tooth above. Keel scarcely shorter than the wings, two-parted at the base, straight, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments two, lateral, equal, ascending, divided at the top into four filaments, hence eight stamens. Anthers globular,

Pist. Germ pedicel'd, compress'd, oblong, straight, smooth. ascending or reflected, deciduous. Stigma headed.

PER. The Fruit is a tongue pedicel'd, slender, subcartilaginous, flatcompress'd, egg'd, or oblong, not gaping, celless, in which one feed or more is placed.

SEED one or more, remote, inferted in the middle of the membrane,

compress'd.

IV. TEN-Hh4

## IV. TEN MALES. (Decandria.)

852. NISSÓLIA. Facq. amer. 198. f. 44.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-tooth'd: the fuperior teeth

deeper.
Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner roundish, rather end-nick'd, reflected, with reflected fides.

Wings oblong, obtuse, erect, broader upwards, expanding before.

Keel closed, the figure of the wings.

STAM. Filaments ton, coalesced into a cylinder, gash'd above.

Anthers roundish.

Pist. Germ oblong, compress'd. Style awl'd, ascending in a right angle. Stigma head-obtuse.

PER. Capfule oblong, columnar, running into a tongued wing. SEED oftner one, oblong, columnar, obtuse.

### 1286. ÁBRUS.

CAL. obscurely four-lobed: the superior one broader.

STAM. Filaments nine, conjoined at the lowest base, gaping on the back.

PIST. Stigma obtuse.

SEED spherical.

Obs. The fize and appearance show it to be a plant of a distinct genus, to which may be added its very beautifu! and very deleterous seeds. Syst. Veg. 533.

Concerning the rest of the character of this genus I find nothing. R.

854. PTE-

354. PTEROCARPUS. authore Loeflingio Jacq. amer. 283. Wing-fruit.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tube-bell'd, five-tooth'd, with acute

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner with an oblong claw, rather round-hearted, expanding,

Wings lanced, shorter than the banner.

Keel short.

STAM. Filaments ten, coalesced? Anthers roundish.

PIST Germ pedicel'd, obiong, compress'd. Style awl'd. Stigma simple. PER. Legume rather round-fickled, flat-leafy, dilated with veined fides, woody within, not gaping: with cells placed longitudinally within.

SEEDs folitary, kidney-form, thicker at the base, appendaged at the

OBS. Whether the stamens of the ten Males are distinct, or connected in two Brotherhoods is difficult to determine from the Loeflingian character. I have not seen the flowers. Of Ecastaphyllum the stamens are divided into two bodies. R.

#### 855. ERYTHRÍNA. \* Corallodendron Tournef. 446. Coral. Dill. elth. 20. (Red-nose) Coral-tree.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, intire, tubular: end-nick'd in the mouth above; furnished below with a melliferous pore.

Cor. papilionaceous, five-petal'd.

Banner lanced, with deflected fides, ascending, very long. Wings rather egg'd, scarcely longer than the calyx, hardly eminent on the outfide of the tube of the banner, very small. Keel straight, the length of the wings, two-petal d, end nick'd.

STAM. Filaments ten, connected below, rather incurved, the length of half the banner, unequal. Anthers ten, arrow'd.

PIST. Germ pedicel'd, awl'd, attenuated into an awl'd Style, the length of the stamens. Stigma terminal, simple.

PER. Legume very long, protuberant at the feeds, terminated by a point, one-cell'd.

SEEDS kidney-form.

OBS. F. herbacea (herbaceous) has the tenth stamen separate. R.

\$56. PIS-

## 856. PISCÍDIA. Jacq. amer. 209. Piscipula Loeft. it 275. Ichthyometra Brown p. 276. Fish-bane.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-toothed: the superior teeth nearer together.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner ascending, end-nick'd. Wings the length of the banner. Keel mooned, ascending.

STAM Filaments ten, connected in a sheath, cleft above. Anthers oblong, incumbent.

Pist. Germ pedicel'd, compres'd, linear. Style thread-form, afcending. Stigma acute.

Per. Legume pedicel'd, linear, with four longitudinal, membranous angles; one-cell'd, feparated by double ishmuses.

SEEDS few, subcylindric.

### 857. BORBÓNIA.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-fivecleft, top shape, shorter by half than the corol: the divisions lanced, pointed, rigid, pricking, subequal; the lowest longer.

Cor. five petal'd, papilionaceous, shaggy without.

Banner reflected, obtuse, with a claw the length of the calyx. Wings half-hearted, rather shorter than the banner. Keel two-petal'd, moonletted, obtuse.

STAM Filaments nine, coalefced above into a cylinder longitudinally gaping, arifing at the tops. Anthers small.

Prst. Germ awl'd. Style very fhort, ascending. Stigma obtuse, end-nick'd.

PER. Legume roundish, pointed, one-cell'd, dagger'd with a thorn. SEED kidney-form.

858. SPÁR-

### 858. SPARTIUM. \* Genista Tournef. 411. Broom.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, heart-tubed: very short on the upper margin, marked below with five toothlets towards the top, colour'd, fmall.

Cor. papilionaceous, five-petal'd. Banner inverse-hearted, the whole reflected, very large. Wings egg'd, oblong, shorter than the banner, annexed to the filaments.

Keel two-petal'd, lanced, oblong, longer than the wings, (the keel-margin connected by hairs) inferted into the filaments.

STAM. Filaments ten, conjoined, adhering to the germ, unequal, gradually longer: the fuperior one very short: the inferior nine-cleft. Anthers oblongish.

PIST. Germ oblong, shaggy. Style awl'd, arising. Stigma growing

to the superior side of the top, oblong, villous.

PER. Legume cylindric, long, obtufe, one-cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDs many, globe-kidneyform.

#### 859. GENISTA. Spartium Tournet. 412. Genistella Tournet. 413. Single-feeded Broom, Dier's Broom.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, small, tubular, two-lip'd: the upper lip two-tooth'd, more deeply divided; the under lip three-tooth'd, fubequal.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner oblong, remote from the keel, the whole reflected. Wings oblong, loose, shorter than the rest. Keel straight, end-nick'd, longer than the banner.

STAM. Filaments ten, conjoined, emerging from the keel. fimple.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style fimple, arifing. Stigma acute, involute.

PER. Legume roundish, turgid, one-cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDs folitary, oftner kidney-form.

OBS. There are species which have a three-cleft calyx: with the lowest division three-toothed. R.

860. AS-

### 860. ASPALATHUS Achyronia Royen. African Broom.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft: the divisions pointed, equal, the superior one greater.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner compress'd, ascending, inverse-egg'd, oftner externally shaggy, obtuse with a point.

Wings mooned, obtuse, spreading, shorter than the banner.

· Keel two-cleft, similar to the wings.

STAM. Filaments ten, conjoin'd in a sheath, gaping above longitudinally, ascending. Anthers oblong.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style fimple, ascending. Stigma acute.

PER. Legume egg'd, awnless. SEEDs oftner two, kidney-form.

Obs. It is particular to this that there are more leaves from the same bud in the shrubby plant.

The Calyx is different in various flowers. R.

### 811. ÚLEX. \* Genista Spartium Tournef. 112. Gorfe. Furze-whins.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved, permanent; the leaflets egg-ablong, concave, straight, equal, rather shorter than the keel; of which the superior one is two-toothed, the inferior three-toothed.

Cor. papilionaceous, five-petal'd.

Banner inverse-hearted, end-nick'd, erect, very large. Wings oblong, obtuse, shorter than the banner. Keel two-petal'd, straight, obtuse, the inferior margin converging.

STAM Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine cleft). Anthers

fimple.

Pist. Germ oblong, cylindric, fhaggy. Style thread-form, ascending. Stigma obtuse, very small.

PER. Legume oblong, turgid, scarcely longer than the calyx, straight, one-cell'd, two-valved.

Seeds few, roundish, end-nick'd.

861. AMÓR-

### 861. AMÓRPHA. \* Hort. Clifford. (Shapeless). False Indigo.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, cylindric, top-shape; (the mouth erect, five-tooth'd, obtuse; the the two superior teeth larger), permanent.

COR. Petal egg'd, concave, fearcely larger than the ealyx, erect, inferted into the ealyx within the two larger and superior teeth,

placed on the upper fide.

STAM. Filaments ten, very flightly coalesced at the base, erect, of unequal length, longer than the corol. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style awl'd, the length of the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Legume mooned, reflected, larger than the calyx, compressed, (the top more reflected), one-cell'd, tubercled.

SEEDS two, oblong-kidneyform.

OBS. By the corol alone it way be distinguished from all the plants in the universe.

The Petal is the banner, the wings and keel are wanting, which is very fingular in a papilionaceous corol.

### 862. CROTALÁRIA. \* Dill. elth.

CAL. Perianth three-parted, large, rather shorter than the corol: the two superior divisions lanced, incumbent on the banner; the third lanced, concave, supporting the keel, three-cleft.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner hearted, acute, large, depressed on the sides.

Wings egg'd, shorter by half than the banner.

Keel pointed, the length of the wings. STAM. Filaments ten, conjoin'd, afcending, cleft with a dorfal line

and gaping at the base. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ oblong, reflected, shaggy. Style simple, infracted, arising.

Stigma obtuse.

PER. Legume short, turgid, one-cell'd, two-valved, pedicel'd.

SEED one or two, globe-kidneyform.

OBS. The Crotalarias have very great affinity with Ononis.

C. laburnifolia (laburnum-leaved) has the keel of the corol broad, compress'd, beaked, with the wings shorter by half than the banner and keel.

863. ONO-

#### 863. ONÓNIS. \* Anonis Tournef. 408. Reft-Harrow.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, nearly the length of the corol: the divisions linear, pointed, lightly bow'd upwards: the lowest under the

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner hearted, striated, depressed on the sides more than the

Wings egg'd, shorter by half than the banner.

Keel pointed, rather longer than the wings. STAM. Filaments ten, conjoin'd into an intire cylinder.

fimpler PIST. Germ oblong, villous. Style simple, arising. Stigma obtuse. PER. Legume rhombed, turgid, subvillous, one-cell'd, two-valved,

SEEDs few, kidney-form.

OBS. The calyx and Legume are different in different plants.

#### 864. ANTHYLLIS. \* Vulneraria Tournef. 211. Erinacea Tournef. Kidney-Vetch. Lady's-finger.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, egg-oblong, bellied, villous: (the mouth five-tooth'd, unequal), permanent.

Cor. papilionaceous,

Banner longer, the fides reflected, the claw the length of the

Wings two, oblong, shorter than the banner.

Keel compress'd, the length of the wings, similar to the wings.

STAM. Filaments ten, conjoin'd, arifing. Anthers simple. PIST. Germ oblong. Style simple, ascending. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Legume roundish, concealed within the calyx, very small, two-

SEED one or two.

876. ARA-

876. ARACHIS. \* Arachidna Plum. 37. Arachidnoides Niss. A.G. 1723. t. 19. Ground-nut.

CAL. Perianth two-parted, gaping: Upper lip egg'd, half-threecleft; the intermediate division larger, end-nick'd. Under lip lanced, concave, acute, rather longer.

Cor. papilionaceous, refupine.

Banner roundish, ffat-deflected, very large, end-nick'd, longer than the calyx.

Wings free, rather egg'd, shorter than the banner. Keel awl'd, incurved, the length of the calyx, very flightly

two-cleft at the base.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, all coalesced, divided above, awl'd. the length of the keel. Anthers alternate, roundish, alternate ones oblong.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style awl'd, the length of the germ, ascending.

Stigma simple.

PER. Legume egg-oblong, columnar, valveless, gibbous, wreathed, veined, leathery, one-cell'd.

SEEDS two, oblong, obtufe, gibbous, lop'd at one end. OBS. Most of the flowers are male. (a pistil without a germ).

### 895. ÉBENUS. Ebony of Crete.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, terminated by five thread-form, villous, subequal teeth.

Cor. papilionaceous, the length of the calyx. Banner roundish, straight, intire.

Rudiments of Wings obscure, mooned.

· Keel mooned, gibbous, ascending at the top.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, all conjoined in a sheath, with distinct tops. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ roundish, villous. Style capillary. Stigma terminal, dagger'd.

PER. Legume egg'd.

SEED one, shaggy.

865. LU-

### 865. LUPÍNUS. \* Tournef. 213. Lupine.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved: two-cleft.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner heart-roundish, end-nick'd, with reflected, compress'd

Wings rather egg'd, nearly the length of the banner, not affixed

to the keel, converging below.

Keel two parted at the base, sickled upwards, pointed, intire, the length of the wings, narrower.

STAM. Filaments ten, coalesced, subascending, distinct above. Anthers five, roundish, and as many oblong.

Pist. Germ awl'd, compress'd, villous. Style awl'd, ascending. Stigma terminal, obtuse.

PER Legume large, oblong, leathery, compress'd, pointed, one-cell'd. SEEDs many, roundish, compress'd. OBS. Calyx is different in different species.

CAL. one-leaved, two-lip'd; the upper lip end-nick; the under lip three-tooth'd.

869. PHASEOLUS. \* Tournef. 232. Kidney bean.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner hearted, obtuse, end-nick'd, reclined, with reflected

Wings egg'd, the length of the banner, fitting on long claws. Keel narrow, fpirally revolute contrary to the fun.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood (fimple and nine-cleft) within the keel, spiral. Anthers ten, simple.

Pist. Germ oblong, compress'd, villous. Style thread-form, spirally inflected, pubescent above. Stigma obtuse, thickish, villous.

PER. Legume long, straight, leathery, obtuse with a point.

SEEDS kidney-form, oblong, compress'd.

OBS. The spiral keel with the contained fructification, is an effential mark. Another exterior two-leaved roundish Calyx occurs in many species.

### 867. DÓLICHOS. \* Lablab. Cowitch.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, very short, four-tooth'd, equal: the highest toothlet end-nick'd.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner roundish, large, end-nick'd, the whole reflected, two Callous bodies, oblong, parallel and longitudinal, are adjoined under the banner towards the base, compressing the wings, not excavated on the back.

Wings egg'd, obtuse, the length of the keel.

Keel mooned, compressed, closely converging below, the length of the wings, ascending at the top.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (simple and nine-cleft): the

simple one curved at the base. Anthers' simple.

Pist. Germ linear, compress'd. Style ascending. Stigma bearded, running inward from the middle to the top of the style, the top of the style callous before, obtuse.

PER. Legume pointed, large, oblong, two-valved, two-cell'd.

SEEDS many, elliptic, oftner compress'd.

OBS. It has the appearance of Phaseolus; the keel, which is not spiral, distinguishes the genus.

#### 868. GLÝCINE. \* Apios Boerb. Carolina Kidneybean tree.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, compress'd: with a two-lip'd mouth.

Upper lip end-nick'd, obtuse. Under lip longer, three-cleft, acute: the intermediate tooth more produced.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner inverse-hearted, (with the sides destected, the back gibbous, the top end-nick'd, straight), repelled from the keel. Wings oblong, egg'd towards the top, small, bent downwards. Keel linear, sickled, bent upwards, obtuse with the top pressing the banner upwards, broader towards the top.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), rather

divided at the top, revolute. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style cylindric, spirally revolute. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Legume oblong. SEEDS kidney-form.

OBS. G. Apios & frutescens (shrubby) have two-cell'd legumes.

G. monoica (one-house) is singular in this family, on account of its sex.

I i 869. CLI-

# 869. CLITÓRIA. \* Ternatea Tournef. A.G. 1706. t. 1. Dill. gen. 10. Clitorius Dill. elth. 76.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, erect, tubular, five-tooth'd, permanent.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner very large, straight, end-nick'd, waved on the margin, expanding.

Wings oblong, straight, obtuse, shorter than the banner. Keel shorter than the wings, rather round-sickled.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (simple and nine-cleft). Anthers simple:

PIST. Germ oblong. Style ascending. Stigma obtufe.

PER. Legione very long, linear, compressed, one-cell'd, two-valved, with an awled top,

SEEDs many, kidney-form.
OBS. The Corol is oftner resupine.

### 870. PÍSUM. \* Tournef. 215. Ochrus Tournef. 219. 220. Pea.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, acute, permanent: the two fuperior divisions shorter.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner very broad, inverse-hearted, reslected, end-nick'd with a point.

Wings two, roundish, converging, shorter than the banner. Keel compress'd, half-moon'd, shorter than the wings.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood: one simple, superior, awl-flat: and nine awl'd below the middle, coalesced into a cylinder, which is cleft above. Anthers roundish.

Prst. Germ oblong, compress'd. Style ascending, triangular, membranous, keel'd outward with reflected sides. Stigma adjoined to the superior angle, oblong, villous.

Per. Legume large, long, columnarish, (or compress'd downward), with the top pointed upward, one-cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDS many, globular.

OBS. Of Ochrus T. the Seeds are marked with an oblong Hile.
Of Pifum T. the Seeds are connected by a roundish Hile.

871. ÓRO-

871. ÓROBUS. \* Tournef. 214. Bitter Vetch.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, obtuse at the base: (the mouth oblique, five-tooth'd, very short: the three inferior toothlets acuter; the two superior ones shorter, deeper and obtusely divided), withering.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner inverse-hearted, reflected at the top and sides, longer. Wings two, oblong, nearly the length of the banner, arising, converging.

Keel manifestly two-cleft below, pointed, arising: the margins

converging, parallel, compress'd: the bottom bellied.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), ascending.

Anthers roundish.

Pist. Germ cylindric, compress'd. Style thread-form, bent upward, erect. Stigma linear, pubescent on the interior side from the middle to the top of the style.

PER. Legume columnar, long, with an ascending pointed top, one-

cell'd, two-valved.

SEEDS numerous, roundish.

872. LATHYRUS. \* Tournef. 216. 217. Clymenum Tournef. 218. Aphaca Tournef. 223. Chickling Vetch.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-fivecleft, bell'd: the divisions lanced, acute: the two superior ones shorter; the lowest longer.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner inverse-hearted, very large, reflected at the sides and top.

Wings oblong, moonletted, fhort, obtufe.

Keel semiorbicular, the fize of the wings, and broader than them, gaping inward in the middle.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood (fimple and nine-cleft), arifing.

Anthers roundish.

Pist. Germ compress'd, oblong, linear. Style erect upward, flat, broader above, with an acute top. Stigma from the middle to the top of the style, villous before.

PER. Legume very long, cylindric or compress'd, pointed, two-

valved.

SEEDS many, cylindric, globular, or rather angular.

Obs. Lathyrus T. has leaves pair'd tendril-bearing.
Clymenum T. bears leaves feather'd, tendril'd.
Niffolia T. bears simple leaves wanting tendrils.
Aphaca T. puts forth stipules without leaves.

Pisum is nearly allied to Lathyrus, yet it manifestly differs in the style.

Ii2

873. VÍ-

### 873. VICIA. \* Tournef. 221. Faba Tournef. 212. Vetch. Bean.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, erect, half-fivecleft, acute: the superior teeth shorter, converging: all of equal breadth.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner oval, with a broad oblong claw, end-nick'd at the top with a point, reflected on the fides, with a longitudinal compress'd elevated line.

Wings two, oblong, erect, half-hearted, (with an oblong claw),

shorter than the banner.

Keel with an oblong, two-parted claw, a compress'd semior-

bicular belly, which is shorter than the wings.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood (fimple and nine-cleft). Anthers erect, roundish, four-furrow'd.

Gland of the Nectary arises from the receptacle within the

compound stamen and the germ, short, pointed.

PIST. Germ linear, compress'd, long. Style thread-form, shorter, ascending at a right angle. Stigma obtuse, transversely bearded under the top.

PER. Legume long; leathery, two-valved, one-cell'd, terminated by a

point.

SEEDS many, roundish.

Of Faba T. the feeds are oval, compress'd.

Of Vicia Riv. the feeds are roundish.

### 874. ÉRVUM. \* Tournef. 221. Tare.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, the length of the corol: the divisions linear, pointed, subequal.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner flat, slightly reflected, roundish, larger. Wings obtuse, shorter by half than the banner. Keel shorter than the wings, pointed.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood (fimple and nine-cleft), arifing.

Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style fimple, ascending. Stigma obtuse, beardless. Per. Legume oblong, obtuse, columnar, knotted with protuberant seeds.

SEEDS four, rather roundish.

OBS. It differs faom Vicia in the stigma only.

875. CI-

### 875. CÍCER. \* Tournef. 210. Lens Tournef. 210. Chich-Pea.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, the length of the corol: with four divisions incumbent on the banner: the two intermediate ones longitudinally converging; the lowest division beneath the keel.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Earner flat, roundish, larger, inflected on the sides. Wings obtuse, shorter by half than the banner. Keel shorter than the wings, acutish.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), arifing.

Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style fimple, arifing. Stigmas obtuse.

PER. Legume rhomboidal, turgid, inflated.

SEEDs two, soundish, knot-gibbous on the sides, curve-inflected at top.

### 1319. LIPÁRIA. †

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, very obtuse at the base, half-fivecleft, acute: the lowest division very long, elliptic, petal-like.

Cor. papilionaceous without the processes of the keel or wings.

Banner oblong, conduplicate, straight: with reflected sides.

Wings oblong, straight, narrower at the base, two-lobed on the inserior margin.

Keel lanced. subascending, two-parted at the base.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood: (simple and nine-parted), threadform: three of them shorter. Anthers egg'd.

Pist. Germ seffile, very short. Style thread-form, middle-size. Stigma simple.

PER Legume egg'd.

SEEDS few.

877. CÝ-

### 877. CYTISUS. \* Tournef. 416. False tree-trefoil.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, short, obtuse at the base: with a two-lip'd mouth: the upper lip two-cleft, pointed; the under one three-tooth'd.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner egg'd, arifing, with reflected fides. Wings the length of the banner, straight, obtuse.

Keel bellied, pointed.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), arifing.

Anthers fimple.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style simple, arising. Stigma obtuse. PER. Legume oblong, obtuse, attenuated at the base, rigid.

SEEDS few, kidney-form, compress'd.

Obs. C. Cajan the wings of the corol are horizontally flat, and the keel obtuse.
C. supinus (supine) has the calya tubular, bellied, two-lip'd. R.

### 1417. MULLÉRA. S.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, compress'd, lop'd at the base above the pedicel, flattish, four-tooth'd: the fuperior tooth obliterated, sometimes cless: lateral teeth remoter from the superior one, acute: the lowest tooth more produced, more-awl'd.

Cor. papilionaceous, five-petal'd.

Banner reflected, hearted, egg'd, most intire, obtuse, flat: the claw flattish, scarcely longer than the calyx, remote from the wings and keel.

Wings oblong, converging, gibbous at the base and petioled. Keel shorter than the wings, consisting of leastest distinct, converging, petioled at the base, forming an oblong, compress'd

straight Sheath.

STAM. Filaments conjoined in one body compress'd, broader at the base, afterwards attenuated and straight, cleft into ten awl'd filaments. Anthers egg'd, terminal.

PIST. Germ linear, compress'd. Style short. Stigma acute.

PER. Fruit neck-lace-form, from three, four or five, concatenated globules with a fhort petiole and germ: the Globules all globular, those nearer the calyx larger, gradually less towards the top, folid, one-valved, one-cell'd, one-feeded.

SEED compress'd, kidney-form, smooth, and affixed in the cell by

the hile (as in the leguminous plants.)

878. GEOF-

### 878. GEOFFROYA. Jacq. amer. 207.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, half-fivecleft: the two superior divisions diverging, expanding.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner roundish, end-nick'd, flat, reflected.
Wings the length of the banner, obtuse, concave.
Keel compress'd, the length and figure of the wings.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), the

length of the keel. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ roundish, Style awld. Stigma obtuse.

PFR. Drupe egg'd, large, with a longitudinal furrow on both fides.

SEED A Nut nearly egg'd, rather woody, rather compress'd, with a longitudinal furrow on both fides, acute, two-valved.

## 879. ROBINIA. \* Pseudoacacia Tournef. 417. False Acasia.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, small, bell'd, four-cleft: the three inferior toothlets slenderer; the fourth highest one twice as broad, scarcely manifestly end-nick'd: all equal in length.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner roundish, larger, expanding, obtuse.
Wings oblong, egg'd, free: with a very short, obtuse appendage.
Keel nearly semiorbicular, compress'd, obtuse, the length of the wings,

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (simple and nine-cleft), ascending

above. Anthers roundish.

Pist. Germ cylindric, oblong. Style thread-form, bent upward. Stigma villous before to the top of the style.

Per. Legume large, compress'd, gibbous, long.

SEEDs few, kidney-form.

OBS. R. mitis (mild) has the legume oval-oblong, compress'd, pointed; the Calyx rather lop'd. R.

### 880. COLÚTEA. \* Tournef. 481. Bladder Senna.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-cleft, erect, subequal, permanent. Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner, wings, and keel differ in a variety of form and pro-

Wings appressed, lanced.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (simple and nine-cleft), ascending.

Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ oblong, compress'd, attenuated at both ends. Style ascending. Stigma extended from the superior part with a bearded line from the middle of the style to the top of it.

PER. Legume very large, very broad, inflated, membrane-diaphanous, (with the superior suture erect, the inferior one gibbous), one-

cell'd, gaping at the base in the superior suture.

SEEDs many, kidney-form.

OBS. The fruit constitutes the effence of the genus.

C. frutescens (shrubby) has the bunner shorter than the keel, the wings much shorter than the banner.

### 882. GLYCYRRHIZA. \* Tournef. 210. (Sweetroot | Liquorice.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, two-lip'd, permanent. Upper lip three-parted: the lateral divisions linear: the intermediate one broader, two-cleft. Under lip most simple, linear.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner egg-lanced, straight, longer.

Wings oblong, very fimilar to the keel, but rather larger. Keel two-petal'd, acute, the claw the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), straight. Anthers simple, roundish.

PIST. Germ shorter than the calyx, Style awl'd, the length of the Alamens. Stigma obtuse, ascending.

PER. Legume egg'd, or oblong, compress'd, acute, one-cell'd.

SEEDS very few, kidney-form.

883. CO-

883. CORONILLA.

\* Tournef. 419. Emerus Tournef. 418. Securidaca Tournef. 224. Pod-jointed Colutea.

CAL. Umbellet simple.

Perianth one-leaved, very short, compress'd, two-cleft, erect: (the three inferior teeth less; the two superior coalesced), permanent.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner hearted, every way reflected, scarcely longer than the

wings.

Wings egg'd, converging upward, gaping downward, obtuse. Keel compress'd, pointed, ascending, oftner shorter than the wings.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), ascending nearly at a right angle, with broadish tops, Anthers simple, small.

PIST. Germ columnar, oblong. Style briftly, ascending. Stigma small, obtuse.

PER. Legume very long, columnar, straight, contracted between each seed with inthmuses, two-valved, one-cell'd, disparting by joints.

SEEDS many.

OBS. Coronilla T. has the Legume columnar as if jointed: the feeds oblongish.

Securidaca T. has the Legume compress'd, with one suture flat, another narrower, the seeds four-corner'd.

Emerus T. has the Claws of the Corol longer than the calyx: the Legume stender, awl'd: the feeds cylindric.

### 884. ORNÍTHOPUS. \* Ornithopodium Tournef. 224. Bird's-foot.

CAL. Umbel simple.

Perianth one-leaved, tubular, (the mouth five-tooth'd, fube-qual), permanent.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner inverse-hearted, intire.

Wings egg'd, straight, scarcely the fize of the banner.

Keel compress'd, very small.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft). Anthers fimple.

fimple.
PIST. Germ linear. Style bristly, ascending. Stigma a terminal

point.

Per. Legume awl'd, columnar, bow'd, jointed and intercepted with ifthmuses, disparting by joints.

SEEDs folitary, roundish.

### 885. HIPPOCRÉPIS. \* Ferrum equinum Tournef. 225. Horse-shoe Vetch.

CAL. Umbel simple.

Perianth one-leaved, five-tooth'd: (the fuperior toothlets conjoined, and less divided); permanent.

Banner hearted, fitting on a claw the length of the calyx.

Wings egg-oblong, obtufe. Keel moon'd, compress'd.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), ascending. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ slender, oblong, ending in an awl'd, ascending style.

Stigma most simple.

PER. Legume flat-membraned, very long, incurved, many times gashed in the lower suture, almost to the upper, with roundish sinuses; hence consisting of joints obtusely three-corner'd, very numerous, connected to the superior suture.

SEEDS folitary in each joint, oblong, incurved.

OBS. The effential character consists in the Legume being in the form of a horse shoe.

886. SCOR-

### 886. SCORPIÚRUS. \* Scorpioides Tournef. 226. (Scorpion-tail) Caterpillars.

CAL. Umbellet simple. Perianth one-leaved, erect, inflated, flightly compress'd, halffivecleft, acute: with subequal teeth: the superior ones less

Cor. papilionaceous. Banner roundish, end-nick'd, reflected, expanding. Wings rather egg'd, loofe, with an obtuse appendage. Keel half-moonletted, the belly gibbous, pointed, erect, twoparted below.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), ascending. Anthers small.

PIST. Germ oblong, columnar, rather reflected. Style inflected upward. Stigma a terminal point. PER. Legume oblong, columnarish, leathery, striated, rugged, revo-

lute, internally divided into many transverse cells, externally obscurely knotted with contracted joints.

SEED folitary, roundish.

### 588. ÆSCHYNOMENE. \* False Sensitive plant.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, rather two-lip'd, the Lips equal; the fuperior one indeed two-cleft: the inferior three-tooth'd.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner rather hearted, scarcely gaping, larger. Wings nearly egg'd, obtuse, shorter than the banner. Keel mooned, pointed, the length of the wings.

STAM Filaments ten, (fimple and nine-cleft). Anthers small.

PIST. Germ oblong, villeus, columnar. Style awl'd, afcending. Stigma simple, obtusish.

PER. Legume long, flat-compress'd, jointed, rugged, one-cell'd, disparting in lop'd joints.

SEEDs folitary within each joint, kidney-form.

887. HE-

# 887. HEDÝSARUM. \* Tournef. 225. Onobrychis Tournef. 211. Alhagi Tournef. 439. French Honeysuckle. Moving plant. Saint-Foin.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-fivecleft: the divisions awl'd, erect, permanent.

Cor. papilionaceous, striated.

Banner stat-reslected, egg-oblong, end-nick'd, long. Wings oblong, narrower than the rest, straight.

Keel straight, compress'd, broader outward, transversely obtuse,

two-cleft from the base to the gibbous part.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (simple and nine-cleft), inflected to a right angle. Anthers roundish, compress'd.

Pist. Germ slender, compress'd, linear. Style awl'd, inflected as

the stamens, Stigma most simple.

PER. Legume with joints roundifh, compress'd, one-feeded, two-valved.

SEED kidney-form, folitary.

OBS. The Pericarp differs little in this genus.

In Onobrychis T. the Legume consists of one joint.

In Hedysarum T. the Legume consists of very numerous joints affixed chainwise.

Alhagi T. is distinguished from Hedysarum T. by alternate leaves.

### 889. INDIGÓFERA. \* Indigo Isnard. A. G. Indigo.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, expanding, flattish, five-tooth'd.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner rounded, reflected, end-nick'd, expanding.

Wings oblong, obtuse, expanding on the inferior margin, the figure of the banner.

Keel obtuse, expanding, deflected, marked on both fides with an awl'd hollow dagger.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, digefted in a cylinder, afcending at the tops. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ cylindric. Style short, ascending. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Legume columnarish, long.

SEEDS few, kidney-form.

890. GA-

#### 890. GALÉGA. \* Tournef. 222. Indigo Isrard. A.G. Cracca Syst. nat. Goat's Rue.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, short, half-fiveclest: the Teach awl'd, subequal.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner larger, egg'd, reflected at the top and fides.

Wings oblong, augmented by an appendage, nearly the length of the banner.

Keel oblong, compress'd, straight, gibbous downward toward the top, acute upwards.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (simple and nine-cleft). Anthers oblong.

Pist. Germ slender, oblong. Style slender, shorter than the Germ, ascending. Stigma a very small terminal point.

PER. Legume very long, compress'd, pointed, plough'd with oblique strias between the seeds.

SEEDS many, oblong-kidneyform.

#### 891. PHÁCA. \* Astragaloides Tournef. 223. False Milk Vetch.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, five-tooth'd.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner inverse-egg'd, straight, larger.

Wings oblong, obtuse, shorter.

Keel short, compress'd, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft). Anthers roundish, afcending.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style awl'd, ascending. Stigma simple.

PER. Legume oblong, inflated, half-twocell'd, with the superior suture depress'd towards the inferior.

SEEDs many, kidney-form.

Obs. The Legume in some is straight, but in others recurved, so as the

top nearly touches the base.

In some Astragaluses the partition of the Legume is not affixed to the superior suture, altho' it is approximated; hence appears the great affinity between Phaca and Astragalus.

892. AS-

## 892. ASTRÁGALUS. \* Tournef. 233. Tragacantha Tournef. 234. Milk-Vetch. Liquorice Vetch.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, five-tooth'd, acute: the inferior toothlets gradually less.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner longer than the rest, reslected on the sides, end-nick'd, obtuse, straight.

Wings oblong, shorter than the banner. Keel the length of the wings, end-nick'd.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft), nearly ftraight. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ columnarish. Style awl'd, ascending. Stigma obtuse.

PEA. Legume two-cell'd: the cells bent more to one fide.

SEEDS kidney-form.

Obs. Tragacantha T. is a shrubby plant with thorny petioles.
Astragalus Riv. has an oblong, many-seeded Silique.
Glaux Riv. hears a hearted Silique.
The Legumes are therefore different in different species. R.

### 893. BISSÉRRULA. \* Pelecinus Tournef. 234. (double saw).

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, erect, half-fivecleft; the Teeth awl'd. equal: the two superior ones more remote.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner larger, reflected on the fides, ascending, roundish. Wings egg-oblong, free, shorter than the banner.

Keel the length of the wings, obtuse, ascending.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (simple and nine-cleft), afcending at the tops, included in the keel. Anthers small.

Pist. Germ oblong, compress'd. Style awl'd, ascending. Stigma simple.

PER. Legume large, linear, flat, two-cell'd: the partition contrary to the valves.

SEEDS numerous, kidney-form, compress'd.

894. PSO-

### 894. PSORALEA. \* Roy. ludb. p. 372. Dalea edit. prior. (Wart-wort).

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, dotted with the tubercles, five-cleft: with acute, equal, permanent divisions: the lowest twice as long.

Cor. papilionaceous, five-petal'd,

Banner roundish, end-nick'd, arifing. Wings moonletted, obtufe, small. Keel two-petal'd, moonletted, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (the simple one briftly and nine coalesced), ascending. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ linear. Style awl'd, ascending, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Legume the length of the calyx, compress'd, ascending, pointed.

SEED one, kidney-form.

OES. It is singular that the calyx in this genus, as well as the whole plant, is dotted with tubercles; and the petals marked with coloured veins.

#### 896. TRIFÓLIUM. \* Tournef. 228. Trifoliastrum Mich. 25. Melilotus Tournef. 229. Lupinaster Buxh. Trefoil. Clover. Melilot.

CAL. Umbellet or headlet with the common receptacle.

Perianth one-leaved, tubular, five-tooth'd, permanent.

Cor. papilionaceous, oftner permanent, withering.

Banner reflected.

Wings shorter than the banner.

Keel shorter than the wings.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, (fimple and nine-cleft). Anthers fimple.

Pist. Germ nearly egg'd. Style awl'd, ascending. Stigma simple.

PER. Legume fearcely longer than the calyx, one-valved, not gaping, deciduous.

SEEDs very few, roundish.

Obs. I think the absolute character of this genus, with its real and effential mark, is of all the most difficult to be determined.

The appearance and various attributes of the species prove this genus to be natural: neither have they discovered proper definitions, who have attempted to divide it.

Of Triphylloides Pont. The Corol is one-petal'd with the banner, wings and keel coalesced in one.

Of Trifoliastrum Mich. The Legume is longer than the calyx, and the Florets collected in a head.

Of Lupulinum Riv. The Corol is permanent; with a flat inflected banner.

Of Lagopus Riv. The villous calyx is the length of the corol.

Of Melilotus T. The legume is longer than the calyx.

Lupinaster B. The legumes are many-seeded, the leaves fived.

### 879. LOTUS. \* Tournef. 227. Birdsfoot Irefoil.

CAL. Umbel fimple.

Perianth one-leaved, tubular, half-fivecleft: (the teeth acute, equal, erect), permanent.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner roundish, bent downward; the claw oblong, concave. Wings roundish, shorter than the banner, broad, converging upward.

Keel gibbous beneath, closed above, pointed, ascending, short. STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood (simple and nine-cleft), ascending

with broadish tops. Anthers small, simple.

PIST. Germ columnar, oblong. Style simple, ascending. Stigma

an inflected point.

PER. Legume cylindric, upright, stuffed, longer than the calyx, many-cell'd, two-valved, one-cell'd.

SEEDS many, cylindric.

### 898. TRIGONELLA. \* Fænum græcum Tournef. 270. Fenugreek.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, half-fivecleft: the toothlets awl'd, fubequal.

Cor. papilionaceous, as if three-petal'd?

Banner nearly egg'd, obtuse, reflex-expanding.
Wings two, egg-oblong, reflex-expanding outwards, as if the banner with the wings constituted a regular three-petal'd corol.
Keel very short, obtuse, occupying the navel of the flower.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood (fimple and nine-cleft), short, arising. Anthers simple.

PIST. Germ egg-oblong. Style fimple, arifing. Stigma fimple.

PER. Legume egg-oblong, compress'd, cover'd.

SEEDs many, roundish.

OBS. By the figure alone of the corol the genus becomes distinct.

### 899. MEDICAGO. \* Tournef. 231. Medica Tournef. 231. Snail, or Moon-Trefoil.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, ftraight, bell-cylindric, half-fivecleft, pointed, equal.

Cor. papilionaceous.

Banner egg'd, intire, with reflected margins, the whole reflected.

Wings egg-oblong, affixed by an appendage to the keel, with the fides converging under the keel.

Keel oblong, two-cleft, expanding, obtuse, deflected from the pistil and gaping from the banner.

STAM. Filaments two-brotherhood, coalesced nearly to the tops.

Anthers small.

Pist. Germ pedicel'd, oblong, incurv'd, compress'd, involved in the filaments, starting from the keel, bending back the banner, ending in a Style short, awl'd, nearly straight. Stigma terminal, very small.

PER. Legume compress'd, long, inflected. SEEDS many, kidney-form or angled.

Obs. Of cochleata (fnail-horn'd) R. The Silique is spirally snail-horn'd.
Of falcata (fickled) R. The Silique is bow'd, sickled.

#### C L A S S XVIII.

### MANY BROTHERHOODS.

(Polyadelphia.)

### I. FIVE MALES.

(Pentándria.)

900 Theobróma. 1418 Abróma.

II. TWELVE MALES. (Dodecándria.)

1268 Monfónia.

III.TWENTY MALES.
(Icofándria.)

901 Citrus.

IV. MANY MALÉS. (Polyándria.)

1320 Glabrária.

1321 Munchhaúsia. Dúrio.

1269 Melaleúca.

1270 Hopéa.

677 Sýmplocos.

902 Hypéricum.

903 Ascyrum.

### I. FIVE MALES. (Pentándria.)

900. THEOBROMA. + (Food of the Gods) Guazuma Plum. 18. Cacao Tournef. 444. Chocolate nut.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved, reflex-expanding: the leaflets egg'd, concave, deciduous.

Cor. Petals five, gibbous, five-nerved, concave-helmetted: each horned with a two-cleft briftle.

Nectary bell'd, erect-expanding, less than the petals? confishing of

five egg-lanced, connected leaflets.

STAM. Filaments awl'd, the length of the nectary, to which they grow like rays: each five-cleft at the top. With five Anthers on each stamen covered by the vault of the petal.

Pist. Germ nearly egg'd. Style awl'd the length of the nectary.

Stigma fimple.

PER. The Bark woody, unequal, five ways roughen'd, bearing the feeds five ways internally.

SEEDs very numerous, fleshy, nearly egg'd.

OBS. Cacao T. has oblong five-angled fruit, produced at both ends. Guazuma Pl. has the fruit subglobular, every where rugged with tubercles; the Bark perforated, sieve-form, sive-cell'd.

1418. ABROMA. S. (No Food.)

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets lanced, expanding, permanent. Cor. Petals five, egg'd, large, loofe, fitting on the interior top of the exterior nectary.

The exterior Nectary pitcher'd.

Scales five, erect, linear, obtufe, recurve-vaulted at the fummit.

STAM. Filaments five, very short between the scales of the interior nectary. Anthers three, twin, kidney-form, without the clefts of the interior nectary.

PIST. Germ above, subcylindric. Styles five, awl'd, approximated.

Stigmas acute.

PER. Capfule oblong, five-winged, lop'd, dagger'd, five-cell'd, gaping above, one-valved, intire.

SEEDS numerous, kidneyform-roundish, adhering on both fides to the bearded receptacles of the capfule.

OBS. The flower of Theobroma, especially in the nectaries, the fruit of Hibifous. II.

## II, TWELVE MALES. (Dodecándria.)

1268. MONSÓNIA.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, erect: the leasters lanced, dagger'd under the top, equal, permanent.

COR. Petals five, inverse-egg'd, equal, longer than the calyx.

STAM. Filaments 15, lanced, shorter than the calyx, conjoin'd in five bodies, each from three. Anthers three in each body, oblong.

Pist. Germ five-corner'd, fhort. Style columnar, the length of the

ftamens. Stigmas five, oblong. Per. Capfule five-corner'd, five-cell'd.

SEEDs folitary?

### III. TWENTY MALES. (Icofándria.)

901. CITRUS. \* Aurantium Tournef. 393. 394. Citreum Tournef. 395. 396. Limon Tournef. 397. Orange. Lemon. Citron.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, flat at the base, very small,

withering.

COR. Petals five, oblong, flat, expanding.

STAM. Filaments oftner twenty, awl'd, compress'd, erect, placed in an orb or cylinder oftner conjoin'd amongst themselves in more or fewer bodies. Anthers oblong.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style cylindric, the length of the stamens.

Stigma globular, internally nine-cell'd.

PER. Berry with a fleshy bark, the pulp contain'd in vesicles, nine-cell'd.

SEEDS two, nearly egg'd, callous.

Obs. Of Aurantium T. The petiole is hearted.

Citreum T. The petiole is naked and simple.

Limon T. is easily distinguished by gardeners. T.

Kk 3 IV. MANY

### IV. M A N Y M A L E S. (Polyándria.)

### 1320. GLABRÁRIA.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, five-cleft, shorter by half than the corol.

Cor. Petals five, lanced, obtuse, equal.

Nectary furrounding the germ : with briffles awl'd, erect, colour'd,

the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments thirty, capillary, interposed with the nectaries: fix and fix connected at the base, the length of the calyx.

Anthers kidney-form.

Pist. Germ subglobular, (four-grain'd?) Style thread-form, the length

of the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Drupe more juiceless, one-cell'd. Rumph.

SEED Nucleus bony, oval. Rumph.

### 1321. MUENCHHAÚSIA

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, half-fixclest, top-shape, wreathed, permanent: with obtuse divisions.

Cor. Petals fix, inverse-egg'd, expanding, claw'd, inferted into the calyx.

STAM. Filaments 24 or 30, capillary, shorter than the petals; conjoin'd in fix bodies. Anthers kidney-form.

Pist. Germ above, egg'd. Style thread-form, declining, middlesize. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Capsule egg'd, pointed, fix-cell'd.

SEEDS numerous.

Obs. Linneus formerly refer'd this genus to the class Twenty Males, One Female. (Mant. p. 153) but now taught by better observation he inserts it in the Clas. Many Brotherhoods, Many Males; since it has sixtimes 4 or 5 stamens. Syst. Veg. R.

DÚ-

#### DÚRIO. + Rumph. amb. 1. p. 99.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, pitcher'd, five-lobed, (the lobes rounded), deciduous.

COR. Petals five, added to the calyx and less than it, concave.

STAM. Filaments conjoin'd in five bodies, divided into 7, awl'd, longer than the corol. Anthers contorted.

PIST. Germ roundifh, stiped. Style brittly, the length of the stamens.

Stigma PER. Pome roundish, every way murex'd with many-fided daggers, five-cell'd, gaping five ways.

SEEDs few, egg'd, with a dagger'd aril.

OBS. The Character must be amended by observers.

#### 1269. MELALEÚCA.

CAL. Perianth above, five-parted, (the divisions rounded, evanescent), permanent.

COR. Petals five, roundish, minute.

STAM. Filaments above twenty, briftly, erect, very long, conjoined in five bodies, from 6 or 7 each. Anthers oblong, incumbent.

PIST. Germ beneath, top-shape. Style thread-form, erect, the length

of the stamens. Stigma acute.

PER. Capfule coloured, roundish, half-cloathed: (with a berry'd Calyx pitcher'd, most intire, like a prepuce); three-cell'd, three-

SEEDS numerous, decumbent, oblong, pointed inward, lop'd outward.

Oss. It has Affinity to Ginora.

1270. HO-Kk4

#### 1270. HOPÉA. Auth. Gardenio. +

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-cleft: the divisions egg'd, obtuse, permanent.

Cor. Petals five, oblong, concave, connected at the base with the

intermediate fascicles of the stamens.

STAM. Filaments very numerous, bristly, longer than the corol, conjoined at the base in five bodies. Anthers quadrangular.

Pist. Germ beneath, roundish. Style gradually thickened, the length of the corol, permanent. Stigma thickish, obliquely depres'd.

PER. Drute dry, cylinder-oval, gibbous, crown'd with a calyx.
SEED A Nutt smooth, three-cell'd, protracted with an obtuse top.

OBS. There are two Cells of the Nucleus often abortive and obliterated.

It seems to have an Affinity of Styrax.

#### 677. SYMPLOCOS. Jacq. amer. 166.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-cleft, small: with roundsh, erect divisions.

Cor. Petals five, oblong, obtuse, erect, most expanding, above.

STAM Filaments numerous, awi'd, flat, shorter than the petals, growing to the tube of the corol in a fourfold series; the inserior ones shorter. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ above, roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma headed, nearly three-cleft.

PER.

SEED

902. HYPÉRICUM. \* Tournef. 131. Androsæmum Tournef. 128. Ascyrum Tournef. 131. St. John's wort.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, the divisions nearly egged, concave, permanent.

Cor. Petals five, egg-oblong, obtuse, expanding, wheel'd according to the motion of the sun.

STAM. Filaments numerous, capillary, coalesced at the base in 5 or 3 phalanxes. Anthers small.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style three, (sometimes 1, 2, 5), simple, distant, the length of the stamens. Stigmes simple.

PER. Capfule roundish; the cells the number of the style.

SEEDs numerous, oblong.

Obs. Lafianthus is five-female with winged feeds.

Afcyrum T. is five-female with simple feeds.

Hypericum T. is three-female with a membranous pericarp.

Androsemum T. is three-female with a soft coloured pericarp.

#### 903. ASCYRUM. \* Hypericoides Plum. 7. St. Peter's wort.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the exterior leaflets opposite, very minute, linear; the interior ones hearted, large, flat, erect; all permanent.

Cor. Petals four, egg'd: the exterior ones opposite, very large; the interior ones less.

STAM. Filaments numerous, bristly, slightly coalesced at the base in four parts. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style scarcely any. Stigma simple.

Per. Capfule oblong, pointed, two-valved, included in the larger leaves of the calyx.

SEEDs numerous, small, roundish.

Obs. So many attributes, differing from Hypericum, forbid their union, tho' their appearance and affinity are very similar.

CLASS

#### C L A S S XIX.

#### CONFEDERATE MALES.

(Syngénesia.)

SYNGENESIA. \* The compound flowers of Tournef.
Riv. Raj. Herm. &c.

#### Natural character of the Floret.

CALYX. the Crown of the feed, fitting on the top of the germ (fee the Crown of the feed.)

COROL. one-petal'd: the Tube very narrow, long, fitting on the

germ: it is either.

TUBULAR: the Border bell'd, five-cleft: the divisions reflex-expanding.

TONGUED: the Border linear, flat, turn'd outward, the end

intire, three-tooth'd, or five-tooth'd, lop'd.

g. None: Destitute of a Border, and often wanting a tube.

STAMENS. Filaments five, capillary, very short, interted into the neck of the coroller. Anthers as many, linear, erect, coalefced at the sides into a tubular cylinder, five-tooth'd, the length of the border.

PISTIL. Germ oblong, beneath under the corollet, above the common receptacle. Style thread-form, erect, the length of the stamens, perforating the cylinder of the anthers. Stigma two-parted:

the divisions revolute, expanding.

PERICARP. No real ones, altho' in some there is a leathern Crust:

as in Osteospermum, Strumpfia.

SEED. one, oblong, often four-corner'd, oftner with a narrower base. Crown'd by a Pappus with numerous simple rays placed in an orb, either ray'd, or branched: and that pappus either selfile or fitting on a slipe. The Perianth small, often five-tooth'd, permanent.

Or Destitute of a Crown.

OBSER-

#### OBSERVATION.

The Sex discovers itself in various methods, hence the following species of florets. The tubular Floret is Hermaphrodite, if the stamens and pistil are present. Male, if the stamens without stigmas. Female, if the piftil without stamens. --- Neuter, if neither stamens, pistil, or stigma. The tongued Floret is Hermaphrodite, Male, Female, or

Neuter, as is evident from the above.

#### Character of the FLOSCULOUS FLOWER.

A FLOSCULOUS FLOWER, is composed of many florets.

The common receptacle of the fructification receives many feffile florets.

The Disk concave, flat, convex, pyramidal, or globular.

The Surface naked: unequal with very flight points.

Villous: cover'd with erect hairs.

Chaffy: cloathed with linear, awl'd, compress'd, erect, chaff,

feparating the florets.

The Common CALYX is a Perianth, which contains the receptacle and florets, which is contracted when florescence is finish'd: becomes expanded and reflected when the feed is mature; and is either

Simple, when it furrounds the florets with a fingle feries.

Imbricated, when the numerous exterior scales gradually shorter

lean upon the interior.

Augmented, when one equal longer feries of divisions furrounds , the florets, and another very small one surrounds the base only of the simple interior and larger calyx.

There are the following Species of compound flowers: for they are composed either of

I. Tubular hermaphrodite florets in the disk; tubular hermaphrodite ones in the ray.

2. Tubular hermaphrodite florets in the disk; tubular semale ones in the ray.

Tubular hermaphrodite florets in the disk; tubular neutral ones in the ray.

Tubular hermaphrodite florets in the disk; tongued hermaphrodite ones in the ray.

5. Tubular hermaphrodite florets in the disk; tongued female ones in the ray. 6. Tubu6. Tubular hermaphrodite florets in the disk; tongued neuter ones in the ray.

7. Tubular hermaphrodite florets in the disk; naked female ones

in the ray.

3. Tubular male florets in the disk; naked female ones in the ray.

9. Tongued hermaphrodite florets in the disk; tongued hermaphrodite ones in the ray.

We shall have the orders therefore from the received frustification.

a. Equal polygamy. Species 9. 1. 4. b. Superfluous polygamy. 2. 5. 7. c. Frustraneous polygamy. 3. 6.

e. Segregate polygamy bears many partial or proper calyxes within the common calyx.

f. Monogamy is simple, not compounded of florets. These I explain'd in the Systema Naturæ.

#### OBSERVATIONS.

This Class is natural, unless we add to the last order fasione, Lobelia, Viola, Impatiens according to the necessary systematical principles here assumed.

The Essence of a stosculous slower consists in the Anthers being coalesced in a cylinder, with one seed within the receptacle of the floret;

Kuhnah alone has distinct Anthers.

The common Calyx is wanting in Echinops, is present in Scabiosa &c. The common Receptacle is absent in Milleria, present in Dipsacus.

Therefore the Essence of the floret is sought in vain from the calyx and receptacle: and Scabiosa, Dipsacus, Gomphrena &c. are falsely refer'd to compound flowers.

It is remarkable that Plumier adopted no genus of compound flowers.

Tournefort expected the most natural genera in compound slowers, tho' destitute of the observations of late writers.

Vaillant has made more observations on compound slowers than any other

Author.

### CONFEDERATE MALES.

(Syngenésia.)

### EQUAL POLYGAMY.

(Polygamia æqualis.)

904 Geropógon. 905 Tragopógon. 906 Scorzonera. 907 Picaris. 908 Sónchus. 909 Lactúca. 910 Chondrilla. 911 Prenanthes. 912 Leontodon. 913 Hieracium. 914 Crépis. 915 Andrýala. 916 Hyóseris. 917 Seriola. 918 Hypochœris. 919 Lapfana. 920 Catananche.

923 Arctium. 924 Serrátula.

921 Cichórium.

922 Scólymus.

925 Cárduus. 926 Cnícus. 927 Onopórdum. 928 Cýnara. 929 Carlina. 930 Atráctylis. 1419 Barnadésia. 931 Cárthamus.

1287 Spilanthus. 932 Bidens. 933 Racália. 934 Ethúlia. 935 Eupatórium. Agératum. 936 937 Pterónica. 938 Stæhelína. 939 Chrysócoma. 940 Tarchonánthes. 941 Cálea. 942 Santolina. 943 Athanásia.

## II. SUPERFLUOUS POLYGAMY.

(Polygámia supérflua.)

944 Tanacétum.

945 Artemésia.

946 Gnaphálium.

947 Xeranthemum.

948 Carpésium.

949 Báccharis.

950 Conýza.

951 Erigeron.

\*

952 Tuffilágo.

953 Senécio.

954 Aster.

955 Solidágo.

957 Cinerária.

956 Ínula.

958 Árnica.

959 Dorónicum.

960 Perdícium.

1421 Mutisia.

961 Helénium.

962 Béllis.

1322 Béllium.

964 Tagétes.

963 Leyséra.

974 Zínnia.

965 Péctis.

966 Chryfanthemum.

1420 Únxia.

967 Matricána.

968 Cótula.

\* \* \*

969 Anacýcleus.

970 Anthemis.

971 Achilléa.

972 Trídax.

978 Améllus.

1321 Eclípta.

973 Sigesbéckia.

975 Verbesina.

977 Buphthálmum.

### III. FRUSTRANEOUS POLYGAMY.

(Polygámia frustránea.)

979 Heliánthus.

980 Rudbéckia.

981 Coreópsis.

983 Ofmites. Sclerocárpus.

981 Gortéria.

2271 Zoegéa.

984 Centauréa.

Didélta.

# IV. NECESSARY POLYGAMY.

(Polygámia necessária.)

858 Mil-

985 Milléria.

1323 Baltimóra.

986 Sílphium.

987 Polýmnia.

988 Chrysógonum:

989 Melampódium.

990 Caléndula.

991 Arctólis.

992 Osteospérmum.

993 Othónna.

1324 Hippia.

994 Eriocéphalus.

995 Filágo.

996 Micropus.

V. SEPARATE POLYGAMY. (Polygámia Segregáta.)

997 Elephántopus.

1325 Oedéra.

998 Sphæránthus.

999 Echínops.

1000 Gundélia.

1422 Jungia.

1301 Stæbe.

VI. MONOGAMY. (Monogámia.)

1003 Seriphium.

1002 Strumpfia.

1004 Corýmbium.

1005 Jasióne. 1006 Lobélia.

1007 Víola.

1008 Impátiens.

### I. EQUAL POLYGAMY.

(Polygámia æquális.)

004. GEROPÓGON. (Old-man's beard.)

CAL. Common simple, many-leaved: the leastets lance-awl'd, keel'd,

erect, longer than the corol.

Cor. Compound subimbricated, uniform. The Corollets hermaphrodite: the exterior ones as many, as the leastlets of the calyx; the interior ones fewer, shorter.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular.

PIST Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, recurvate, thread-form.

PER. none. Calyx oblong, erect, gaping.

SEEDs of the Ray awl'd, the length of the calyx. Pappus with five expanded awns.

REC. with briftly chaff.

OBS. There is a species with a calycled calyx. R.

905. TRAGOPÓGON, \* Vaill. A. G. 1721. 44.
13. 21. 14. Tournef. 270.
Tragopogonoides Vaill. A.

G. 1721. 43. 15. 14. Goat's-beard.

CAL. Common simple, eight-leaved: the leastets lanced, equal; the alternate ones interior; all coalesced at the base.

Cor. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, many, the exterior ones rather longer.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anthers cylindric, tubular.

Pist. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, revolute.

PER. none. Calyx converging, pointed, the length of the feeds, bellied.

Seeds folitary, oblong, attenuated both ways, angular, rugged, terminated by an awl'd, long, pappus-bearing stipe. Pappus feathery, slat, with about thirty two rays.

REC. naked, flat, rugged.

OBS. Tragopogon Vaill. has straight seeds, the calyx longer than the

Tragopogonoides Vaill. has incurvate feeds, the calyx shorter than the

906. SCOR-

906. SCORZONÉRA. \* Tournef. 169. Vaill. A.G. 1721. 53. 13. 16. 14. Scorzoneaoides Vaill. A.G. Viper-grass.

CAL. Common imbricated, long, subcylindric: the Scales about

fifteen, parch'd on the margin.

Cor. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, very numerous; the exterior ones rather longer.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric,

tubular.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, reflected.

Per. none. Calyx egg-oblong, converging.

Seeds folitary, oblong, cylindric, striated, shorter by half than the calyx. Pappus feathery.

REC. naked.

OBS. Scorzonera V. has intire leaves.

Scorzoneroides V. has leaves divided and jagg'd. S. picroides (picris-like) has a feathery pappus. R.

#### 907. PÍCRIS. \* Helminthotheca Vaill. A.G. 1721. 47. 25. 26. Bitterness.

CAL. Common double, the exterior one very large, five-leaved: the leaflets hearted, flat, loose, converging; the interior one imbricated, egg'd.

COR. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular.

PIST. Germ nearly egg'd. Style the length of the stamens. Stigmas, two, reslected.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs folitary, bellied, transversely furrow'd, obtuse. Pappus feathery. REC. naked.

L1 908. SÓN-

#### 530 CONFEDERATE MALES EQUAL POLYGAMY.

908. SÓNCHUS. \* Tournef. 268. Vaill. A.G. 1721. 22. Crepis Vaill. A. G. 1721. 55. 22. Sow-thiftle.

CAL. Common imbricated, bellied: the Scales numerous, linear, unequal.

COR. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, equal. Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very thort. Anthers cylindric,

tubular.

PIST. Germ rather egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx converging into a depress'd, pointed globe.

SEEDs folitary, oblongish. Pappus feathery.

REC. naked.

OBS. S. Plumieri (of Plumier) has a stiped pappus. R.

# 909. LACTÚCA. \* Tournef. 267. Vaill. A. G. 1721. 17. Lettuce.

CAL. Common imbricated, cylindric: the scales very numerous, pointed, membranous on the margin.

Con. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, equal. Proper one-petal'd, tongued, lop'd, four or five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular.

PIST. Germ rather egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx converging, egg-cylindric.

SEEDs folitary, egg'd, pointed, polithed, compress'd. Pappus hairy, fimple. Stipe long, attenuated beneath.

REC. naked.

910. CHRON-

010. CHONDRÍLLA. \* Tournef. 268. Vaill. A. G. 1721. 12. Gum. Succory.

CAL. Common calycled, cylindric: the fcales of the cylinder very numerous, parallel, linear, equal: fcales of the base few, very short.

COR. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, very numerous, equal, placed in a manifold feries.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, four or five-tooth'd. STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular. PIST. Germ rather egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, reflected.

Per. none. Calyx cylindric, oblong.

SEEDs folitary, egg'd, compress'd, murex'd. Pappus hairy, with a stipe long, attenuated above.

REC. naked.

#### 911. PRENANTHES. \* Vaill. A. G. 1721. 2. 18. Wild Lettuce.

CAL. Common calycled, cylindric, smooth: the scales of the cylinder the number of the corollets; those of the base sew, unequal, very fhort.

COR. Compound almost from a simple orb of florets: the Corollets hermaphrodite, five to eight and more, equal, placed in a fimple orb.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, lop'd, four-tooth'd.

STAM Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular. PIST. Germ rather egg'd. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx cylindric, flightly converging in the mouth.

SEEDs folitary, hearted. Pappus hairy.

REC. naked.

QBS. There is a species which sustains the pappus on a stipe.

912. LEÓNTODON. (Lion's-tooth) \* Dens Leonis Tournef. 266. Vaill. A.G. 1721. 50. 12. Taraxaconoides Vaill. A.G. 1721. 21. Dandelion.

CAL. Common imbricated, oblong: the interior scales linear, parallel, equal: the exterior scales fewer, often reflected to the base.

COR. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corrollets hermaphrodite, numerous, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, 'op'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular.

PIST. Germ rather egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the corol.

Stigmas two, revolute.

PER. none. Calyx oblong, straight.

SEEDS solitary, oblong, rugged. Pappus stiped, feathery.

F.Ec. naked, dotted.

Obs. Dens Leonis (Lion's-tooth) V. has a fim, le or capillary pappus, and the exterior scales of the calyx reflected.

Taraxaconoides V. is distinguished by a feathery or ray'd pappus, and all the scales of the calyx erect.

L. aureum (golden) has a villous receptacle. R.

The Pappus in most is sessile.

Of L. hirtum (shaggy) the exterior seeds are adorned with a short leafy ornament: the interior ones with a feathery pappus. Hall. R.

913. HIERACIUM. \* Tournef. 267. Vaill. A. G. 1721. 3. 46. 49. 57. 58. 59. 60. Pilofella Vaill. A.G. 1721. 57. Hawkweed.

CAL. Common imbricated, egg'd: the scales many, linear, very unequal, longitudinal and incumbent.

Cor. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anti-s cylindric, tubular. Pist. Germ rather egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, recurved.

PER. none. Calyx converging, egg'd.

SEEDS folitary, obtufely four-corner'd, short. Pappus hairy, sessile. REC. naked.

OBS. Of Hieracium of V. the stem is branchy.
Of Pilosella of T. The scape is simple.

914. CRÉ-

914. CRÉPIS. \* Hieracioides Vaill. A.G. 1721. 47. 52. 13. 17. 18. False-Hawkweed.

CAL. Common double.

Exterior one very short, expanded, deciduous.

Interior one egg'd, fimple, furrow'd, permanent: the fcales linear, converging.

Cor. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anther's cylindric, tubular.

PIST. Germ rather egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the fiamens. Stigmas two, reflected.

PER. none, Calyx roundish.

SEEDs folitary, oblong. Pappus hairy, stiped.

REC. naked.

OBS. The Pappus in some is sessile. R.

## 915. ANDRÝAJ A. & Eriphorus Vaill. A. G. 1721.

CAL. Common many-parted, short, rounded, villous: the scales numerous, subequal, awl'd.

Cor. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd. STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric tubular. Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens.

Stigmas two, reflected.

Per. none. Calyx converging, globular.
Seeds folitary, egg'd. Pappus hairy, the length of the calyx.

REC. villous, flattith.

L 13

916. HY-

916. HYÓSERIS. \* Taraxaconastrum Vaill. A. G. 1721. 45. 31. 32. 24. Leontodontoides Mich. gen. 28. Hedypnois Tournef. 271. Rhagadioloides Vaill. A. G. 1721. 29. 30. Swine's Lettuce.

CAL. Common ten-leaved: the scales lanced, erect, equal, calycled at the base with very short scales.

Proper above, five-parted, very short, acute, permanent, which is instead of a pappus.

Cor. Compound subimbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, disposed in one or two orbs.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

PIST. Germ oblongish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, reslected.

PER. none. Common Calyx straight.

SEEDs folitary, oblongish, compress'd, the length of the calyx.

Pappus hairy and calycled.

REC. naked.

OES. Of Caraxaconastrum V. The outmost feeds are crowned with a three-tooth'd calyx, the middle ones with a five-cleft calyx with hairs; the intermediate ones are crowned with hairs only.

Of Leontodontoides M. the feeds are nearly naked.

Hedypnois T. the marginal feeds are covered with the scales of the Calyx, the central ones crowned with a five-tooth'd calycle.

Rhagodioloides V. the feeds are incurved with a chaffy crown.

### 917. SERIOLA. \* Achyrophorus Vaill. A. G. 1721. f. 28. 13. 21. 18.

CAL. Common simple: the leaflets linear, subequal, erect.

COR. Compound imbricated, uniform; the Corollets hermaphrodite, equal, numerous.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

STAM: Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs oblong, the length of the calyx. Pappus stiped, hairy: with ten rays; the sides hairy.

REC. Chaffy, the length of the calyx, deciduous.

OBS. The Pappus is call'd subplumy. Syst. Veg. 601. R.

#### 918. HYPOCHAERIS. \* Vaill. A.G. 1721.28.21.

CAL. Common roundish, imbricated, bellied at the base: the scales lanced, acute.

Cor. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, equal, numerous.

Proper one-petal'd, tougued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd. STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric,

M. Filaments tive, capillary, very mort. Anners cylindric tubular.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens.

Stigmas two, reflected.

Per. none. Calyx converging, globe-pointed. Seeds folitary, oblong. Pappus stiped, feathery.

REC. Chaffy: the Chaff lance-linear, the length of the feeds.

Oss. Of H. glabra (smooth) the seeds of the disk have a stiped pappus: of the ray a sessile pappus. Hall. R.

- 919. LÁPSANA. \* Lampsana Vailt. A. G. 1721. 8.
  48. Tournef. 272. Rhagadiolus
  Vaill. A. G. 1721. t. 47. 37. 38.
  Tournef. 272. Zacintha Vaill. A.G.
  1721. 48. 27. 33. 35. 36. Tournef.
  269. Nipple-wort.
- CAL. Common calycled, egg'd, angular; the scales of the tube eight, equal, linear, hollow-channel'd, keel'd, acute; the scales of the base fix, imbricated, small, the alternate ones very small.
- Cor. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, about fixteen, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, lop'd, five-tooth'd.

- STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular.
- PIST. Germ oblongish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, reflected.
- PER. none. The scales of the tube of the calyx embrace the nearest seeds.
- Seeds folitary, oblong, cylinder-three-corner'd. Pappus various or none.
- REC. naked, flat.
- OBS. Of Lampsana T. V. all the seeds are naked, but none obvolved in the scales of the calyx.

Of Rhagadiolus T. V. each feed is involved in each scale of the calyx.

Of Zacintha T. V. the marginal feeds are involved in each scale of the calyx; the central ones are crowned with a short, simple pappus.

#### 920. CATANANCHE. \* Vaill. A.G. 1721.56.11. Catanance Tournef. 271. Candy Lion's foot.

CAL. Common imbricated, top-shape: the leastets numerous, loosely incumbent, acute, parch'd; the fcalelet egg-pointed, concave, loofe, gloffy, permanent.

COR. Compound oftner imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, many: the exterior ones longer.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, five-tooth'd. STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric,

tubular. PIST. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, reflected.

PER. none. Calya unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, top-egg'd. Pappus from a five-awn'd Calycle.

REC. Chaffy.

OBS. There is a species in which the compound Corol is not imbricated.

#### 921. CICHÓRIUM. \* Tournef. 272. Vaill. A.G. 1721. 9. 10. Succory, Endive.

CAL. Common calycled, cylindric: the scales eight, narrow-lanced, equal, constituting a cylinder; but five of them incumbent, fhorter.

COR. Compound flat, uniform: the Corollet hermaphrodite, twenty, placed in an orb.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, lop'd, deeply five-tooth'd. STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylinder-five-

corner'd, tubular.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, revolute,

Per. none. Calyx cylindric, converging at the top.

SEEDS folitary, compress'd, with acute angles. Pappus obscurely hairy, rather five-tooth'd.

REC. rather Chaffy.

922. SCÓ

538 CONFEDERATE MALES EQUAL POLYGAMY.

## 922. SCÓLYMUS. \* Tournef. 273. Vaill. A. G. 1721. 41. 42. Golden-thistle.

CAL. Common imbricated, egg'd: the fcales numerous, lanced, thorny, loofe.

Con. Compound imbricated, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued, linear, lop'd, very flightly five-tooth'd.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anthers cylindric, tubular.

Pist. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigmas two, reflected.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, oblongish, triangular, pointed at the base. Pappus none.

REC. chaffy, convex: the chaff roundish, flat, three-tooth'd at top, longer than the seeds and separating the seeds.

## 223. ARCTIUM. \* Lappa Tournef. 256. Vaill. A.G. 1718. f. 20. Burdock.

CAL. Common globular, imbricated: the fcales lanced, ending in prickles which are awl'd, long, reflex-hook'd at the top.

Cor. Compound tubular, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, tubular: the tube flender, very long: the border egg'd, five-cleft: the divisions linear, equal.

STAM. Filaments nive, capillary, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular, the length of the corol, five-tooth'd.

Pist. Germ oblong, with an hairy top. Style thread-form, long than the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, reslected.

PER. none. Calyx converging.

SEEDs folitary, vertically pyramidal, with two opposite, obliterated angles, gibbous without. Pappus simple, shorter than the seeds.

REc. chaffy, flat: the chaff briftly.

924. SER

#### 924. SERRATULA. \* Dill. giff. 8. elth. 261. 264. Saw-wort.

CAL. Common oblong, subcylindric, imbricated with lanced, acute, awnless scales.

COR. Compound tubular, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodice, equal. Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form: the tube reflected, the border bellied, five-cleft.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, oblong, reflected. and and double and had

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS solitary, inverse-egg'd. Pappus sessile.

REC. naked or chaffy.

OBS. The Pappus in some is feathery, in others hairy. Carduus is distinguished from Serratula by its hairy receptacle, bellied Calyx, and its prickly scales; and by its Stigma less twocleft.

925. CARDUUS. \* Vaill. A. G. 1718. Polycantha Vaill. A. G. 1718. Silybum Vaill. A. G. 1718. Cirfium Tournef. 255. Vaill. A. G. 1718. Ériocephalus Vaill. A.G. 1718. Thiftle.

CAL. Common bellied, imbricated; the scales numerous, lanced,

pointed, thorny.

COR. Compound tubular, uniform. The Corollets hermaphrodite, fubequal, reflected. The Market At his man Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form; the tube very flender, the border erect, egg'd at the base, five-clest: the divisions linear, rified equal : ione more deeply separated. The manifed a

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular, the length of the corollet, five-tooth'd in the mouth.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread form, longer than the stamens. Stigma fimple, awl'd, naked, end-nick'd.

PER. none. Calyx rather converging.

SEEDS folitary, inverse-egg'd, four-corner'd, with two opposite obliterated angles; the Pappus sessile, very long.

REC. hairy, flat.

926. CN -

540 CONFEDERATE MALES EQUAL POLYGAMY.

#### 926. CNÍCUS. \* Acarna Vaill. A. G. 1718. Blessed Thistle.

CAL. Compound egg'd, fenced with bractes, imbricated: the scales egg'd, crowded, branch-thorny.

Cor. Compound tubular, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, equal.

Proper of the hermaphrodite funnel-form, oblong: the border five-cleft, creek, fubequal.

STAM. Filaments five in the hermaphrodites, capillary, very short.

Anthers cylindric, tubular.

Pist. Germ fhort. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma oblong, end-nick'd.

PER. none. Calyx closed.

SEEDS folitary. Pappus feathery.

REC. flat, villous.

#### 927. ONOPÓRDUM. \* Vaill. A. G. 1718. f. 37. Cardui species Tournef. 253. Woolly I bistle.

CAL. Common roundish, bellied, imbricated: the scales numerous,

thorny, every way prominent.

Con. Compound tubular, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form: the tube very flender; the border erect, bellied, five-cleft: the divisions equal, one more deeply feparated.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular,

the length of the corol, five-tooth'd.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigma crowned.

PER. none. Calyx flightly converging.

SEEDS folitary. Pappus capillary.

REC. Netted with four-cornered membranous cells like a honey-

928. CÝ-

#### 028. CÝNARA, \* Vaill. A. G. 1718. Cinara Tournef. 254. Artichoke.

CAL. Common bellied, imbricated: the scales numerous, roundish, fleshy, augmented at the top with an appendage, which is scale-form, expanded, larger, roundish, channel'd, end-nick'd with a thorn.

COR. Compound tubular, uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, fubequal. Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form: the tube very flender; border erect, egg'd, five-cleft: the divisions linear, one more deeply separated.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular,

the length of the corollet, five-tooth'd.

Pist. Germ nearly egg'd. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigma simple, oblong, end-nick'd.

PER. none. Calyx rather converging.

SEEDs folitary, egg-oblong, four-corner-compress'd. Pappus sessile,

REC. briftly

### 929. CARLÍNA. \* Tournef. 285. Vaill. A.G. 1718. Carline Thiftle.

CAL. Common bellied, ray'd, imbricated: the feales numerous, loofe, acute, of which the interior are placed in an orb, very long, expanding, gloffy, coloured, raying the compound flower.

COR. Compound uniform, tubular : corollets hermaporodite, equal. Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form: the tube flender; the border

funnel-form, five-cleft.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular. PIST. Germ fhort. Style thread-form, the length of the itamens. Stigma oblong, two-cleft or intire.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs folitary, columnarish. Pappus feathery, branchy.

REC. flat, the chaff three'd, cloven.

930. ATRAC-

542 CONFEDERATE MALES EQUAL POLYGAMY.

### 930. ATRACTYLIS. \* Crocodilodes Vaill. A. G. 1718. f. 9. Distaff Thistle.

CAL. Exterior many-leaved, linear, larger, rough, permanent, imprifoning the common one.

Common egg'd, imbricated, the fcales oblong, numerous, lanced, converging, unarm'd.

Cor. Compound ray'd: corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, tubular in the disk: hermaphrodite, tongued in the ray.

Proper of the disk funnel-form, five-cleft.

Of the Ray tongued, flat, five-tooth'd.

STAM. of the disk: Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

Filaments of the Ray five, capillary, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular.

PIST. of the disk: Germ very short. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft,

Of the Ray very fimilar to that of the disk, but obscure, withered.

PER. none. Calyx converging.

SEEDS of the disk top-shape, compress'd. Pappus feathery.

Of the Ray top-shape, compress'd. Pappus feathery.

REC. villous, flat.

OBS. A. cancellata (latticed) is seldom furnished with a ray.

1419. BARNADÉSIA. Mutis. S.

CAL. rather bellied, expanded at the top, imbricated. Scales numerous, gradually longer from the base to the top: the inferior or extenior ones egg'd, closely imbricated, acute, pungent: the

Superior or interior awl'd, flat, expanded, purgent.

Cor. Compound ray'd; the florets of the disk hermaphrodite, very few, (three or four) remote. Corollets tubular, funnel-form. Tube short. Border shaggy, five-parted: the divisions erect, converging.

The Florets of the ray hermaphrodite in one feries. Corollets tongued. Tube longer than the calyx; the Tongue lanced, expanding at the base, incurvate at the top, slit, very shaggy

without.

STAM. Filaments five. Anthers conjoined in a cylinder, the length

of the tongue, and longer than the border.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, with expanded, egg-rounded divisions.

Per. none. Calyx converging.

Seeds numerous, egg'd, hairy, the hairs reversed. Pappus of the flowers of the disk bristly, the rays awl'd, rigid, retrostracted, naked, unless covered with most minute hairs.

Pappus of the flowers of the ray long, erect, expanded, many-

ray'd, feathery, foft.

REC. flat, villous. Chaff none.

931. CARTHAMUS. \* Tournef. 248. Vaill. A.G. 1718. Atractylis Vaill. A.G. Carthamoides Vaill. A.G. 1718. False Safforn.

CAL. Common egg'd, imbricated: the fcales numerous, contracted below, augmented at the top with a leafy, rather egg'd, flat,

expanding, obtuse appendage.

Cor. Compound uniform, tubular; corollets hermaphrodite, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form; the border five-parted, erect, fubequal.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular. Pist. Germ very short. Style thread form, longer than the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. none. Calyx converging.

SEEDS folitary.

REC. flat, hairy, the hairs longer than the feed. OBS. Of Carthamus V. the feed is nearly naked.

Atractylis V. the seed has an obscure crown.

Carthamoides V. the feed is furnished with an hairy crown.
C. lanatus (woolly) has the florets of the ray neuter, and creticus (cretan) abortive. R.

1287. SPI-

#### 1287. SPILANTUS. L'Heretier Stirp. nov. Fasc. 1.

- CAL. Common fimple, top-shape-hemispheric, villous; (the leasters about 12, subequal, linear, acute), permanent.
  - Cor. Compound, uniform, higher than the calyx, the Corollets hermaphrodite, equal, very numerous.

    Proper funnel-form; the border 5-cleft, acute, expanding, fubrevolute.
  - STAM. Filaments 5, capillary, inferted into the tube of the corol, and the length of it. Anthers cylindric, tubular, erect, scarcely protruded from the tube of the corol.
  - PIST. Germ beneath, egg'd, compress'd, two-edged, guarded on the margin and top with scatter'd down. Style slender, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, linear, rather headed at top, publicent, revolute.
  - Per. none. Calyx unchanged, gaping at maturity.
  - Seeds vertical, or adverse according to the Linnear language, egg'd, two-edged, flat, margin'd, fringed; (the fringes erect or ascending), ruggedish, tawny, cover'd with chaff, shorter by half. Pappus two bristles, scarcely distinguishable from the fringes, rather longer.
  - RECEPT. cylinder-spindleform, chaffy, the length of the flower, the Chaff linear, obtusish, keel'd, compressed at the sides, in the flower it is purple and villous, the length of the florets, in the fruit pellucid.
  - Obs. We prefer'd this description of L'Heretier, being taken from a living plant in the Gardens of Paris. He marks its difference from Bidens in the Calyx, Seed, and Receptacle, and exhorts Botanists to observe the verticality or horizontality of Seeds. Those he calls vertical or adverse, whose states look to the horizon; and those horizontal, whose states look upwards. (Translators).
    - S. atriplifolius (atriplex-leaved) has awnless feeds, and S. Æmella has the ray-flowers, and most of the florets of the disk four-cleft, sometimes mix'd with 5-cleft ones. Linn. R. The four-cleft florets have four stamens, the five-cleft ones five. R.

932. BIDENS. \* Tournef. (Double-tooth) 262. Dill. elth. 43. 47. Ceratocephalus (Horn-head) Vaill. A. G. 1720. f. 47. 48. 49. Water Hemp Agrimony ...

CAL. Common imbricated, erect: the leaflets often equal, oblong,

channel-concave.

Cor. Compound uniform, tubular; corollets hermaphrodite, tubular. Proper funnel-form; the border five-cleft, erect.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular. Pist. Germ oblong. Style simple, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, oblong, reflected.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged. SEEDs folitary, obtule, angular. Pappus with two awns or more,

oblong, ftraight, acute, hook-rugged backward.

REC. chaffy, flat; the chaff deciduous.

Obs. In many species an expanding five-leaved callule surrounds the com-pound slower. Verbesina differs from Bidens in the ray only.

The corol is sometimes furnished with one or two ray'd florets. R.

933. CACALIA. \* Vaill. A.G. 1719. Tournef. 258. Kleinia edit. prior. Cacalianthemum Dill. elth. 54. 55. Is it not Tithymaloides? Klein monagr. Porophyllum Vaill. A. G. 1719. t. 20. f. 39. Alpine Colt'sfoot.

CAL. Common simple, oblong, subcalveled only at the base, cylindric. the fcales five to ten, equal, lance-linear, constituting the tube; a few very short, incumbent on the base.

Con. Compound tubular; corollets hermaphrodite, the number of the longer calvx-leaves, uniform. Proper funnel-form, gradually attenuated into a tube: the border five-cleft, erect.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very thort. Anther cylindric,

tubular.

Pist. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, oblong, revolute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS solitary, oblong, egg-narrow. Pappus hairy, very long.

REC. naked, flat, dotted.

Obs. C. alpina (alpine) differs in the leaflets of the calyx being glued together; and the corollets four-cleft. R. 934. ETHÚ-Mm

546 CONFEDERATE MALES EQUAL POLYGAMY.

934. ETHÚLIA. \* Sparganophorus Vaill. A. G. 1719.

CAL. Common many-leaved, rounded, fimple: the leasters 15, linear, fubequal, expanding.

COR. Compound tubular; corollets hermaphrodite, uniform, distant in space.

Proper funnel-form: the border five-cleft, erect.

STAM. Filaments five, very short, capillary. Anther cylindric, tubular. Pist. Germ prismatic. Style thread-torm, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, recurved.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

Seeds folitary, lop'd, top-shape, five-corner'd, five-furrow'd. Pappus none, but a prominentish margin.

REC. naked, convex, excavated in dots.

935. EUPATÓRIUM. \* Tournef. 259. Vaill. A.G. 1719. Dill. elth. 114. Hemp Agrimony.

CAL. Common oblong, imbricated: the feales line-lanced, erect, unequal.

Cor. Compound uniform, tubular: the Corollets hermaphrodite, equal.

Proper funnel-form: the border five-cleft, expanded.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers cylindric, tubular. Pist. Germ very small. Style thread-form, very long, two-cleft quite to the stamens, straight. Stigmas stender.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS oblong. Pappus feathery, long.

REC. naked.

OBs. E. maculatum (spotted) has a hairy pappus.

936. AGÉ-

#### 936. AGÉRATUM. \* Carelia Pont. diss. False Hemp Agrimony.

CAL. Common oblong: the scales many, lanced, subequal.

COR. Compound uniform: the Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular. numerous, equal, scarcely longer than the calyx.

Proper funnel-form: the border four-cleft, expanded.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular. PIST. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, very slender, erect.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, oblong, angular. Pappus five-awn'd, expanding with a pointed proper calycle.

REC. naked, convex, very small.

OBS. It differs from Eupatorium in the Crown of the Seeds, from Bidens in the naked receptacle.

#### 937. PTERONIA. + Pterophorus (Wing-bearer) Vaill. A.G. 1719. Wing-wort.

CAL. Common imbricated: the scales lanced, keel'd, pointed.

COR: Compound uniform; Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, numerous, equal.

Proper funnel-form; the border five-cleft, acute. STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, oblong, compress'd. Pappus sessile, subplumy: with rays fomewhat hairy.

REC. briftly, flattish: the chaff many-parted into briftles, shorter than the feeds.

Obs. P. oppositifolia (opposite-leaved) differs in two longish stigmas; a bristly, hispid pappus; a chaffy receptacle.

Mm2

928. STÆ-

938. STÆHELÍNA. +

CAL. Common oblong, cylindric, imbricated: the fcales lanced, erect, terminated by a shorter colour'd scalelet.

COR. universal compound, tubular. Corollets hermaphrodite, equal. Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form: the border five-cleft, equal, acute, bell'd.

STAM. Filaments five to each, capillary. Anthers tail'd.

PIST. Germ very short. Style thread-form. Stigma double, oblong, obtule, erect.

PER. none, Calva unchanged.

SEEDs folitary, oblong, very short, four-corner'd. Pappus branchy or cleft, with a longer calyx.

REC. chaffy, flat: the chaff very short, permanent.

OBS. S. gnaphaloides (gnaphalium-like) has the calyx parched, style twocleft, pappus feathery conjoined at the base. S. dubia (dubious) has a simple stigma, pappus hairy conjoined at

S. arborescens (arborescent) has the calyx imbricated with awnless scales, pappus branched and feathery, chaff many parted, florets naked, neuter. R.

#### 939. CHRYSÓCOMA. \* Chrysocome Dill. gen. 14. Coma aurea Boerh. 1. p. 121. Goldy Locks.

CAL. Common hemispheric, imbricated: the scales linear, convex

without, pointed.

COR. Compound tubular, longer than the calyx. Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, numerous, equal. Proper funnel-form: the border five-cleft, revolute.

STAM. Filaments five, thread-form, very short. Anther cylindric,

tubular.

PIST. Germ oblong, crowned. Style thread-form, scarcely longer than the florets. Stigmas two, oblong, depress'd, involute.

PER. none. Calyx scarcely changed.

SEEDS folitary, egg-oblong, compress'd, Pappus hairy.

Rec. naked, flat.

OBS. C. Linofyris has a ragged calyx.

C. oppositisolia (opposite-leaved) differs as much from the Chryfocomas as it agrees with Pteronia oppositifolia (opposite-leaved) in its external appearance calyxes, stem, and the rest; but this has a naked receptacle. Syst. Veg. 615. R.

C. graminifolia (grass-leaved) varies in the flowers, being floscu-

lous and ray'd with a blue ray. R.

940. TAR-

### 940. TARCHONANTHUS. \* Shrubby African Fleabane.

CAL. Common top-shape, one-leaved, half-sevencleft (oftner), co-lour'd internally, shorter than the corol, acutish, permanent.

Con. Compound uniform, with about twenty florets: corollets herma-

Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form, five-tooth'd.

STAM Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular, the length of the corollet, tail'd at the base,

Pist. Germ above, oblong. Style twice the length of the flower. Stigmas two, gaping.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

Seed. Oblong. Pappus hairy every where cloathing the feed.

REC. hairy, very fmall, the hairs the length of the calyx.

OBS. It has a fingular Pappus, which does not crown, but cloath the feed.

#### 941. CÁLEA. †

CAL. Common imbricated: the scales oblong, loofish.

Cor. Compound uniform. Corollets hermaphrodite, very numerous, equal.

Proper funnel-form: the border five-cleft.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular. Pist. Germ oblongish. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigmas two, recurvate, acute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs folitary, oblong. Pappus hairy, the length of the calyx.

REC. chaffy: the chaff rather longer than the calyx, eminent among the florets.

550 CONFEDERATE MALES EQUAL POLYGAMY.

#### 945. SANTOLÍNA. \* Tournef. 260. Vaill. A.G. 1719. Lavender Cotton.

CAL. Common hemispheric, imbricated: the scales egg-oblong, acute, appress'd.

COR. Compound uniform, longer than the calyx. Corollets hermaphrodite, equal, numerous.

Proper funnel-form; the border five-cleft, revolute.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular. PIST. Germ four-corner'd, oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, oblong, depress'd, lop'd.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, oblong, four-corner'd. Pappus none.

REC, chaffy, flattish; the chaff concave.
OBS. S. alpina (alpine) differs in the flowers wanting female florets. R.

#### 943. ATHANASIA. \* Baccharis Vaill. A.G.1719.

CAL. Common imbricated, egg'd; the scales lanced, appress'd. Cor. Compound uniform, longer than the calyx. Corollets hermaphrodite, equal, numerous.

Proper funnel-form; the border five-cleft, acute, ereclish.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular. PIST. Germ oblongish. Style thread-form, rather longer than the stamen. Stigma two-cleft, obtuse:

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, oblong. Pappus chaffy from very short bristles.

REC. chaffy; the chaff lanced, longer than the feed.

OBS. Of A. maritima (fea) the two-edged feeds are destitute of a pappus.

# II. SUPERFLUOUS POLYGAMY. (Polygámia supérflua.)

944. TANACÉTUM· \* Tournef. 261. Vaill. A.G. 1719. Balsamita Vaill. A.G. 1719. Tansey. Ale-cost.

CAL. Common hemispheric, imbricated: the scales acute, compact.

Cor. Compound tubular, convex. Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, tubular, in the difk. Female ones few in the ray.

Proper of the Hermaphrodites funnel-form; the border five-cleft, reflected.

Of the Females three-cleft, more deeply divided inward.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites. Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. In the hermaphrodites. Germ oblong, small. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two-clest, revolute.

In the Females. Germ oblong. Style simple. Stigmas two, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, oblong. Pappus submargined.

REC. convex, naked.

OBS. There are sometimes no corollets of the ray, and all the florets are hermaphrodite.

The Seed in some is naked.

945. ARTEMÍSIA. \* Tournef. 260. Vaill. A.G.

Abrotanum Tournef. Abfinthium Tournef. 260. Vaill. A.G. 1719. f. 32. Mugwort, Wormwood, Southern-wood.

CAL. Common roundish, imbricated: the scales rounded, converging.

Cor. Compound: Corollet hermaphrodite, tubular, numerous, in the disk. Female ones nearly petalless, in the circumference.

Proper of the hermaphrodite funnel-form: the border five-cleft.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular, five-tooth'd.

Pist. In the hermaphrodites Germ small. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, revolute.

In the females Germ very small. Style thread-form, longer than in the hermaphrodites. Stigma similar to the hermaphrodite ones.

PER. none. Calyx scarcely changed.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, naked.

In the females folitary, naked.

REC. flat, naked, or villous.

OBS. Absinthium T. has a villous receptacle, and a more globular calyx.

Abrotanum T. bas a naked receptacle.

Artemisia T. has also a naked receptacle.

946. GNAPHALIUM. \* Elichrysum Tournes. 259.

Dill. eltb. 107. 108. Helichrysum (Sun-gold) Vaill.

A. G. 1719. 21. 37. 38.

Cudweed, Everlasting.

CAL. Common rounded, imbricated: the scales marginal, rounded, parched, coloured.

COR. Compound: Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, fometimes mixed with petallefs female ones.

Proper in the hermaphrodites, funnel-form: the border five-cleft, reflected.

In the Females (if any) there is no corol.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Author cylindric, tubular.

Pist. In the hermaphrodites: Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-clest.

In the Females: Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodites. Stigma two-cleft, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx permanent, gloffy.

Seeds In the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong, fmall, crowned with a pappus. In the Females fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked.

Obs. In some the Crown of the seed is a capillary pappus, in others a feathery one.

G. Arboreum (arborescent) is distinguished by a mooned receptacle. There are species with slowers of the class two-house, a rare example in this class.

947. XERANTHEMUM. \* Tournef. (Dry-flower)
284. Dill. gen. 8. Vaill.
A.G. 1718. Xeranthemoides Dill. elth. 322.
Austrian Sneeze-wort.
Eternal flower.

- CAL. Common imbricated: the fcales lanced, of which the inmost are longer than the disk, membranous, glossy, constituting a coloured ray, crowning the compound flower.
- Cor. Compound unequal: Corollets hermaphrodite, very numerous, tubular in the difk. Female ones fewer, tubular, in the circumference.

Proper in the hermaphrodites funnel-form, much shorter than the calyx: the border five-cleft, expanded.

In the Females tubular, the length of the hermaphrodite, fivecleft, less equal.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites Filaments five, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular, nearly the length of the corollet.

Pist. In the hermaphrodites Germ short. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

In the Females Germ as in the hermaphrodites. Style threadform, the length of the hermaphrodites. Stigmas two, oblong, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx scarcely changed.

SEEDS in the hermaphrodites oblong, crowned.

In the Females fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked, flattish, dotted.

Obs. Of Xeranthemum T. The Crown of the feed is five-bristled, simple. Receptacle chaffy.

Xeranthemoides T. The crown of the feed consists of a feather) or hairy pappus. Receptacle naked.

948. CAR-

# 648. CARPÉSIUM. \* Conyzoides Tournef. act.

CAL. Common imbricated: the exterior leaflets larger, expanded, reflected; the interior ones equal, crowded, shorter.

COR. Compound equal. Corollets hermaphrodite in the disk. Female in the circumference,

Proper in the hermaphrodites funnel-form: the border five-cleft, expanded.

In the females tubular, five-cleft, converging.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites Filaments five, fhort. Anther cylindric. Pist. of the hermaphrodites Germ oblong. Style simple. Stigma two-cleft.

In the females very fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS in the hermaphrodites inverse-egg'd, naked. In the females very similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked.

### 949. BÁCCHARIS. Plowman's Spikenard.

CAL. Common cylindric, imbricated: the scales linear, acute.

Cor. Compound equal, the Corollets hermaphrodite and female mixed.

Proper in the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-cleft.

In the females fearcely manifest, almost none.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites Filaments five, capillary, very small.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the flower. Stigma two-cleft.

In the females very fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites folitary, very fhort, oblong. Pappur fimple.

In the females very fimilar.

REC. naked.

Obs. The Rappus in some is very long, in other species scarcely surpassing the calyx.

950. CONÝZA. \* Flea Bane.

CAL. Common imbricated, roundish, ragged: the Scales acute, the

exterior ones rather more expanding.

COR. Compound tubular; Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, tubular in the disk. Female ones petalless, roundish, in the circumference.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form: the border five-cleft, expanded.

In the females funnel-form: the border three-cleft.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

PIST. in the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens? Stigma two-cleft. In the females: Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite, flenderer. Stigmas two, very flender.

PER. none. Calyx converging,

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites solitary, oblong. Pappus simple. In the females folitary, oblong. Pappus simple.

REC. naked, flat.

051. ERÍGERON. \* Conyzoides Dill. gen. Conyzella Dill.gen. Less Flea Bane.

CAL. Common obling, cylindric, imbricated: the scales awl'd, erect,

gradually longer, subequal.

Cor. Compound ray'd; Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, in the disk. Female ones tongued, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodite funnel-form: the border five-cleft. Of the Females tongued, linear, awl'd, erect, oftner most intire.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites Germ very small, crowned with a pappus longer than its corollet. Style thread-form, the length of the pappus. Stigmas two, oblong, revolute.

In the females Germ very imail, with a pappus nearly equal in length to its corol. Style capillary, the length of the pappus.

Stigmas two, very flender.

Per. none. Calyx converging. SEEDS in the hermaphrodites oblong, small. Pappus long, hairy. In the females very similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked, flat.

OBS. Dillenius observes that the inmost or intermediate florets of the disk, are oftner male.

There is a species with naked semale florets.

952. TUS-

952. TUSSILAGO. \* Tournef. 279. Vaill. A.G. 1720. f. 46. Petalites Tournef. 258. Vaill. A.G. 1719. Colt'sfoot. Butterburr.

CAL. Common cylindric; the feales lance-linear, (fifteen or twenty), equal, equalling the difk, fubmembranous.

Cor. Compound various.

Corollets in some are all hermaphrodite tubular, or only in the diffe.

In some no females, in others tongued ones.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form; the border five-cleft, (or four-cleft), acute, reflected, longer than the calyx.

Of the females none or tongued, very narrow, longer than the calyx, intire.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ fhort. Style thread-form, longer than the stamen. Stigma thickish.

> In the females; Germ short. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodites. Stigma two-cleft, thickish.

PER. none. Calyx scarcely changed.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong, compress'd. Pappus hairy, stiped.

In the females, if any, very fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked.

OBS. Petalites T. wants the ligulate florets in the ray, tho' in some there are naked female ones.

Tuffilago T. is always furnished with female storets in the ray, endued with a tongued corol.

Anandria has a sessile pappus.

T. frigida (frigid) varies in its flosculous and ray'd flowers.

953. SENÉCIO. \* Tournef. 260. Dill. elth. 258. Vall. A.G. 1719. Jacobæa Tournef. Grounfel. Ragwort.

CAL. Common calycled, conic, lop'd; the feales awl'd, very numerous, parallel in a cylinder contracted above, contiguous, equal, fewer covering the base imbricatewise, with dead tops (sphacelated).

Cor. Compound higher than the calyx; Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, numerous in the disk. Female ones tongued in the ray,

if any present.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form: the border reflected, five-cleft.

In the females (if any) oblong, obscurely three-toothed. STAM. in the hermaphrodites Filaments five, capillary, very small.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in both; Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, oblong, revolute.

PER. none. Calyx cone-converging.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites folitary, egg'd. Pappus simple, long. In the females very like the hermaphrodite.

REC. naked, flat.

Obs. Senecio T. wants the common ray of the corol.

Jacobæa T. is furnished with the common ray of the corol.

954. ASTER. \* Tournef. 474. Vaill. A. G. 1720. Dill. elth. 36. f. 41. Star.

CAL. Common imbricated; the interior scales prominentish at the top,

the inferior ones expanded.

Cor. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite numerous in the difk.

Female ones tongued, more than ten, in the ray.

Protest of the hermaphrodites funnel form, the herder five

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form; the border five-claft, expanded.

Of the females tongued, lanced, three-toothed.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very fhort.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, expanding. In the semales; Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodites. Stigmas two, oblong, revolute.

PER. none. Calyx scarcely changed.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong, egg'd. Pappus hairy. In the females fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked, flattish.

OES. A. chinenfis (china) differs something from its kindred. R.

955. SO-

955. SOLIDAGO. \* Vaill. A. G. 1720. f. 5. 46.
18. Virga aurea Tournef. 275.
Vaill. A. G. 1720. Doria Dill.
gen. 8. elth. 104. 105. Golden Rod.

CAL. Common oblong, imbricated; the fcales oblong, narrow, pointed,

straight, converging.

Cor. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, very numerous in the disk.

Female ones tongued, fewer than ten (oftner five), in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form: the border five-cleft, expanded.

Of the females tongued, lanced, three-toothed.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, expanding. In the semales; Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite Stigmas two, revolute.

Per. none. Calyx scarcely changed.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites solitary, inverse-egg-oblong. Pappus simple In the females very similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. flattish, naked.

957. CINERARIA. \* (Alb-colour) Sky Flower.

CAL. Common simple, many-leaved: the leasters equal.

Cor. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, equal, numerous, in the difk. Female ones tongued, the number of the leaves of the calyx, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form; the border five-cleft, erect.

Of the Females tongued, lanced, toothletted at the top.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, thread-form, short.

Anther cylindric, tubular, five-cleft at the top.

Prst. in the hermaphrodites: Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, erectish.

In the females: Germ oblong. Style thread-form, short. Stigmas two, oblong, obtufish, revolute.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, linear, quadrangular. Pappus hairy, copious.

In the females very similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC: naked, flattish.

Obs. C. purpurata (purpled) has a feathery pappus. Mant. 285. R. 956. IN U-

### 956. INULA. \* Enula Casalp. Magnol. Helenium Vaill. A.G. 1720. Moris. Raj. Herm. Rivin. Elecampane. Marsh Fleabane.

- CAL. Common imbricated: the leaflets loose, expanded: the exterior ones larger, of equal length.
- COR. Compound ray'd, broad. Corollets hermaphrodite, equal, very numerous in the difk. Female ones tongued, numerous, crowded in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form; the border fiveeleft, erectifh.

Of the Females tongued, linear, most intire.

- STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, thread-form, short.

  Anther cylindric, composed of five less, linear, coalesced anthers; each ending below in two straight bristles the length of the filaments.
- Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ long. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, erectish.

  In the females; Germ long. Style thread-form, half-two-cleft. Stigmas erect.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, linear, quadrangular. Pappus fimple, the length of the feed.

In the females similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked, flat.

Obs. Therefore it not only differs from the After in the Anthers ending below in ten briftles but from other known plants.

### 958. ARNICA. \*

- CAL. Common imbricated, shorter than the ray of the corol: the leastest lanced, the length of the calyx, erect.
- Cor. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite very numerous in the disk. Female ones about twenty, in the ray.

  Proper of the hermaphrodites tubular, erect, five-cleft, equal.

  Of the Females lanced, very long, three-tooth'd, expanding.
- STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, very short. Anther cylindric.

In the females: Filaments five, awl'd, erect. Anthers none.

PIST. in the hermaphrodites: Germ oblong. Style simple, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

In the semales very similar to the hermaphrodites.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong. Pappus hairy, pubefeent, long.

In the females very fimilar to the hermaphrodites. Pappus hairy.

REC. naked.

OBS. The Corollets of the disk are often three-cleft; the exterior division twice as broad.

2. In A. montana (mountain) Haller finds no filaments in the ray, neither do I see any. R.

959. DORÓNICUM. \* Tournef. 277. Vaill. A. G. 1720. f. 41. 14. Bellidiastrum Mich. 29. Leopard's bane.

CAL. Common with leaslets lance-awl'd, about twenty, equal, erect, of a double series, oftner the length of the ray of the corol.

COR. Compound ray'd: Corrollets hermaphrodite tubular, numerous, in the disk. Female ones tongued, the number of the leaves of the calyx, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form; the border five-cleft, expanded.

Of the females tongued, lanced, three-toothed.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites: Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma end-nick'd.

In the females: Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite. Stigmas two, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx flightly converging.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, inverse-egg'd, compress'd, furrow'd. Pappus hairy.

In the females folitary, inverse-egg'd, furrow'd, rather compress'd. Pappus none.

REC. naked, flat.

960. PERDICIUM. + Trixis Brown.

CAL. Common oblong, imbricated: the leaflets lanced: the interior

ones scarcely longer than the corol.

Cor. Compound imbricated, ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite in the disk. Female in the ray. Proper of the hermaphrodites tubular, half-twocleft: the interior lip two-parted, pointed, equal: the exterior lip half-three-

cleft, linear, equal.

Of the Females linear, tongued, three-tooth'd: two-tooth'd

within at the base. ŠTAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, short. Anther cylindric, tubular, five-tooth'd.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites: Germ small. Style simple. Stigma two-cleft, obtuse.

In the females: Germ small. Style half-twocleft. Stigmas

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS solitary, inverse-egg'd. Pappus capillary, sessele, very copious, the length of the calyx, level-top'd.

REC. naked.

OBS. The flower refembles a semiflosculous corol, though it is really ray'd. P. semifiosculare (semifioscular) affords the most distinct character to the genus.

P. radiale (radiate) agrees in the two-lip'd florets, differs in the

P. brasiliense (brasilian) has both subradiate and stosculous slowers in the disk, and two-lip'd hermaphrodite ones in the ray. R.

1421. MUTÍSIA.

CAL. Common oblong, cylindric, imbricated, the feales lanced, the

interior ones longer.

Cor. Compound ray'd. Florets of the disk thrice as many. Corollets tubular, three-cleft, the exterior division lanced, the interior ones linear. Florets of the ray eight. Corollets oval-oblong, intire. Claw linear.

STAM. of the disk; Filaments five, linear. Anther cylindric, longer than the floret, with decurrent briftles at the base. Of the

Ray, none, two rudiments of filaments.

Pist. of the Difk, Germ short. Style thread-form. Stigma simple, of the Ray, Germ short. Style thread-form. Stigmas two,

PER.-none.

SEEDs oblongish. Pappus feathery.

REC. naked.

961. HELENIUM. \* Heleniastrum Vaill. A. G. 1720. False Sun flower.

CAL. Common fimple, one-leaved, many-parted, expanding: the

leaflets about twenty, gradually attenuated.

COR. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, in the disk. Female ones the number of the divisions of the calyx, in the ray. Proper in the hermaphrodites tubular, shorter than the calyx,

five-tooth'd.

Of the Females tongued, broader without, three-cleft at the top, longer than the calyx.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

PIST. in the hermaphrodites: Germ oblong: Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

In the females Germ oblong. Style very short. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS in the hermaphrodites folitary, inverse-egg'd, angular. Pappus with a five-tooth'd, small calvele.

In the females very fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked, convex: the calvx-chaff only seperating the florets of the ray.

962. BELLIS. \* Tournef. 280. Vaill. A. G. 1720. f. 16. 20. Bellis Leucanthemum Mich. gen. 29. Daify.

CAL. Common hemispheric, erect: the leastets ten to twenty, placed in a double feries, lanced, equal. COR. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, numerous

in the disk. Female ones tongued, more than the leaves of the calyx, in the ray. Proper of the hermaphrodite funnel-form, five-tooth'd.

Of the Females tongued, lanced, scarcely three-tooth'd.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindrie, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ egg'd. Style fimple. Stigma end-nick'd.

Of the females Germ egg'd. Style thread-form. Stigmas two, expanded.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS in the hermaphrodites, folitary, inverse-egg'd, compress'd. Pappus none.

In the females fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

Rec. naked, conic.

1322.

1322, BÉLLIUM. \*

CAL. Common with leaslets very numerous, equal, boat-form.

Cor. Compound ray'd. In the Ray females 10 or 12. In the Disk hermaphrodites very numerous.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, four-cleft, erect.

Of the females elliptic, end-nick'd, tongued.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments four, short. Anthers

cylindric.

Pisr. in the hermaphrodites; Germ top-shape. Style thread-form. Stigma two-cleft, oblong.

In the females Germ top-shape. Style very short. Stigma two-cleft, minute.

PER, Calyx unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites top-shape: the crown chaffy, eight-leaved, rounded. Pappus with eight simple awns.

In the females very similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked, conic.

Obs. On account of the pappus and four-cleft corollets it differs from Bellis and Pectis.

964. TAGÉTES. \* Tournef. 278. Vaill. A. G. 43. 15. Dill. elth. 280. 279. African Marygold. CAL. Common very fimple, one-leaved, tubular, oblong, five-corner'd,

five-tooth'd.

Cor. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, many, in an elevated disk. Female ones tongued, sive, in the ray.

Proper in the hermaphrodites tubular, halt siveclest, erect, longer than the calyx: the divisions linear, villous within. In the females tongued, longer than the hermaphrodite, nearly equal in length and breadth, most obtuse, narrower towards the tube, downy, permanent.

STAM. in the hermaphrodite; Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites: Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, slender, reslected.

In the females Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite. Stigma two-cleft, slender, reslected.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites folitary, linear, compress'd, rather shorter than the calyx. Pappus with five, erect, pointed, unequal awns.

In the females fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

Rec. naked, small, flat.

N n 3

963. LEY-

# 963. LEYSÉRA. † Asteropterus Vaill. 1720. Star-wing.

CAL. Gommon egg'd, imbricated: the fcales obtuse, concave, parched.

COR. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite tubular, many, in the disk. Female ones tongued, many, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-cleft, erectifh. Of the females tongued, lanced, intire.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites: Germ small. Style thread-form. Stigma end-nick?d.

In the females: Germ small. Style thread-form, short. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites solitary, oblong. Pappus feathery, five-bristled, long, within which there is a very short chaffy crown.

In the females very similar. Pappus with a chaffy crown only without feathers.

REC. naked. Chaff seperating only the florets of the ray.

Oss. L. paleacea (chaffy) differs something from its congeners. Syst. Veg. 641. R.

064. ZÍNNIA.

CAL. Common egg-cylindric, polish'd, imbricated: the scales very numerous, obtuse, erect, permanent.

COR. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite, many, in an elevated disk. Female ones five to ten, in the ray. Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-cleft, villous Of the females tongued, roundish, retuse, larger than the disk,

permanent. STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, very short. Anther

cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodite; Germ oblong, awned; one awn longer. Style thread-form, half-twocleft. Stigmas two, erect, obtuse. In the females: Germ oblong, three-sided, awnless. Style c pillary, half-twocleft. Stigmas two, recurvate.

PER. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong, four-corner-two-edged. Pappus with two daggers: 'one awn'd. In the females solitary, awnless, crowned with the permanent petal.

REC. chaffy; the chaff tongued, channel'd, the length of the calyx,

deciduous.

965. PÉCTIS.

CAL. Common five-leaved, cylindric: the leaflets five, lanced, obtuse, subequal.

COR. Common ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, about fix. Feminine five in the ray.

Proper in the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-cleft. In the females tongued, egg'd, shorter than the calyx.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

PIST. in the hermaphrodites: Germ linear. Style thread-form. Stigma two-cleft. In the females: Germ linear. Style thread-form. Stigmas two, revolute.

PER. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS in the hermaphrodites folitary, linear. Pappus awn'd. In the females very fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked.

966. CHRY-Nn4

966. CHRYSÁNTHEMUM. \* Tournef. 280. Leucanthemum Tournef.
Bellidioides Vaill. A.
G. 1720. f. 17.23.31.
Corn Marygold. Oxeye Daify.

- CAL. Common hemispheric, imbricated: the scales closely incumbent: the interior ones larger by degrees: the inmost terminated by a parched scale.
- Con. Compound ray'd; Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, numerous, in the disk. Feminine more than twelve in the ray.

  Proper in the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-cleft, expanded,

the length of the calyx.

In the females tongued, oblong, three-tooth'd.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites Filoments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular, rather shorter than the corol.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites: Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, longer than the framens: Stigmas two, revolute.

In the females Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, equal to the hermaphrodite one. Stigmas two, obtuee, revolute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong. Pappus none.

In the females most fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked, dotted, convex.

OBS. Of Leucanthemum T. The female corollets are lanced the calyxmembranes narrow.

Of Chrysanthemum T. the female corollets are egg-lop'd, and the calyx-membranes egg'd.

C. flosculosum (fiosculous) is destitute of the ray.

C. Leucanthemum the feeds are black with white strias, the head yellow cylindric hollow. R.

C. Balfamina has nearly the calyx of Achillea; with no pappus. R.

C. Myconis (of myco) the feeds have a membranous crown. R.

1420. UNX-

### 1420. ÚNXIA. S.

CAL. Perianth roundish, five-leaved: leaflets egg'd.

COR. Compound, ray'd: the ray obscure.

Florets of the Disk male, five, funnel-form, five-cleft. Florets of the ray feminine, five, egg'd, small.

STAM. in the males as in the class confederate males.

PIST. Germ in each egg'd. Style simple. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in all egg'd, hard, naked.

REC. naked.

# 967. MATRICARIA. \* Tournef. 231. Vaill. A.G.

CAL. Common hemispheric; the fcales linear, imbricated, subequal, not parched.

COR. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, numerous, in an hemispheric disk. Feminine in the ray, many.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-cleft, expanding.

Of the females oblong, three-tooth'd.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very thort.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong, naked. Style threadform, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, expanding. In the semales Germ naked. Style thread-form, nearly the length of the hermaphrodite one. Stigmas two, revolute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong. Pappus none. In the females most fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. naked, convex.

968. CC -

- 968. CÓTULA. \* Vaill. A. G. 1719. f. 3.21.15.

  Ananthocyclus Vaill. A. G. 1719.
  f. 5. 24. Dill. elth. 23. f. 25. 26.

  Lancifia. Pont. difs.
- CAL. Common convex, divided into about fixteen egg'd parts, of which eight are exterior: of these the inferior are rather larger than the interior.
- Cor. Compound the length of the calyx, rather convex: the corollets hermaphrodite in the disk numerous. Feminine in the circumference more than twenty.

Proper in the hermaphrodites tubular, four-cleft, unequal: the outmost division larger. In the females nearly none.

- STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments four, very small. Anther tubular, the length of the corollet.
- Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ inverse-egg'd. Style thread-form, Stigmas two, obtuse.

In the Females: Germ inverse-egg'd, compress'd, two-edged, larger. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite one. Stigmas two, simple.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged, permanent.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, less, egg-threecorner'd, with an obscure interior angle. Pappus margined.

In the females folitary, larger, hearted, flat on one fide, on the other gibbous, girt with an obtuse margin. Pappus margin'd.

REC. nearly naked, flat.

OBS. In some the flowers are flosculous, in others ray'd. R.

C. capensis (cape) the calyx is imbricated, rather parched. R,

- CAL. Common hemispheric, imbricated: the Scales numerous, egg'd, flat, acute.
- COR. Compound ray'd; Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, in the disk. Female five to ten in the circumference, scarcely higher than the disk.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form: the border five-cleft, expanded.

Of the females: the tube compress'd: the border egg'd, intire.

- STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short.

  Anther cylindric, tubular.
- Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong, compress'd. Style threadform, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

In the females: Germ oblong, augmented by a membrane on both fides. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigmas two, flender, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong, compress'd. Pappus none.

In the females folitary, oblong, with a very broad membranous wing on both fides, end-nick'd at the top. Pappus none.

REC. chaffy: the chaff obtuse with a point.

Obs. A. orientalis (oriental) has a naked receptacle. Vaillant's is therefore of doubtful genus. R. 970. ÁNTHEMIS. \* Chamæmelum Tournef. 281. Vaill. A.G. 1720. f. 31.33.17. Anthemis Mich. gen. 30. Buphthalmum Tournef. 282. Chamomile.

CAL. Common hemispheric: the scales linear, subequal.

Con. Compound ray'd; Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, numerous in a convex disk. Feminine more than five in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodite funnel-form, five-tooth'd, erect.

Of the Females tongued, lanced, fometimes three-tooth'd.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, reflected.

In the females Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite one. Stigmas two, revolute.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites solitary, oblong. Pappus none. In the females most similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. chaffy, conic.

# 971. ACHILLÉA. \* Vaill. A. G. 1720. f. 2.10.36. Millefolium Tournef. 283. Ptarmica Tournef. 283. Milfoil. Sneeze-wort.

CAL. Common egg'd, imbricated: the scales egg'd, acute, converging. Con. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite, tubular in the disk. Feminine tongued, five to ten, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites, funnel-form, five-cleft, ex-

panded.

Of the Females tongued, inverse-hearted, expanding, three-cleft: the intermediate division less.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. In the hermaphrodites: Germ small. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse, end-nick'd. In the Females: Germ small. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite ones. Stigmas two, obtuse, restected.

Per. none. Galyw fearcely changed; Receptacle thread-form elongated as the disk of the feeds, egg'd, twice as long as the calyx.

SEEDS In the hermaphrodites folitary, egg'd, furnished with a lock of wood. Pappus none.

In the Females fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. chaffy, elevated: the chaff lanced, the length of the florets.

972. TRI-

### 972. TRÍDAX. + Starwort of Vera Cruz.

CAL. Common cylindric, imbricated; the scales egg-oblong, obscurely acute, erect.

COR. Compound ray'd: corollets hermaphrodite, tubular, in the difk:

Feminine in the ray.

Proper in the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-tooth'd, erect. In the females tongued, three-parted: the divisions equal, the middle one narrower.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. In the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong. Style bristly, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

In the semales Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigma obtuse.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong. Pappus many-ray'd, fimple, rather longer than the calyx.

In the females most similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. chaffy, flat. 'The chaff lanced, shorter than the seed.

### 978. AMÉLLUS. †

CAL. Common imbricated, roundish.

Cor. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, in the difk. Feminine, numerous in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites tubular, five-cleft.

Of the Females tongued, loofe, two-or three-tooth'd.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, capillary, short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. of the hermaphrodites; Germ inverse-egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, thread-form. In the semales most similar to the hermaphrodites.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, inverse-egg'd. Pappus hairy. In the females most similar to the nermaphrodites.

REC. chaffy.

1321. ECLÍP-

### 1321. ECLÍPTA.

- CAL. Common many-leaved: the leaflets lanced, subequal, in a double series.
- Cor. Compound ray'd. Of the ray most copious, feminine. Of the disk hermaphrodite.

Proper of the hermaphrodites tubular, four-cleft, erect, mealy without.

In the females very narrow, tongued.

- STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments four, very short. Anther cylindric.
- Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong. Style middle-fize. Stigma two-cleft, expanding.

In the females; Germ three-corner'd. Style middle-fize. Stigma two-cleft, expanding.

PER. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites oblong, compress'd, notchletted, obtuse, awnless.

In the females three-corner'd, oblong, notchletted, obtuse, awnless.

REC. flattish, chaffy: the chaff very narrow.

Obs. It is distinguished from Verbesina by its four-cleft corollets, and awaless seeds; from Cotula by its chaffy receptacle.

### 973. SIGESBÉCKIA. \*

CAL. Common exterior five-leaved: the leastets linear, columnar, most expanding, longer than the flower, permanent.

Interior nearly five-angled; the leaflets many egg'd, concave, obtufe, equal.

Cor. Compound semiray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, many, in the disk.

Female five (and under), in the ray, on one side of the slower only.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, furpaffing the calyx in length, five-tooth'd.

Of the females tongued, broad, very short, three-tooth'd.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites Filaments five, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

PIST. In the hermaphrodites Germ oblong, incurved, the fize of the calyx. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma two-cleft.

In the females: Germ oblong, incurved, the fize of the calyx. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite one. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong, obtufely four-corner'd, thicker above, obtufe, naked. Pappus none.

In the Females very fimilar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. chaffy: the chaff very fimilar to the calyx-scales, concave, involving the seeds on one side, deciduous.

Obs. S. occidentalis (occidental) has the corol ray'd; ray single; receptacle naked; seeds with a pappus from two chaffs on both sides. R.

# 975. VERBESÍNA. \* Eupatoriophalacron Dill. elth. 113. Vaill. A.G. 1719.

CAL. Common concave; the leaves oblong, channel-concave, erect, oftner equal in a double feries.

Cor. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite many, in the disk.

Feminine about five in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-tooth'd, erect. Of the Females tongued, three-cleft (and broad or fimple and very narrow).

STAM. In the hermaphrodites. Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. Of the hermaphrodites. Germ oblongish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, reslected.

In the Females. Germ oblongish. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodite one. Stigmas two, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites solitary, thickish, angular. Pappus awn'd.

In the females most similar to the hermaphrodites.

REC. chaffy.

OBS. Eupatoriophalacron V. has naked feeds.

Ceratocephaloides V. has feeds with a chaffy pappus.

V. biflora (two-flower'd) has awnless seeds.

V. calendulacea has a simple five-leaved calyx. R.

977. BUPHTHALMUM. \* Asteriscus Tournef. 283. Vaill. A.G. 1720. Dill. elth. 38. f. 44. Asterioides Tournef. 487. Vaill. A. G. Ox-eye.

CAL. Common various in different species, imbricated.

Con. Compound ray'd. Carollets hermaphrodite, numerous, constituting a flat disk. Feminine more than ten in the ray.

Proper of the Hermaphrodites funnel-form; the border five-cleft, expanded.

Of the Females tongued, longer, expanding, three-tooth'd.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther tubular, cylindric.

Pist. of the hermaphrodites; Germ egg'd, compress'd. Style threadform, the length of the stamens. Stigma thickish, simple.

In the females; Germ two-edg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodites. Stigmas two, oblong.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong, crown'd with a gash'd many-eleft margin.

In the females folitary, compress'd, with a margin cutting on both sides, crown'd with a similar margin.

REC. chaffy, convex.

OBS. B. maritimum (sea) has a two-cleft hermaphrodite stigma.

Willich. R.

# III. FRUSTRANEOUS POLYGAMY. (Polygámia frustránea.)

979. HELIANTHUS. \* Corona folis Vaill. A. G.
1720. f. 12. 45. Tournef.
279. Dill. elth. 94. Sunflower.

CAL. Common imbricated, rather ragged, expanded: the fcales oblong, broadish at the base, every where gaping at the tops.

Cor. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite most numerous in the disk. Feminine tewer, much longer, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites cylindric, shorter than the common calyx, bellied at the base, orbicular, depress'd: the border five-tooth'd, acute, expanding.

Of the females tongued, lanced, most intire, very long.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, curved, inserted beneath the belly of the corollet, the length of the tube. Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigma two-parted, reflected.

In the females: Germ very small. Style none. Stigma none.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites solitary, oblong, obtuse, four-corner'd, compress'd at the opposite angles, the internal ones narrower.

Pappus with two, lanced, deciduous awns.

In the females none.

Rec. chaffy, large, flat: the chaffs lanced, acute, two separating each feed, deciduous.

980. RUD-

980. RUDBÉCKIA. \* Obeliscotheca Vaill. A. G. 1720. f. 44. Dill. elth. 218. Dwarf Sun-flower.

CAL. Common with a double order of scales; the scales flat, broadish,

fhort, fix in each order.

Cor. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous in a conic disk. Feminine twelve (about), very long, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites tube-funnel-form: the border

five-tooth'd.

Of the females tongued, lanced, two or-three-tooth'd, flat,

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ four-corner'd. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigma two-parted, revolute. In the females; Germ very small. Style none. Stigma none.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong. Pappus a membranous, four-tooth'd margin. In the females none.

REC. chaffy, conic, longer than the common calyx: the chaffs the length of the feeds, erect, channel-concave, deciduous.

981. COREÓPSIS. \* Ceratocephaloides Vaill. aet. 1720. Tickfeed-Sunflower.

CAL. Common either simple subimbricated, or double: the exterior often with leastlets eight, rude, placed in an orb: the interior with as many larger membranous and coloured ones.

COR. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous in the difk.

Feminine eight, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites tubular, five-tooth'd. Of the females tongued, four-tooth'd, expanding, large.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Prov. in the hermaphrodites: Germ compress'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two-cleft, acute, slender. In the semales: Germ consimilar to the hermaphrodites. Style none. Stigma none.

PER. none. Calyx scarcely changed.

SEEDS in the hermaphrodites folitary, orbicular, convex on one fide, hollow on the other, with a transverse protuberance at the top, and also at the base, girt with a membranous margin, with a two-horned top.

In the females none.

REC. chaffy.

O o 2 983. OS-

### 983. OSMÍMES. + Bellidiastrum Vaill. A.G. 1720.

- CAL. Common imbricated, gibbous: the inmost leasters augmented at the top.
- Cor. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, many, in the disk. Feminine in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites tubular, five-cleft.

Of the Females tongued, intire.

- STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular.
- PIST. in the hermaphrodites: Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigma two-cleft.

In the females: Germ less. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigma obscure.

PER. none. Calyn unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites folitary, oblong, with nearly no pappus, or margined with a fomewhat chaffy obscure pappus.

In the females rudiments oftner abortive.

REC. chaffy.

OBS. Of O. Bellidiastrum the calyxes are parched. R.

### 081. GORTÉRIA.

CAL. Common one-leaved, imbricated with thorny scales: the interior ones gradually longer, straight, bristly, rigid.

COR. Comfound ray'd; Corollets hermaphrodite many in the disk. Feminine fewer, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-cleft.

Of the females tongued, lanced.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ villous. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigma two-oleft. In the females; Germ obscure. Style none. Stigma none.

PER. Calyx unchanged, deciduous.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites solitary, roundish. Pappus hairy. In the females none.

REC. naked.

### 2271. ZOEGÉA.

CAL. Common egg'd, imbricated; the scales lanced, fringed: the inmost ones parched, lanced, longer.

COR. Common ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, in the disk.

Feminine fewer, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites one-petal'd: the tube thread-form;

the border five-parted: the divisions lanced, erect.

Of the females one-petal'd, tongued, flat, nearly five-tooth'd. STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, short. Anther cylindric. Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ short. Style capillary, very long,

erect. Stigma short, two-cleft. In the females; Germ short. Style none. Stigma none.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged, converging.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites solitary. Pappus bristly.

In the females none.

REC. briftly.

OBS. It has a great affinity with Centaurea, but the ray of the corol of the flowers is flat.

> 984. CEN-003

984. CENTAURÉA. \* Centaurium majus Tournef. 256. Jacea Tournef. 254. Dill. gen. 13. Cyanus Tournef. 254. Vaill. Calcitrapa Vaill. 1718. Calcitrapoides Vaill. Rhaponticum Vaill. Rhaponticoides Vaill. Jacea Vaill. Amberboi Vaill. Cyanus Vaill. Crocodilium Vaill. Centaury, Knapweed, Blue-bottle, Sultan, Star-thistle.

CAL. Common imbricated, roundish: the scales oftner variously terminated.

COR. Compound flosculous, of different form: Corollets hermaphrodite very numerous, in the disk. Feminine fewer, larger, loose, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites one-petal'd: the tube threadform; the border bellied, oblong, erect, terminated with five,

linear, erect divisions.

Of the females one-petal'd, funnel-form; the tube slender, gradually enlarged, recurved; the border oblong, oblique, unequally divided.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular, the length of the corollet.

PIST. in the hermaphrodites; Germ small. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma most obtuse, prominent and with a point (two-cleft), in many.

In the females; Germ very small. Style scarcely any. Stigma none.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged, converging.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites folitary. Pappus in most feathery or hairy.

In the females none.

REC. briftly.

OBS. Calcitrapa Vaill. Calyx with prickles folitary, straight, large. Seeds naked or crowned.

Calcitrapoides. V. Calyx with small crowded prickles. Rhaponticum. V. Calyx with parched, intire membranes. Rhaponticoides. V. Calyx with lanced, pointed scales.

Amberboi. V. Calyx with very simple, obtuse scales. Jacea. V. Calyx with fringed scales. Seeds with a bristly pappus. Crocodilium. V. Calyx with prickly scales, Seeds with a feathery pappus.

IV. NE-

### IV. NECESSARY POLYGAMY.

(Polygámia necessária.)

### 985. MILLERIA. \* Mart. cent. 4.

CAL. Common one-leaved, three-parted, very large, converging into a flat-threefided form, permanent; the two interior leaflets equal, rather egg'd, acute, flat : but the exterior one twice as large, roundish, pointed, flat, hearted, divided deeper from the rest.

COR. Compound semi-ray'd; Corollets hermaphrodite, two, within the leffer calyx-leaflets. Feminine one, within the greater calyxleaflet.

Proper of the hermaphrodites one-petal'd, tubular, erect, five-

Of the females tongued, erect, obtuse, concave, end-nick'd. STAM, in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary. Anthers as many, erect, linear, connected by the middle of the fides, the length of the corol, acute.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ oblong, very slender. Style threadform, the length of the corollet. Stigmas two, linear, feeble, obtufe, expanding be not In the females; Germ large, three-corner'd. Style threadform, the length of the corollet. Stigmas two, briftly, reflected, long.

PER. none. Calyx converging into a three-corner'd form.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites none. In the females solitary, narrower towards the base, obtuse, oblong, three-fided. Pappus none.

REC. Common scarcely any. OBS. Of M. quinqueflora (five-flowered), the female corollet is threecleft, and there are four hermaphrodite tubular ones; the calyx is two-valved; the flyle in the males simple, in the females two-cleft.

584 CONFEDERATE MALES NECESS. POLYGAMY.

### 1323. BALTIMÓRA. \*

CAL. Common cylindric: the leaflets feven, lanced, erect: the interior ones fhorter.

Con. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite of the disk many (11).

Feminine of the Ray five.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form: the border five.

cleft, downy.

Of the females tongued, egg'd, three-cleft: the middle one less. STAM in the hermisphrodites; Filaments five. Anther cylindric.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ obscure. Style short. Stigma none. In the semales; Germ oblong, crowned with a toothed, deciduous calycle. Style thread-form, very short. Stigmas two, thread-form, longer than the corollet.

PER. none. Colyx unchanged. Seeps in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females three-fided, naked, gibbous at the top. REC. chaffy.

Ut the should congress to the contract of the

### 986. SILPHIUM. \* Asteriscus Dill. elth. 39. 42. False Chrysanthemum.

CAL. Common egg'd, imbricated, ragged: the scales egg-oblong, reflected in the middle, every where prominent, permanent.

Con. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, many, in the difk. Feminine fewer in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites one-petal'd, sunnel-form, five-tooth'd, the tube scarcely narrower than the border.

Of the females lanced, very long, often three-tooth'd.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodies: Germ columnar, very slender. Style thread-form, very long, villous. Stigma simple.

In the semales: Germ inverse-hearted. Style simple, short. Stigmas two, bristly, the length of the style.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged. SEEDs in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females folitary, submembranous, inverse-hearted, with a membranous two-horn'd end-nick'd margin.

REC. chaffy: the chaff linear.

987. PO-

### 987. POLYMNIA. \* Tetragonotheca Gen. ed. VI. n. 976. Wedelia Jacq. amer. 217.

- CAL. Common exterior expanding, larger, five-leaved: with egg'd leaflets; the fuperior calyx ten-leaved; the leaflets boat-form, erect.
- COR. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, many, in the disk. Feminine five or ten in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-cleft. Of the females tongued, three-tooth'd.

- STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five. Anther cylindric, tubular, rather longer than the corol.
- PIST. in the hermaphrodites; Germ very small. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

In the females; Germ egg'd, rather larger. Style thread-form, the length of the tube. Stigmas two, acute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females folitary, inverse-egg'd, gibbous, subangular inwards, naked,

- REC. chaffy, convex, imbricated: the chaff egg'd, obtuse, the length of the florets, concave.
- OBS. Of P. Tetragonotheca and Wedelia The exterior Calyx is four-leaved. Wedelia differs from the rest in the petals of the ray being end-nick'd and the seeds with a stat ten-tooth'd pappus.

  Syst. Veg. 658. R.

683. CHRYSÓGONUM. + Gold-joint.

CAL. Common five-leaved, flat, expanding; the leaflets lanced, nearly

the length of the flower.

Con. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous, in the disk; Feminine five, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites funnel-form, five-tooth'd, erect.

Of the females tongued, oblong, lop'd, three-tooth'd. STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, very small. Anther

cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ very small. Style bristly, the length of the corollet. Stigma obscure.

In the females; Germ larger, obvolved in its proper perianth.

Style shorter. Stigmas two, revolute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

In the females folitary, inverse-hearted, flat-quadrangular, with broadish sides: crowned with a scalelet three-tooth'd, gaping inward, contracted towards the base. Each seed lies concealed within its proper four-leaved glume; the exterior scale egg'd, broader; the three other scales very narrow, closely converging, gaping in the mature fruit.

REC. chaffy, flat; the chaff linear, obtuse.

089. MELAMPÓDIUM. + Black-foot.

CAL. Common five-leaved, flat; the leaflets egg-oblong, the length of

the flower, most expanding.

Cor. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite in the disk; Feminine about five, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites one-petal'd, funnel-form, five-tooth'd, erect.

Of the females - - STAM. in the hermaphrodite; Filaments five, very small. Anther

cylindric, tubular.

PIST. in the hermaphrodites: Germ very small. Style bristly, the length of the corol. Stigma obscure,

In the females; Germ rather egg'd, compress'd, the sides rugged, the top flat, membranous. Style very short. Calyx unchanged.

PER.

SEEDS in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females folitary, inverse-egg'd, compress'd, four-corner'd, prickly on the sides, crowned with an hearted scale, the margin involute converging in the form of a valve.

REC. chaffy, conic: the chaff lanced, colour'd, the length of the florets.

990. CA-

990. CALÉNDULA. \* Caltha Tournef. 284. Vaill. A.G. 1720. 27. Dimorphotheca Vaill. A.G. 1720. f. 22. 21. Cardispermum Trant: A. G. 1724. f. 2. Marygold.

CAL. Common simple, many-leaved, erectish: the fegments line-lanced,

fourteen to twenty, subequal.

COR. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous in the disk. Feminine numerous, the number of the rays of the calyx, very long, in the ray. Proper of the hermaphrodites, tubular, half-fivecleft, the

length of the calyx. Of the Females tongued, very long, three-tooth'd, villous at

the base, nerveless.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular, the length of the corollet.

PIST. In the hermaphrodites: Germ oblong. Style thread-form, fearcely the length of the stamens. Stigma obtule, two-clert, straight. In the females: Germ oblong, three-corner'd. Style threadform, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, oblong, pointed, reflected.

PER. none. Calyx converging, roundish, depres'd.

SEEDS In the hermaphrodites; central ones of the disk none: proper ones of the periphery fometimes folitary, membranous, inveriehearted, compress'd. In the Females folitary, larger, oblong, incurved, triangular, with membranous angles, the form of a vegitable longitudinally ingraved without. Pappus none.

REC. naked, flat. OBS. Of Caltha Vaill. The feeds of the females are furnished with a

membranous infletted wing on both sides.

Of Dimorphotheca V. The seeds of the semales are destitute of a lateral membranous inflected wing.

### 991. ARCTÓTIS. \* Arctotheca Vaill. A.G. 1720. f. 39. 40. Anemonospermos Com. H. A. 2. p. 45. Bear's-ear.

CAL. Common roundifh, imbricated; the inferior scales looser, awl'd; the middle ones egg'd; the inmost oblong; the top parched, rounded, concave.

COR. Compound ray'd; Corollets hermaphrodite, numerous in the disk. Feminine tongued, nearly twenty, longer than the diameter of the disk.

Preper of the nermaphrodite funnel-form: the border five-cleft, with reflected equal tops.

Of the jemales tongued, lanced, very slenderly five-tooth'd, the tube very short.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very fhort.

Anther cylindric, tubular, five-tooth'd, the length of the co-

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ scarcely manifest. Style cylindric, rather longer than the corol. Stigma simple.

In the semales; Germ egg-sourcorner'd, villous, crowned with a proper perianth. Style thread-form. Stigmas two, egg-ob-

long, thickish, erect.

Per, none. Calyx unchanged.

Seeds in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females folitary, roundish, villous. Pappus the proper five-leaved perianth: (the leaflets egg'd, expanding), crowned with the egg'd leaflets of the proper perianth, placed in an

orb.
REC. villous or chaffy, flattish.

OBS. This Genus is fingular, because in some species the female storets of the ray are sterile, of the disk fertile; in other species the semale florets of the ray are sertile; of the disk sterile.

962. OSTEOSPÉRMUM. \* Monilifera Vail. A. G. 1720. f. 28. Chrysan-themoides Tournef. A. G. 1705. f. 4. Dill. gen. 9: elth. 68. Bone-feed, Hard-feed Chryfanthemum.

- CAL. Common simple, hemispheric, many-leaved; the leastets awl'd, small.
- Cor. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite numerous in the disk. Feminine about ten, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodites tubular, five-toothed, the length of the calyx.

Of the Females tongued, linear, three-tooth'd, very long.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites: Germ very small Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma obscure.

In the females: Germ globular. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma end-nick'd.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

Skeps in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females folitary, globular, colour'd, at length indurated, including the same-form nucleus. Pappus none.

Rec. naked, flat.

OBS. O. corymbosum (corymbed) differs in its berried, oblong seeds. R.

993. OTHÓN-

### 993. OTHONNA. \* Jacobæastrum Vaill. A. G. 1720. 15. African Ragwort.

CAL. Common most simple, one leaved, obtuse at the base, acute,

equal divided into eight or ten fegments.

Cor. Compound ray'd: Corollets hermaphrodite many, in the disk.

Feminine in the ray, the number of the segments of the calyx, often eight.

Proper of the hermaphrodites tubular, five-tooth'd, scarcely

longer than the calyx.

Of the Females tongued, lanced, longer than the calyx, three-tonth'd, reflected.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites. Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular, the length of the corollet.

Pist In the hermaphrodites. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, rather longer than the stamens. Stigma two-cleft, simple. In the Females. Germ oblongs Style thread-form, the length of the hermaphrodites. Stigma reflected, larger.

PER none. Calvx unchanged, permanent.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females folitary, oblong, naked or pappus'd.

REC. naked, dotted.

OBS. In fome the feeds are crowned with a pappus, in others the cally is divided beyond the middle; in others fometimes tooth'd, but the form always constant.

### 1324. HIPPIA. +

CAL. Common hemispheric, subimbricated, with egg'd scales.

COR. Compound disk-like: florets male, many of the disk. Feminine ten in the circumference.

Proper of the males, funnel-form, five-cleft, erect. Of the females obscure, tubular, rather three-cleft.

STAM. in the males; Filaments five, very short. Anther cylindric,

Pist. in the females; Germ margin'd, large. Style two-cleft. Stigmas erect.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS in the females oval, every way very broadly margin'd, naked. REC. naked.

994. ERI-

994. ERIOCÉPHALUS. \* Dill. eltb. 110. Wool-

- CAL. Common erect: the fcales ten, egg'd, equal, converging, of which the five exterior are keel'd, the interior flat.
- Cor. Compound ray'd. Corollets hermaphrodite, twice as many in the disk. Feminine sive, in the ray.

Proper of the hermaphrodite funnel-form: the border five-cleft; expanded.

Of the Ray tongued, inverse-hearted: the top three-lobed, equal.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ very small, naked. Style simple. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

In the females; Germ egg'd, naked. Style fimple. Stigma pointed, inflected.

PER. none. Calyx scarcely changed.

SEEDS in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females folitary, inverse-egg'd, naked.

REC. naked, flat; or the wool of the calyx of a double order is interposed both between the hermaphrodite and semale florets.

OBS. A compress'd Corpuscle adheres to the base of each calyx-scalelet.

995. FILÁGO. \* Vaill. Act. 1719. f. 6..7. Gnaphalium Vaill. A.G. 1719. Cottonweed.

- CAL. Common of imbricated chaff, containing in the disk many hermaphrodite florets; in the circumference between the inferior scales of the calyx solitary feminine florets.
- Cor. of the hermaphrodites funnel-form; the border four-cleft, erect.

  Of the females scarcely conspicuous, thread-form, very narrow, two-cleft in the mouth.
- STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments four, capillary, small.

  Anther cylindric, four-tooth'd at the top.
- Pist. in the hermaphrodites; Germ scarcely any. Style simple. Stigma acute, two-cleft,

In the females; Germ egg'd, largish, depress'd. Style threadform. Stigma two-cleft, acute.

PER. none.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females inverse-egg'd, compress'd, smooth, small. Pappus none.

- REC. the disk naked without chaff; but the fides with calyx-chaff, separating the florets.
- OBS. F. Leontopodium differs something from its kindred. Mant. 481. R.

In F. gemanica (german), montana (mountain), arvensis (field), and gallica (french), the feeds are pappus'd. R.

996. MÍ-

# 996. MÍCROPUS. \* Gnaphalodes Tournef. 439. (Little-foot). False Cud-weed.

CAL. Common inferior five-leaved: the leaflets flender, small, obscure.

Common interior very large, five-leaved: the leaflets loofe, distinct, helmetted, compressed, longitudinally converging on the margin.

Con. Common with ten hermaphrodite florets in the disk, and five Feminine ones in the circumference.

Proper of the hermaphrodites one-petal'd, funnel-form, five-tooth'd, erect.

Of the females none.

STAM. In the hermaphrodites Filaments five, briftly, very short.

Anther cylindric, tubular, the length of the corollet.

Pist. In the hermaphrodites; Germ obscure. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigma obscure.

In the females Germ inverse-egg'd, compress'd, concealed within each scale of the common interior calyx. Style from the interior side of the germ, bristly, inflected towards the hermaphrodites, the length of the calyx. Stigma two-parted, stender, pointed.

PER none. Calyx unchanged, but the common interior one larger, indurated.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females folitary, inverse egg'd, included in the proper leastet of the interior calyx. Pappus none.

REC. with very small, acute chaff separating the seeds of the semales, but not the florets of the disk.

X. SE-

# X. SEPARATE POLYGAMY. (Polygámia segregáta.)

997. ELEPHÁNTOPUS. \* Vaill. A.G. 1719. f. 41. Dill. elth. 104. Elephant's-foot.

CAL. Involucre with three broad, acute leaslets, many-flower'd, large, permanent, without an umbel.

Perianth partial four-flower'd, oblong, imbricated; the scales lance-awl'd, dagger'd, erect, of which the four longer are equal.

Cor. Compound tubular: Corollets hermaphrodite five or four, equal, digested in a simple orb.

Proper one-petal'd, tongued; the border five-parted, subequal.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular.

Pist. Germ egg'd, crowned. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, slender, expanding.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, compress'd. Pappus briftly.

REC. naked.

OBS. The distinction between stosculous and semistosculous stowers of Tournefort is not applicable.

1325. OED-

#### 1325. OEDÉRA. +

CAL. Common many-flower'd, many-leaved, larger than the flowers, ragged; the leaflets lanced; the inferior ones larger, containing more partial calycles.

Partial many-leaved: (the leaflets chaffy, lanced); equal to the florets.

COR. Common ray'd from many partial flowers.

Partial ray'd, also placed in the disk.

Proper of the disk hermaphrodite, funnel-form, five-cleft, erect.

Of the ray Feminine tongued, lanced, the length of the common calyx.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, very fhort. Anther cylindric.

Prst. in the hermaphrodites: Germ oblong. Style thread-form. Stigmas two, thread-form, obtuse.

In the females Germ oblong. Style thread-form. Stigmas two, thread-form, longer.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites oblong, crowned with chaffs very numerous, acute, thort.

In the females oblong, crowned with numerous chaffs.

REC. Common chaffy.

Partial chaffy; the chaff linear, deciduous.

998. SPHÆRÁNTHUS. \* Vaill. A.G. 1719. t. 20. f. 12. Globe Flower.

CAL. Common globular, imbricated: the scales pointed, permanent, every where cloathing the universal receptacle. Partial Perianth many-flower'd, five-leaved, folitary within each scale of the common calyx, confisting of leaflets linear,

equal, erect. COR. Partial. Corollets hermaphrodite, few (3) in the disk; Feminine

oftner five in the circumference.

Proper of the hermaphrodites one-petal'd, funnel-form: the border five-cleft, expanded. Of the females awl'd, tubular: the mouth three-cleft, very

small, closed.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites; Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anther cylindric, tubular, longer than the corol.

PIST. in the hermaphrodites: Germ tabid. Style longer, thicker. Stigma most simple. In the females: Germ oblong. Style briftly, the length of

the stamens. Stigma two-parted.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites none.

In the females solitary, oblong, naked.
REC. Common scaly. Partial naked.

#### 999. ECHÍNOPS. \* Echinopus Tournef. 262. Vaill. A.G. 1718. f 4. 5. 15. (Hedge-Hog). Globe Thiftle.

CAL. Common many-leaved; (the scales awl'd, totally reflected), containing many flowers. Partial perianth one-flower'd, oblong, imbricated, angular: the leaflets awl'd, loose above, erect, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, the length of the calyx, tubular: the border five-

cleft, reflex-expanding.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular, five-tooth'd. in is mucio accolds

Pist. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, the length of the corol. Stigma double, rather depress'd, revolute.

Per. none. Calyx unchanged, larger.

SEED one, egg-oblong, narrower at the base: the top obtuse. Pappus obscure.

REC. Common globular, briftly.

1000. GUN-

# 1000. GUNDÉLIA. 4 Tournef. 486. Hacub Vaill. A. G. f. 16.

CAL. Common scarcely any, besides the leaves surrounding the com-

pound receptacle.

Cor. Compound tubular, uniform: Corollets hermaphrodite five, equal.

Proper one-petal'd, club'd: the border bellied, five-cleft, erect.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anther cylindric, tubular, long.

Pist Germ egg'd, immersed in the receptacle, crowned with very small haloets, beneath. Style thread form, longer than the

corol. stigmas two, revolute.

PER none. The feeds quite immersed in the receptacle are concealed. SEEDS solitary, roundith, pointed, crowned with an obscure margin, the lateral ones abortive.

REC. Common conic, every where covered with partial receptacles, which are divided with three-piked chaffs.

Partial cone-obtuse, quadrangular, lop'd.

Pits five, of which one is in the center, the rest are excavated in the circumference for the insertion of five florets.

1422. JUNGIA. S.

CAL. Common perianth many-leaved: the leaflets rather expanding, linear, obtuse, channel'd, shorter than the leaflets of the partial perianth, involving three or four flowers.

Partial perianth many-leaved, subequal, many-flower'd: the

leaflets oblong, channel'd, obtuse, erect.

Cor. Compound uniform, hermaphrodite, equal: Corollets one-petal'd, funnel-torm; tube gradually enlarged; border two-lip'd; the exterior division revolute, longer, linear, tooth'd at the top; the interior division two-parted into two erect acute fegments.

STAM. Filaments five, very thort, inferted into the tube. Anthers

conjoined.

Pist. Germ beneath, linear, angular. Style thread-form. Stigmas two, revolute, obtuse.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs solitary, angular. Pappus long, sessile, seathery.

REC. chaffy; the chaff similar to the calyx-leaslets.

#### 1001. STOÉBE. † False Elichrysum.

CAL. Common roundish, imbricated; the scales awl'd, every where covering the universal receptacle.

Perianth partial one-flower'd, five-leaved, solitary within each scale of the common calyx, consisting of leasters linear, acute, equal, erect.

COR. Proper one-petal'd, funnel-form; the border five-cleft, ex-

panded.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, short. Anther cylindric, five-toothed. PIST. Germ oblong: Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma acute, two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDS folitary, oblong. Pappus feathery, long.

REC. proper naked.

#### 1003. SERÍPHIUM. + Helichrysoides Vaill. act. A. P. 1719.

CAL. Perianth exterior with leaflets five, roundish, imbricated, downy.

Interior (with leaflets five, erect, pointed, awl'd, very smooth, parched, twice as long), one-flower'd.

Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form, shorter than the interior calyx; the

border five-toothed.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary. Anther cylindric.

Pist. Germ beneath the corollet above the calyx. Style thread-form. Stigma rather two-cleft.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged, closed.

SEED folitary, oblong.

#### VI. MONOGAMY. (Monogámia).

### 1002. STRUMPFIA. Jacq. amer. 218.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-toothed, above, very small, perma-

COR. Petals five, oblong, obtuse, expanding.

STAM. Filaments none. Anthers five, coalesced into an egg'd body. PIST. Germ beneath, roundish. Style awl'd, erect, rather longer than the stamens. Stigma simple, obtuse.

PER. Berry crowned with the calyx, roundish, one-cell'd.

SEED one, roundish.

## 1004. CORÝMBIUM.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved, one-flower'd, beneath, long, prismatic, fix-angled: the leaflets erect, converging longitudinally, triangular on the back, lop'd, obscurely three-tooth'd, permanent: two leaflets very small at the base.

Cor. one-petal'd, equal. Tube very short. Border five-parted, ex-

panding: the divisions lanced.

STAM, Filaments five, simple, erect, sitting on the tube. Anthers oblong, erect, shorter than the corol, conjoined in a cylinder.

PIST. Germ within the calyx, beneath the corollet, shaggy. Style fimple, erect, the length of the corol. Stigma oblong, twoparted, expanding.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEED one, oblong, nearly the length of the calyx, covered with wool like a pappus.

REC. naked.

O23. Calyx varies in form. R.

#### 1005. JASIÓNE. \* Sheep-Scabius.

CAL. Perianth common ten-leaved: (the interior alternate leaflets narrower), including numerous flowers annexed to very fhort peduncles; permanent Proper perianth five-cleft, above, permanent.

Cor. proper five-petal'd, regular: Petals lanced, erect, connected at

the base.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, short. Anthers five, oblong, connected at the base.

PIST. Germ roundish, beneath. Style thread-form, the length of the

corol. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. Capfule roundish, five-angled, crowned with the proper calyx, two-cell'd.

SEEDs many, nearly egg'd.

OBS. The central florets are often abortive with an undivided club'd stigma.

#### 1006. LOBÉLIA. \* Jacq. amer. 219. Plum. gen. 31. Dortmanna Rudb. A. V. 1720. Laurentia Mich. 14. Rapuntium Tournef. 51. Dill. elth. 242. Cardinal Flower.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, very small, growing round the germ, withering: toothlets subequal with the two superior

looking more upward.

Cor. one-petal'd, irregular. Tube cylindric, longer than the calyx, longitudinally divided above. Border five-parted, with lanced divisions, of which the two superior are less, more reflected, divided deeper, constituting the upper lip: the other three inferior ones more expanding, oftner larger!

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, the length of the tube of the petal. Anthers conjoined in an oblong cylinder, gaping at the base

five-ways.

PIST. Germ pointed, beneath. Style cylindric, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse, hispid.

Per. Capfule egg'd, two-cell'd, gaping at the top, girt by the calyx.

SEEDs numerous, very small.

Obs. Lobelia Plum. differs from its congeners in the pericarp, (being certainly a Drupe with a two-cell'd nut), which in the rest is a membranous capsule. The Capsule in some is three-cell'd. R.

1007 VÍ-

# 1007. VIOLA. \* Tournef. 236. Calceolaria Loefl. Violet.

- CAL. Perianth five-leaved, short, permanent: the leaflets egg-oblong, erect, acuter at the top, obtuse at the base, affixed above the base, equal, but various in their disposition: of which two support the petal a; one each of the petals b. c. and one the two petals d. e. together.
- Con. five-petal'd, irregular: the petals unequal; of which the highest petal a. is flraight, looking downwards, broader, obtuer, end-nick'd, ending at the base in a Nectary horned, obtue, prominent between the leaves of the calyx.
  - b. c. the lateral pair is, opposite, obtuse, straight.
  - d. e. the lowest pair is, larger, reflected upward.
- STAM. Filaments five, very small, of which the two nearest the petal a. enter the nectary by annexed appendages. Anthers oftner connected, obtuse, augmented at the top with membranes.
- Pist. Germ above, roundish. Style thread-form, prominent out of the anthers. Stigma oblique.
- PER. Capfule egg'd, three-corner'd, obtuse, one-cell'd, three-valved.
- SEEDs many, egg'd, appendaged, affixed to the valves. Receptacle linear, running through each valvelet like a line.
- Obs. The Stigma is either (as in those call'd march violets) reflected into a simple hook; or it has (as in those call'd three-colour'd violets) a concave head with the top person ated.

The flower is always inverted in the european species, oftner straight in the indian ones, whence their different appearance.

V. diandra (two-male) differs something from its kindred. S. V.

#### 1008. IMPATIENS. \* Riv. IV. 146. Balfamina Tournef. 235. Balfams.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved, very small: the leastless roundish-pointed, equal, placed towards the sides of the flower, colour'd, deciduous.

Con. five-petal'd, grinning: the petals unequal, of which the highest petal a. is roundish, flat, erect, slightly three-cleft, pointed at the top, constituting the upper lip.

b. c. the lowest pair is restected, large, broader outward, obtuse,

rirregular, constituting the under lip.

d. e. the intermediate pair is opposite, arising at the base. a.

Nectary one-leaved, receiving the bottom of the flower like a cowl, oblique in the mouth, arising outwardly, ending in a horn at the base.

STAM. Filaments five, very short, narrower toward the base, incurved. Anthers as many, conjoined, divided at the base.

Pisr. Germ above, egg-pointed. Style none. Stigma simple, shorter than the anthers.

PER. Capfule one-cell'd, five-valved, elafticly burfting with the valvelets spirally convolute.

SEEDs many, roundish, affixed to the columnar receptacle.

OBS. In some the petals d. e. are wanting, in others the horn of the nectary. The form of the Capsule differs; hence Impatiens Riv. has a long capsule, and Balsamina Riv. an egg'd one.

# FEMININE MALES.

(Gynándria.)

The Class Feminine Males is distinguished from the rest by the situation of the stamens on the style itself, or on the Receptacle elongated into the form of a style, bearing the pistil with the stamens, and becoming a part of the pistil.

OBS. The first order of this Class, which is called two-male (diandria) is natural, the genera differing from each other, aimost only in the nestary; which criterion we very much prefer to the root in the construction of genera, the it was not before attended to by Botanists. The structure of the fructification of this order is very singular, for the Germ always beneath is contorted: the Petals are sive, of which the two interior of their converge to an helmet. The under lip constitutes the nestary, which occupies the place of the pistil and sixth petal. The Style grows to the interior margin, that it can scarcely be distinguished with its sligma. The Filaments are always two, very short, bearing as many Anthers, narrower beneath, naked or wanting a coat, divisible like the pulp of a citron; these are covered with as many cells open downward, growing into the interior margin of the nestary. The fruit is a Capsule one-cell'd, three-valved, gaping at the angles under the keeled ribs.

Seeds sawdust-form, numerous, affixed to the linear receptacle in each valvelet. Venereal virtues have been ascribed by Physicians

to all these plants.

The Reader in examining and comparing our characters must always attend in this class, to the pistil before the stamens, if he would have a distinct idea of the situation of the stamens; but that we might not change the order already received, we have

described the stamens before the pistils.

I might, perhaps I ought to have distributed Calla, Arum, Dracontium, Pothum, Zostera, in other classes; but since it would be very dissicult, I suppose impossible, to assign a certain number of stamens to each pistil in these genera, I was induced on surther deliberation, to insert them here, rather than to weary the inquirer.

The Flowers of this class are singular, and exhibit a monstrous and unusual appearance, which arises from the uncommon situation of the parts of fructification, with respect to the other plants.

FE-

## FEMININE MALES.

(Gynándria.)

#### I. TWO MALES.

(Diandria.)

1009 Orchis.

1010 Satýrium.

1001 Ophrys.

1012 Serápias.

1013 Limodórum.

7014 Arethusa.

1423 Dísa.

1015 Cypripédium.

1016 Epidéndrum.

1424 Forstéra.

1272 Gunnéra.

II. THREE MALES.

(Triándria.)

1017 Sicyrinchium.

1018 Ferrária.

1326 Salácia.

1273 Stilágo.

III. FOUR MALES.

(Tetrándria.)

1019 Nepénthes.

IV. FIVE MALES.

(Pentándria.)

1020 Ayénia.

1327 Glúta.

1021 Passissora.

V. SIX MALES.

(Hexándria.)

1022 Aristolóchia.

1023 Pistia.

EIGHT MALES.

(Octandria.)

1425 Scopólia.

TEN MALES.

(Decandria.)

1024 Kleinhóvia.

1025 Helictéres.

TWELVE MALES.

(Dodecandria.)

1232 Cýtinus.

MANY MALES.

· Polyandria.

1027 Xylópia.

1026 Grewia.

1238 Ambrosinia.

1028 Árum.

1029 Dracontium.

1030 Cálla.

1031 Póthos.

1032 Zostéra.

I. TWO

#### I. TWO MALES. (Diandria)

#### 1009. ORCHIS. \* Tournef. 247. Limodorum Tournef. 250. Saloop.

CAL. Spathes straggling. Spadix simple. Perianth none. 2 60 guidal 3

COR. Petals five; three exterior, two interior converging upward into mirotni an helmet. Tong skede

Nectary one-leaved, affixed to the receptacle on the inferior fide between the division of the petals: the upper lip erect, very short: under lip large, expanding, broad. Tube horn-form behind, nodding.

STAM. Filaments two, very slender, very short, fitting on the pistils. Anthers inverse-egg'd, erect, covered with the two-cell'd du-

plicature of the upper lip of the nectary.

PIST. Germ oblong, contorted, beneath. Style adjoined to the upper lip of the nectary, very short. Stigma compress'd, obtuse.

PER. Capfule oblong, one-cell'd, three-keel'd, three-vaived, gaping three ways under the keels, cohering at the top and bottom.

SEEDS numerous, very fmall, fawdust-form.

#### 1010. SATTRIUM. Lizard-flower.

CAL. Spathes straggling. Spadix simple. Perianth none.

Cor. Petals five, egg-oblong: three exterior, two interior converg-

ing upward into a helmet.

Nectary one-leaved, annexed to the receptacle on the inferior fide between the division of the petals. Upper lip erect, very shore; under lip flat, pendulous, prominent behind in a bag form purse.

STAM. Filaments two, very flender, very short, fitting on the pistil. Anthers inverse-egg'd, covered with the two-ceil'd duplicature

of the upper lip of the nectary.

Pist. Germ oblong, contorted, beneath. Style adjoined to the upper lip of the nectary, very fhort. Stigma compress'd, obtuse.

PER. Capfule oblong, one-cell'd, three-keeled, three-valved, gaping three ways under the keels, cohering at the top and bottom.

SEEDS numerous, very finall, fawdust-form.

torr. OPH-

## 1011. OPHRYS. \* Ophrys Tournef. 250. Two-

Spadix simple. CAL. Spathes straggling. Persanth none.

COR. Petals five. oblong, converging upward, equal; two of these are exterior.

Nectary longer than the petals, depending, rather keel'd behind only. STAM. Filaments two, very short, sitting on the pistil. Anthers erect, covered with the interior margin of the nectary.

PIST. Germ oblong, contorted, beneath. Style growing to the interior

margin of the nectary. Stigma obscure.

PER. Capfule nearly egg'd, three-cornered, obtuse, striated, threevalved, one-cell'd, gaping at the keeled angles.

SEEDS numerous, sawdust-form. Receptacle linear, growing to each

valvelet of the peticarp.

OBS. O. Corallorhiza has four stamens or two in each cell. R.

#### 1012. SERAPIAS. \* Helleborine Tournef. 249. Helleborine.

CAL. Spathes straggling. Spadix simple. Perianth none.

Cor. Petals five, egg-oblong, erect-expanded, converging upward. Neclary the length of the petals, excavated at the bale, honey-bearing, egg'd, gibbous beneath, three-cleft, acute: the intermediate part hearted, obtuse, three-toothed at the base with a two-cleft scar.

STAM. Filaments two, very short, fitting on the pistil. Anthers erect,

placed under the upper lip of the nectary.

PIST. Germ oblong, contorted beneath. Style adjoined to the upper lip of the nectary. Stigma obscure.

PER. Capfule inverse-egg'd, obtusely three-cornered, with three keels adjoined, three-valved, gaping under the keels, one-cell'd.

SEEDs numerous, sawdust-form. Receptacle linear, adjoined to each valvelet of the pericarp.

1013. LI-

#### 1013. LIMODÓRUM. + Gronov. virg. 110. Roy. lugdb. 16.

CAL. Spathes straggling. Spadix simple.

Perianth none.

COR. Petals five, egg-oblong, subequal, expanding: the superior ones converging.

Nectary one-leaved, concave, pedicel'd, within the lowest petal,

the length of the petals.

STAM. two: Filament an oblong body, ascending, the length of the

corol. Anthers two, egg'd, looking forward.

PIST. Germ columnar, the length of the corol, beneath. Style thread-form, adjoined to the body of the filaments. Stigma funnel-form.

PER. Capfule columnar, three-valved, one-cell'd, gaping in the angles.

SEEDS numerous, sawdust-form.

#### 1014. ARETHÚSA. + Gron. Orchidion Mitch. 19.

CAL. Spathe leafy.

Perianth none. Cor. grinning. Petals five, oblong, subequal, two exterior, all

converging into an helmet.

Nectary one-leaved, tubular at the base within the bottom of the corol, two-parted: the under lip reflected, broad, wrinkled, the length of the petals, propending; the upper lip linear, very tender, adjoined to the style, lobed at the top.

STAM. Filaments two, very short, sitting on the top of the pissil. Anthers egg'd, compress'd, covered with the duplicature of the

under lip of the nectary.

PIST. Germ oblong, beneath. Style oblong, incurved, cloathed with the interior lip of the nectary. Stigma funnel-form.

PER. Capfule egg-oblong, one-cell'd, three-valved, gaping at the angles.

SEEDs numerons, chaffy.

OBS. The under lip of the Nectary is adjoined to the flyle. Syst Veg. R.

#### 1423. DÍSA. Berg. cap. S.

CAL. Spathe one-valved, pointed, oblong, longitudinally gaping on one fide.

Cor. Petals three, egg'd, expanding, large, fubequal: the fuperior an odd one, somewhat obtusely horned at the base behind.

STAM. Filaments awl'd. Anthers two, conjoin'd in a lanced form rather shorter than the corol, awl'd at the base, gaping, riding upon the style.

The dorsal petal of the stamens two-parted, shorter than the stamen. Divisions oblong, obtuse, converging.

PIST. Germ beneath, the length of the spathe Style tongued, short,

excavated at the base, two horned backward.

PER. Capfule oblong, three-valved.

SEEDS numerous, minute.

#### 1015. CYPRIPEDIUM. \* (Foot of Venus) Calceolus Tournef. 249. Lady's slipper.

CAL. Spathes straggling. Spadix simple.

Cor. Petais four or five, lance-linear, very long, expanding, erect. Nectary within the lowest petal, shoe-form, inflated, obtuse, hollow, shorter than the petals, broader: the upper lip egg'd, slat, inflected, small.

STAM. Filaments two, very short, sitting on the pistil. Anthers erect,

covered with the upper lip of the nectary.

PIST. Germ long, contorted, beneath. Style very short, adjoined to the upper lip of the nectary. Stigma obscure.

PER. Capfule inverse-egg'd, obtuiely three-cornered: with three sutures, under which gaping at the angles, three-valved, one-cell'd.

SEEDs numerous, very small. Receptacle linear, adjoined longitudinally to each valvelet of the pericarp.

1016. EPI-

#### foi6. EPIDENDRUM. \* (Tree-climber). H.P.B. 127. Vanilla Plum. 28. Vanelloe.

CAL. Spathes straggling. Spadix simple. Perianth none.

Cor. Petals five, oblong, very long, most expanding.

Nectary tubular at the base, top-shape, placed downward within the petals, the mouth oblique, two-cleft: the upper lip very fhort, three-cleft; the under one produced to a point.

STAM. Filaments two, very short, sitting on the pistil. Anthers co-

vered with the upper lip of the nectary.

Pist. Germ slender, long, contorted, beneath. Style very short, adjoined to the upper lip of the nectary. Stigma obscure.

PER. Silique very long, columnar, fleshy.

SEEDS numerous, very minute.

OBS. Most of the species are the parasytes of Trees.

## 1424. FORSTERA. Forst. Act. ups. v. 3. p. 184. S.

CAL. Perianth double; the exterior one beneath, three-leaved, lateral; with oblong, acute leaflets: the interior one above, fix-cleft; with erect, oblong, concave leaflets.

Cor. one-petal'd, tube-bell'd. Tube the length of the calyx. Border fix-parted: the divisions oblong, obtuse, expanded, reflected

at the top, equal.

Nectary; Scalelets two, inverse-egg'd, petal-form, affixed to the

flyle on both sides under the stigma.

STAM. Filaments two, very short, each affixed to the style between the stigma and scalelet of the nectary under the stigma. Anthers inverfe-egg'd.

PIST. Germ beneath, oval. Style cylindric, erect, the length of the tube of the corol. Stigmas two, broad, expanding, fome-

what bearded.

PER. Capsule oval, one-cell'd.

SEEDS numerous, sawdust-form, affixed to the columnar receptacle.

#### 1272. GUNNÉRA.

CAL. Ament verticiell'd: the scales one-leaved, one-flower'd, briffly, the length of the flower, permanent. Perianth none, except the two-tooth'd crust of the seed.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments two, very fhort, opposite, sitting on the sides of the germ on the outlide of the teeth. Anthers oblong.

PIST. Germ egg'd, two-tooth'd at the top. Styles two, short, awl'd,

between the teeth of the germ. Stigmas simple.

PER. none.

SEED one, egg'd, barked with the perianth-crust.

#### THREE MALES.

(Triandria.)

1017. SISYRÍNCHIUM. \* Bermudiana Tournef. 208. Dill. elth. 41. f. 49.48. Bermudiana.

CAL. universal spathe two-edg'd, two-leaved: the valvelets compress'd, keel'd, pointed. Cor. Petals fix, oblong, inverse-egg'd, with a point, erect-expand-

ing, flat.

STAM. Filaments three, very short, from the coat of the style. Anthers two-cleft beneath, affixed to the style at the base of the stigma.

PIST. Germ inverse-egg'd, beneath. Style awl'd, straight, shorter than the corol. Stigma three-cleft, reflected.

PER. Capfule inverse-egg'd, three-fided, three-cell'd, three-valved.

SEEDS many, roundish.

OBS. Schreber, after Adanson, gave a correct character of the genus in Nov. Act. A. N. C. Tom. 3. obs. 75. & Tom. 4. p. 145. R.

1018. FER-

#### 1018. FERRÁRIA. + Burmann.

CAL. Spathes two, alternate, keel'd, involute; each one-flower'd. Cor. Petals fix, oblong, pointed, revolute, wave-curled: the alternate ones less.

STAM. Filaments three, fitting on the style. Anthers roundish, twin, shagey.

Pist. Germ beneath, roundish, three-sided, obtuse. Style simple, erect. Stigmas three, two-cleft, cowled, fringe-curied.

Per. Capfule oblong, three-fided, thicker above, three-cell'd, three-valved.

SEEDs numerous, roundish.

OBS. Burmann gives the Character in Nov. Act. A. N. Cur. Tom. 1. p. 201. R.

#### 1326. SALÁCIA. +

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, very short, expanding: the divisions egg'd, acute, permanent.

COR. Petals five, roundish, sessile.

STAM. Filaments none. Anthers three, twin, divaricated at the base, fitting on the top of the germ.

Pist. Germ roundish, larger than the calyx. Style very short, between the anthers. Stigma simple.

PER. SEED.

Obs. The genus from the character is nearest to Stilago, but different in habit, I have not seen the fruit, perhaps three-grained.

#### 1273, STILAGO.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, hemispheric, very intire-threelobed.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments three, fitting on the germ, expanding, longer than the calyx.

Pist. Germ above, roundish. Style cylindric, permanent, shorter than the stamens. Stigma warty.

PER. Berry globular.

SEED.

# FOUR MALES. (Tetrandria.)

#### 1019. NEPENTHES. +

CAL. Perianth four-parted: the divisions roundish, permanent.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments scarcely any. Anthers four, adjoined to the top of the style.

PIST. Germ very slender. Style awl'd, the length of the calyx. Stigma obtusish.

PER. Capfule oblong, columnar, lop'd, obscurely quadrangular, four-cell'd, four-valved, gaping longitudinally.

SEEDs numerous, chaffy, pointed, shorter than the capsule. Obs. I have feen the pistil obscurely: Is it in distinct flowers?

# FIVE MALES. (Pentandria.)

#### 1020. AYENIA. \*

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets expanding, egg'd, acute,

withering.

Cor. five-petal'd, united at the top to the nectary in a flat flar: the claws capillary, very long bow'd outward. Petals inverse-hearted, resupine, with a club'd dagger looking upward at the top.

Nectary bell'd, fitting on a column cylindric, erect, the length of the calyx: the border five-lobed, depress'd, margined.

STAM. Filaments five, very short, inserted into the margin of the nectary. Anthers roundish, (the whole covered with the border of the corol.)

PIST. Germ roundish in the bottom of the nectary. Style cylindric.

Stigma obtuse, five-cornered.

PER. Capfule five-grained, roundish, murex'd, five-cell'd, five-partible. SEEDS solitary, oblongish, covered with the cell of the capsule.

Obs. The petals being carefully separated from the nectary by a needle, the strange slower appears more natural. Spec. 1. has given the character; I have not, myself, seen the rest.

1327. GLÚ-

#### 1327. GLÚTA. \*

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, finely membranous, bell'd, obtuse, shorter than the germ, deciduous.

COR. Petals five, lanced, longer than the calyx, expanding above, glued below the middle to the column of the germ.

STAM. Filaments five, brittly, middle-fize, inferted into the top of the column. Anthers versatile, roundish.

PIST. Germ inverse-egg'd, fitting on the oblong column. Style threadform, middle-fize. Stigma fimple.

PER. SEED.

OBS. The petals being separated from the column of the germ, the situation of the stamens will be as in Passiflora.

## 1021. PASSIFLORA. \* Granadilla Tournef. 124. Dill. elth. 137. 138. Murucuja Tournef. 125. Passion Flower.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, flat, coloured the same form with the petals.

COR. Petals five, semilanced, flat, obtuse, the fize and form of the

calvx.

Neclary a triple crown: the exterior one longer, furrounding the style within the petals, more contracted above.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, annexed to the column at the base of the germ, expanding. Anthers incumbent, oblong, obtuse.

PIST. Columnar, cylindric, straight; on whose top sits the roundish germ. Styles three, thicker above, expanded.

PER. Berry fleshy, rather egg'd, one-cell'd, pedicel'd.

SEEDS numerous, egg'd, aril'd. Receptacle of the feeds triple, longitudinally adjoining to the bark of the pericarp.

OBS. Of Granadilla T. The nectary confifts of fibres placed in an orb. Of Murucuja T. The nectary confists of a conic, lop'd membrane. P. suberosa (corky) is destitute of petals.

#### SIX MALES.

(Hexandria.)

## 1022. ARISTOLOCHIA. \* Tournef. 71. Birth-wort.

CAL. none.

Cor. one-petal'd, tubular, irregular; the base bellied, subglobular, wreathed: Tube oblong, fixcorner-cylindric. Border dilated, extended below into a long tongue.

STAM. Filaments none. Anthers fix, adjoined beneath the stigmas,

four-cell'd.

Pist. Germ oblong, beneath, angled. Style scarcely any. Stigma subglobular, fix-parted, concave.

PER. Capsule large, fix-angled, fix-cell'd.

SEEDS many, depress'd, incumbent.

OBS. The fruit varies in form, in some it is roundish, in others long.

# 1023. PÍSTIA. + Kodda-pail Plum. 39. Jacq. amer. 234.

CAL, none.

COR. one-petal'd, tubular, unequal, contracted in the middle: the border ear-form, erect, pointed, internally plaited with a fold on all fides.

STAM. Filament from the fide of the corol opposite to a part of the lowest cleft, erect, girt at the base with a membranous disk, from thence tongued, on whose top sit the Anthers 6 or 8, roundish, expanding.

PIST. Germ oblong, adjoined to the bottom of the corol, Style thick,

erect. Stigma obtuse, somewhat targetted.

PER. Capfule egg'd, compress'd, one-cell'd.

SEEDS numerous, oblong, affixed to the back of the capfule.

EIGHT

#### EIGHT MALES.

(Octandria.)

#### 1425. SCOPÓLIA. S.

CAL. Common perianth two-leaved, many-flowered: the leaflets equal, oblong, obtuse, concave, nerved, smooth. Proper perianth none.

Flowers many, fmall, villous, fessile.

Cor. funnel-form, four-cleft, villous, beneath: the teeth subequal, obtufish.

STAM. Filaments four, fitting in a circle on the top of the germ, erect, short, thread-form. Anthers in these filaments four, converging into a column, (on which fits another column of four anthers destitute of filaments), angular.

PIST. Germ above, erect, smooth, terminated with briffles intermixed with the filaments. Style none. Stigma short, acute.

PER. SEED.

## TEN MALES.

(Decandria.)

#### 1024. KLEINHÓVIA. +

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, (the leaflets oblong, subequal; the inferior one a little shorter), deciduous.

Cor. Petals five, lanced, feffile, rather longer than the calyx: the

highest one shorter, broader, vaulted.

Nettary central, fitting on a column the length of the calyx, ascending at the top, beil'd, very small, half-fivecleft: the divisions recurved.

STAM. Filaments within the nectary, ten, awi'd, the length of the nectary; the alternate ones fhorter. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ in the hollow of the nectary, egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. Capfule five-lobed, five-angled, five-capfuled, inflated.

SEEDS folitary, roundish.

Que. It is allied to Ayenia, but very different.

1025. HE-

#### 1025. HELICTÉRES. \* Jacq. amer. 235. Isora Plum. 37. Screw-Tree.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, half-egg'd, obliquely expanding, unequally five-cleft, leathery.

Cor. Petals five, oblong, equal in breadth, affixed to the receptacle, longer than the calyx; the claws long, with a lateral toothlet at the base on each side.

Nectury with leaflets five, petal-form, lanced, very small, covering /the germ.

STAM. Filaments five, ten or more, very short. Anthers oblong,

PIST. Receptacle thread-form, very long, recurved, bearing the egg'd Germ at the top. Style awl'd, longer than the germ. Stigma rather five-cleft.

PER. Capfules five, often spirally twisted, one-cell'd.

SEEDs numerous, angular.

Obs. Facquin, and others have observed the flowers in some species to be twelve-male, many-male, and the capsules straight. And there is a petalless species. R.

#### TWELVE MALES.

#### (Dodecandria.)

Thyrsine. Gleditsch. verm. Abhandl. T. 1. 226. Tab. 2.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tube-bell'd, permanent. Tube cylindric.

Border expanded, four-parted, obtufish, coloured.

Cor. none.

STAM. fixteen. Filaments none. Anthers oblong, adjoined to the top of the style under the stigma, oblong, two-valved.

Pist. Germ beneath, rounded. Style cylindric, nearly the length of the calyx. Stigma eight-cleft, gibbous, obtuse.

PER. Berry crowned, roundish, leathery, eight-cell'd.

SEEDS numerous, minute, roundish.

MANY

#### MANY MALES. (Polyandria.)

1027. XYLÓPIA. + Xylopricon Brown.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, rather four-cleft, obtufish.

COR. Petals fix, feffile. line-lanced, leathery: the three exterior ones thicker.

STAM. Filaments none. Anthers numerous, fitting on the germ, oblongish.

PIST. Germ fessile, egg'd, covered with anthers. Style cone-awl'd, the length of the corol. Stigma simple.

PER. Drupe dry, roundish, one-cell'd, beaked.

SEED Nucleus roundish.

1026. GREWIA.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets lanced, erect, leathery, coloured within, expanding, deciduous.

COR. Petals five, the form of the calyx, often less, end-nick'd at the base.

Nectary from a scalelet inserted into each petal at the base, thickish, incurved, inclined to the margin, furrounding the style.

STAM. Filaments very numerous, the length of the petals, briftly, inserted into the base of the germ. Anthers roundish.

PIST. Germ pedicel'd, roundish, the Receptacle columnar, erect, girt with a five-cornered margin. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse, four-cleft.

PER. Berry four-lobed, four-cell'd. SEEDs folitary, globular, two-cell'd.

1238. AMBROSÍNIA. Bassii.

CAL. Spathe one-leaved, cowl'd, convolute at the base, converging at the top.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filament: A membranous partition dividing the fpathe into two cells communicating above. Anthers adjoined to the line of the filament of the interior chamber, very numerous, digested in distinct order.

Nectaries two, roundish, concave, at the base of the Anthers. PIST. in the interior cell of the spathe. Germ roundish. Style cylindric,

shorter than the spathe. Stigma obtuse.

Per. Capsule? roundish, one-cell'd. SEEDs very numerous, egg'd, neftling.

1228. ARUM.

1028. ÁRUM. \* Tournef. 69. Arisarum Tournef. 70. Colocasia Boerh. 2. p. 73. Dracunculus Tournef. Wake Robin. Cuckow pint.

CAL. Spathe one-leaved, very large, oblong, convolute at the base, converging at the top, compress'd in the belly, coloured within Spadix club'd, very simple, rather shorter than the spathe, coloured, fenced below by the germs, withering above the germs.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments none, except the nectaries with a thick base, ending in tendrils thread-form, of two orders, proceeding from the middle spadix. Anthers numerous, sessile, four-cornered, interposed in the double order of the tendrils, adjoined to the spadix.

Pist. Germs numerous, cloathing the base of the spadix, placed beneath the stamens, inverse-egg'd. Etyles none. Stigmas bearded with hair.

PER. Berries as many, globular, one-cell'd.

SEEDs many, roundish.

Obs. The structure of the flower is wonderful and without equal, which has afforded matter of disputation to the most eminent Botanists.

See Tournef. Malpig. Dillen. Rivin, &c.

The Receptacle is elongated into a naked club, retaining the germs at the base, the stamens within the germs are affixed to the receptacle, (a natural prodicty), not wanting the assistance of elevating filaments: hence the stower may be said to be inverted. What are those tendrils mention d under the silaments?

Arum T. was separated from Dracunculus on account of its arrowed intire leaves.

Dracunculus T. was distinguished from Arum by its many-cleft leaves.

Arisarum T. has a spathe with an incurved top; a spadix incurved; the Anthers are supported by filaments. In these things it slightly recedes from Arum, yet it does not constitute a distinct genus.

#### 1029. DRACONTIUM. \* Dragons.

CAL. Spathe boat-form, leathery, one-valved, very large. Standard very fimple, cylindric, very short, every where covered was the fructifications digefted into a head; of each of which, there is no proper perianth, unless you so name the corol.

COR. proper five-leaved, concave. Petals egg'd, obtuse, subequal,

coloured.

STAM. on each the Filaments seven, linear, depress'd, erect, equal, longer than the corollet. Anthers quadrangular, twin, oblong, obtuse, erect.

PIST. Germ somewhat egg'd. Style columnar, straight, the length

of the stamens. Stigma obscure, three-cornered.

PER. on each a roundish berry.

SEEDS very numerous.

#### 1030. CÁLLA. \* Provenzalia Petit. p. 45. Anguina Trew. African Arum.

CAL. Spathe one-leaved, egg-hearted, pointed, colour'd upward, very large, expanding, permanent. Spadix finger-form, very fimple, erect, covered with the fructifications.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments few, intermixed with the germs, the length of the pistils, permanent, compress'd, lop'd. Anthers simple, lop'd, feffile.

Pist. to each the Germ roundish, obtuse. Style simple, very short.

Stigma acute.

PER. Berries as many, fourcorner-globed, pulpy, one-cell'd. SEEDS many, (6 or 12), oblong, cylindric, obtuse at both ends.

OBS. Since there are many feeds in each berry, it follows, that all the pistils belong to as many florets, and are not parts of one and the fame flower, but as the want of the perianth and corol does not distinguish the stamens, it is difficult to assign a certain number of them to each floret; I should conjecture, from the analogy of Palms, the appropriate number to be fix stamens in each floret.

> In C. palustris (marsh) The whole spadix is covered with stamens and pistils mixed. But in C. æthiopica (ethiopian) the inferior part alone is thus covered, and the superior part with the stamens

only.

1031. РО- .

#### 1031. PÓTHOS. +

CAL. Spathe globular, one-leaved, gaping on one fide. Spadix short, very simple, thickened, every where covered with sessile fructifications.

Perianth none, (unless you adopt the corol).

Cor. Petals four, wedge-form, oblong, erect.

STAM. Filaments four, broadish, erect, narrower than the petals, and of the same length. Anthers very small, double. Pist. Germ a parallelopepid, lop'd. Style none. Stigma simple.

PER. Berries aggregate, roundish, two-cell'd.

SEED one, roundish.

#### 1032. ZOSTÉRA. \* Alja Raj. angl. 3. p. 52. Ruppia act. angl. 1741. p. 217.

CAL. The base of the leaf sheathing, longitudinally converging, end-nick'd above on both sides, including the spadix. Spadix linear, flat, furnish'd above with stamens on one fide, and beneath with piftils. Perianth none.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments alternate, many, very fhort, inferted into the spadix above the germs. Anthers egg-oblong, nodding, obtuse, awl'd backwards above, incurved.

Pist. Germs fewer, egg'd, compress'd, two-edg'd, subpedicel'd, affixed at the top, nodding, alternate. Styles none. Stigmas capillary, fimple.

PER. membranous, unchanged, longitudinally gaping at the lateral angle.

SEED one, egg'd.

GLASS

#### CLASS XXI.

## ONE HOUSE.

(Monoécia.)

The male flower is furnished with stamens and destitute of a pistil.

The female flower is destitute of stamens, and furnished with a pistil.

The androgynous plant produces both male and female flowers on the fame individual.

The Class one house comprehends androgynous flowers only, without hermaphrodite ones; that is, male and semale flowers distinct, but growing from the same root.

The common Calyx, if it comprehends florets different in fex, enters not into the class one house, lest confusion should arise; and therefore the various genera of umbel'd or compound flowers are excluded.

The various methods of Systematists, have their various uses, in particular they have exhibited the species of the parts of fructification. The sexual method delivers slowers distinct in sex, separately, that it might possess all the modes of the generation of plants; which is not destitute of use in their culture. If therefore the genera of the classes distinct in sex had been mix'd with the proceeding ones, the method would have been impersect; desicient in use; and whilst it endeavour'd to combine the cone-bearing, and three-seeded plants with those of the class one brotherhood; and the gourd-like plants with those of the class confederate males, would have been wreck'd on Scilla by avoiding Charybdis; or would have continued for ever undetermined concerning Nyssa, Gleditsia, Mimosa, &c. on account of the different number of stamens in the slowers of different sex; to these might be added,

Callitriche Verna (vernal), Rumex spinosus (thorny), Arum triphyllum (three-leaved), Merculialis ambigua (ambiguous), Glycine monoica (one house) and other plants.

ONE

### ONE HOUSE.

(Monoécia.)

#### I. ONE MALE.

(Monándria.)

1034 Zannichéllia.

rogs Ceratocárpus. Radermáchia.

1420 Artocárpus.

1033 Cynomórium. Myrística.

1203 Chára.

1036 Elatérium.

1427 Phyllanche.

1428 Casuarina.

1429 Ægópricon.

H. TWO MALES. (Diandria.)

1037 Angúria.

1038 Lémna.

III. THREE MALES. (Triandria.)

1040 Týpha.

1041 Spargánium. 1042 Zéa.

1044 Tripfacum.

1043 Cóix. 1045 Olýra.

1046 Cárex.

1047 Axyris.

1039 Omphaléa.

1048 Trágia. 1049 Hernándia.

1050 Phyllanthus.

IV. FOUR MALES. (Tetrandria.)

1274 Sperpícula.

Aúcuba.

1328 Littorélla.

1275 Cícca.

1052 Bétula.

1053 Búxus. 1054 Urtíca.

1055 Morus.

V. FIVE MALES. (Pentandria.)

1277 Nephélium.

1056 Xánthium. 1057 Ambrósia.

1058 Parthénium.

1059 Íva.

1329 Clibádium.

1060 Amaránthus.

1276 Leéa.

VI. SIX

VI. S I X M A L E S. (Hexandria.) 1062 Zizánia.

1063 Phárus.

VII. SEVEN MALES.
(Heptandria.)

1064 Guettárda.

VIII. MANY MALES. (Polyandria)

1065 Ceratophýllum.

1066 Myriophýllum.

1067 Sagittária. 1156 Begónia.

1098 Theligonum.

1069 Potérium. 1070 Quércus.

1071 Júglans. 1072 Fágus.

1073 Carpínus. 1074 Córylus.

1075 Plátanus.

1076 Liquidámber.

IX. ONE BROTHERHOOD. (Monodelphia.)

1077 Pinus. 1078 Thúja. 1079 Cupréssus. 1080 Plukenétia.

1081 Dalechámpia.

1082 Acálypha.

1083 Cróton.

276 Cupánia.

1084 Játropha.

1085 Rícinus.

1086 Sterculia.

1088 Hippómane. 1279 Stillíngia.

1279 Stiffingla.

1087 Húra.

X. CONFEDERATE MALES.

Syngenefia.

1089 Trichosánthes.

1090 Momórdica.

1091 Cucurbita.

1092 Cúcumis.

1098 Bryónia. 1094 Sícvos.

XI. FEMININE MALES. (Gynandria.)

1095 Andráchne.

1320 Agynéia.

### I. ONE MALE.

(Monandria.)

Vaill. A.G. 1719. t. 1. f. 1.

Aponogeton Ponth. anth.

Graminifolia Dill. gen. 169.

three-headed Pondweed.

\* Male Flowers

CAL. none.

Cox. none.

STAM. Filament one, simple, long, erect. Anther egg'd, erect.

\* Female Flower near the male one.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bellied, two-tooth'd, scarcely manifest.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germs about four, horned, converging. Styles as many, simple, rather expanding. Stigmas egg'd, flat, spreading outwards.

PER. none.

SEEDs as many, oblong, pointed at both ends; gibbous on one fide, covered with bark, curved, reflected.

# 1035. CERATOCARPUS. \* (Horn-fruit.) Buxh. Gmelin. Horn-fruited Pondweed.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. one-leaved, two-parted, erect, obtuse, equal.

Cor. none, unless you adopt the corol.

STAM. Filaments one, longer than the corol. Anther oval, twin.

\* Female flowers on the fame plant.

CAL. leaflets two, adjoined to the germ on its whole length.

Cor. none

Pist. Germ egg'd, compress'd. Styles two, capillary. Stigmas simple: one upright, the other horizontal.

Per. Capfule two-valved, narrow below, compressed, adjoined to the seed, (from the calyx-leastest naturally growing to the serm longitudinally) two-horned.

Sted oblong, compress'd, covered with the capfule, with a longitudinal future on both sides, two-horned: the hornlets straight,

awl'd.

Obs. Gueldenstædt in Nov. Act. Petropol. Vol. XVI. p. 553. t. 17. f. ad. 12. describes the generic character of Ceratocarpus, from living plants seduously examined in their natal soil, in the following manner.

\* Male flowers folitary, scattered.

CAL Perianth one-leaved, heart-tubed: the border pointed behind, half-mooned before, most intire.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filament one, capillary, scarcely longer than the tube of the perianth, inserted into the bed and glued to the bottom of the calyx. Anther twin, erect, prominent beyond the border of the calyx.

\* Female flowers on the same plant with the male ones.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, heart-compress'd, keel'd with an eminent nerve on both sides, rather two-cleft: the divisions awl'd, diverging: the throat in the sinus of the divisions, very narrow, resembling a slit.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ oblong, above. Styles and Stigmas two, capillary, paffing through the throat of the calyx, expanding.

PER. Calyx larger, its form unchanged, cherishing the feed in its bo-

fom, and everywhere covering it.

SEED oblong-compress'd, narrow below, adhering to the bottom of the calyx, otherwise free, cloathed with a loosish aril; which being withdrawn the two extremities bent downward and approximated secede, one-pointed and intire, the other obtuse, gaping into two lips. R.

Rr RA-

#### RADERMÁCHIA. Thunb. Nov. gen. p. 24.

\* Male Flowers.

CAL. none. Ament cylindric, gradually thicken'd above, totally cover'd with flowers.

COR. Petals two, oblong, concave, obtufe, villous, white, including the filament.

STAM. Filament one within each corol, thread-form, diaphanous, the length of the corol. Anthers pyramidal.

\* Female Flowers on the same tree.

CAL. none, pericarp egg'd, cover'd with germs.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germs convex, fix-angled, very frequent. Style thread-form, permanent. Stigma one, or oftner two, capillary, revolute.

PER. Pome egg'd, murex'd, fleshy, many-cell'd.

SEEDS imbricated in a multiplex feries, obliquely three-fided, cover'd with pulpy flesh, the fize of a walnut. Nucleus cover'd with a thin bark.

#### 1426. ARTOCARPUS. Forst. gen. n. 51. S. Breadfruit.

\* Male flowers many.

CAL. Spadix naked without a spathe, elevated, covered with session florets.

Proper Perianth very small, two-valved: the valvelets equal.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments proper, folitary, very fhort. Anthers oblong.

\* Female flowers on the same Tree.

CAL. Spathe two-valved, deciduous. Spadix egg'd, covered with numerous conjoined germs.

Proper Perianth none.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germs proper, fix-angled. Style one, thread-form. Stigmas one or two, capillary, revolute.

PER. Fruit compound, roundish, murex'd.

SEEDs on each germ folitary, oblong, terminated by an hair at the top, immersed in the receptacle.

1033. CY-

### 1033. CYNOMÓRIUM. Mich. 12. Amoen. acad. 7. P. 357.

\* Male flowers digested in an ament imbricate-wise with the female ones.

CAL. Ament erect, club'd, every where covered with florets.

Proper perianth four-leaved; three leaflets club'd, the fourthinferior one larger, very obtufe, channel'd.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filament one, firm, straight, longer than the calyx-scale.

Anther twin.

\* Female flowers mixed with male, in the fame plant, and not remote from them.

CAL. Ament common with the male ones.

Proper Perianth above: the leaflets four, club'd, tubercled, equal'd, permanent.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg'd, beneath. Style one, erect, firm, expanding, the length of the calyx-scale. Stigma obtuse.

PER. none.

SEED one, roundish.

Obs. I have also seen hermaphrodite, and one-male florets mixed with the rest. The whole plant is one Ament.

### MYRÍSTICA. Thunb. nov. gen. 5. p. 83. Nutmeg.

\* Male Flowers.

CAL. Perianth egg'd, smooth, three-cleft: the divisions erect-

Cor. none, unless you adopt the calyx.

STAM. Filament one, cylindric, obtuse. Anther surrounding the filament under its top, striated.

\* Female Flowers.

CAL. Perianth as in the male, but gaping beneath, deciduous.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ above, bellied, the length of the calyx. Style twin, very short. Stigmas two, acute, very short.

PER. Drupe fleshy, the flesh gaping at top.

Sked Nut egg'd, surrounded with netted mace, smooth. Nucleus egg'd, pitted, smooth.

The Myristica of the Supplement placed by the younger Linneus in the Class Many Males, One Female, and copy'd from thence into Murray's Systema, and in consequence into the translation of that Systema by the Lichsfield Botanical Society is intirely wrong, being taken from Sonnerats description of a slower, which has nothing to do with Nutmeg. Whereas this of Thunberg is from the real flowers of Nutmeg. Dr—n—r.

### 1203. CHARA. \* Vaill. A. G. 1719. t. 3. Hippuris Dill. gen. 2. Pont. anth.

\* Female flawer.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leastets awl'd, erect, permanent: the two opposite exterior ones longer.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ top-shape. Style none. Stigma five-clest, oblong, deciduous.

PER. Crust egg'd, one-cell'd, adhering,

SEED one, egg'd, spirally striated.

\* Male Flower at the base of the germ, out of the caylx.

CAL. none.

STAM. Filament none. Anther globular, before the germ, out of the calyx, beneath.

Obs. C. vulgaris (common) has oblong, many-feeded berries. R: Weis. R.

1036. ELA-

#### 1036. ELATÉRIUM. Jacq. amer. 241. t. 154.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. none.

Cor. one-petal'd, falver-form. Tube cylindric. Border five-cleft: the divisions lanced, channel'd on the back, the interffices furnished with a toothlet.

STAM. Filament one, columnar. Anther linear, five times plaited.

\* Female flowers.

CAL. as in the male. Cor. as in the male.

Pist. Germ beneath, hedge-hog'd. Style columnar, thickening. Stigma headed.

PER. Capfule beneath, hedge-hog'd, leathery, replete with pulp, uniform, one-cell'd, two-valved, elastic.

SEEDS many.

#### 1427. PHYLLANCHE. Forst. gen. n. 58. S.

\* Male Flowers.

CAL. Perianth above, three-leaved: the leaflets awl'd, erect.

Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Tube enlarged upward, expanded.

Border five-parted, expanding, the length of the tube.

STAM. Filament one, inserted into the base of the tube, marked with a gland on both sides, scarcely longer than the border, thread-form, erect. Anther globular, surrowed.

PIST. Germ without a style.

\* Female flowers which Forster says are on different plants, which I doubt.

CAL. as in the former.

COR. as in the former.

PIST. Germ top-shape, beneath. Style thread-form, the length of the stamen in the male flower, thickening upwards. Stigma headed, four-cornered, from four tubercles.

PER. Berry or Capfule one-cell'd, many-feeded.

SEED.

Rr3

1428. CA-

# CASUARÍNA. Thunh. nov. gen. p. 53. Forft. gen. p. 58. Supplem. Plant. p. 62. n. 1428.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. none, but an Ament thread-form, imbricated; scales minute, egg'd, acute, fringed, one-flower'd, about 8 in a verticil.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filament one inserted within each leastlet, capillary, rather longer than the leastlet.

\* Female flowers.

Strebile egg'd, scales egg'd, acute, keel'd, fringed.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ minute. Style thread-form, two-cleft, protruded, longer than the strobile. Stigmas two-cleft.

PER. Strobile oblong. Capfule conic, two-valved, the valvelets gaping perpendicularly.

SEED folitary, conic, membranous on the margin and top.

OBS. There are eight stamens to each joint, but one only within the top of each leastet of the Ament. Thunb.

#### 1429. ÆGÓPRICON. S.

\* Male flowers in an egg'd ament, small.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, tubular, three-cleft.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filament one, longer than the calyx, erect. Anther egg'd.

\* Female flowers on the fame plant, folitary.

CAL. as in the Male.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Styles three, divaricated. Stigmas fimple, permanent.

PER. Berry globular, three-grain'd within, three-cell'd, with a two-cleft dagger.

SEEDS folitary, angular on one fide.

II. TWO

## II. TWO MALES. (Diandria.)

#### 1037. ANGÚRIA. Jacq. amer. 242.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. one-leaved, five-cleft, bellied at the base: the divisions lanced, short.

Cor. five-petal'd, expanding, adjoined to the border of the calyx.

Anther creeping upward and downward.

\* Female Flowers on the same plant.

CAL: as in the Male. Cor. as in the Male.

STAM. Filaments as in the Males. Anthers none.

Pist. Germ beneath, oblong. Style half-twocleft. Stigmas two-

PER. Pome oblong, quadrangular, two-cell'd. SEEDS numerous, oval, compress'd, nestling.

# 1038. LÉMNA. \* Lenticula Mich. 11. Dill. gen. 6. Hydrophace Buxb. cent. 11. t. 37. f. 2. Duck-meat.

\* Male flower.

CAL. one-leaved, roundish, gaping on the side, dilated obliquely outward, obtuse, expanding, depress'd, large, intire.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments two, awl'd, incurved, the length of the calyx.

Anthers twin, globular.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style short, permanent. Stigma obscure.

PER. abortive.

\* Female flower on the same plant with the male.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. none. Pist. Germ fomewhat egg'd. Style fhort, permanent. Stigma fimple.

PER. Capfule globular with a point, one-cell'd.

Seeds few, oblong, acute both ways, nearly the length of the capfule, ftriated on one fide.

Rr4 III. THREE

### III. THREE MALES. (Triandria.)

### 1040. TYPHA. \* Tournef. 301. Cat's-tail, Reed-

\* Male flowers numerous on an ament terminating the culm.

CAL. Common Ament cylindric, very dense, constant.

Proper Perianths three-leaved, briftly.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary, the length of the calyx. Anthers oblong, pendulous.

\* Female flowers numerous on an ament, furrounding the same

culm, very compactly digested.

CAL. Hairs pappus'd.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ sitting on a bristle, egg'd. Style awl'd. Stigma capillary, permanent.

PER. none. Fruit numerous, conflictuting a cylinder.

SEED one, egg'd, furnished with a style, sitting on a brissle. Pappus capillary, affixed as it were to the seed-bearing brissle, the length of the pistil.

#### 1041. SPARGANIUM. \* Tournef. 302. Burr-reed.

\* Male flowers numerous, collected in a head.

CAL. Common Ament roundish, every where very densely imbricated, constant.

Proper Perianths three-leaved, linear, deciduous.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary, the length of the calyx. Anthers oblong.

\* Female, flowers.

CAL. as in the male. Common receptacle roundish.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd, ending in a short, awl'd Style. Stigmas two, acute, permanent.

PER. Drupe juiceless, top-shape with a point, angular below.

SEEDS Nuts two, bony, egg-oblong, angular.

OBS. Tournefort observes that the feed is in some one-cell'd, in others two-cell'd.

1042. ZÉA.

### 1042. ZÉA. \* Mays Tournef. 303. 304. 305. Indian, or Turkey Wheat.

Male flowers disposed in loose distinct spikes.

CAL. Glume two-flower'd, two-valved: the valvelets egg-oblong, awnless.

Cor. Glume two-valved: the valvelets oblong, awnless, the length of the calyx.

Nectaries two, compress'd, very short.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers quadrangular, four-cell'd, gaping at the top.

Female flowers in a very dense spike beneath the males, in

the fame plant, covered with leaves.

CAL. proper Glume two-valved: the scales roundish, thick, very short, the exterior one thicker.

Cor. two-valved: the valvelets membranous, broad, very short, permanent.

Pist. Germ very small. Style thread-form, of all the longest, pendulous. Stigma simple, pubescent towards the top.

Per.none. Common receptacle very large, long, excavated, in which the fruit is half immerfed, and girt with the calyx and proper corol.

SEEDs folitary (after each flower) roundish, angular at the base, compress'd.

#### 1044. TRÍPSACUM. \*

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Glume two-flower'd on both fides, two-valved: the valvelets boat-form, parallel.

COR. Glume two-valved, membranous, less than the calyx.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers oblong.

\* Female flowers on the same plant.

CAL. Glume two or four-parted, gaping in finuses at the base.

Cor. Glume two-valved, membranous.

Pist. Germ oblong. Styles two, capillary. Stigmas oblong, villous.

PER. Glumes unchanged, as if perforated with finuses.

SEED one, oblongish.

OBS. T. hermaphroditum (hermaphrodite) has the calyx-valvelet four-parted.

1043. CÓ-

#### 1042. COIX. \* Lacryma Job. Tournef. 306. Job'stears.

\* Male flowers digested in a loose spike.

CAL. Glume two-flowered, two-valved: the valvelets egg-oblong, obtuse, awnless: the exterior one thicker.

Cor. two-valved: valvelets egg-lanced, the length of the calyx, very flender, awnless.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers oblong, four-corner'd. \* Female flowers fewer at the base of the male spike, on the fame plant.

CAL. Glume two-flowered, two-valved: (the valvelets rounded, thick,

gloffy, hard: the exterior one larger), gloffy.

COR. Glume two-valved: the exterior valvelet egg'd, larger; the interior narrower, less; both awnless.

PIST. Germ egg'd, very small. Style short, two-parted. Stigmas two, horned, longer than the flower, every where pubescent. PER. none. The exterior calyx-Glume adheres closely, increases,

shines, falls off, does not gape.

SEED folitary, roundish, covered with an offified calyx.

#### 1045. OLÝRA. †

\* Male flowers beneath the female ones.

CAL. Glume two-valved, one-flower'd: the valvelets lanced: one terminated by an awn.

Cor. Glume two-valved, the length of the calyx.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary, very short. Anthers oblong. \* Female flowers solitary, terminal on the same panicle.

CAL. Glume two-valved, one-flowered, equal, large, spreading, the valvelets egg'd, concave, pointed: one with a terminal awn.

Cor. Glume two-valved, very thort, cartilaginous, awnless. PIST. Germ egg'd. Style short, two-cleft. Stigmas two.

Per. Glume of the corol involving, falling off.

SEED egg'd, obtuse, cartilaginous.

1046. CÁ-

1046. CÁREX. \* Cyperoides Tournef. 299. Scheuh.
10. 11. Mich. 32. Scirpoides Mont.
17. Carex Dill. gen. 13. Mich. 33.

\* Male flowers digested in a spike.

CAL. Ament oblong, imbricated, constant.

The Scales one-flower'd, lanced, acute, concave, permanent.

'Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments three, briftly, erect, longer than the calyx. Anthers erect, long, linear.

\* Female flowers on the same or (in some) on a separate plant.

CAL. Ament as in the males.

Cor. Petals none.

Nectary inflated, egg-oblong, two-toothed at the top, contracted above, gaping in the mouth, permanent.

Pist. Germ three-fided within the nectary. Style very fhort. Stigmas three or two, awl'd, incurved, long, pointed, pubescent.

PER. none. The Nectary made larger cherishes the seed.

SEED one, egg-acute, three-fided, one angle oftner less.

Obs. Scirpoides Mont. Carex Rupp. Dill. Mich. bears the male and female flowers on the same spike.

Cyperoides Mont. Rupp. Dill, Mich. has the male and female flowers on a separate spike.

#### 1047. ÁXYRIS. \* Ceratoides Tournef. cor?

The Male flowers digested in an ament. CAL. Perianth three-parted, expanding, obtuse.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments three, linear, expanding. Anthers roundish.

\* Female flowers scattered.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, (two-leaved Syst. Veg. 706), concave, obtuse, converging, permanent: the two exterior leasters shorter.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ roundish. Styles two, capillary. Stigmas pointed.

PER none. Calyx closely involving the feed with its three larger leaflets.

SEED one, oblong, compress'd, obtuse, end-nick'd at the top.

Obs. The observations of Gueldenstadt shew that the Axyris ceratoides of Linneus constitutes a new genus between Atriplex, Urtica, and Ceratocarpus, who has therefore given it the name of Krascheninnikouia. We hope it will not be disagreeable to our Readers, if we here communicate the character of this new genus from the Author in Nov. Comm. Petropol. Vol. XVI. p. 548. t. 17.

\* Male flowers rather ament-like.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, permanent: the leaflets equal, obtuse,

concave, converging to a globe.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments four, capillary, inferted into the bed, opposite the calyx-leaslets, and the length of them. Anthers roundish, twin.

\* Female flowers on the fame plant with the males.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, pitcher-compressed, keeled on both sides with a surrow, nearly two cleft; the divisions horn-erect, parallel, tube-concave; the throat very narrow in the sinus of the divisions, perforated.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg'd, above. Style simple, passing through the throat of the perianth. Stigmas two, capillary, reslected.

PER. Calyx dilated, enlarged, cherishing and every where covering

the feed in its bosom.

SEED one, egg-compress'd, cloathed with a loosish aril, which being torn off the two extremities bent downward and approximated secede, one pointed and intire, the other obtuse gaping into two lips.

Therefore Krascheninnikouia pertains to one-house, four-male, and

is to be placed after Urtica.

1039. OM-

#### 1039. OMPHALÉA. † Omphalandra Brown.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave.

Cor. none.

STAM. Receptacle egg'd. Anthers two or three immersed in the sides of the receptacle.

\* Females on the same plant.

CAL. Perianth four-parted: the divisions egg-hearted, obtuse: the two exterior ones opposite.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ roundish, very short. Style cylindric, longer than the calyx. Stigma rather three-cleft, broader, obtuse.

PER. Capfule fleshy, egg'd, three-cell'd.

SEEDS folitary, oblong.

#### 1048. TRÁGIA. \* Plum. gen. 12. Jacq. amer. 245.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth three-parted: the divisions egg'd, acute, flat, expanding.

STAM. Filaments three, the length of the calyx. Anthers roundifference of the Calyx to be a funnel-form petal.

\* Female flowers on the fame plant with the male ones.

CAL. Perianth five-parted: the leaflets egg'd, concave, acute, permanent.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ roundish, three-furrow'd. Style one, erect, longer than the calyx. Stigma three-cleft, expanding.

PER. Capfule three-grained, roundish, three-cell'd, hispid: each cell marked without at the base with two dots.

SEEDs folitary, globular.

1049. HER-

### 1049 HERNÁNDIA. † Plum. 40. Jacq. amer. 245. Jack in a box.

Male Flowers.

CAL. Involucre partial, four-leaved, three-flowered: the leaflets egg'd, obtuse, most expanding.

Perianth none.

Cor. Petals fix, nearly egg'd, expanding: of which the three interior are narrower.

Nettary: fix Glands, columnar, headed.

STAM. Filaments three, short, inserted into the receptacle. Anthers erect, oblong, large.

\* Female flower.

CAL. Involucre common with the males.

Perianth beneath, one-leaved, bell'd, intire, permanent.

Cor. Petals eight: of which the four interior are narrower, all fitting upon the germ.

Glands of the Neclary four, inverse-egg'd.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style thread-form. Stigma oblique, rather funnel-form, large.

PER. Perianth very large, inflated, roundish: the mouth intire, within which is the drupe.

Drupe dry, egg'd, eight-furrow'd, one-cell'd.

SEED a Nut globular, flightly depressed.

OBS. In Syst. Veg. p. 707. the character of the genus, differing something from that given, is thus shortly delineated.

Masc. CAL. three-parted. Corol three-petal'd.

Fem. CAL. lop'd, most intire. Cor. 6-petal'd. Drupe hollow, the mouth open: with a moveable nucleus. R.

### 1050 PHYLANTHUS. \* Sea-side Laurel.

\* Male flowers on the same plant with the semale ones.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, fix-parted, bell'd, colour'd: the divisions egg'd, fpreading, obtuse, permanent.

Cor. Petals none: unless you adopt the calyx.

STAM. Filaments three, shorter than the calyx, approximated at the base, distant at the top. Anthers twin.

\* Females placed as the males.

CAL. Perianth as in the males. Cor. Petals none.

Nectary a margin of twelve angles furrounding the germ.

Pist. Germ roundish, obtusely three-cornered. Styles three, spreading, two-cleft. Stigmas obtuse.

Per. Capfule roundish, three-furrow'd, three-cell'd: the cells two-valved.

SEEDS folitary, roundish.

## IV. FOUR MALES.

#### 1051. CENTELLA. +

Male Flowers.

CAL. Involucre four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, flat, acute, containing five seffile florets.

Proper Perianth none: but in each floret.

Cor. Petals four, egg'd, concave

STAM. Filaments four, the length of the corol. Anthers twin.

\* Female Flowers on the same or a separate plant.

CAL. Involuce two-leaved, one-flower'd with a feffile floret: the leaftets flat, egg'd, acute.

Cor. Petals four, some what egg'd, sessile.

Pist. Germ beneath (above the involucre), compress'd. Styles two, recurvate. Stigmas simple.

er. - compress'd, two-cell'd.

BEED.

1274. SER-

#### 1274. SERPÍCULA.

Male Flowers folitary, peduncled.

CAL. Perianth very small, four-tooth'd, erect, acute, permanent.

Cor. Petals four, oblong, obtuse, sessile.

STAM. Filaments four, very short. Anthers oblong, the length of the petals.

Female Flowers on the fame plant.

CAL. Perianth above, four-parted, very small, permanent.

COR.

PIST. Germ beneath, egg'd, furrow'd. Style. Stigma.

PER. Nut cylindric, ploughed with eight cartilaginous wreathes, one cell'd, deciduous.

SEED one, oblong.

### 1328. LITTORELLA. Auth. D. Bergio. Act. Suec. 1768.

\* Male Flowers.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, erect.

Cor. one-petal'd. Tube the length of the calyx. Border four-parted, erect, permanent.

STAM. Filaments four, thread-form, very long, inferted into the receptacle. Anthers hearted.

\* Female Flowers on the same plant.

Cor. none.

Cor. one-petal'd, conic, (the mouth obscurely three-cleft), permanent.

PIST. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, very long. Stigma acute.

PER. Corol cloathing.

SEED A Nut one-cell'd.

Obs. The flower of Plantago, but the fruit is different. The corol of the female flower is some what four-cleft. Syst. Veg. 708. R.

1275. CIC-

#### 1275. CICCA.

Male flowers scattered.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets roundish, concave.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments four, briftly. Anthers subglobular, the length of

\* Female flowers scattered on the same plant.

CAL. as in the males.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ roundish. Styles four, two-parted, awl'd, the length of the germ. Stigmas acute, permanent.

PER. Capsule subglobular, four-grained, elastic.

SEEDS folitary.

OBS. An affinity to Phylanthus.

#### 1052. BÉTULA. \* Tournef. 350. Alnus Tournef. 359. Birch, Alder.

\* Male flowers digested in a cylindric ament.

CAL. Common Ament, every where imbricated, loose, cylindric: confifting of scales three-flower'd, on each of which are two scalelets very minute, placed at the fides.

Cor. Compounded of three equal florets, affixed to the disk of each

calyx-scale.

Proper one-petal'd, four-parted, expanding, very small: the divisions egg-obtuse.

STAM. Filaments (of the corollet), four, very small. Anthers twin.

\* Female flowers in aments of the same plant.

CAL. Common Ament imbricated: the scales three, everywhere opposite, affixed to the rachis, two-flower'd, hearted with a point, from the dagger rather diffected with a finus towards the top, concave, fhort.

Cor. none manifest.

Pist. proper Germ egg'd, very small. Styles two, briftly, the length of the calvx-scale. Stigmas simple.

PER. none. Ament cherishing the seed under each scale of the two florets.

SEEDS folitary, egg'd.

Betula T. The fruit digested in a cylindric ament. Alnus T. The fruit digested in a roundish strobile.

1053. BÚX-Sf

#### 1053. BUXUS. \* Tournef. 345. Box.

\* Male flowers prominent from the buds of the plant.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved: the leaflets roundish, obtuse, concave, expanding.

Cor. Petals two, roundish, concave, very fimilar to the calyx, but larger.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, erect-expanding, rather larger than the calyx. Anthers erect, twin.

Pist. Rudiments of a Germ without flyle or fligma.

\* Female flowers in the fame bud with the males.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets roundish, obtuse, concave, expanding.

Cor. Petals three, roundish, concave, very fimilar to the calyx, larger than the calyx.

PIST. Germ roundish, obtusely three-corner'd, ending in Styles three,

very fhort, permanent. Stigmas obtuse, hispid.

Per. Capfule roundish, three-flower'd, three-cell'd, elasticly gaping three ways.

SEEDS double, oblong, rounded on one fide, flat on the other.

#### 1054. URTÍCA. Tournef. 308. Nettle.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets roundish, concave, obtuse.

Cor. Petals none.

Nectary in the center of the flower, cup-form, intire, narrow below, very small.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, the length of the calyx, expanding, one within each calyx-leaf. Anthers two-cell'd.

\* Female flowers either on the same, or a separate plant. Cal. Perianth two-valved, egg'd, concave, erect, permanent.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style none. Stigma villous.

PER. none. Calyx converging.

SEED one, egg'd, obtuse-compress'd, glossy.

OBS. V. alienata (alienated) differs something from its kindred. Syst. Veg. 709. R.

1055. MÓ-

### 1055. MORUS. \* Tournef. 362. Mulberry.

\* Male flowers digested in aments.

CAL. Perianth four-parted: the leaflets egg'd, concave.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, erect, longer than the calyx, one within each calyx-leaf. Anthers simple.

\* Female flowers grow together on the same, or a different

plant from the males.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets roundish, obtuse, permanent, the two opposite exterior ones incumbent.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ hearted. Styles two, awl'd, long, reflected, rugged. Stigmas simple.

PER. none. Calyx very large, fleshy, made succulent by the Berry.

SEED one, egg'd, acute.

OBS. Both Males and Females are in the class two-house.

## V. FIVE MALES. (Pentandria.)

#### 1277. NEPHÉLUM.

\* Male flowers in a spiked raceme.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-tooth'd.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, longer than the calyx. Anthers obtuse, two-parted at the base.

\* Female flowers in the fame raceme.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, four-tooth'd, (with the two oppofite teeth more remote), withering.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germs two, roundish, murex'd, larger than the calyx. Styles two, thread-form, recurved, growing out between the germs. Stigmas thickish, obtuse.

PER. Drupes dry, two, egg'd, one-feeded, covered with awl'd briftles.

SEEDs folitary, roundish.

S f 2 1056. XÁN-

1056. XANTHIUM. \* Tournef. 252. Less Burdock.

Male flowers compound.

CAL. Perianth common of many florets, many-leaved, imbricated with fcales flender, the length of the florets, equal.

Cor. Compound uniform, tubular, equal, digefted in a hemisphere.

Proper one-petal'd, tubular, funnel-form, erect, five-cleft.

STAM. Filaments (of the corollet) five in a tubular cylinder. Anthers erect, parallel, diffinct.

REC. Common scarcely any, separating the florets with chaff.

\* Female flowers below the males, on the fame plant, doubled.

CAL. Involucre two-flower'd, two-leaved: the leaflets opposite, three-lobed, (the lobes acute; with the middle more produced) fenced with hooked prickles, every way covering and growing to the germ: the divisions free.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ oval, hispid. Styles two pair, capillary. Stigmas simple. Per. Drupe dry, egg-oblong, every where covered with hook'd prickles, two-cleft at the top.

SEED a Nut two-cell'd.

OBS. The Fruit of Xanthium is with defficulty understood, before that of Ambrosia is known.

#### 1057. AMBRÓSIA. \* Tournef. 252.

\* Male flowers compound.

CAL. common Perianth one-leaved, flat, the length of the florets.

COR. Compound uniform, tubular, equal, digested in an hemisphere.

Proper one-petal'd, tubular, funnel-form, erect, five-clest.

STAM. Filaments (of the corollet) five, very small. Anthers erect,

parallel, pointed.

Pist. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma orbicular, membranous.

REC. Common fearcely any, naked.

\* Female flowers below the male ones, on the same plant, doubled.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, pointed, intire, permanent, (girt on the belly with five teeth), one-flower'd.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd, in the bottom of the calyx. Style thread-form, the length of the calyx. Stigmas two, briftly, long, divaricated.

PER. Nut rather egg'd, one-cell'd, not gaping, crowned with the five pointed teeth of the calyx.

SEED one, roundish.

1058. PAR-

1058. PARTHÉNIUM. \* Partheniastrum Niss. A.G.
1711. Dill. gen. 13. elth.
225. Hysterophorus Vaill.
A.G. 1720. f. 4. 8. 34. 35.
42. False Feversew.

- CAL. Common Perianth most simple, sive-leaved, expanding: the leastest roundish, slat, equal.
- Cor. Compound convex: Corollets hermaphrodite many in the disk. Female ones scarcely surpassing the hermaphrodite, sive in the ray.

Proper in the hermaphrodites one-petal'd, tubular, erect, with a five-cleft mouth, the length of the calyx.

In the females one-petal'd, tubular, tongued, oblique, obtuse, roundish, the length of the hermaphrodite.

- STAM. in the hermaphrodites Filaments five, capillary, the length of the corollet. Anthers as many, thickish, scarcely cohering.
- Pist. of the hermaphrodites: Germ beneath the proper receptacle, fcarcely difcernible. Style capillary, rather shorter than the stamens. Stigmas none.

Of the females Germ beneath, top-hearted, compressed, large. Style thread-form, the length of the corollet. Stigmas two, thread-form, the length of the style, somewhat expanding.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs in the hermaphrodites abortive.

In the females top-hearted, compressed, naked.

REC. nearly none, flat. Chaff's separate the florets, so that each female has two hermaphrodites behind it.

### 1059. ÍVA. \* Tarchonanthus Vaill. act. 1719. f. 16. 17. False Bark-tree.

CAL. Common roundish, (with leaflets rather fived, somewhat egg'd, obtuse, subequal, permanent), containing numerous florets.

COR. Compound convex: Corollets male numerous in the disk.

Feminine five in the circumference.

Proper in the males one-petal'd, funnel-form, five-tooth'd, the length of the calyx.

In the females none.

STAM. in the male Filaments five, bristly, the length of the corollet.

Anthers erect, approximated.

Pist. in the females Germ oblong, the length of the calyx. Styles two, capillary, long. Stigmas acute.

PER. none. Calyx unchanged.

SEEDs folitary, naked, the length of the calyx, thicker upward, obtuse.

REC. divided by linear interior chaff.

#### 1329. CLIBADIUM. Auth. Allamand.

CAL. Common imbricated : the scales egg'd, acute.

Cor. Compound: the Corollets tubular, funnel-form: the border five-cleft.

Corollets of the disk many, pedicel'd, hermaphrodite.

Of the Ray three or four, tessile, feminine.

STAM. in the hermaphrodites: Filaments five, capillary, very short.

Anthers oblong, approximated.

Pist. in the hermaphrodites: Germ very small, above. Style threadform. Stigma simple.

In the females: Germ roundish, beneath. Style thread-form. Stigma two-parted.

PER. common none. Calyx bellied, coloured.

Proper in the hermaphrodites none. In the females Drupe roundish, succulent, navel'd.

SEED one, hearted, compressed.

1060. AMA-

#### 1060. AMARÁNTHUS. \* Amaranthi species Tournef. 118. b. i. k. l. Amaranth, Flower-gentle.

\* Male flowers on the same plant with the female.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved or three-leaved, erect, coloured, permanent: the leaflets lanced, acute.

Cor. none, (unless you adopt the calyx.)

STAM. Filaments five or three, capillary, erect-expanded, the length of the calyx. Anthers oblong, versatile. Female flowers on the same raceme with the male.

CAL. Perianth intirely as in the male.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Styles three, short, awl'd. Stigmas simple, per-

PER. Capfule egg'd, fubcompress'd, as the calyx on which it fits, coloured, and of the same size, three-beaked, one-cell'd,

SEED one, globular, compressed, large.

#### 1276. LEÉA. Auth. Dan. van. Royeno.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bellied, five-cleft.

Cor. one-petal'd. Tube the length of the calyx. Border five-cleft, equal: the divisions bag'd.

Nectary growing to the base of the interior corol, shorter by half than the corol, cylindric, five-cleft: the lobes two-cleft.

STAM. Filaments five, shorter than the nectary. Anthers oblong,

incumbent.

PIST. Germ none. Style simple. Stigma obscure. \* Female flowers oftner on the same plant.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. as in the male. Nectary as in the male, but double: the interior one less.

Pist. Germ above, egg'd. Style fimple. Stigma lacerated.

PER. - - globular, fix-cell'd.

SEEDS folitary.

VI. SIX Sf4

#### VI. SIX MALES. (Hexandria.)

#### 1062. ZIZANIA. + Gronov. Elymus Mich. 7.

\* Male flowers below the female.

CAL. none.

Cor. Glume two-valved: the leaflets lanced, awnless, equal, embracing. STAM. Filaments fix, very small. Anthers oblong, simple, the length of the corol.

\* Female flowers in the superior part of the panicle.

CAL. none.

COR. Glume two-valved, closed, gaping only above the germ: the exterior valvelet larger, hollow, long, straight, embracing on both fides the interior one, ending in a long awn, the interior valvelet lefs, lanced, flat.

Pist. Germ oblong. Styles two, very small. Stigmas feathery,

eminent.

PER. none. Glume closed, plaited, permanent. SEED one, oblong, equal, shining, naked.

OBS. Syft. Veg. 714. pronounces the Style to be two-parted. R.

#### 1063. PHÁRUS. +

\* Male flowers peduncled.

CAL. Glume two-valved, acute, very small, one-flower'd. Cor. Glume two-yalved, longer, acute, one valve narrower.

STAM. Filaments fix, short. Anthers oblong.

\* Female flowers sessile on the same panicle.

CAL. Glume two-valved, the length of the corol, one-flower'd.

Cor. Glume two-valved: the exterior valvelet oval-oblong, more rigid; the interior one linear.

PIST. Germ linear. Style simple. Stigmas three, acute.

PER. Glume of the corol involving the feed.

SEED oblong.

VII. SE-

## VII. S E V E N M A L E S. (Heptandria.)

#### 1004. GUETTÁRDA. † Halefia Brown.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, cylindric, very fhort, most intire, (with the exterior margin more prominent), deciduous.

Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Tube cylindric, long. Border sevencleft: the lobes rounded, shorter than the tube.

STAM. Filaments seven, in the throat of the corol. Anthers linear.

Pist. Style thread-form.

\* Female flowers on the same plant.

CAL. as in the Male.

Cor. as in the Male.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, longer than the stamens. Stigma rather egg'd.

PER. Drupe dry, roundish, depress'd, brawny.

SEED one.

### VIII. M A N Y M A L E S. (Polyandria.)

1065. CERATOPHÝLLUM. \* (Horn-leaf.) Hydroceratophyllum (Water-horn-leaf.) Vaill. A. G. 1719. t. 2. f. 2. Dichotophyllum Dill. gen. 3. (Fork-leaf.) Horn-leaf Pondweed.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth many-parted: the divisions awl'd, equal.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments twice as many as the fegments of the calyx (fixteen to twenty) fearcely conspicuous. Anthers oblong, erect, longer than the calyx.

\* Female Flowers on the same plant with the male. CAL. Perianth many-parted: the divisions awi'd, equal.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg'd, compress'd Style none. Stigma obtuse, oblique.

PER. none.

SEED Nut egg'd, one-cell'd, pointed.

1066. MY-

1066. MYRIOPHÝLLUM. \* Vaill. A. G. 1719. t. 2. f. 3. Pentapterophyllum Dill. gen. 7. (Five-wing-leaf.) Water Milfoil.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved, the leaflets oblong, erect: of these the outmost is larger, the inmost less.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments eight, capillary, longer than the calyx, flaceid.

Anthers oblong.

\* Female flowers under the males.

CAL. Perianth as in the male.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germs four, oblong, Styles none. Stigmas pubefcent.

Per. none.

SEEDs four, oblong, naked.

OBS. M. verticillatum (verticil'd) has often hermaphrodite flowers.

### 1057. SAGITTARIA. \* Sagitta Dill. gen. 4. Vaill. A. G. 1719. Arrow-head.

\* Male flowers many.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, permanent. Cor. Petals three, roundish, obtuse, flat, expanding, thrice as large

as the calvx.

STAM. Filaments numerous (often twenty-tour), awi'd, collected into a head. Anthers erect, the length of the calyx.

\* Female flowers fewer, below the males.

CAL. Perianth as in the Male.

Cor. Petals three as in the Male.

PIST. Germs numerous, compressed, collected in an head, gibbous without, ending in very short Styles. Stigmas acute, permanent.

PER. none. Receptacle globular, collecting the feeds into a globe.

SEEDS numerous, oblong, compress'd, girt longitudinally with a margin membranous, broad, gibbous on one side, pointed at both ends.

1156. BE-

### 1156. BEGÓNIA. Tournef. 442. \* Male flower.

CAL. none.

Cor. four-petal'd, expanding, regular, the two opposite Petals inversehearted, the other two hearted.

STAM. Filaments numerous, shorter than the corol, capillary. Anthers roundish.

PIST. falling off.

\* Female flower.

CAL none, whose office the Germ performs.

Cor. four-petal'd, as the male.

Pist. Germ beneath, triangular with membranous angles, three-piked, erect. Styles three, two-cleft, the length of the stamens. Stigmas globular.

PER. triangular, three-cell'd: with three longitudinal wings.

SEEDS numerous, small.

Obs. Concerning the number of stamens, the species of pericarp (H. M. mentions berries) and the pistil of the male slower we know nothing certain.

#### 1098. THELÍGONUM. \* Cynocrambe Tournef. 485. (Dog's Cabbage.) Dog's Mercury.

\* Male flower.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, top-shape, half-twocleft: the divisions revolute.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments numerous, (twelve and upwards), erect, the length of the corol. Anthers simple.

\* Female Flower on the same plant.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, very small, erect, two-cleft, parmanent to the side of the germ.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ globular. Style thread-form, long. Stigma simple.

PER. Capfule leathery, globular, one-cell'd.

SEED one, globular, with a callous appendage.

1069. PO-

### 1069. POTERIUM. \* Pimpinella Tournef. 68. Burnet.

Male Flowers placed in a spike.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, colour'd, falling off.

Cor. four-parted. Petals egg'd, concave, expanding, coalesced at the base, permanent.

STAM. Filament many (thirty to forty), capillary, very long, flaccid.

Anthers roundish, twin.

\* Female flowers on the same spike above the males.

CAL. Perianth as in the male.

Cor. one-petal'd, wheel'd. Tube flort, roundish, converging in the mouth. Border five-parted: the divisions egg'd, flat, reflected, permanent.

PIST. Germs two, egg-oblong, within the tube of the corol. Styles two, capillary, colour'd, flaccid, the length of the corol. Stigmas pencil-form, coloured.

PER. Berry is formed from the indurated, thicken'd closed tube of the corol.

SEEDS two.

Obs. P. spinosum (thorny) has a fleshy, globular Berry, with oblong, columnar seeds.

P. Sanguisorba has a juiceless angular Berry, with seeds four-corner'd, pointed at both ends. Two weak Pistils inserted into the male slower.

The Calyx is two-three-or four-leaved. R.

1070. QUÉR-

1070. QUÉRCUS. \* Tournef. 394. Ilex Tournef. 350. Suber Tournef. Oak. Evergreen Oak. Cork-tree.

Male Flowers digested in a loose ament.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft or four-cleft: the divisions acute, often two-cleft.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments many (5. 8. 10.) very short. Anthers large, twin.

\* Female flowers fessile in the bud, on the same plant with the male ones and in additional to the same plant with the

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, leathery, hemispheric, rugged, most intire, scarcely manifest in the flower.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd, very fmall. Style fimple, two-five-cleft, longer than the calyx, Stigmas fimple, permanent.

PER. none.

SEED Nut oval, the crust leathery, one-valved, abraded at the base, affixed to a short calyx, columnar, smooth.

Ons. Quercus T. has finuous leaves.

Ilex T. has tooth-faw'd leaves,

Suber T. is cloathed with a white spungy bark.

### 1071. JÚGLANS. \* Nux Tournef. 346. Boerh. II.

\* Male flowers digested in an oblong ament.

CAL. Common Ament every way imbricate-wife featter'd, cylindric, confifting of scales one-flowered, one affixed to each corol at its exterior center, turned outward.

Cor. fix-parted, elliptic, equal, flat: the divisions erect-concave, pedicel'd, inferted into the interior center of the corol and to the

rachis.

STAM. Filaments many (eighteen) very short. Anthers erect, pointed, the length of the calyx.

\* Female flowers without an ament, affociated by two or three,

fessile, on the same plant.

CAL. Perianth four-cleft, erect, very fhort, crowning the germ,

Cor. four-parted, acute, erect, rather larger than the calyx.

Pist. Germ oval, large, beneath. Styles two, very short. Stigmas very large, clubed, reflected, lacerated upward.

PER. Drupe dry, oval, large, one-cell'd.

SEED A Nut very large, roundish, netted with furrows, half-four-cell'd: the Nucleus four-lobed, variously furrow'd.

### 1072. FÁGUS. \* Tournef. 351. Castanea Tournef. 352. Beech, Chesnut.

\* Male flowers affixed to the common amentaceous receptacle. CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-cleft.

Cor. none. behards , brilly say of sellant

STAM. Filaments many (about twelve), the length of the calyx, briftly.

Anthers oblong.

\* Female flowers in the bud of the same plant.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, four-tooth'd, erect, acute.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ covered by the calyx. Styles three, awl'd. Stigmas fimple, reflected.

PER. Capfule roundish, (which was the calvx) very large, beset with fost thorns, one-cell'd, four-valved.

SEEDS Nuts two, egg'd, three-fided, three-valved, pointed.

OBS. Of Fagus T. The male flowers are digested in a globe.

Of Castanea T. The male flowers are disposed in a cylinder.

1073. CAR-

## 1073. CARPÍNUS. \* Tournef. 348. Ostrya Mich.

- \* Male flowers digested in a cylindric ament
- CAL. Common Ament every where loosely imbricated: confishing of fcales, egg'd, concave, acute, fringed, one-flower'd.
- Cor. none.
- STAM. Filaments oftner ten, very small. Anthers twin, compress'd, villous at the top, two-valved.
  - \* Female flowers digefted in an oblong ament, on the fame plant.
- CAL. Common Ament loosely imbricated, consisting of fcales lanced, villous, reflected at the top, one-flower'd.
- Cor. calyx-form, one-leaved, fix-cleft: two divisious larger.
- Pist. Germs two, very fhort, two flyles on each, capillary, coloured, long. Stigmas fimple.
- Per. none. Ament becoming very large, concealing the feed at the base of each scale.
- SEED A Nut egg'd, angular.
- OBS. Carpinus T. has the feed within the base of the concave calyx-scale.

  Oftrya M. has the seed within the instated calyx-scale.

#### 1074. CORYLUS. \* Tournef. 347. Malp. 220. 221. 224. Filbert, Nut-tree, Hazle.

\* Male flowers digested in a long ament.

CAL. Common Ament every where imbricated, cylindric, confifting of scales one-flower'd, narrower at the base, broader at the top, more obtuse, inflected, three-cleft: the middle aivision equal in length with the rest, but twice as broad, and covering the rest.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments eight, very short, annexed to the interior side of the calyx-scale. Anthers egg-oblong, shorter than the calyx, erect. \* Female flowers remote from the male ones, on the same plant, fessile, included in the bud.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved, leathery, lacerated on the margin, erect, the length of the fruit, scarcely visible under the florescence on

account of its minuteness.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ roundish, very small. Styles two, bristly, much longer than the calyx, colour'd. Stigmas simple.

PER. none.

SEED A Nut egg'd, abraded at the base, rather compress'd at the top, rather pointed.

OBS. It has the greatest affinity to Carpinus.

#### 1075. PLATANUS. \* Tournef. 363. Plane-tree.

\* Female flowers compound, digested in a globular Ament.

CAL. some very small divisions.

Con fearcely manifelt.

STAM. Filaments oblong, thicker upwards, colour'd. Anthers fourcorner'd, growing round the filament on the inferior part. \* Female flowers digested in a globe, numerous, on the same

CAL. Scales many, very small.

Con. Petals many, concave, oblong, club'd.

PIST. Germs many, awl'd, ending in awl'd Styles, the Stigma recurved.

PER. none. Fruit many digested in a globe.

SEED roundish, fitting on the briftly style, and terminated by an awl'd style, with a capillary pappus adhering to the base of the seed.

OBS. The parts of the flowers should be examined with a more attentive eye.

1076. LI-

#### 1076. LIQUIDAMBAR. † Clayt. Mich. 12. Sweet Gum.

\* Male Flowers numerous in an ament conic, long, loofe.

CAL. Common Involucre four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, falling off; the alternate ones shorter.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments numerous, very fhort, in a body convex on one fide, flat on the other. Anthers erect, twin, four-furrow'd, two-cell'd.

\* Female flowers at the base of the male spike, digested in a

globe.

CAL. Involucre as in the male, but double.

Proper Perianths bell'd, angled, many, conjoined, warty.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ oblong, adjoined to the perianth. Styles two, awl'd. Stigmas growing to one fide, the length of the ftyle, recurved, pubefcent.

PER. Capfules as many, egg'd, one-cell'd, two-valved at the top,

acute, collected in a globe, woody.

SEEDs many, oblong, glossy, with a membrane at the point mixed with numerous chaffy corpuscles.

#### IX. ONE BROTHERHOOD.

(Monadélphia.)

1077. PÍNUS. \* Tournef. 353. Abies Tournef. 353. Larix Tournef. 353. Pine, Fir, Larch.

Male flowers disposed in racemes.

CAL. Scales of the bud gaping, nor other calyx.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filament many, conjoin'd below in a column, erect, divided at the top. Anthers erect, naked.

\* Female Flowers on the fame plant.

CAL. Common Strobile somewhat egg'd, consisting of

Scales two-flower'd, oblong, imbricated, permanent, rigid.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ very small. Style awl'd. Stigma simple.

PER. none. The Calyx-Strobile, before closed, now converging.

SEED A Nut augmented with a membranous wing, larger than the Seed, less than the scale of the Strobile, oblong, straight on one side, gibbous on the other.

OBS. The Calyx of the male flower is four-leaved. Syst. Veg. p. 719. R. T t 1078. THU-

### 1078. THÚIA. \* Tournef. 358. Arbor Vitæ. Tree of Life.

\* Male flower.

CAL. Ament egg'd, confishing of a common rachis, to which the opposed flowers are set in triple opposition. Each flower has for its base

A scale somewhat egg'd, concave, obtuse.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments (in each floret) four, scarcely manifest. Anthers as many, adjoined to the base of the calyx-scale.

Female flower on the fame plant.

CAL. Common Strobile somewhat egg'd, compounded of opposite florets: consisting of feales two-flower'd, egg'd, convex, converging longitudinally.

Con. none.

PIST. Germ very small. Style awl'd, Stigma simple.

PER. Strobile egg-oblong, obtufe, gaping longitudinally: the fcales oblong, nearly equal, convex without, obtufe.

SEEDS oblong, girt longitudinally with a membranous end-nick'd wing.

OBS. It is very nearly allied to Cupressus.

#### 1079. CUPRÉSSUS. \* Tournef. 358. Cypress.

\* Male flowers collected in an egg'd ament.

CAL. Common Ament egg'd, composed of scattered flowers; consisting of feales one-flower'd, roundish, pointed before, targetted, opposite, about twenty.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments none: of which the calyx-scalelet performs the office, to which four Anthers are adjoined below.

\* Female flowers collected into a roundish cone, on the same

plant.

CAL. Common Strobile roundish, composed of from eight to ten florets, confishing of

Scales one-flower'd, opposite, egg'd, convex under, gaping.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ scarcely conspicuous with numerous points within each calyx-scale, lop'd, concave at the top. Are they styles?

Per. none. Strobile subglobular, closed, gaping with scales orbicular, angular, targetted, under which is

SEED A Nut angular, pointed, small.

1080. PLU-

1080. PLUKENETIA. \* Plum. 13. per D. Aymen.

\* Male flower.

CAL. none; unless you adopt the corol.

Cor. Petals four, egg'd, expanding.

STAM. Filaments eight, very short, coalesced. Anthers erect, simple. Four glands of the Nectary at the base of the stamens, surnished with a beard longer than the stamens.

\* Female flower on the same plant with the male ones.

CAL. none.

Cor. as in the male flowers.

PIST. Germ quadrangular. Style thread-form, of all the longest, declining. Stigma targetted, four-cleft: the divisions obtuse, slat, each marked in the middle with a dot.

PER. Capfule depressed, quadrangular, keel'd at the angles, four-cell'd, the cells two-valved.

SEEDS folitary, roundish, compress'd, rather pointed at one end.

## 1081. DALECHÁMPIA. Plum. 38. Jacq. amer. 252.

The exterior Common Involucre lefs: the leaflets four, lanced, expanding.

The interior one very large: the leaflets two, hearted, three-

cleft, converging.

In the Male Florets the umbel is peduncled, simple, ten-flower'd, shorter than the interior involucre.

CAL. Involucel two-leaved, erect, retuse: the leaflets rather three-lobed.

Scales numerous, inverse-egg'd, appres'd imbricate-wise to the exterior side of the involucel, and the length of it.

Proper Perianth five-leaved, pedicel'd: (the leaflets egg'd, acute), deciduous.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments many, conjoined in a column longer than the calyx.

Anthers roundish.

\* In the females there are three florets within the same common Involucre, approximated to the inferior side.

CAL. Involuced three-leaved: the leaflets end-nick'd, small.

Proper Perianth beneath: the leaflets XI, linear, tooth'd, acute, converging, permanent.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ roundish, shorter than the perianth. Style thread-form, ascending, the length of the males. Stigma somewhat headed, perforated.

PER. Capfule roundish, three-grained, three-cell'd: the cells two-valved.

SEEDs folitary, subglobular.

### 1082. ACÁLYPHA. \* Roy. Ricinocarpus (Tick-fruit.) Boerb. Burm.

\* Male Flowers crowded above the female ones.

CAL. Perianth three or four-leaved: the leaflets roundish, concave, equal.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments eight to fixteen, short, crowded, connected at the base. Anthers roundish.

\* Female flowers fewer, placed beneath, received into a large

divided involucre.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved: the leaflets somewhat egg'd, concave, converging, small, permanent.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ roundish. Styles three, branchy, (oftner three-parted), long. Stigmas simple.

PER. Capfule roundish, three-furrow'd, three-cell'd, the valvelets gaping two ways.

SEEDs folitary, roundish, very large.

1083. CRÓTON. \* Ricinoides Tournef. 423. Tallow-tree, False Ricinus.

\* Male flowers less than the female.

CAL. Perianth cylindric, five-tooth'd.

Cor. Petals in some five, scarcely larger than the calyx, oblong, obtuse.

Nectary five glands, affixed to the receptacle, small.

STAM. Filaments ten or fifteen, awl'd, connected at the base, the length of the flower. Anthers roundish, twin.

\* Female flowers remote from the males, on the same plant.

CAL. Perianth many-leaved: the leaflets egg-oblong, erect.

Cor. Petals as in the males, (in some scarcely manifest).

PIST. Germ roundish. Styles three, reflex-expanding, the length of the flower, half-twocleft. Stigmas reflected, two-cleft.

PER. Capfule roundish, three-lobed on the sides, three-cell'd, with each cell two-valved, the size of the calyx.

SEEDS solitary, egg'd, large.

Obs. Some species are petal-like, others petalless.

Of C. tinctorium (dyers) the Calyx is five-leaved. Petals five, lanced. Stamens eight, one-brotherhood. R.

C. lucidum (lucid): of the male the calyx is ten-leaved; Cornone. Stamens twelve.

Of the female the Calyx is five-leaved: Germ shaggy: Styles three,

fix-parted. R.

Tt 3 279. CU-

#### 279. CUPÁNIA. Plum. 19.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved, flat, permanent: the leaflets egg'd, acute.

Cor. Petals five, orbicular, less than the calyx, expanding.

STAM. Filaments five, coalesced, awl'd, the length of the corol.

Anthers roundish.

\* Female flowers.

CAL. as in the males.

COR. Petals three.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style very small, three-cleft. Stigmas obtuse.

PER. Capfule leathery, top-egg'd, three-cell'd, three-valved.

SEEDS fix, roundish: the Aril bell'd, notch'd, embracing the feed like a calyx.

Obs. I have not seen the flowers: from the drawings of Plumier, I judge them to be of the class one house; I know not the stamens.

# 1084. JATROPHA. \* Manihot Tournef. 438. Dill. elth. 173. Justievia Houst. A. A. Cassava.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth scarcely manifest.

Con. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Tube very fhort. Border five-parted: the divisions roundish, expanding, convex, concave beneath.

STAM. Filaments ten, awl'd, approximated in the middle, the five alternate ones shorter, erect, shorter than the corol. Anthers roundish, versatile.

PIST. a feeble rudiment is conceal'd in the bottom of the flower.

\* Female flowers on the same umbel with the male ones.

CAL. none.

Cor. five-petal'd, rofe-like.

Pist. Germ roundish, three-furrow'd. Styles three-two-cleft. Stigmas simple.

PER. Capfule roundish, three-grained, three-cell'd: the cells two-valved.

SEEDs folitary, roundish.

OBS. J. Urens (flinging) has nine creet flamens, of which the three interior are longer than the refl, to which (three) as many briftles correspond, each inserted into each filament near the base. A few species have in the male flowers a five-cleft Calyx and a five-petal'd Corol.

To J. Urens (flinging) there are now ascribed ten stamens. Syst. Veg. 723. R.

1085. RÍ-

# 1085. RÍCINUS. \* Tournef 307. Palma Christi. (Tick) Castor.

\* Male Flowers.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted: the divisions egg'd, concave. Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments very numerous, thread-form, branch-wife coalesced below in various bodies. Anthers twin, roundish.

\* Female Flowers on the same plant with the males.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, three-parted: (the divisions egg'd, concave), deciduous.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg'd, covered with awl'd corpuscles. Styles three, two-parted. erect-expanding, hispid. Stigmas simple.

Per. Capfule roundish. three-furrow'd, every where prickly, three-cell'd, three-valved.

SEEDS folitary, somewhat egg'd.

#### 1086. STERCÚLIA. +

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, one-leaved, very large, leathery, flat: the divisions lanced.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments fifteen (about), very short, coalesced below into a column, shorter by half than the calyx. Anthers egg'd.

\* Female flowers on the same plant.

CAL, as in the males.

Cor. none.

Pisr. Germ globular, shaggy, girt with a coronet from rudiments of the filaments, sitting on a column shorter than the calyx. Style thread-form, the length of the germ.

Per. orbicular, depress'd, oftner five-cell'd: the cells bursting, boat-

form:

SEEDS Nucleuses oval, many, fitting on the margin of the cells.

1088. HIP-

### 1088. HIPPOMANE. † Loefling. Mancinella Plum. 30. Manchineel.

\* Male flowers in a terminal ament.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, two-cleft, top-shape, obtuse, very small. Cor. none.

STAM. Filament one, the length of the calyx. Anthers two, two-parted.

\* Female flower folitary, terminal, on the fame plant.

CAL. Perianth three-cleft, small, falling off.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd, large. Style none. Stigma three-parted, two-cleft, acute, reflected.

PER. Drupe globular, very large, one-cell'd, with permanent stigmas, or a three-grained capsule.

Seed A Nut woody, irregular, excavated with pits and warts, or very fmooth.

OBS. Of H. Mancinella the fruit, as in the character.

The rest of the species has three-grain'd fruit.

#### 1279. STILLÍNGIA. \* Autore Alex. Garden.

\* Male Flowers digested in an amentaceous spike.

CAL. Perianth many flower'd, (7-flower'd), leathery, hemispheric, pitcher'd, most intire.

Cor. one-petal'd, pipe-funnel-form, gradually enlarging, much narrower than the calyx: the mouth undivided, fringe-form.

STAM. Filaments two, thread-form, twice as long as the corol, divaricated at the top, flightly coalesced at the base. Anthers kidney-form, twin.

\* Female flowers few, at the base of the same spike.

CAL. Perianth one-flower'd, the rest as in the males.

Cor. above.

Pist. Germ roundish, between the calyx and the corol. Style threadform. Stigmas three, distinct, recurved.

Per. Capfule three-grained, rather top-shape, somewhat three-corner'd, three-cell'd, girt at the base with the enlarged calyx.

SEEDs folitary, oblong, nearly three-corner'd, cut off inward by the transverse hile.

1278. GNÉ-

1278. GNÉTUM.

Ament of Verticils remote, callous, thicken'd, supported under

by a partial Calycle.

A partial Calycle targetted, orbicular, flat, most intire, contains the sessile florets: the males beneath, the females above on the same verticil.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Scale egg'd, minute, colour'd.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filament one, thread-form, longer than the scale. Anthers double, connected.

\* Female flowers.

CAL. scale lacerated, rude.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg'd, immersed in the receptacle of the verticil, the length of the stamens. Style conic, short. Stigma three-cleft, acute.

PER. Drupe egg'd, one-cell'd. SEED A Nut oblong, striated.

Obs. Rumphius calls this two-house; my plant was one-house; I have also seen an Ament meerly masculine, sitting on a proper peduncle near the semale storet.

1087. HURA. \* Sand-box tree.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Ament from the divarication of the branches, oblong, bowing, covered with expanding, feffile florets; the scales oblong.

Perianth within each scale of the ament, cylindric, two-leaved, lop'd, very short.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments cylindric, rather longer than the calyx, targetted at the top, rigid, verticil'd twice or thrice with tubercles under the top. Anthers two, immersed in each tubercle, oval, two-cleft.

\* Female flower on the same plant.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, cylindric, furrow'd, lop'd, most intire,

closely surrounding the germ.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ roundish within the calyx. Style cylindric, long. Stigma large, funnel-form, flat-convex, coloured, twelve-cleft, obtufe, equal.

PER. woody, orbicular, or globe-depressed, brawny, with twelve furrows, twelve-cell'd: the cells bursting, moon'd, with an

elastic dagger at the top.

SEEDs folitary, compress'd, suborbicular, large.

X. CON-

# CONFEDERATE MALES. (Syngenéfia.)

1089. TRICHOSÁNTHES. \* Anguina Mich. 9.

(Hair-flower.) Serpent
Cucumber.

\* Male Flowers.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, club'd, very long, smooth: the mouth five-tooth'd, reflected, small.

Cor. five-parted, adjoined to the calyx, flat, expanding: the divisions egg-lanced, fringed: the hairs very long, branchy.

STAM. Filaments three, very fhort, at the top of the calyx. Anthers a cylindric, erect body every where covered with a dust-bearing line creeping upward and downward.

PIST. Styles three, very small, adjoined to the tube of the calyx.

\* Female flowers on the same plant with the male.

CAL. Perianth as in the male, above, deciduous.

Cor. as in the male.

Pist. Germ oblong, flender, beneath. Style thread-form, the length of the calyx. Stigmas three, oblong, awl'd, gaping.

PER. Pome oblong, three-cell'd, the cells remote.

SEEDs many, compress'd, obtuse, coated.

1090. MO-

1090. MOMÓRDICA. \* Tournef. 29. 30. Luffa Tournef. A. G. 1709. Dill. gen. 11. elth. 163. Elaterium Boerh. Male Balfam Apple. Spirting Cucumber.

- CAL. Perianth one-leaved, concave, five-cleft: the divisions lanced, expanded.
- Cor. five-parted, adjoined to the calyx, much expanded, large, veined, wrinkled.
- STAM. Filaments three, awl'd, fhort. Anthers on two filaments, two-cleft; ear'd on both fides, on the third fimple, ear'd on one fide only, confifting of a compress'd body, and a line dust-bearing, once reflected.
  - \* Female flowers on the same plant with the male ones.
- CAL. Perianth as in the male, above, deciduous.

Cor. as in the male.

STAM. none. Filaments three, very fhort, without anthers.

Pist. Germ beneath, large. Style one, round, three-cleft, columnar. Stigmas three, gibbous, oblong, looking outward.

PER. Pome dry, oblong, bursting with elastic force, three-cell'd: the cells membranous, foft, distant.

SEEDs many, compress'd.

<sup>\*</sup> Male Flowers.

# 33. Melopepo Tournef. 34. Gourd, Pumpion, Calabash.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, with a margin terminated by five awl'd teeth.

COR. five ways divided, adjoined to the calyx, bell'd: the divisions vein-wrinkled.

Nestary a gland in the center of the flower, concave, triangular.

STAM. Filaments three, converging, connected above, diffinct below, adjoined to the calyx. Anthers creeping upward and downward, linear.

\* Female Flowers.

CAL. Perianth as in the male, above, deciduous.

Cor. as in the male.

Nectary-bearing gland concave, expanding.

STAM. Margin furrounding, ending in three very short pikes.

PIST. Germ very large, beneath. Style conic, three-cleft at the top. Stigma one, creeping upward and down, with a thick convex margin, three-cleft.

PER. Pome three-cell'd: the cells membranous, foft, distinct.

SEEDs many, compress'd, tumid on the margin, obtuse, placed in a double order.

OBS. Cucurbita T. has feeds end-nick'd at the top.

Pepo T. has seeds girt by an intire tumid margin.

1092. CÚ-

1092. CÚCUMIS. \* Tournef. 31. Melo Tournef. 32. Colocynthis Tournef. Anguria Tournef. Coloquintida, Cucumber, Melon.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, with a margin terminated by five, awl'd teeth.

COR. five-parted, growing to the calyx: the divisions egg'd, vein-

wrinkled.

STAM. Filaments three, very short, inserted into the calyx, converging, of which two are two-cleft at the top. Anthers are lines creeping up and down, adjoined outwards. Receptacle three-corner'd, lop'd, in the center of the flower.

\* Female flowers on the same plant with the male ones.

CAL. Perianth as in the males, above, deciduous.

Cor. as in the males.

STAM. none. Filaments three, pointed, very small, without anthers. Pist. Germ beneath, large. Style cylindric, very short. Stigmas three, thick, gibbous, two-parted, turned outward.

PER. Pome three-cell'd: the cells membranous, foft, separate. SEEDs numerous, egg-acute, compress'd, placed in a double order.

### 1098. BRYÓNIA. \* Tournef. 28. White Bryony.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-tooth'd: the toothlets awl'd.
COR. five-parted, bell'd, adjoined to the calyx: the divisions egg'd.
STAM. Filaments three, very short. Anthers five, of which two are connected on each filament, one on the third filament.

\* Females on the fame plant with the males. CAL. Perianth as in the males, above, deciduous.

Cor. as in the males.

Pist. Germ beneath. Style three-cleft, the length of the expanding corol. Stigmas end-nick'd, expanded.

PER. Berry subglobular, polished.

SEEDs few, adjoined to the bark, somewhat egg'd.

OBS. B. dioca (two-house) of Jacquin differs in having two-house flowers. R.

1094. SI-

# 1094. SÍCYOS. \* Sycyoides Tournef. 28. Bryonioides Dill. elth. 51. Single-seeded Cucumber.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-tooth'd: the toothlets awl'd. COR. five-parted, bell'd, growing to the calyx: the divisions egg'd. STAM. Filaments three, coalesced. Anthers as many disjoined.

\* Female flowers on the same plant.

CAL. Perianth as in the male, above, deciduous.

Cor. as in the male.

Pist. Germ egg'd, beneath. Style cylindric. Stigma thickifh, three-cleft.

PER. Berry (Drupe) egg'd, befet with thorns, one-cell'd. SEED one, fomewhat egg'd.

# XI. FEMININE MALES. (Gynandria.)

# 1095. ANDRACHNE. \* Thelephioides Tournef. 365. Dill. elth. 282. False Orpine.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, equal, withering.

COR. Petals five, end-nick'd, slender, shorter than the calyx.

Nectary with five half-twocleft, herbaceous leaflets, one within each petal, lefs than the petal.

STAM. Filaments five, small, inferted into the rudiment of each style.

\* Female flowers on the same plant with the males.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, equal, permanent.

Cor. Petals none.

Nectary intirely as in the males.

Pist. Germ globular. Styles three, thread-form, half-twocleft. Stigmas globular.

PER. Capfule globe-threelobed, three-cell'd: the cells two-valved, the fize of the calyx.

SEEDS two, rounded on one fide, angular on the other, obtufe, three-corner'd.

OBS. It is allied to Clutia.

1320. AGY-

#### 1320. AGYNEIA. +

\* Male flowers below.

CAL. Perianth fix-leaved: the leaflets oblong, obtufe, equal, permanent.

Cor. none.

STAM. in the place of the Filaments a column shorter than the calyx.

Anthers three or four, adjoined to the column under its top, oblong.

\* Female flowers above on the same plant.

CAL. as in the males, ruder.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ the fize of the calyx, fomewhat egg'd, obtuse, perforated at the top with a fix-notch'd hole. Style none. Stigma none.

PER. Capfule three-grain'd?

SEED - -

OBS. It is most distinguished by the want of the style and stigma.

#### C L A S S XXII.

### TWOHOUSES.

ophophadia opedes (Dioécia.)

The character of the class Two-Houses consists in the male or female flowers being placed on a separate plant.

All the plants of this class are males or females.

Therefore in every species of this class there is a male and female; but no Hermaphrodite or Androgynous plants.

Here the difference of Sex is individual, exactly as in animals.

The males therefore are produced from feeds in this class.

The females therefore in the absence of the males are unable to propagate their species, as the examples of exotic plants in our gardens testify.

If of the plants in the same species one is male or female, but another hermaphrodite, they relate to the following class.

Indeed there are many species which are males and semales, yet cannot have a place here, because not all, of the same genus, are distinct in sex. E. gr. Morus, Urtica, Rumex, Silene, Phylica, Salix, Acer, Spiræa, Rubus, Guilandina, Gypsophila, Napæa, Clematis, Thalictrum, Gnaphalium, Carex, Valeriana, Rhamnus, Lychnis.

It is fingular, that no fpecies diffinct in fex has yet been observed, as far as is known, among the rough-leaved plants of Ray, or the classes, Two Powers, Four Powers, and Two Brotherhoods, the reason of which is evident on inspecting the structures of the flowers.

TWO

### TWO HOUSES.

(Dioécia.)

#### I. ONE MALE.

(Monandria.)

1430 Pandanus. Keúra.

1096 Náias. Phelypæa.

II. TWO MALES. (Diandria.)

1097 Vallisnéria.

1099 Cecropia. 1098 Sálix.

III. THREE MALES. (Triandria.)

1100 Émpetrum.

1101 Ofýris.

1431 Mába.

1331 Réstio.

1102 Excoecária.

1280 Caturus.

IV. FOUR MALES. (Tetrandria.)

1103 Tróphis.

1104 Bátis.

1105 Viscum.

1432 Montinia.

1106 Hippóphäe.

1107 Myrica. Brucéa.

> V. FIVE MALES. (Pentandria.)

1108 Pistácia.

1109 Zanthóxylum.

1111 Astrónium.

1281 Canárium.

1110 Antidésma.

1113 Iréfine.

1112 Spinácia.

1114 Acnida.

1115 Cánnabis.

1116 Humulus.

1117 Zanónia. 1118 Feuilléa.

VI. SIX MALES. (Hexandria.)

1119 Tamus.

1120 Smílax.

1121 Raiána-

1122 Dioscoréa.

VII. EIGHT MALES.

(Octandria.)

1123 Pópulus.

1124 Rhodíola.

1433 Margaritária.

VIII. NINE MALES. (Enneandria.)

1125 Mercuriális.

1126 Hydrócharis.

IX. TEN MALES. (Decandria.)

1127 Cárica.

1128 Kiggelária.

1130 Schinus.

1129 Coriária.

X. TWELVE MALES.
(Dodecandria.)

1348 Eucléa.

1132 Datisca.

1133 Menispérmum.

XI. TWENTY MALES.

(Icofandria.)
Flacoúrtia.

XII. MANY MALES.

(Polyandria.)

1133 Cliffórtia.

1434 Hedycárya. XIII.ONE BROTHERHOOD.

(Monadelphia.)

1134 Juníperus.

1135 Táxus.

1136 Éphedra.

1138 Cissámpelos.

838 Napœa.

1137 Adélia.

XIV. CONF. MALES.

(Syngenefia.)

1139 Ruscus.

XV. FEMIN. MALES.

(Gynandria.)

1140 Clútia.

# 1430. PANDÁNUS. Rumph. amb. Athrodactylis Forst. gen. n. 75. S.

The male and female flowers on different plants.

\* Male: Spathe none. Thyrse compound, from the axils of the leaves, naked.

CAL. none.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments none, but the ultimate ramifications of the thyrse are terminated by the anther. Anther sessible, oblong, acute, erect, longitudinally slit.

\* Female.

CAL. none.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germs numerous, aggregate, feffile, attenuated inwardly, fiveangled, convex at the top, smooth. Style none. Stigmas two, hearted, margined.

PER. Fruit globular, large, composed of

Drupes wedge-shape, angular, aggregate, farinaceous, one-feeded.

SEEDs folitary, oval, polish'd.

### KEURA. Thunb. nov. gen. p. 25.

Male and female flowers terminal, separate on a different tree.

\* Male.

CAL. and Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments scatter'd, solitary in a most branching panicle.

Anthers linear, acute. erect.

\* Female.

CAL. and COR. none, except bractes separating the germs. Brattes between the germs, line-lanced, shorter than the germs.

Pist. Germs aggregate, feffile, 5-angled, convex, smooth. Style none. Stigmas two, seldom one, hearted, margin'd.

PER. Nuts inverse-egg'd, attenuated beneath, 5-angled, smooth.

#### 1096. NAIAS. + Fluvialis Vaill. A. G. 1719. t. 1. f. 2. Mich. 8.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, lop'd at the base, cylindric, attenuated above: the mouth with two opposite reslected divisions.

COR. one-petal'd, equal. Tube the length of the calyx. Border five-parted: the divisions oblong, revolute.

STAM. Filament none. Anther oblong, erect.

\* Female.

CAL. none.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germs egg'd, ending in an attenuated Style. Stigmas simple, permanent.

PER. Capfule egg'd, one-cell'd.

SEEDS egg-oblong.

#### PHELYPÉA. Thunb. nov. gen. p. 91.

CAL. none, except the leafy opposite Bractes.

COR. 6-parted, converging: the divisions roundish, very obtuse, concave, rather hairy outwards on the back, smooth within, bearded at the base, fringe-notch'd on the margin, slender.

STAM. Filament fingle, erect, very thick, shorter than the corol, fimilar to the style, inserted on the middle of the receptacle. Anther egg'd, club'd, fimilar to the stigma, dust-bearing. Dust pale. Receptacle bearded, perforated by fix nectareous pores running from the divisions of the corol.

CAL. none.

Cor. one-petal'd, cloathing the capfule, 6-parted: Tube very short: the divisions of the border scarcely conjoin'd above the germ, oblong, obtufe, concave, erect, perforated within at the base by a nectareous decurrent pit, bearded.

PIST. Germ above, or inclosed in the bottom of the corol, bearded. Style very thick, smooth. Stigma headed, rather navel'd, stri-

ated, rather obliquely lop'd.

PER. Capfule columnar, thick, subcompress'd, obtuse, furrow'd, fmooth, seven-valved, seven-cell'd. Column thick in the middle with an oblong star.

SEEDS many.

II. TWO

# II. TWO MALES. (Diandria.)

### 1097. VALLISNÉRIA. † Mich. 10. Vallisneroides Mich. 10.

\* Male.

CAL. Common Spathe two-parted: the divisions oblong, two-cleft, reflected.

Common spadix compress'd, every where covered with flowers digested in a spike.

Cor. one-petal'd, three-parted. Tube none: the divisions inverse-egg'd, most expanded and restlected.

STAM. Filaments two, erect, the length of the corol. Anthers simple.

\* Female.

CAL. Spathe one-flower'd, cylindric, long: the mouth two-cleft, erect.

Perianth three-parted, expanding, above: the divisions egg'd.

Cor. Petals three, linear, very narrow, lop'd, rather shorter than the calyx.

Nectary an expanding pike, placed beneath each stigma.

PIST. Germ cylindric, beneath, long. Style scarcely any. Stigma three-parted: the divisions half-two-cleft, oval, convex, longer than the calyx, expanding, pubescent above.

PER. Capfule cylindric, long, one-capfuled, one-cell'd. SEEDS numerous, egg'd, affixed to the fide of the capfule.

Obs. The Male Vallifineroides M. displays under water, a floral spike from a very short scape: presently the florets are separated from the plant, swim, open and wander, flourishing remote from the plant on the surface of the water.

The Female (Vallisneria M.) with a short scape spirally contorted, conceals its fructification under water: the wreathe being at length

relaxed, the flower rifes to the surface of the water.

1099. CECRÓPIA. + Loef. 272. Coilotopalus Brown.

#### \* Male.

CAL. fpathe egg'd, burfting, falling off, containing

Aments numerous, fascicled, columnar, imbricated with scales:

The scales (Receptacles) copious, top-shape, fourcorner-compress'd, obtuse, with a double perforation.

Cor. none, unless you name the scales nectaries.

5TAM. Filaments two, capillary, very short from the perforations of the scales. Anthers oblong, four-corner'd.

#### \* Female.

CAL. Spathe

Aments four, columnar, imbricated with germs.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germs many, imbricated, fourcorner-compress'd, obtuse. Styles folitary, very short. Stigmas rather headed, lacerated.

PER. Berry the form of the germ, one-cell'd, one-feeded, SEED oblong, compress'd.

### 1098. SALIX. \* Tournef. 364. Willow. Sallow.

\* Male.

CAL. Common Ament oblong, every way imbricated (conftructed of an involucre from the bud), confifting of Scales one-flower'd, oblong, flat, expanding.

Cor. Petals none.

Nectary a gland cylindric, very fmall, lop'd, meliferous, in the center of the flower.

STAM. Filaments two, straight, thread-form, longer than the calyx.

Anthers twin, four-cell'd,

#### \* Female.

CAL. Ament as in the male.

Scales as in the male.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd, attenuated into a flyle scarcely distinct, rather longer than the scales of the calyx. Stigmas two, two-cleft, erect.

Per. Capfule egg-awl'd, one-cell'd, two-valved: the valvelets revolute.

SEEDs numerous, egg'd, very small, crowned with a simple shaggy pappus.

OBS. There are species, whose males are furnish'd with three or five stamens of unequal length.

S. hermaphroditica (hermaphrodite) alone is known to us by hermaphrodite two-male flowers.

That the individuals of the willow change fex, and produce one year male, and another female flowers is a fiction.

S. purpurea (purple) bears one-male flowers. R.

# III. THREE MALES. (Triandria.)

### 1100. ÉMPETRUM. \* Tournef. 421. Black-berry'd Heath. Cow-berry.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth three-parted: the divisions egg'd, permanent.

Cor. Petals three, egg-oblong, narrower at the base, larger than the calyx, withering.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary, very long, propendent. Anthers erect, thort, two-parted.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth as in the male.

Cor. as in the male.

PIST. Germ depress'd. Style scarcely any. Stigmas nine, reflexexpanding.

PER. Berry orbicular, depress'd, one-cell'd, larger than the calyx. SEEDS nine, placed jointwise in an orb, gibbous on one side, angular on the other.

OBS. I formerly faw an Hermaphrodite, which I have not fince observed.

#### 1101. OSYRIS. \* Casia Tournef. 488. Poet's Cassia.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, three-cleft, top-shape: the divisions equal, egg'd, acute.

COR. none, except a three-fold nectary-bearing margin.

STAM. Filaments three, very short. Anthers roundith, small. \* Female.

CAL. Perianth as in the male, above, permanent, very small.

Cor. none as in the male.

Pist. Germ top-shape, beneath. Style the length of the stamens. Stigma three-parted, expanding.

PER. Berry globular, one-cell'd, navel'd.

SEED A small globular Bone filling the pericarp.

OBS. The Stigma is faid to be roundish in Syst. Veg. 737.

1331. RÉS-

### 1331. RÉSTIO.

\* Male.

CAL. fpike egg'd, every way imbricated with fcales membranous, egg'd, one-flower'd.

Cor. proper: Petals fix, egg-oblong, subequal, shorter than the scales of the calyx, membranous, permanent.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers oblong, erect.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. as in the male.

Pist. Germ beneath, roundish, fix-furrow'd. Styles three, awl'd, erect, permanent. Stigmas thread-form, withering.

Per. Carfule roundifh, fix-plaited: (the plaits approximated in pairs), beaked with converging ftyles, three-cell'd.

SEEDs few, cylinder-oblong, obtuse.

OBS. Cl. Rottbóll acknowledges for the calyx the three exterior petals, tho' they differ not only in their form, but also in their fabric as well as texture, from the three interior ones. Vid. ejusd. descript. & ic. plant. rar. Lib. 1. p. 2. R.

#### 1431. MABA. Forst. gen. n. 61. S.

\* Males.

CAL. Perianth three-cleft beyond the middle: the divisions oblong, parallel, channel'd.

Cor. one-petal'd, tubular, most villous without, longer than the calyx. Border three-cleft: the divisions thickish, erect.

STAM. Filaments three, very short. Anthers erect, egg'd.

PIST. none.

\* Female flowers on a distinct plant.

CAL. Perianth as in the male.

Cor. unknown.

Pist. not seen.

PER. Drupe above, egg'd, oblong, two-cell'd: the cells two-feeded.

SEEDS Nuts two, oblong, three-fided.

1102. EX-

### 1102. EXCOECÁRIA. Rumph.

\* Male.

CAL. Ament cylindric, covered with flowers.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments three, thread-form. Anthers roundish.

\* Female.

CAL. Ament as in the male.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ roundish, somewhat three-sided. Styles three. Stigmas simple.

PER. Berry (Capfule) three-grained, smooth, the cells ploughed with a furrow.

SEEDS folitary, smooth.

#### 1280. CATURUS.

\* Male.

CAL. none.

Cor. one-petal'd, tubular, half-threecleft: the divisions egg'd, concave, acute, permanent.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary, longer than the corol. Anthers roundish.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth three-parted: the leaflets egg'd, flat, permanent.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ villous. Styles three, long, feather-manycleft, colour'd. Stigmas acute.

PER. Capfule roundish, three-grained, three-cell'd.

SEEDs folitary, round.

OBS. I faw the male flowers less distinctly.

# IV. FOUR MALES. (Tetrandria.)

# 1103. TRÓPHIS. + Brown. Bucephalon gen. pl. ed. VI. p. 575. (Ox-bead.)

\* Male.

CAL. none.

Cor. Petals four, obtuse, expanding.

STAM. Filaments four, capillary, longer than the corol.

\* Female on a separate plant.

CAL. one-leaved, very small, closely cloathing the germ.

Cor. none..

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, two-parted. Stigmas adjoined.

PER. Berry substriated, wrinkled, one-cell'd.

SEED one, subglobular.

OBS. The female flower has no calyx. S. V. 739.

### 1104. BATIS. † Brown. Jacq. amer. 260.

\* Male.

CAL. Ament pyramidal, the fcales one-flower'd four ways imbricated.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments four, erect, longer than the scales of the ament.

Anthers oblong, twin, incumbent.

\* Female on a separate plant.

CAL. Ament common, fleshy, containing some florets globed in an egg d body, quadrangular: the involucre two-leaved.

COR. none.

Pist. Germ quadrangular, adjoined to the ament. Style none. Stigma two-lobed, obtuse, villous.

PER. Berry conjoined with the rest, one-cell'd.

SEEDs four, triangular, pointed.

1105. VÍS-

### 1105. VÍSCUM. \* Tournef. 380. Misletoe.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth four-parted: the leaflets egg'd, equal.

Cor. none.

STAM. four. Filaments none. Anthers oblong, pointed, each adjoined to each calyx-leaflet.

\* Female oftner opposite to the male.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, small, sessile, deciduous, sitting on the germ.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ oblong, three-corner'd, obscurely crowned with a fourcleft margin, beneath. Style none. Stigma obtuse, scarcely end-nick'd.

PER. Berry globular, one-cell'd, polish'd.

SEED one, hearted, compress'd, obtuse, fleshy.

#### 1432. MONTÍNIA. S.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth above, four-tooth'd, very short, erect. Cor. Petals four, egg'd, most obtuse, expanding. STAM. Filaments four. Anthers.

\* Female on a distinct individual.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. as in the male.

STAM. Filaments without anthers.

PIST. Germ beneath, retuse. Style cylindric, two-cleft, shorter than the corol. Stigmas kidney-form.

PER. Capfule egg'd, oblong, two-cell'd, gaping longitudinally. SEEDS many, imbricated, egg'd, depress'd, winged with a margin.

3109. HIP-

BRU-

### 1106. HIPPOPHAE. \* Rhamnoides Tournef. 481. Sea Buckthorn.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, two-parted, two-valved, with an intire bottom: the divisions roundish, obtuse, concave, erect, the tops converging; the sides gaping.

n none.

STAM. Filaments four, very short. Anthers oblong, angular, nearly the length of the calix.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, egg-oblong, tubular, club'd, (with a two-cleft mouth), deciduous.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ roundish, small. Style simple, very short. Stigma thickish, oblong, erect, twice as long as the calyx.

PER. Berry globular, one-cell'd.

SEED one, roundish.

# 1107. MYRÍCA. \* Gale Tournef. A. G. 1706. t. 3. Dill. gen. 10. Candle-berry Myrtle. Sweet Gale.

\* Male.

CAL. Ament egg-oblong, every where imbricated, loose, consisting of Scales one-flower'd, mooned, obtusely pointed, concave.

Proper Perianth none.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments four, (rarely fix), thread-form, short, erect. Anthers large, twin, with two-cleft lobes.

\* Female.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ fomewhat egg'd. Styles two, thread-form, longer than the calyx. Stigmas fimple.

PER. Berry one-cell'd.

SEED one.

OBS. This genus has a very great affinity with Pistacia.

M. Gale has four stamens. The Berry dry, or a leathery crust, compress'd at the top, three-lob'd.

M. cerifera (wax-bearing) J. B. has oftner six stamens, the Fruit a succulent, globular Berry.

### BRUCÉA. L'Heritier. Stirpes novœ. Fasc. 1.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth (if you please) 4-leaved, or absolutely 4-parted, flat, villous: leastest or divisions line-lanced, acute, expanding.

Cor. Petals four, line-lanced, acute, fringed, expanding, inferted between the divisions of the calyx beneath the nectary, scarcely larger than the calyx.

Nestary a flat body, placed on the receptacle, obtusely four-lobed; the lobes broad, rather end-nick'd, opposite the petals.

STAM. Filaments four, erect, thort, opposite the calyx, inserted on the receptable between the lobes of the nectary. Anthers roundish, four-corner'd, two-cell'd, blushing.

Pist. none.

#### \* Female.

CAL. and COR. as in the male.

Nectary the interior margin of the receptacle thicken'd, obtufely four-lobed: the lobes broad, end-nick'd.

STAM. Filaments four, antherless, inserted on the sides of the receptacle on the outside of the interstices of the nectary, threadform, thicker towards the top, acutish, blushing, rather shorter than the petals.

Pist. Germs four, above, egg'd, rather compress'd inwards, smooth.

Styles awl'd, reflected, appress'd to the germs. Stigmas simple, acute.

PER.

SEEDS folitary.

V. FIVE MALES.

(Pentandria.)

1108. PISTÁCIA. \* Terebinthus Tournef. 345. (Turpentine-tree.) Pistacia-nut.

\* Male.

CAL. Ament loose, scattered, consisting of small one-flower'd scales. Proper Perianth five-cleft, very small.

STAM. Filaments five, very small. Anthers egg'd, four-corner'd, erect, expanded, large.

\* Female.

CAL. Ament none. Perianth three-cleft, very small.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd, larger than the calyx. Styles three, reflected. Stigmas thickish, hispid.

PER. Drupe dry, egg'd.

SEED a Nut egg'd, smooth. I have been

OBS. Terebinthus T. has feather'd leaves with an odd one. Lentiscus '\Gamma. has feather'd leaves without an odd one.

1109. ZANTHÓXYLUM. (Yellow-wood) + Colden Fagara du Hamel. Tootbach-tree.

CAL. Perianth five-parted: the leaflets oval, erect, colour'd.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments oftner five, awl'd, erect, longer than the calyx. Anthers twin, roundish, furrow'd.

\* Female.

CAL, as in the male.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ roundish, ending in an awl'd style, longer than the calyx. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Capfule oblong, one-cell'd, two-valved.

SEED one, roundish, smooth.

OBS. I have borrow'd the Pistil and Fruit from Duhamel, but Colden mentions Pistils 4-6 fenced at the base with a pedicel.

CAL. five-cleft, colour'd, very small. Petals five, egg'd. Stamens five, the length of the petals.

PIST. Germ twin, roundish. Styles two, very small. Stigmas acute. Gron. virg. 47. Inspection must determine it.

In Syst. Veg. p. 741. Pistils five, and Capsules five, one-seeded are now ascribed to this genus. Brown also draws the character in another manner. R. 111. A S.

### 1111. ASTRONIUM. Jacq. amer. 261.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, colour'd, small: the leastest egg'd, concave, obtuse, spreading.

COR. Petals five, egg'd, most obtuse, flat, most expanding.

Nectary with glands five, roundish, very small, in the disk of the slower.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, expanding, the length of the corol.

Anthers oblong, incumbent.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, colour'd: the leaflets oblong, concave, obtuse, converging.

Cor. Petals five, rather egg'd, obtuse, concave, erect, less than the

calyx, permanent.

PIST. Germ egg'd, obtuse. Styles three, short, reflected. Stigmas somewhat headed.

PER. none. Calyx increased, colour'd, its leastets at first expanded in a pendulous star, at length dismissing the seed.

SEED one, oval, the length of the calyx, lactefcent.

#### 1281. CANARIUM.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, permanent.

Cor. Petals three, oblong, calyx-form.

STAM. Filaments five, very fhort. Anthers oblong, the length of the petals.

\* Female.

CAL. as in the male : with reflected leaflets.

Cor. as in the male.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style scarcely any. Stigma headed, three-corner'd.

PER. Drupe dry, egg'd, pointed, girt at the base with a notch'd membrane.

SEED a Nut egg'd, three-corner'd, acute.

1110. AN-

#### iiio. ANTIDÉSMA. + Burm.

#### \* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved : the leastets obongish, concave.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, longer than the calyx, equal.

Anthers roundish, half-twocleft.

#### \* Female on a separate individual.

CAL. as in the male, permanent, asserte gillem a

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style none. Stigmas five, obtuse. PER. Berry cylindric, one-cell'd, crowned with stigmas.

#### 1113. IRESINE. + Brown.

#### \* Male.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved, very fmall, acute, gloffy. Cor. Petals five, feffile, lanced, erect.

Nessary of scales five, with the stamens interposed.

STAM. Filaments five, erect. Anthers roundish.

#### \* Female.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. as in the male.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style none. Stigmas two, roundish.

PER. Capfule oblong-egg'd.

SEEDS few, downy.

1112. SPI-

#### 1112. SPINACIA. \* Tournef. 308. Spinach.

\* Maie.

CAL. Perianth five-parted: the divisions concave, oblong, obtuse. Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, longer than the calyx. Anthers ob-

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, four-cleft, acute: (the two opposite divisions very small), permanent.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ round-compress'd. Styles four, capillary. Stigmas simple. PER. none, the Calyx becomes coalesced, indurated.

SEED one, roundish, covered.

Obs. The fruit is sometimes round, sometimes two-horned, sometimes four-horned.

#### 1114. ACNÍDA. † Acnide Mitch.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, concave, acute, membranous on the margin.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very fhort. Anthers versatile, two-cell'd, forked at both ends.

\* Female on a separate plant.

CAL. Involucre many-leaved, linear, deciduous.

Perianth two-leaved, linear, very small, permanent.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Styles five, long, reflected, pubefcent. Stigmas fimple.

PER Fruit egg'd, compress'd, many-angled, furrow'd, covered with a fucculent calyx.

SEED folitary, round, compress'd.

1115. CAN-

### 1115. CANNABIS. \* Tournef. 308. Hemp.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-parted: the leaflets oblong, point-obtuse, concave.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers oblong, fourcorner'd.

#### \* Female.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, oblong, pointed, gaping longitudinally on one side, permanent.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ very small, Styles two, awl'd, long. Stigmas acute. PER very small, Calyx straitly closed.

SEED a Nut globe-depress'd, two-valved.

### 1116. HUMULUS. \* Lupulus Tournef. 309. Will i donibut Hope

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets oblong, concave, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments five, capillary, very short. Anthers oblong.

#### \* Female.

CAL. Universal Involucre four-cleft, acute : the partial one four-leaved. egg'd, eight-flower'd, of each flower of which the Perianth is one-leaved, egg'd, very large, flat without on one fide, converging at the base.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ very small. Styles two, awl'd, reflex-expanded. Stigmas

PER. none. Calyx including the feed at the base.

SEED roundish, covered with a coat.

#### 1117. ZANÓNIA. 🕆

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, spreading, shorter than the corol.

Cor. one-petal'd, five-parted, expanding: the divisions pointed, inflected, equal.

STAM. Filaments five, expanding, the length of the calyx. Anthers fimple.

\* Female on a distinct plant.

CAL. Perianth as in the male, fitting on the germ.

Cor. as in the male.

PIST. Germ oblong, beneath. Styles three, expanding, conic, reflected, permanent. Stigmas two-cleft, curled.

PER. Berry long, very large, lop'd, attenuated at the base, girt towards the top with a curled suture, three-cell'd.

1118. FEUILLÉA. † Nhandiroba Plum. 27.

SEEDs two, oblong-round, flat, in the center of a lanced scale.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth bell'd, one-leaved, half-fivecleft, rounded below, expanding above.

Cor. one-petal'd, wheel'd. Border half-fivecleft: the divisions convex, rounded; the navel closed with a double star, respecting the motion of the sun, and with the alternate rays longer.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd. Anthers twin, roundish.

Nectary with filaments five, compress'd, incurved, alternating with the stamens.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth as in the male flower, but big with a germ at the base. Cor. as in the male flower: the far of the navel furnish'd from five hearted folds.

Pist. Germ beneath. Styles five, thread-form. Stigmas hearted. Per. Berry very large, fleshy, with a hard bark, egg'd, obtuse, three-cell'd, girt with the calyx.

SEEDS compress'd, orbicular.

VI. SIX

# VI. SIX MALES. (Hexandria.)

1119. TAMUS. \* Tamnus Tournef. 28. Black Bryony.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth fix-parted: the leaflets egg-lanced, more expanding above.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments fix, fimple, shorter than the calyx. Anthers erect.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, fix-parted, bell'd, expanding: (the divifions lanced), above, deciduous.

COR. Petals none.

Nectaries: an oblong point adjoined internally to the base of each

division of the calyx.

Pist. Germ egg-oblong, large, fmooth, beneath. Style cylindric, the length of the calyx. Stigmas three, reflected, end-nick'd, acute.

Per. a Berry egg'd, three-cell'd.

SEEDs two, globular.

### 1120. SMÍLAX. \* Tournef. 421. Rough Bindweed.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth fix-leaved, bell-expanding: the leaflets oblong, approximated at the base, reslected at the top, spreading.

COR. none: unless you adopt the calyx. STAM. Filaments six, simple. Anthers oblong.

\* Female.

CAL. as in the male, deciduous.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Styles three, very small. Stigmas oblong, reflected, pubescent.

flected, pubescent.
PER. Berry globular, three-cell'd.

SEEDs two, globular.

X x 3 1121. RA-

#### 1121. RAJANIA. + Jan-Raja Plum. 29.

CAL. Perianth fix-parted, bell'd: the leaflets oblong, pointed, more expanding above.

COR. none.

STAM. Filaments fix, bristly, shorter than the calyx. Anthers simple.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, fix-parted, bell'd, fitting on the germ, permanent, withering.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ-bearing, compress'd, augmented with a prominent margin on one side. Styles three, the length of the calyx. Stigmas obtuse.

PER. Fruit roundish, augmented by a wing very large, obtuse, affixed on one side, but so inspected as nearly to surround the whole fruit.

SEEDS folitary, roundish.

#### 1122. DIOSCORÉA. \* Plum. gen. 26.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, fix-parted: the divisions lanced, expanding, above.

Cor. none: unless you adopt the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fix, capillary, very short. Anthers simple.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth as in the male.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ very small, three-corner'd. Styles three, simple. Stigmas simple.

PER. Capfule large, triangular, three-cell'd, three-valved.

SEEDS two, compress'd, girt with a large membranous margin.

VII. EIGHT

# VII. E I G H T M A L E S. (Octandria.)

1123. POPULUS. \* Tournef. 365. Poplar, Ta-

\* Male.

CAL. Common Ament oblong, loofely imbricated, cylindric, confifting of Scales one-flower'd, oblong, flat, lacerated on the margin.

COR. Petals none.

Nectary one-leaved, top-shape below, tubular, obliquely terminated above in an egg'd border.

STAM. Filaments eight, of all the shortest. Anthers four-corner'd, large.

\* Female.

CAL. Ament as in the male.

Scales as in the male.

Cor. Petals none.

Nectaries as in the male.

Pist. Germegg-pointed. Style scarcely manifest. Stigma four-cleft.

PER. Capsule egg'd, two-cell'd, two-valved: the valvelets reflected.

SEEDs numerous, egg'd, flying with a capillary Pappus.

Obs. The Author now assumes the Nectary for the Corol. Syst. Veg. p. 745. R.

X x 4 1124. RHO-

### 1124. RHODÍOLA. \* Rose-root.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth four-parted, concave, erect, obtuse, permanent.

COR. Petals four, oblong, obtuse, erect-expanding, twice as long as the calyx, deciduous.

Nectaries four, erect, end-nick'd, shorter than the calyx. STAM. Filaments eight, awl'd, longer than the corol. Anthers simple. PIST. Germs four, oblong, pointed. Styles and Stigmas obscure.

PER. abortive.

SEEDS

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth as in the male.

COR. Petals four, rude, erect, obtuse, equal with the calyx, permanent. Nectaries as in the male.

PIST. Germs four, oblong, pointed, ending in straight simple syles. Stigmas obtuse.

PER. Capfules four, horned, gaping inward.

SEEDS numerous, roundish.

OBS. There are said to be no petals in the feminine plants in Syst. Veg. 745. altho' there are certainly four obscure ones. R.

#### 1433. MARGARITARIA. S.

\* Males very numerous on a distinct individual.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, four-tooth'd, minute, permanent.

COR. Petals four, roundish, inserted into the calyx.

STAM. Filaments eight, briftly, spreading, longer, inserted into the

receptacle. Anthers roundish, small.
Pist. Germ above, roundish. Style bristly, the length of the stamens. Stigma obtuse.

\* Females on a distinct individual.

CAL. as in the male, permanent.

Cor. as in the male.

PIST. Germ globular, above. Styles four or five, thread-form. Stigmas simple, permanent.

PER. Berry globular: with spreading short Ayles.

SEED an Aril four or five-grain'd, four or five-cell'd, cartilaginous, very gloffy: Grains globular, two-valved: Seeds egg'd, compress'd within.

OBS. The Calyx is always four-cleft. Styles and Arils four or five.

VIII.

# VIII. N I N E M A L E S. (Enneandria.)

1125. MERCURIÁLIS. \* Tournef. 308. Mercury.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth three-parted: the divisions egg-lanced, concave, expanding.

Cor. none: unless you adopt the calyx.

STAM. Filaments nine or twelve, capillary, straight, the length of the calyx. Anthers globular, twin.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth as in the male.

Cor. none.

Nectaries: Points two, awl'd, one on each fide of the germ, impress'd with a furrow of the germ.

PIST. Germ roundish, compress'd, plough'd on each side with a furrow, hispid. Styles two, reslected, horned, hispid. Stigmas acute, reslected.

PER. Capfule roundish, bag-form, twin, two-cell'd.

SEEDs folitary, roundish.

OBS. M. ambigua (ambiguous) and afra (african) is one-house.

1126. HY-

Morsus Ranæ Tournef. A. G. 1705. t. 4. Microleuconymphæa (small white nymphæa.)
Boerh. 232. Frog's bit.

\* Male.

CAL. Spathe three-flower'd, two-leaved, oblong.

Perianth proper, three-leaved: the leaflets egg-oblong, concave, membranous on the margin.

Cor. Petals three, roundish, flat, large.

STAM. Filaments nine, awl'd, erect, disposed in three orders, of which the intermediate order protrudes an awl'd stipe from its interior base, like a style, and places it in the center. The two other orders are connected at the base, so that the internal and external filament cohere. Anthers simple.

Pist. a rudiment of the Germ in the center.

\* Female.

CAL. Spathe none, flowers folitary.

Perianth as in the male, above.

Con. as in the male.

Pist. Germ roundish, beneath. Styles six, the length of the calyx, compress'd, two-cleft-channel'd. Stigmas two-cleft, pointed.

PER. Capfule leathery, roundish, fix-cell'd.

SEEDs numerous, very small, roundish.

IX. TEN

# IX. TEN MALES. (Decandria.)

## 1127. CARICA. Papaya Tournef. 441. Papaw.

\* Male.

CAL. scarcely manifest

Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Tube flender, very long, gradually narrower downward. Border five-parted: the divisions lance-lined, obtuse, revolute obliquely in a spire.

STAM. Filaments ten, in the top of the tube of the corol, of which

the five alternate ones are inferior. Anthers oblong.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth very small, five-tooth'd, permanent.

Cor. five-petal'd. Petals lance-linear, obtuse at both ends, very long, erect below the middle, above the middle retroflected outward and downward.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style scarcely any. Stigmas five, oblong, flatexpanding, broader outward, lop'd at the top, notch'd.

Per. Berry very large, angular with five-furrows, one-cell'd.

SEEDs numerous, egg'd, plough'd with furrows, coated.

#### 1128. KIGGELÁRIA. \*

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, concave: the divisions lanced, concave.

Cor. Petals five, lanced, concave, rather longer than the calyx, and with it forming a pitcher'd figure.

Nectary: Glands obtufely lobed with the middle lobe larger, deprefs'd, colour'd, one adjoined to the claw of each petal.

STAM. Filaments ten, very small. Anthers oblong, shorter than the callyx, gaping at the tops with two perforations.

\* Female.

CAL. as in the male.

COR as in the male.

PIST. Germ roundish. Styles five, simple. Stigmas obtuse.

PER. Capfule leathery, globular, rugged, one-cell'd, five-valved.

SEEDs numerous, roundish, angular on one side, cloathed with a proper coat.

1130. SCHÍ-

#### 1130. SCHÍNUS. \* Molle Tournef. Indian Mastick. \* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, expanding, acute.

Cor. Petals five, oval, expanding, petioled.

STAM. Filaments ten, thread-form, the length of the corol, expanding. Anthers roundish.

PIST. a Rudiment without a stigma.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, acute, permanent.

Cor. Petals five, oblong, expanding, petioled.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style none. Stigmas three, egg'd,

PER. Berry globular, three-cell'd.

SEEDS folitary, globular.

#### 1129. CORIÁRIA. \* Nissol A. G. 1711. t. 12. Dill. gen. 12. Myrtle Sumach.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, very fhort: the leaflets somewhat egg'd, concave.

COR. Petals five, very fimilar to the calyx, connected.

STAM. Filaments ten, the length of the corol. Anthers oblong, two-parted.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, very short: the leasslets somewhat egg'd concave.

Con. Petals five, piked, calyx-form, converging.

STAM. Filaments ten, (five within the calyx, five within the petals), very short. Anthers sterile.

PIST. Germs five, compress'd, coalesced within. Styles as many, bristly, long. Stigmas simple.

Per. none. Petals five, fleshy, egg-lanced, three-fided with one angle looking inward, covering the seeds.

SEEDS five, kidney-form.

Obs. Hermaphrodite flowers have been seen by others...

#### X. TWELVE

#### X. TWELVE MALES. (Dodecandria.)

### 1348. EUCLÉA. S.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth very small, five-tooth'd.

Cor. Petals five, oval, sessile.

STAM. Filaments fifteen, short. Anthers oblong, erect, acute. Pist. without a germ.

\* Female on a distinct plant.

CAL. as in the male, permanent.

Cor. as in the male. The state of the state corol. Stigmas four-tooth'd, obtuse.

PER. Berry two-cell'd, egg'd.

SEEDS folitary.

### 1132. DATÍSCA. \* Cannabina Tournef. cor. 52. False Hemp.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets linear, acute, equal.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments scarcely any. Anthers about fifteen, oblong, many times longer than the calyx, obtuse.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth two-tooth'd, (the third tooth being deficient), erect, very small, above, permanent.

Cor. none...

PIST. Germ oblong, beneath, longer than the calyx. Styles three, two-parted, short. Stigmas simple, oblong, villous, the length of the germ.

PER. Capfule oblong, triangular, three-valved, three-horn'd, one-cell'd. SEEDs numerous, small, three ways adhering longitudinally to the are capfule.

1131. ME-

# Moon seed.

\* Male:

CAL. Perianth two-leaved: the leastets linear, short.

Con. the exterior Petals four, egg'd, spreading, equal.

The interior Petals eight, egg'd, concave, less than the exterior ones, of these four are in an interior series.

STAM. Filaments fixteen, cylindric, rather longer than the corol.

Anthers terminal, very short, obtufely four-lobed.

#### \* Female.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. as in the male:

STAM. Filaments eight, fimilar to those of the male. Anthers pelucid,

Pist. Germs two, egg'd, incurved, converging, pedicel'd. Styles folitary, very short, recurvate. Stigmas two-cleft, obtuse.

PER. Berries two, fomewhat round-kidneyform, one-cell'd.

Seeds folitary, kidney-form, large.

The character is from M. canadense (canadian); let the fructifications of the rest be compared, since the calyx is six-leaved, the corol six-petal'd, the stamens six, the pistils three, according to Willichius, Miller, and others.

# XI. TWENTY MALES.

# FLACOÚRTIA. (Ramontehi) L'Heretier.

\* Male.

CAL! Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, waved, subvillous: the divisions roundish, obtuse, subequal, expanding.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments very numerous (50-100) longer than the calyx, placed on the whole undivided bottom of the calyx, (which is thicken'd like a receptacle), expanding, subcapillary. Anthers roundish, two-cell'd.

PIST. none, sometimes a kind of rudiment of a Germ and of Stigmas.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth five-seven-leaved: the leaflets roundish, erect, imbricated on the margin, pubescent within.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ above, egg'd, large, longer than the calyx. Styles 5-9 horizontal, thick, one-striated above, the length of the dismeter of the germ, permanent. Stigmas obtuse, (unless your adopt the whole ray of the styles for a single navel'd, many parted stigma.)

Per. Berry globular, many-corner'd when dry, fleshy, mark'd with styles and stigmas, many-cell'd.

SEEDS two in each cell, one placed vertically on the other, inferted together on the common axis by a thread, bony, obscure, compress'd, rather furrow'd at top.

XII.

### XII. MANY MALES. (Polyandria.)

#### 8133. CLIFFÓRTIA. \*

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved: the leaflets egg'd, acute, leathery, expanding, deciduous.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments thirty, (or thereabout), capillary, erect, the length of the calyx. Anthers twin, oblong, obtuse, erect, compress'd.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth three-leaved, equal, erect, above, permanent: the leaflets acute, lanced.

PIST. Germ oblong, beneath. Styles two, thread-form, long, feathery, Stigmas simple.

PER. Capfule oblong, columnarish, two-cell'd, crown'd with the calyx. SEEDS folitary, columnarish, linear.

#### 1434. HEDYCARYA. Forst. gen. n. 64. S.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, flat-wheel'd, eight-or ten-cleft: the divisions lanced, equal.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments none. Anthers many, (fifty) oblong, four-furrow'd, bearded at the top, covering the whole bottom of the calyx.

\* Female.

CAL. as in the male, permanent.

PIST. Pedicels short, numerous, cylindric, in the middle of the calyx, elevating the globe-depress'd germs. Style none, the Stigmas are Papillæ scatter'd over the germs.

PER. Nuts fix or ten, pedicel'd, globular, bonyish, one-seeded.

SEEDS Nucleuses solitary, globular.

REC. common, in the middle of the calyx, woolly.

XIII.

# XIII. ONE BROTHERHOOD. (Monadelphia.)

1134. JUNIPERUS. \* Tournef. 361. Sabina Boerh.
2. p. 207. Cedrus Tournef. 361.
Juniper. Cedar. Savin.

#### \* Males:

CAL. Ament conic, confifting of a common rachis, to which three opposite flowers are set in triple opposition, a tenth terminating the ament: each flower has for its base A Scale broad, short, incumbent, assixed to the column by a pedicel.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments (in the terminal floret) three, awl'd, coalesced below in one body; (in the lateral florets scarcely manifest.) Anthers three, distinct in the terminal floret, but adjoined to the calyxfcale in the lateral ones.

#### \* Female.

CAL. Perianth three-parted, very small, adjoined to the germ, permanent.

COR. Petals three, permanent, rigid, acute.

PIST. Germ beneath. Styles three, simple. Stigmas simple.

Per. Berry fleshy, roundish, marked on the lower part with three opposite tubercles (from the concreted calyx) and those obscure, navel'd at the top with three toothlets (before petals).

SEEDS three bonelets, convex on one fide, angular on the other, oblong.

## 1135. TÁXUS. \* Tournef. 362. Yew.

CAL. none: except the bud fimilar to a four-leaved Perianth.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments numerous, coalesced below in a column longer than the bud. Anthers depress'd, obtuse on the margin, eight-cleft, gaping every way at the base (and the dust being drop'd) flat, targetted, remarkable for an eight-cleft margin.

\* Female.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg-pointed. Style none. Stigma obtuse.

PER. Berry from the receptacle elongated into a cup globular, fucculent, gaging at the top, colour'd, at length wasting from drynes, evanescent.

SEED one, egg-oblong, prominent at the top out of the berry.

Obs. The berry, strictly speaking, ought not to be call'd a pericarp. This species of Berry is remarkable, nor does a similar one occur, except that of Gualteria.

## 1136. ÉPHEDRA. \* Tournef. 477. Sbrub-Horfe-tail.

, \* Male.

CAL. Ament composed of fcales one-flower'd, few, roundish, concave, the length of the perianth.

Proper Perianth one-leaved, half-twocleft, roundish, inflated, finall, compress'd: the divisions obtuse.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments seven, coalesced in a column awl'd, divided at the top, longer than the calyx. Anthers roundish, turned outward, of which sour are inferior; the other three superior.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth five fold, one placed upon the other, with alternate divisions, in an egg'd form: each one-leaved, fomewhat egg'd, two-parted; the exterior ones less.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germs two, egg'd, the fize of the last perianth, on which it is placed. Styles simple, thread-form, short. Stigmas simple.

Per. none. Calyx feales all thickened, fucculent, conftituting a divided berry.

SEEDs two, egg-acute, convex on one fide, flat on the other, compressed by the calyx every where covering.

1138. CIS-

## 1138. CISSAMPELOS. + Caapeba Plum. 29.

\* Male.

CAL. none, unless you so name the corol. COR. Petals four, egg'd, flat, expanding.

Nectary the wheel'd, membranous disk of the flower.

STAM. Filaments four, very small, coalesced. Anthers. broad, flats

\* Female.

CAL. none, except the Bracte.

Cor. none.

Nectary the lateral membranous margin of the germ, dilated out-

Pror. Germ roundish. Styles three. Stigmas three, erect, acute.

PER. Berry globular, one-cell'd.

SEEDS folitary, wrinkled, fubcompress'd.

## 838. NAPŒA. \* Clayt.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth bell'd, five-cleft, columnar, permanent.

Cor. Petals five, oblong, concave, spreading, connected with oblong claws.

STAM. Filaments many, capillary, middle fize, conjoined in a column. Anthers roundish, compress'd.

PIST. Germ conic, minute. Style cylindric, ten-cleft, capillary. Stigmas none.

PER. abortive.

\* Female on a distinct individual.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. as in the male.

STAM. Filaments as in the male, but shorter. Anthers small, sterile. Pist. Germ conic. Style as in the male, longer than the stamens.

Stigmas obtuse.

Per. Capfules ten, converging into an egg'd form, acutifh, awnless. SEEDS folitary, kidney-form.

Obs. N. hermaphrodita (hermaphrodite) was a male, a female having not yet been seen.

Yv2

1137. ADÉ-

#### 1137. ADÉLIA. + Bernardia Brown.

#### \* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted: the leaflets sublanced, concave.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments many, capillary, the length of the calyx, conjoined at the base in a cylinder. Anthers roundish.

#### \* Female.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved: the leaflets sublanced, concave, permanent.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germ roundish. Styles three, short, divaricated. Stigmas lacerated.

PER. Capfule three-grained, roundish, three-cell'd.

SEEDS folitary, roundish.

OBS. The Calyx of the Male is three-parted, and of the Female fiveparted. Syst. Veg. 751.

#### CONFEDERATE MALES. (Syngenéfia.)

1139. RUSCUS. \* Tournef. 15. Dill. elth. 250. 251. Knee-Holly. Butcher's-broom.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth fix-leaved, erect-expanding: the leaflets egg'd, convex, reflected on the lateral margin.

Cor. Petals none, unless you so name the alternate calyx-leaves.

Nectary central, egg'd, the fize of the calyx, inflated, erect, perforated at the top.

STAM. Filaments none. Anthers three, expanding, fitting on the top of the nectary itself, coalesced at the base.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth as in the male.

COR. Petals as in the male.

Nectary as in the male.

PIST. Germ oblong-egg'd, concealed within the nectary. Style cylindric, the length of the nectary. Stigma obtuse, prominent through the mouth of the nectary.

PER. Berry globular, three-cell'd.

SEEDS two, globular.

OBS. There is a species with hermaphrodite flowers, where the calyx only is globular with a fix-cleft mouth.

R. racemosus (racemed) is furnished with hermaphrodite flowers. In these and the allied genera, (Smilax, Rajania, Tamus, &c.) all the feeds feldom come to maturity; one commonly increasing, Suffocates the rest. XV.

Y y 3

# XV. F E M I N I N E M A L E S. (Gynandria.)

#### 1140. CLUTIA. \* Boerh.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, the fize of the corol: the leaflets egg'd, obtuse, concave, expanding.

COR. Petals five, most expanding, hearted: the claws flat, shorter

than the calyx.

Exterior Necturies five, three-parted, oblong, expanding, the length of the claws of the petals, placed in an orb within the petals.

Interior Nectaries five, within the aforesaid nectaries, the form

of a gland, small, melliferous at the top.

STAM. Filaments five, placed in the middle of the style, remote from the corol, expanding horizontally. Anthers roundish, versatile.

Prst. Germ none. Style cylindric, lop'd, very long, stamen-bearing in the middle.

\* Female.

CAL. Perianth as in the male, permanent.

Cor. Petals as in the male, permanent.

Exterior Nectaries five, twin, roundish, the fize and fituation of the male.

Interior Nectaries none.

Pist. Germ roundish. Styles three, two-cleft, reflected, the length of the corol. Stigmas obtuse.

PER. Capfule globular, fix-furrow'd, rugged. three-cell'd. SEEDS folitary, roundish, glossy, appendaged at the top. OBS. There is a ten-male and androgynous species. R.

#### CLASS XXIII.

#### POLYGAMY.

(Polygamia.)

- POLYGAMY is, when besides the hermaphrodite shower, another slower is produced in the same species different in sex.
- Obs. It is therefore necessary, that the hermaphrodite flower be always present; but the other, which constitutes Polygamy, may be either male or female or both.
- The hermaphrodite flower commonly fails in one fex, whence the male or female flower becomes necessary.
  - The following modes of Polygamy are possible.
  - 1. in the class One-house by Hermaphrodites, as Musa.
    - by Males. Veratrum, Valantia Ophioxylon, Celtis, Acer.
    - by Females. Parietaria, Atriplex.
  - 2. in the class Two-houses by Hermaphrodites.
    - by Males. Chamærops, Traxinus, Diospyros, Nyssa, Panax,
      - Arctopus.
    - by Females. Rhodiola, some species of Gnaphalium, Rumex alpinus, (alpine).
  - 3. in the class Three-houses by Males & Females. Ficus, Ce-
- Since there can be no plants of Three-houses or Many-houses without Polygamy, it would be neither proper or worth while to constitute a distinct Class on that account.
- Perhaps more genera might have been arranged in this Class, if I could have examined more living plants, e. gr. Ilex Mill. Gerard. Æsculus D. v. Royen. Laurus Mill. Rhamnus, Mammea, Callophyllum, Rhus. Jacq.

## POLYGAMY.

(Polygamia.)

#### I. ONE HOUSE.

(Monoeca.)

1141 Músa.

1144 Verátrum.

1333 Spínifex.

1145 Andropógon.

1146 Hólcus.

1147 Aplúda.

1148 Ischæmum.

1140 Cénchrus.

1150 Ægilops.

1334 Manisúris.

1151 Valántia.

1152 Parietária.

1153 Átriplex.

1283 Terminália.

160 Brabéium.

1154. Clusia.

1142 Ophióxylum.

1155 Acer. 1143 Céltis.

1157 Gouánia.

Solándra.

1332 Hérmas.

1158 Mimósa.

II. TWO HOUSES.

(Dioecia.)

1159 Gleditsia.

1160 Fráxinus.

1161 Dióspyros.

1163 Nýssa.

1164 Anthospérmum.

1336 Stilbe.

1165 Arctopus.

1162 Pisónia.

1166 Pánax.

1335 Chrýsitrix.
III. THREE HOUSES.

(Trioecia.)

1167 Ceratónia. 1168 Fícus.

#### $I. \quad O \quad N \quad E \quad H \quad O \quad U \quad S \quad E.$

(Monoecia.)

#### 1141. MÚSA. \* Muf. cliff. 2. Plum. 34. Garc. A. A. 415. t. 2. Plantain-tree.

\* Hermaphrodite Female flowers more towards the base of the fimple Spadix, separate in alternate Spathes.

CAL. Partial spathe egg-oblong, flat-concave, large, many-flower'd. COR. unequal, grinning; the petal constituting the upper lip, but the nectary the under lip.

Petal erect, tongued, lop'd, five-tooth'd, converging before

at the base.

Nectary one-leaved, hearted, boated, compress'd, pointed, expanding outward, shorter than the petal, inserted within the sinus

of the petal.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, of which five are within the petal, erect, shorter by half than the petal: but the fixth is within the nectary, expanding, twice as long as the rest. Anther on the fixth filament linear, adjoined from the middle of the filament to the top; there are no anthers on the rest.

PIST. Germ within the receptacle of the flower, of all the largest, obtusely three-fided, very long. Style cylindric, erect, the length of the petal. Stigma headed, roundish, obscurely fix-cleft.

PER. Berry fleshy, cover'd with an husk, very long, obscurely threefided, the pulp divided three ways without partitions, contracted at each apex, gibbous on one fide.

SEEDS

\* Hermaphrodite Male flowers on the same spadix above the female flowers, separate in numerous many-flower'd alternate Spathes.

CAL. Spathe as in the female. Cor. Petal as in the female.

Nectary as in the female. STAM. Filaments as in the female: but all equal, erect. Anthers as in the female, but only on those five filaments placed within the petal: rarely any on the sixth.

PIST. Germ as in the female, but less. Style and Stigma as in the

female, but less, more obscure.

PER. abortive.

SEED.

OBS. M. Troglodytarum has a many-feeded fruit. R.

1144. VE-

## 1144. VERÁTRUM. \* Tournef. 145. White Hellebore.

\* Hermaphrodite.

CAL. none, unless you so name the corol.

COR. Petals fix, oblong, lanced, thinner on the margin, faw'd, permanent.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, preffing the germs, more expanding at the tops, shorter by half than the corol. Anthers quadrangular.

Pist. Germs three, erect, oblong, ending in Styles scarcely manifest. Stigmas simple, spreading.

Per. Capfules three, oblong, erect, compress'd, one-cell'd, one-valved, gaping inward.

SEEDS many, oblong, obtuser at one extremity, compress'd, mem-

branous.

\* Male flower on the same plant, below the scmale ones.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. as in the male.

STAM. as in the male.

PIST. a rudiment obscure, useless.

#### 1333. SPÍNIFEX. 十

\* Hermaphrodite & Male flowers in the same glume of the

calvx.

CAL. Glume two-valved, two-flower'd: the valvelets parallel with the rachis, oblong, obtuse, convolute, shorter than the corol: the one floret hermaphrodite, the other male.

Con. Glume of the hermaphrodite two-valved, longer than the calyx: the valvelets lanced, awales, convolute: the interior one

narrower.

Nectary with valvelets two, linear, membranous, loofe, diaphanous, shorter than the glume.

Glume of the male as in the hermaphrodite.

STAM. Filaments in both three, linear, middle-fize. Anthers linear, protruded.

Pist. Germ of the hermaphrodite oblong. Styles two, linear, middle-fized. Stigmas fimple.

PER. Corol unchanged, growing to it.

SEED oblong.

REC. Spike two-rank'd: with parallel florets.

Obs. It differs from Lolium in the two valvelets of the calyx; from Triticum in their not being transverse.

1145. AN-

# 1145. ANDROPÓGON. † Roy. lugdb. 52. Man's-beard.

\* Hermaphrodite Nowers fessile.

CAL. Glume one-flower'd, two-valved, oblong, obtuse, awnless: the interior valvelet narrower, slenderer, girt at the base with wool, two-parted.

COR. Glume two-valved, thinner than the calyx, lefs: with an awn from the base of the greater valvelet, long, twisted, recurved.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary, the length of the flower. Anthers oblong, two-forked, incumbent.

PIST. Germ oblong. Styles two, capillary, coalesced. Stigmas villous. Per. none. Glumes of the corol and calyx obvolving, including the feed.

SEED one, folitary, oblong, covered, armed with the awn of the corol.

\* Male flowers peduncled.

CAL. as in the hermaphrodite.

Cor. as in the hermaphrodite, but without an awn.

STAM. as in the hermaphrodite.

#### 1146. HÓLCUS. \* Sorgum Mich. Indian Millet.

\* Hermaphrodite flower.

CAL. Glume mostly two-flower'd, two-valved, rigid, awnless: the exterior valvelet egg'd, concave, large, embracing the interior one oblong, convolute on the sides.

Cor. Glume two-valved, tender, villous, less than the calyx: the exterior valvelet often with an awn rigid, and longer than the calyx: but the interior one awnless, very small.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers oblong.

PIST. Germ top-shape. Styles two, capillary. Stigmas pencil-form.

PER. none. The Corol involves, covers, grows to the feed.

SEEDS folitary, egg'd, covered.

\* Male flower less than the female one.

CAL. Glume two-valved: the valvelets egg-lanced, convolute, awn-less, acute.

Cor. none, unless you so name the calyx.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers oblong.

1147. AP-

#### 1147. APLUDA.

CAL. Glume common, two-valved, end-bitten, containing a female feffile floret, and two male ones on a common pedicel.

\* Female.

CAL. none.

Cor. Glume two-valved: the exterior valvelet inverse-egg'd, retuse, obvolved in the interior one, lanced.

Pist. Germ inverse-egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the corol, pubelcent. Stigma simple.

PER. Glume adhering. SEED one, oblong.

\* Males two on a pedicel the length of the calyx.

CAL. none.

COR. Glume two-valved, less; the valvelets egg-oblong: one less. STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers oblong, two-lobed.

#### 1148. ISCHÆMUM. †

CAL. Glume two-flower'd, two-valved, rigid, pointed, placed transversly: the valvelets pointed, polish'd, erect; with one flower male, the other hermaphrodite.

Cor. Glumes two, two-valved: the valvelets less, acuter, membra-

nous

STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers oblong.

Pist. (in the hermaphrodite floret) Germ oblong. Styles two, capillary. Stigmas thick, feathery.

PER. none. Calyx and Corol unchanged.

SEED (in the hermaphrodite floret) oblong, linear, convex on one side.

1149. CÉN-

### 1149. CÉNCHRUS. \* Panicastrella Mich. 31.

CAL. Involucres many, jagg'd, hedge-hog'd, collected in an head: (each feffile one including three calyxes), two-flower'd.

Perianth a Glume two-valved, lanced, concave, pointed, two-flower'd, shorter than the corol.

Cox. one male, another hermaphrodite.

Proper each two-valved: the valvelets lanced, pointed, con-cave, awnless: the interior one less.

STAM. on each stamen Filaments three, capillary, the length of the corollet. Anthers arrow'd.

PIST. Germ of the hermaphrodite roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigmas two, oblong, hairy, expanding.

PER. none.

SEED roundish.

OBS. There is a species with all the flowers hermaphrodite. R.

### 1150. 在GILOPS.

\* Hermaphrodite flowers two, lateral.

CAL. Glume two-valved, three-flower'd, very large: the valvelets egg'd, lop'd, striated, with various awns.

Cor. Glume two-valved: the exterior valvelet egg'd, terminated by a double or triple awn. The interior valvelet lanced, erect, awnless, longitudinally inflected on the margin.

STAM. Filaments three, capillary. Anthers oblong.

PIST. Germ top-shape. Styles two, reflected. Stigmas hairy.

Per. none. The interior valvelet of the corol grows to the feed, nor does it gape.

SEED oblong.

\* Male flower intermediate.

CAL. that of the Hermaphrodites common.

Cor. as in the Hermaphrodites.

STAM. as in the Hermaphrodites.

PIST. similar to that of the Hermaphrodite, often abortive.

## 1334. MANISURIS. +

\* Hermaphrodite flowers in a spike.

CAL. Glume two-valved, one-flower'd: the exterior valvelet membranous, flat, roundish, end-nick'd on the sides and at the top, concave within to the disk, appress'd to the opposite one.

The interior valvelet less, egg'd, concave, appress'd to the

COR. Glume two-valved, membranous, less than the calyx, included.

STAM. Filaments three?

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style two-cleft. Stigmas simple.

PER. Calyx unchanged.

SEED egg'd.

\* Male flowers on the fame spike.

CAL. Glume two-valved, one-flower'd, columnarish: the valvelets flriated, parched on the lateral top, parallel.

Cor. Glume two-valved, included.

STAM. Filaments three.

REC. Spike imbricated with hermaphrodite florets, the dorfal ones appress'd: The Males ventral, more protruded.

1151. VA-

Dill. gen. 8. Mich. 7. Cruciata Tournef. 39. Cross-wort.

\* Hermaphrodite flower folitary.

CAL. fcarely any, in whose place is the germ.

Cor. one-petal'd, flat, four-parted : the divisions egg'd, acute.

STAM. Filaments four, the length of the corol. Anthers small.

PIST. Germ large, beneath. Style the length of the stamens, half-two-cleft. Stigmas headed.

PER. leathery, compress'd, reflected.

SEED one, globular.

\* Male flowers standing solitary on each side the hermaphrodite.

CAL. scarcely any, in whose place is the germ.

Cor. one-petal'd, flat, three-parted, or four-parted: the divisions egg'd, acute.

STAM. Filaments four or three, the length of the corol. Anthers finall.

PIST. Germ small, beneath. Style and Stigmas obscure, and scarcely discernible.

PER. abortive: but a flender oblong rudiment adheres to the fide of the hermaphrodite.

SEED none.

Obs. The Male flowers are three-cleft in V. muralis (wall) and Aparine; four-cleft in articulata (jointed) and cruciata (cross-wise).

153. ATRE

#### 1152. PARIETARIA. \* Tournef. 289. Pellitory:

- \* Hermaphrodite flowers two are contained in a flat, fix-leaved Involucre: the two opposite and exterior leastest larger.
- CAL. Perianth one leaved, four-cleft, flat, obtuse, the fize of the halved involucre.

Cor. none: unless you so name the calyx.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, longer than the flowering perianth, and expanding it, permanent. Anthers twin.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style thread-form, colour'd. Stigma pencil-form, headed.

PER. none. Perianth elongated, larger, bell'd, the mouth closed with the converging divisions.

SEED one, egg'd.

\* One Female flower between two hermaphrodite ones, within the involucre.

CAL. as of the hermaphrodite.

Cor. none.

PIST. as of the hermaphrodite.

PER. none. Perianth slender, involving the fruit.

SEED as in the hermaphrodite.

1153. ATRI-

#### 1153. ATRIPLEX. \* Tournef. 286. Orach.

\* Hermaphrodite flower.

CAL. Perianth five-leaved, concave, permanent: the divisions egg'd, concave, membranous on the margin.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, opposite the leaves of the calyx, and longer than them. Anthers roundish, twin.

Pist. Germ orbicular. Style two-parted, short. Stigmas reflected.

Per. none. Calyx closed, five-corner'd, five-angled, with compress'd deciduous angles.

SEED one, orbicular, depress'd.

\* Female flower on the same plant.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved: the leaflets flat, erect, egg'd, acute, large, compress'd.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ compress'd, Style two-parted. Stigmas reflected, acute, Per. none. The valves of the Calyx very large, hearted, including the feed between them.

SEED one, orbicular, compress'd.

Obs. Atriplex without a female flower had been Chenopodium and Chenopodium with fuch a female flower had been Atriplex; therefore there is the greatest affinity between Chenopodium and Atriplex.

#### 1283. TERMINÁLÍA.

\* The Male flowers are the superior ones of the raceme.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, star'd, acute, with an hispid bottom.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments ten, awl'd, the length of the calyx. Anthers roundish, the interior ones two-cleft.

\* Hermaphrodite flowers one or two, the inferior ones of the raceme.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. none.

STAM. as in the males.

PIST. Germ beneath, cone-awl'd. Style simple, awl'd. Stigma acutish. PER. Drupe oval, boat-form: the superior side depress'd, two-surrow'd.

SEED a Nut oval-oblong, polish'd, obtuse at the base.

# 160. BRABÉIUM. † ex novis observationibus f. Mutis. Brabyla. Mant. 137. African Almond.

\* Male flowers on the same tree.

CAL. Ament with scales egg'd, obtuse, three-flower'd.

COR. funnel-form, four-parted: the divisions oblong.

STAM. Filaments four, inferted in the throat, middle-fized. Anthers oblong, growing to the interior fide of the filaments, the top excepted.

Pist. Germ none. Style thread-form, middle-fized. Stigmas two, erect.

\* Hermaphrodites.

CAL. none. (The Scale of the Ament. Syft. Veg. ed. Murray 764.)

Cor. Petals four, linear, obtuse, erect below, forming a tube, revolute above, deciduous. (Cor. four-parted. Syst. Veg. ed. Murray 764).

STAM. Filaments four, capillary, inferted into the claws of the petal, fearcely the length of the corol. Anthers small, gaping on the sides.

PIST. Germ very small, villous. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens, rather thicker above. Stigma simple.

PER. Drupe drier, roundish, villous.

SEED a Nut globular.

OBS. Brabyla has a five-cleft corol with five stamens.

1154. CLÚ-

# 1154. CLUSIA. † Plum. 10. Jacq. amer. 270. Balfam-tree.

CAL. Perianth four, five or fix-leaved, imbricated: the leaflets concave, permanent, the interior ones gradually less.

COR. Petals four, five, fix, roundish, expanding, concave, large. STAM. Filaments many, simple, shorter than the corol. Anthers simple, growing to the side of the top.

Pist. Germ egg-oblong. Style none. Stigma star'd, flat, obtuse,

permanent,

Per. Capfule egg'd, plough'd up with furrows, cell'd, the valves then gaping raywife.

SEEDS numerous, egg'd, cover'd with pulp, affixed to a columnar,

angular Receptacle.

Obs. The number in regard to the fruit differs from four to twelve, the same proportion is observed in the stigma, valvelets, cells, &c. Some flowers are steril from the males, others from the females. In the feminine flowers a nectary is made from the coalesced anthers, including the germ.

#### 1142. OPHIÓXYLUM. † Snake-wood.

\* Hermaphrodite flowers.

CAL. Perianth five-cleft, acute, erect, very small.

Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Tube long, thread-form, thickened in the middle. Border five-parted, spreading, without a nectary. STAM. Filaments five, very short, in the middle of the tube. Anthers

pointed.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stiema headed.

PER. Berry twin, two-cell'd. SEEDs folitary, roundish.

\* Male flowers on the same plant.

CAL. as in the hermaphrodites (two-cleft. Syst. Veg. 765.) Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form. Tube long. Border five-cleft.

Nectary in the mouth of the corol, cylindric, most intire.

STAM. Filaments two, very short. Anthers pointed, converging within the nectary.

Z Z 2

1155. ACER.

#### 1155. ACER. \* Tournef. 386. Maple.

\* Hermaphrodites.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-cleft, acute, colour'd, flat and intire at the base, permanent.

Cor. Petals five, egg'd, broader outward, obtuse, scarcely larger than the calyx, expanding.

STAM. Filaments eight, awl'd, short. Anthers simple, the Dust cross-form.

PIST. Germ compress'd, immersed in the convex, perforated, large Receptacle. Style thread-form, growing higher daily. Stigmas two, pointed, slender, reflected.

PER. Capfules the number of the stigmas (2 or 3) coalesced at the base, roundish, compress'd, each terminated with a very large membranous wing.

SEEDS folitary, roundish.

#### \* Male flowers:

CAL. as in the Hermaphrodite.

COR. as in the Hermaphrodite.

STAM. as in the Hermaphrodite.

Pist. Germ none. Style none. Stigma two-cleft.

OBS. On the first unfolding of the flower the Stigma only appears, a few days after the Style.

In A. Pseudo-Platanus (mock-Plane) the corol is scarcely distin-

guished from the calyx, and the stamens are long.

A. rubrum (red) is two-house.

The Hermaphrodite flowers on the same umbel are often of two kinds; the inferior Hermaphrodite ones are feminine, of which the anthers do not burst but the pistil bye and bye grows into a fruit; the superior Hermaphrodite ones are masculine, of which the anther's scatter their dust, but the pistils do not increase, but fall off.

#### 1143. CÉLTIS. \* Tournef. 383. Nettle-tree.

\* Hermaphrodite flowers folitary, fuperior.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted: the divisions egg'd expended, withering.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, very short, concealed at first by the anthers, longer when the dust is scatter'd. Anthers oblong, thickish, quadrangular, four-surrow'd.

Pist. Germ egg'd, pointed, the length of the calyx. Styles two, expanding, variously inflected, awl'd, every where pubescent,

very long. Stigmas simple. Per. Drupe globular, one-cell'd.

SEED a Nut roundish.

\* Male flowers on the same plant, inferior.

CAL. Perianth fix-parted, the rest as in the hermaphrodites.

Cor. none.

STAM. fix, the rest as in the hermaphrodites.

### 1157. GOVANIA. \* Jacq. amer. 263.

\* Hermaphrodites.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, above, funnel-form, five-cleft: the Tube permanent; the divisions egg'd, acute, expanding, deciduous.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, the length of the calyx, and alternating with it. Anthers roundish, incumbent, calyptred with a cowl'd elastic calyptre.

PIST. Germ beneath. Style awl'd, half-threecleft. Stigmas obtuse. PER. Fruit dry, three-fided, three-partible into as many seeds.

Seeds The three parts of the Fruit roundish, rather three-sided, two-wing'd.

\* Males on the same plant.

CAL. as in the hermaphrodite. Cor. as in the hermaphrodite.

STAM. as in the hermaphrodite.

PIST. Germ none. Style as in the hermaphrodite. Stigmas obscure,

(none).

Z z 3 1332. HÉR-

#### 1332. HÉRMAS. +

\* Hermaphrodite umbel terminal.

CAL. Universal Umbel many-ray'd, hemispheric.

Partial one many-ray'd: the central ray flower-bearing; the

rest without any floret.

Univerfal Involucre many-leaved, lanced, fhort, permanent. Partial one mostly two-leaved, lanced, the length of the umbellet.

Proper Perianth obscure, five-tooth'd.

Cor. univerfal flosculous.

Of the proper one, Petals five, oblong-egg'd, erect, flat, intire,

STAM. Filaments five, thread-form, shorter than the petals. Anthers steril, oblong.

PIST. Germ beneath, compress'd, larger than the corol. Styles two, thread-form, erect, longer than the corol. Stigmas obtuse.

PER. none. Fruit orbicular, end-nick'd at the base, gaping at the angles.

SEEDs two, heart-orbed, flat-compress'd, margined, marked with a fingle longitudinal elevated stria.

\* Male umbels lateral, later, of the fame plant, (as communicated by D. Burmann).

CAL. Universal Umbel as of the Hermaphrodite.

Partial one many-ray'd: the rays all flower-bearing.

Involucre as in the Hermaphrodites.

Perianth nearly none.

Cor. as in the Hermaphrodites.

STAM. Filaments five, thread-form, the length of the corollet. Anthers dust-bearing, oval, nearly twin.

# 1158. MIMÓSA. \* Tournef. 375. Acacia Tournef. 375. Inga Plum. 19. Sensitive Plant. Acacia.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-tooth'd, very small.

Cor. Petal one, funnel-form, half-fivecleft, small.

STAM. Filaments capillary, very long. Anthers incumbent.

Pist. Germ oblong. Style thread-form, shorter than the stamens. Stigma lop'd.

PER. Legume long, the partitions transverse, numerous.

SEEDS many, roundish, various in form.

Obs. Many of the male flowers fall off; there are some feminine, others hermaphrodite on various plants.

Of Mimosa T. the legume is jointed: the leaves as if sensitive.

Of Acacia T. the legume is cylindric: the leaves not moving from the touch.

Of Inga Pl. the legume is fleshy.

No part of the fructification is constant in this genus.

The Calyx generally five-tooth'd, is in some three-cleft.

The Corol generally one-petal'd, is in some five-petal'd; in others none.

The Stamens in some many, in others ten, in some five, in others four; in some one brotherhood; in others antherless.

The Pericarp a legume, but in some fleshy; in others membranous; in some wing'd; in some jointed; in others four-valved.

The Seeds are different in form in different species.

Zz4

II. TWO

# II. TWO HOUSES.

## 1159. GLEDITSIA. Clayton. Melilobus Mitch. XV. Three-thorn'd Acacia.

\* Male Ament long, compact, cylindric.

CAL. Proper Perianth three-leaved: the leastest spreading, small, acute. Cor. Petals three, roundish, sessible, spreading, calyx-form.

Nectary top-shape, to the margin of which the other parts of the

fructification grow.

STAM. Filaments fix, thread-form, longer than the corol. Anthers incumbent, oblong, compress'd, twin.

\* Hermanbrodite on the fame ament with the male flowers, and mostly terminal.

CAL. Perianth four-cleft, as in the males.

Cor. Petals four, as in the males.

Nectary as in the males.

STAM. as in the males.

PIST. as in the female.

PER. as in the female.

\* Female a loose ament, on a different plant.

CAL. Proper Perianth as in the male, but five-leaved.

Cor. Petals five, long, acute, erect-expanding.

Nectaries two, short, like filaments.

PIST. Germ broad, compress'd, longer than the corol. Style short, reslected. Stigma thick, the length of the style, to which it grows, pubescent above.

PER. Legume very large, broad, most compress'd, with numerous

transverse partitions: the isthmuses replete with pulp.

SEEDS folitary, roundish, hard, gloffy.

1160. FRÁ-

# Ornus Mich. 103. Ash.

#### \* Hermaphrodite.

CAL. none, but Perianth one-leaved, four-parted, erect, acute, small.

Cor. none, or Petals four, linear, long, acute, erect.

STAM. Filaments two, erect, much shorter than the corol. Anthers erect, oblong, four-furrow'd.

PIST. Germ egg'd, compress'd. Style cylindric, erect. Stigma thickish, two-cleft.

PER. none, except the crust of the seed.

SEED lanced, flat-membraned, one-cell'd.

#### \* Female.

CAL. as in the hermaphrodite.

COR. as in the hermaphrodite.

PIST. as in the hermaphrodite.

PER. as in the hermaphrodite.

SEED as in the hermaphrodite.

OBS. F. Ornus P. having a corol and a calyx, is always a pure hermaphrodite, without a male.

Of F. excelsior (loftier) the female, often bears interspersed hermaphrodite flowers, and the hermaphrodite one feminine flowers. a. this species is destitute of both corol and calyx.

1161. DI-

## 1161. DIÓSPYROS. \* Guaiacana Tournef. 371. Indian Date-Plumb.

\* Hermaphrodite feminine.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, four-cleft, large, obtuse, permanent.

Cor. one-petal'd, pitcher'd, larger, four-cleft: the divisions acute, expanding.

STAM. Filaments eight, briftly, short, mostly inserted into the recep-

tacle, Anthers oblong, barren.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style one, half-fourcleft, permanent, longer than the stamens. Stigmas obtuse, two-cleft.

Per. Berry globular, large, eight-cell'd, fitting on a very large expanding calyx.

SEEDs folitary, roundish, compress'd, very hard.

\* Male on a separate plant.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, four-cleft, acute, erect, small.

Cor. one-petal'd, pitcher'd, leathery, four-corner'd, four-cleft: the divisions roundish, revolute.

STAM. Filaments eight, very short, inserted into the receptacle.

Anthers double, long, acute: the interior ones shorter.

Pist. the rudiment of a Germ.

OBS. In D. virginiana (virginian) the stamens of the male are sixteen, of which eight are inferior. R.

#### 1163. NÝSSA. † Gronov. per Kalmium. Tupelotree.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, expanding with a flat bottom.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments ten, awl'd, shorter than the calyx. Anthers twin, the length of the filaments.

\* Hermaphrodite.

CAL. Perianth as in the male, fitting on the germ.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, erect. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ egg'd, beneath. Style awl'd, incurved, longer than the stamens. Stigma acute.

PER. Drupe

SEED a Nat oval, acute, plough'd up with longitudinal furrows, angular, irregular.

1164. AN-

#### 1164. ANTHOSPÉRMUM. \* Tournefortia Pont. epist. 11. Amber-tree.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, conic, four-cleft beyond the middle: the divisions egg-oblong, revolute, obtuse, rather colour'd.

Cor. none: unless you so name the calvx.

STAM. Filaments four, capillary, erect, the length of the calyx, inserted into the receptacle. Anthers twin, oblong, four-corner'd, obtuse, erect.

- \* Androgynous confifting of male and female flowers.
- \* Male flowers as in the male described.
- \* Feminine.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. as in the male.

PIST. Germ beneath, egg'd, four-corner'd. Styles two, recurved. Stigmas simple.

PER.

SEED

OBS. I have not seen the Fruit of the semale flower. I will insert the character of Pontedera.

The flower is one-petal'd, funnel-form, fitting on the calvx with the mouth flightly gash'd.

The Calyx changes into a roundish, angular Fruit big with eight oblong feeds, and two connected ones, whether the Author mistook the Calyx for the fruit, and the Anthers for the Seeds, or whether he had seen the real fruit, future inspection must determine

1336. STÍL-

### 1336. STÍLBE. + D. Bergú.

- . \* Hermaphrodite.
- CAL. exterior. Perianth three-leaved (four exterior ones being removed): the leaflets lanced, broad-dagger'd.

Interior. Perianth one-leaved, five-tooth'd, cartilaginous, becomes indurated.

Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form: Tube the length of the calyx: Border five-parted: the divisions linear.

STAM. Filaments four, awl'd, fitting in the throat, longer. Anthers hearted, obtuse.

Pist. Germ above, egg'd. Style thread-form, the length of the stamens. Stigma acute.

PER. none. The interior calyx including, indurated, deciduous.

SEED one.

\* Male on a distinct individual.

CAL. exterior as in the Hermaphrodite.

Interior none.

Cor. as in the Hermaphrodite, but the Tube membranous,

STAM. as in the Hermaphrodite.

PER. none.

SEED none.

1165. ARC-

#### 1165. ARCTOPUS. + Bear's-paw.

\* Male.

CAL. Univerfal Umbel long, unequal.

Partial one shorter, more copious. Universal Involucre sive-leaved, short.

Partial one five-leaved, the length of the umbellet.

Perianth five-parted, very small.

COR. Universal uniform.

Proper with Petals five, intire, oblong.

STAM. Filaments five, briffly, longer than the corol. Anthers simple. PIST. Germ none. Styles two, briffly, longer than the stamens.

Stigmas fimple.

PER. abortive.

\* Female on a separate plant.

CAL. Partial Umbel with seffile florets.

Partial Involucre one-leaved, four-parted, expanding, thorny on the margin, many-flower'd, very large.

Cor. Proper of the Disk masculine, many, as in the male.

Of the Ray feminine, four, five-petal'd.

STAM. in the males of the disk as in the male.

Pist. in the females Germ awl'd, hispid, under the receptacle of the floret. Styles two, reflected, permanent. Stigmus simple.

PER. none. Involucre converging with thorns.

Seeds in the females solitary, hearted, pointed, bent outward, hispid above, two-cell'd, the size of the involucre.

1162. PISÓNIA. \* Plum. gen. 11. Houst. Pentagonotheca Vaill. A. G. Jacq. amer. 274. Fingrigo.

\* Male.

CAL. fcarcely any.

Cor. bell'd, five-cleft: the divisions acute, spreading.

STAM. Filaments five or fix, awi'd. Anthers roundish, twin-

PIST. Germ oblong. Style short. Stigma pencil-form.

\* Female.

CAL. as in the male. Cor. as in the male.

Pist. Germ oblong. Style simple, cylindric, longer than the corol, erect. Stigma two-cleft.

PER. Capfule oval, five-angled, five-valved, one-cell'd; or a Berry.

SEED one, smooth, oblong.

Obs. P. aculeata (prickly) confifts of a feminine plant and a masculine hermaphrodite one with angular, capsular fruit.

P. inermis (unarmed) consists of an hermaphrodite plant, and a

a Cailing bound broadity and a with bound of facility

masculine hermaphrodite one: with berried fruit.

1166. PÁNAX. \* Araliastrum Vaill. 6. Aurellana Lasit. Ninsi Breyn. diss. Panacea Mitch. 26. Ginseng.

\* Hermaphrodite on a separate plant.

CAL. Umbel simple, equal, crowded.

Involucre many-leaved, awl'd, very small, permanent. Perianth proper, very small, siye-tooth'd, permanent.

Cor. Univerfal uniform. Proper with petals five, oblong, equal, recurved.

STAM. Filaments five, very short, falling off. Anthers simple.

Pist. Germ roundish, beneath. Styles two, small, erect. Stigmas simple.

Per. Berry hearted, navel'd, two-cell'd.
Seeds folitary, hearted, acute, flat-convex.

\* Male flowers on a different plant.

CAL. Umbel fimple, globular: the rays numerous, equal, colour'd.

Involucre with leaflets the number of the external rays, lanced, feffile.

Perianth top-shape, most intire, colour'd.

Cor. Petals five, oblong, obtufe, narrow, reflected, fitting on the perianth.

STAM. Filaments five, thread-form, longer, inferted into the perianth.

Anthers fimple.

1335. CHRÝ-

### 1335. CHRÝSITRIX. +

\* Hermaphredite plant.

CAL. Glumes two-valved, many, imbricated: the valvelets egg-oblong, close, cartilaginous, permanent.

Cor. Chaffs very numerous, collected in a fascicle, bristly, membranous, colour'd, shining, longer than the calyx, permanent.

STAM. Filaments folitary between each chaff, capillary, the length of the chaffs. Anthers linear, growing over each filament (the top of the filament excepted).

PIST. common Germ oblong, obtuse. Style thread-form, the length

of the stamens. Stigma simple.

PER. SEED

\* Male on a distinct individual.

CAL. as of the Hermaphrodite.

Cor. as of the Hermaphrodite. STAM. as of the Hermaphrodite.

#### III. THREE HOUSES.

(Trioécia.)

1167. CERATÓNÍA. \* Siliqua Tournef. 344. Carob-tree. St. John's bread.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth five-parted, very large.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments five, awl'd, very long, expanding. Anthers large, twin.

Female. Dill.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, divided into five tubercles.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ lurking within a fleshy receptacle. Style long, threadform. Stigma headed.

PER. Legume very large, obtuse, compress'd, leathery, with many transverse partitions, the isthmusses replete with pulp.

SEEDs folitary, roundish, compress'd, hard, glossy.

\* Hermapbrodite ones on a distinct tree.

1168. FÍ-

1168. FÍCUS. \* Tournef. 420. Hire A.G. 1712. t. 15. Ponth. auth. 11. f. 10. Casprificus Pont. ibid. Fig-tree.

Receptacle common top-shape, fleshy, concave, converging.

Of this the internal surface is every where covered with florets, of which the exterior or those nearer the margin of the calyx are Male, sewer; the other inferior ones are Feminine, numerous.

\* Male flower each sitting on a peduncle.

CAL. Proper Perianth three-parted, erect : the divisions lanced, erect,

equal.

COR. none.

STAM. Filaments three, bristly, the length of the calyx. Anthers twin.

PIST. Rudiment falling off, intorted.

\* Female flower each fitting on a peduncle.

CAL. Proper Perianth five-parted: the divisions lance-pointed, straight, subequal.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ oval, the fize of the proper perianth. Style awl'd, inflected, coming out from the germ at the fide of the top. Stigmas two, pointed, reflected: one shorter.

PER. none. Calyx oblique, containing the feed in its bosom, larger.

SEED one, roundish, compress'd.

Obs. Caprificus comprehends male flowers only, within a common calyx on a distinct plant.

Erenosyce has some compound male-slowers, others feminine on a distinct plant.

#### C L A S S XXIV.

# CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE.

(Cryptogamia.)

CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE contains those vegetables, whose fructifications seclude themselves from our sight, and have a structure different from others.

This Class contains the following ORDERS.

The 1st. commonly includes FERNS back-bearing, leaf-feeded, S. capillary.

The CALYX is a scale growing out of the leaf, gaping on one side, under which are peduncled globules.

The Globule is girt with an elaftic ring, which breaks elafticly,

effusing the dust.

Since we know no certain method of dividing these plants by the fructification, we have disposed them in order from their situation under their covers.

The fructification of these plants is yet obscure, who have access to the living species of Trichomanes, should attentively exa-

mine them.

2. We have divided the Mosses according to their anthers being calyptred, or not calyptred, on the fame or a feparate vegetable, with feminine florets aggregate or folitary, depending chiefly on the principles of Dillenius, who has arranged this family.

The Seeds of Mosles are naked corcules without cotyledons or coat, when dried they revive; confer. Amæn. acad. 2. p. 284.

What we have term'd Anthers ought perhaps rather to be call'd Capfules: and their dust true Seeds, since in Buxbaumia and others we have seen within the covers real dust-bearing Anthers depending from their silament, gaping at the top, to dismiss their dust on the fringes, as on pistils.

3. The FLAGS are hitherto obscure as to the fructification, except

those, which we owe to Michelius.

4. Funguses we have thought proper to divide according to the doctrine of Dillenius rather than that of Michelius, because that of the former is evident to every eye, but that of the latter only and scarcely to the eye of the Lynx, nevertheless Michelius has many useful observations in this family, as well as in the Mosses and Flags, to whom alone the knowledge of these fructifications is owing, as far as is yet discover'd.

CRYP-

### CRYPTOGAMIA.

# I. FERNS. (Filices.)

1169 Equisétum. 1194 Brýum. 1195 Hýpnum. 1222 Cýcas. III. F L A G S. 1227 Zámia. 1170 Onocléa. (Alga.) 1196 Jungermánnia. 1171 Ophioglóssum. 1197 Targiónia. 1172 Osmúnda. 1173 Acrostychum. 1198 Marchántia. 1199 Blásia. 1174 Ptéris. 1175 Bléchnum. 1200 Ríccia. 1176 Hemionitis. 1201 Anthóceros. 1177 Lonchitis. 1202 Lichen. 1435 Rupínia. 1178 Asplénium. 1204 Tremélla. 1179 Polypódium. 1180 Adiántum. 1205 Fúcus. 1206 Úlva. 1181 Trichómanes. 1207 Conférva. 1182 Marfiléa. 1208 Býssus. 1183 Pilulária. IV. FUNGUSES. 1184 Isoétes. II. MOSSES. (Fungi.) 1209 Agáricus. (Musci.) 1210 Bolétus. 1185 Lycopódium. 1186 Porélla. 1211 Hýdnum. 1212 Phállus. 1187 Sphágnum. 1213 Cláthrus. 1189 Pháscum. 1214 Helvélla. 1190 Fontinális. 1215 Pezíza. 1188 Buxbáumia. 1216 Clavária. 1191 Spláchnum.

1192 Polýtrichum.

1193 Mníum.

1217 Lycopérdon. 1218 Múcor.

I. FERNS.

#### I. F E R N S. (Filices.)

#### 1169. EQUISÉTUM. Tournef. 307. Horse-tail.

FRUCTIFICATIONS disposed in an egg-oblong spike. Each orbicular, gaping at the base with many valvelets, connected with a flat targetted top.

#### 1222. CÝCAS. †

\* Male.

CAL. Spathe none. Spadix none. Ament strobil-form, egg'd, ragged, imbricated with scales. Scales spatuled, polished, fleshy, coloured, keel'd underneath: with a diffant reflected dagger.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments none. Anthers none.

The Dust sprinkled on the upper surface of the scales of the Ament, sessile, very copious, most crowded, subglobular, one-· cell'd, burfting longitudinally on one fide.

\* Female on a distinct individual.

CAL. Spathe none.

Spadix most simple, two-edge-compress'd, long, pointed. Perianth none.

Cor. none.

PIST. Germs folitary, immersed in the angles of the spadix, beyond the middle, remote, roundish. Style cylindric, very short. Stigma fimple.

PER. Drupe oval, one-cell'd. Rumph. SEED a Nut woody, one-cell'd. Rumph.

1227. ZA-

#### 1227. ZÁMIA. Suppl. Plant. p. 68.

\* Male.

CAL. Strobile egg'd, obtuse. Scales targetted, horizontal, inverse-egg'd, very obtuse, one-flower'd, thicken'd at top, permanent.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filaments none. Anthers none. Dust naked, globular, sprinkled on the inferior surface of the scales, crowded, copious, sessile, two-valved, cut round with an elastic ring. Fovil egg-irregular, pellucid.

\* Female on a distinct plant.

CAL. Strobile egg'd, imbricated. Scales pedicel'd, targetted, angular, then diffant, permanent.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germs two, irregular, angular, inserted on the margin under the target of the scales, solitary on all sides, nodding. Style none. Stigma obtuse, obscurely two-clest on the side.

PER. Drupe folitary, egg'd.

SEED Nut oval.

OBS. A Fern with the strobile of Equisetum, or Cupressus, the herb of a Palm.

# 1170. ONOCLÉA. † Angiopteris Mitch. 29. Sensible Polypody.

FRUCTIFICATIONS on a two-rank'd, racemed spike.

Capfules globular, one-cell'd, five-valved: the valvelets, lanced, acute.

SEEDs numerous, fmall, fawdust-form, long, villous.

REC. Proper of the feeds columnar, erect, one at the base of each valvelet.

# 1171. OPHIOGLÓSSUM. Tournef. 325. Adder's-tongue.

CAPSULE two-rank'd: divided into as many cells with numerous, transverse joints: each gaping transversly when the cell is mature. SEEDs numerous, very small, rather egg'd.

1172. OS-

1172. OSMUNDA. \* Tournef. 324. Osmundroyal. Flowering Fern.

CAPSULES globular, diffinct, disposed in a raceme, gaping horizontally.

SEEDS numerous, very fmall, egg'd.

1173. ACROSTICHUM. \* Ruta Muraria Tournef. 317. Wall-rue. Fork-fern.

FRUCTIFICATIONS accumulated on the whole inferior furface of the frond, so that they every where cover it.

1174. PTÉRIS. \*

FRUCTIFICATIONS disposed in a line, beneath the furrounding margin of the frond.

1175. BLÉCHNUM. +

FRUCTIFICATIONS disposed in lines parallel to the rib of the frond, approximated.

1176. HEMIONÍTIS. + Mule's-fern.
The Fructifications digested in meeting lines, intersecting themfelves or branchv.

1177. LONCHÍTIS. \* Rough Spleenwort.

The FRUCTIFICATIONS disposed in linelets, placed beneath the finufes of the frond, moonletted.

1178. ASPLÉNIUM. \* Lingua Cervina (Hart'stongue) Tournef. 319. Trichomanes Tournef. 315. a.b. Spleen-wort.

The FRUCTIFICATIONS disposed in straight lines under the disk of the

1179. POLYPÓDIUM. \* Tournef. 316. Lonchitis. Tournef. 314. Polypody.

The FRUCTIFICATIONS distributed in a roundish dot, over the back

furface of the frond.

1180. ADIÁNTUM. \* Tournef. 317. Maiden-hair. The FRUCTIFICATIONS collected in oval spots under the reflected tops of the fronds.

1181. TRICHOMANES. +

CALYX top-shape, solitary, erect, from the very margin of the frond. Style briftly, terminating the capfule. 1182. MAR- 1182. MARSILEA. \* de Necker Act. Palat. Vol. 3. phys. p. 295. t. 21. Gnettard. Act. Gall. 1762. Zaluzianskia de Necker 1. c. p. 302. Salvinia Mich. 58.

\* Male flowers numerous, feffile above the frond.

CAL. none.

STAM. Filament (or Receptacle) hemisphere convex. Anthers four, awl'd, spirally twisted, erect, long,

\* Female flower.

CAL. none.

PER. roundish, four-cell'd.

SEEDS numerous, neftling, roundish.

OBS. The feminine fructification at the root, globular, four-cell'd. Lin. Syft. Veg. p. 792. R.

Necker l. c. describes the character of Marsilea quite contrary

to that of Linneus in the following manner.

MARSILEA. in the male there are three to four hairs jointed, at first somewhat incurved towards the top, then straightish, going out

from each pimple of the upper surface of the leaves.

In the female there are globes in the middle of the roots of the lowest furface, solitary or more in a cavity, of which are many corpuscles. The Gemmation is from the top of the plant and from the lateral base of the opposite leaves, solitary, egg'd, and pedicled. He acknowledges one species only of Marsillea, which he names,

M. Salvinioides (which is the M. natans of Linneus).

In this species de Necker denies both anthers and stigmas, but thinks those globules or styles of which Linneus has taken notice in Mant. p. 506. are only the eminencies of the leaves furnish'd with hairs. From this genus de Necker separates the four-leaved Marsilea, which he calls Zaluzianskia with a character intirely different from Marsilea. For according to Necker,

ZALUZIANSKIA has a common corpufele, oval, leathery, two-cell'd, flattish, terminal at the side of the plant, including two other corpuscles. Gemmation. The initials of the plant crowded, incircled, are

always present. R.

1183. PI-

#### 1183. PILULÁRIA. \* Vaill. Pepper Grass. Pill-Moss.

\* Males in a line like dust under the leaf (at the side of the frond. Syst. Veg. p. 792.)

\* Females at the root.

Globe four-cell'd, many-feeded.

1184. ISÓETES. \* It. Scanix. 420.

\* Male flowers solitary within the base of the interior leaves.

CAL. Scale hearted, acute, sessile.

Cor. none.

STAM. Filament none. Anther roundish, one-cell'd.

\* Female flowers solitary, within the base of the exterior leaves of the same plant.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ egg'd, within the leaf, with the ftyle and ftigma concealed. Per. Capfule rather egg'd, two-cell'd, concealed within the base of the leaf.

SEEDs numerous, globular.

# II. MOSSES. (Musci.)

1185. LYCOPÓDIUM. \* Amoen. acad. 2. p. 295.

Dill. musc. 441. Selagionoides Dill. musc. 460.

Lycopodioides Dill. musc. 462. Selago Dill.

musc. 435. Wolf s-foot. Upright Fir-moss.

\* Male flower sessile in the wings of the leaves.

CAL. Calyptre none.

Anther kidney-form, two-valved, sessile.

\* Female flower on the same vegetable.

CAL. Perianth four-leaved.

Pist. none.

SEEDS conjoined by a plume to the calyx without cotyledons.

Aaa4

1186. PO-

#### 1186. PORÉLLA. \* Dill. musc. 459.

\* Male flower fessile.

CAL. Calyptre none.

Anther oblong, gaping with many lateral pores; not covered. RECEPTACLE. Apophysis none.

\* The female flower has not yet been observed.

#### 1187. SPHAGNUM. \* Dill. musc. 240. Bog-moss.

\* Male flower subsessible.

CAL. Calyptre none.

Cor. none, but a fugitive membrane between the Anther and Receptacle.

Anther globular: (the mouth most intire), cover'd with an obtuse Lid.

RECEPTACLE. Apophysis margined, obscure, under the anther.

\* The female flower hitherto unknown to us.

#### 1189. PHÁSCUM. \*

\* Male flower subsessile or on a short peduncle.

CAL. Calyptre minute.

ANTHER oval, with a fringed mouth, covered with a pointed Lid.

RECEPT. Apophysis none. \* Female flower.

Obs. Ph. acaulon (ftemless) and subulatum (awl'd) bear a calyptre; and therefore may be commodiously affociated with the Bryums. Syst. Veg. 794. R.

# 1190. FONTINALIS. \* Dill. musc. 254. Fountain Moss.

\* Male subsessile.

CAL. Calyptre polish'd, conic, sessile, included in a perichætium. Anther oblong, with a fringed mouth, covered with a pointed lid. RECEPT. Apophysis none.

PERICHÆTIUM pitcher'd, imbricated, obvolving the anther.

\* Female flower.

1188. BUX-

#### 1188. BUXBAUMIA. \* Amoen. acad. 5. p. 78. t. 1. Hippopodium Fabric. butifb. 31. Horse-foot.

\* Male flower peduncled. CAL. Calyptre conic, falling off.

ANTHER oval, gibbous on one fide, membranous on the other, with a fringe-plaited mouth; covered with a lid conic, perforated at the base, within which hangs from a slender Filament a real Anther, lop'd downward, dust-bearing.

REC. Apophysis none.

#### 1191. SPLACHNUM. \* Amgen. acad. 2. p. 270.

\* Male flower peduncled.

CAL. Calyptre conic, polished, falling off.

ANTHER cylindric: the mouth gaping with eight reflected toothlets, destitute of a ring.

RECEPT. Apophysis membranous, coloured, very large, under the

\* Female flower on a distinct vegetable.

CAL. Common star'd, terminal, from leaslets many, awl'd, every way ray'd, imbricated.

PISTILS many: central, level-top'd, short, colour'd.

#### 1192. POLYTRICHUM. \* Dill. musc. 429. (Much Hair) Golden Maiden Hair.

\* Male flower peduncled from the top of the vegetable.

CAL. Calyptre conic, villous, equal.

ANTHER oblong, with a mouth fringed, covered with an orbicular membrane, with a conic lid.

RECEPT. Apophysis margined, very small, beneath the anther.

PERICH ÆTIUM a cylindric sheath, much shorter than the peduncle.

\* Female flower on a distinct individual.

CAL. Common expanding into an imbricated, coloured rose.

PISTILS thread-form, jointed.

1193. MNI-

#### 1193. MNÍUM. \* Dill. musc. 229.

\* Male flower peduncled.

CAL. Calyptre oblong, pointed, polished.

Anther roundish, with a fringed annular mouth, covered with a fubconic lid.

RECEPT. Apophysis none.

\* Female flower oftner on a distinct individual. CAL. Common star'd with ray'd leaves. Pist. many, central, collected.

#### 1194. BRÝUM. \* Dill. musc. 338.

\* Male peduncled from the top of the shoots.

CAL. Calyptre oblong, pointed, oblique, polished.

ANTHER roundish or oblongish, with a fringed annular mouth, covered with a conic lid.

RECEPT. Apophysis none.

PERICHÆTIUM none, but a tubercle for the base of the peduncle.

OBS. There are species with a hairy calyptre. R.

#### 1195. HÝPNUM. \* Dill. musc. 261.

\* Male flower peduncled, from the wings of the leaves to the fides of the shoots.

CAL. Calyptre oblong, oblique, polifhed.

ANTHER oblongish: the mouth fringed, cover'd with a pointed lid. RECEPT. Apophysis none.

PERICHÆTIUM scaly, emitting a peduncle at the sides of the shoots.

\* Female flower on the same vegetable from the wings of the leaves.

CAL. Common none.

PIST. folitary from the wings of the leaves, the plume naked.

### III. F L A G S.

(Alga.)

1196. JUNGERMANNIA. \* Mitch. 5. Muscoides Mich. 6. Lichenastrum Dill musc. 479. (Mosslike.)

\* Male flower stands on a long straight peduncle proceeding

from the calyx.

CAL. Perichætium tubular.

Cor. none.

STAM. Anther egg'd, gaping into valvelets four, expanding, equal, permanent.

\* Female flower sessile, oftner on the same plant, naked.

CAL none, (apparent).

Cor. none.

SEEDS folitary or crowded, roundish.

1197. TARGIÓNIA. † Mich. 3.

CAL. fubglobular, two-valved.

ANTHER sessile, bell'd, in the bottom of the calyx.

1198. MARCHANTIA. \* March. A.G. 1713. t.5. Mich. 1. Hepatica Mich. 2. Lunularia Mich. 4. Lichen Dill. musc. 515.

\* Male flower rifes on a peduncle long, straight, proceeding

from the calycle.

CAL. Common Perianth four-cleft, five-cleft, or ten-cleft, targetted, (the divisions equal, deflected on the fides), very large, covered under with as many florets, as it has divisions.

Cor. one-petal'd, top-shape, shorter than the calyx, straight.

STAM. Filament one, longer than the corol, simple. Anther nearly egg'd, gaping from the top into as many divisions as those of the common calyx; the dust fixed upon hairs.

\* Female flower sessile, on the same plant.

CAL. Perianth confifting of a margin membranous, erect, spreading,

intire, permanent, one-leaved.

Cor. none, unless you so name the calyx.

SEEDs many, roundish, compressed, naked, in the bottom of the calyx.

Obs. Of Marchantia M. The common male calyx is flat, divided into from eight to ten divisions, not involving the florets.

Of Hepatica M. The common male calyx is flat, five-cleft, conic

with converging divisions.

Of Lunularia M. The calyx is cross-form; the divisions obvolving the florets.

1199. B L A-

### 1199 BLASIA. \* Mich. gen. 7.

\* Male flower?

CAL. one-leaved, egg'd at the base, cylindric in the middle, dilated at the top, lop'd.

STAM. many granules, free.

\* Female flower?

CAL. fcarcely any.

PER. roundish, solitary, immerged in the leaves.

SEEDs few, roundish.

OBS. May not the male flower be named the female one, and vice versa

# 1200. RICCIA. \* Mich. 57. Marsh Liver-wort. \* Male flower sessile.

CAL. none.

Cor. none.

STAM. Anther awl'd, lop'd, sessile, gaping at the top.

\* Female flower on the same (or a different Mich.) plant,

CAL. fcarcely any.

Per. globular, one-cell'd.

SEEDS many.

Obs. D. Schreberus has thus given the character of the genus: (Vic Syst. Veg. p. 804).

CAL. none, except the vesicular cavity within the substance of the lea

STAM. Anther cylindric, sessile, placed on the germ.

PIST. Germ top-shape. Style thread-form, perforating the anther.

PER. spherical, crowned with a withered anther.

SEEDs hemispheric, pedicel'd.

# 1201. ANTHÓCEROS. \* Mich. 7. Dill. musc. 475 (Horn-flower.)

\* Male flower sessile.

CAL. one-leaved, cylindric, lop'd, intire.

Cor. none

STAM. Filaments none. Anther one, awl'd, very long, two-valved the Dust affixed to a free capillary receptacle.

\* Female flower fessile, oftner on the same, or a distinct plant

CAL. one-leaved, fix-parted, expanding.

SEEDs three (about), naked, in the bottom of the calyx, roundish.

Obs. One third part of the calyx is often excluded, the same proportion of number is observed in the seeds.

1202. LÍ-

202. LICHEN. \* Tournef. 325. Mich. 36-53. Lichenoides Dill. musc. 124. Coralloides Dill. musc. 75. Usnea Dill. musc. 56. Liver-wort. Coral-moss.

\* Male flowers numerous, oftner growing on a receptacle orbicular, very large, gloffy, flattish, convex or concave,

Female flowers and Seeds scattered like dust on the same or a distinct plant.

eprous tubercled.

targetted. imbricated. leafy. leathery. cup-bearing. shrubby. filamentous.

204. TREMÉLLA. \* Dill. musc. 41. Trembler. A substance uniform, pellucid, membranous, gelatinous, leafy. DBS. It differs from Lichen in the tubercles and targets not being obvious.

#### 205. FÚCUS. \* Reaum. A. G. 1711. t. 9. 10. 11. Wrack. Sea-weed.

\* Male flowers?

Vesicles smooth, hollow, sprinkled with hairs within.

\* Female flowers.

Veficles smooth, repleat with jelly, sprinkled with perforated dots pregnant with feed. EEDs folitary.

206. ÚLVA. \* Dill. gen. Laver.

The FRUCTIFICATIONS in a vesicular diaphanous membrane, without a frond.

207. CONFÉRVA. \* Dill. musc. 11. ibres simple, uniform, capillary, filamentous. )BS. These fibres are either continued or jointed.

1208. BYS-

1208. BYSSUS. \* Dill. gen. 1. Mich. 80. 90. Aspergillus Mich. 91. Botrytis Mich. 91.

Fibres simple, uniform, woolly or dusty.

# IV. F U N G U S E S. (Fungi.)

1209. AGÁRICUS. \* Dill. Amanita Dill. Mushroom.

The Fungus horizontal, lamellated underneath.

Obs. Agaricus D. wants the petiole, and grows by the lateral margin.

Amanita D. is furnished with a petiole, inserted into the orbicular center of the head.

Observations, as many as have hitherto been made, shew that the Agarics of Dillenius do not differ in species from Amanita, Boletus & Erinaceus of Dillenius but are changeable by the place of their growth.

1210. BOLÉTUS. \* Dill. Suillus Mich. 68. 69. Polyporus Mich. 70. 71. Many-pores.

Fungus horizontal, porous underneath.

1211. HÝDNUM. \* Erinaceus Dill. Mich. 72. Fungus horizontal, hedge-hog'd underneath, with awl'd fibres.

1212. PHÁLLUS. \* Mich. 83. Boletus Mich. 85. Phalloboletus Mich. 84. Morel.

Fungus polished under, netted above with calluses.

1213. CLÁTHRUS. Mich. 93.

Fungus roundish, confishing of a netted, window'd, hollow body: the ramifications every where connected.

1214. HEL-

- 1214. HELVÉLLA. \* Fungoidaster Mich. 82. Fungoides Mich. 86. Fungoides species Vaill. B.P. XI. 8.
- Fungus above and below polifhed, top-shape.
- 1215. PEZÍZA. \* Dill. Cyathoides Mich. 102. Cup-mushroom. Fungoides species Vaill. B. P. XI. 4. 5. 6. 7.
- Fungus bell'd, sessile, with seeds orbicular, convex-stat. Obs. All the species have not seeds obvious to sight. R.
- 1216. CLAVÁRIA. \* Vaill. B. P. VII. Mich. 87. Coralloides Tournef. 332. Mich. 88. Corallofungus Vaill. B. P. VIII. Fungoides Dill. Club-fungus.
- Fungus polished, oblong, the surface uniform.
- 1217. LYCOPÉRDON. \* Tournef. 331. Mich. 97. Vaill. B. P. XVI: 4-10. Bovista Dill. Lycoperdoides Mich. 98. Lycoperdastrum Mich. 99. Geaster Mich. 100. Carpobolus Mich. 101. Fuz-ball. Puff-ball.
- Fungus roundish, replete with farinaceous impalpable seeds, gaping from the top.
- 1218. MÚCOR. \* Mich. 95. Mucilago Mich. 96. Lycolaga Mich. 95. Mould.
- Fungus with stiped vesicles, in which there are numerous seeds affixed to cross-form receptacles.

#### CLASS XXV.

### APPENDIX.

#### PALMS. (Palmæ.)

1219 Chamérops.

1220 Boraffus.

1221 Córypha.

1223 Cócos. 1224 Phénix.

1284 Elœis.

1225 Aréca. 1226 Élate. 1228 Caryóta.

1436 Maurítia. Licuála. Nípa.

#### I. PALMS.

1219. CHAMÉROPS. \* Mus. Cliff. 10. Chamæ-ripes Pont. 10. Dwarf Palm. Palmetto. (Polygamy Two-houses.)

\* Hermaphrodite.

CAL. universal Spathe compress'd, two-cleft. Spadix branchy.

Proper Perianth three-parted, very fmall.

Con. three-parted. Petals egg'd, leathery, erect, acute, inflected at the top.

STAM. Filaments fix: awl-compress'd, rather cohering at the base. Anthers linear, twin, growing to the interior fide of the filaments.

PIST. Germs three, roundish. Styles as many, distinct, permanent. Stizmas acute.

PER. Drupes three, globular, one-cell'd.

SEEDS folitary, globular.

\* Male on a separate plant, flowering in the same manner.

CAL. Spathe as in the hermaphrodite, Perianth as in the hermaphrodite.

Cor. as in the hermaphrodite.

STAM. Receptacle gibbous, ending in fix not perforate-distinct Filaments. The rest as in the hermaphrodite.

#### 1220. BORÁSSUS. Mus. Cliff. 13. Ampana H. M. I. 10. Carim-pana H. M. I. 9. (Two-houses fix males).

\* Male Ampana.

CAL. universal Spathe compound. Spadix amentaceous, imbricated. COR. three-parted. Petals egg'd, concave.

STAM. Filaments fix, thickish. Anthers thicker, striated.

\* Female Carim-pana: on a separate plant.

CAL. Spathe and Spadix as in the male.

Cor. three-parted. Petals roundish, small, permanent.

Pist. Germ roundish. Styles three, small. Stigmas simple.

PER. Berry (Drupe) roundish, obtuse, rigid, one-cell'd.

SEEDs three, rather egg'd, compress'd, distinct, filamentous.

# 1221. CÓRYPHA. Mus. Cliff. 11. Codda-panna. II. M. II. 12.

CAL. universal Spathe compounded. Spadix branchy.

Cor. three-parted. Petals egg'd, obtuse, expanding.

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd, longer than the corol. Anthers adjoined.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style awl'd, short. Stigma simple.

PER. Berry globular, large, one-cell'd.

SEED one, bony, large, globular.

Obs. Brown describes his Corypha otherwise? is it therefore of a distinct genus?

CAL. Spadix fimple, branchy, imbricated with proper spathes.

Perianth none.

Con. none.

STAM. Filaments fix, short, growing on the fides of the germ.

Anthers oblong.

PIST. Germ globular, small. Style simple, short. Stigma headed, rather sunnel-form.

PER. Drupe one-cell'd.

SEED Nut with a bony Aril.

1223. COCOS. + Mus. Cliff. Tenga H. M. I. t. 1-4. Brown 341. Cocoa Nut. (One-house fix males).

\* Male flowers on the same spadix with the semale ones.

CAL. universal Spathe one-valved. Spadix branchy. Perianth three-parted, very finall: the divisions nearly threefided, concave, coloured.

Cor. Petals three, egg'd, acute, fpreading.

STAM. Filaments fix, simple, the length of the corol. Anthers arrowed. PIST. Germ scarcely manifest. Styles three, short. Stigma obscure. PER. abortive.

\* Female flowers on the same spadix with the males. CAL. Spathe common with hermaphrodites, as also the Spadix. Perianth three-parted: the divisions roundish, concave, con-

verging, coloured, permanent.

Cor. Petals three, permanent, familiar to the calyx, but rather larger.

PIST. Germ egg'd. Style none. Stigma three-lobed.

Per. Drupe leathery very large, roundish, obscurely three-corner'd. SEED Nut very large, rather egg'd, pointed, three-cell'd (Brown), three-yalved, obtusely three-cornered, pervious with three holes at the base. Nucleus hollow.

#### 1224. PHENIX. + Kampf. 2. Elate Mus. Cliff. 12. Katouindel H. M. III. 23. Common Palm or Date Tree. (Two houses three males.)

\* Male flowers.

CAL. universal Spathe one-valved. Spadix branchy. Perianth three-parted, very small, permanent.

Cor. Petals three, concave, egg'd, oblongish.

STAM. Filaments three, very short. Anthers linear, four-cornered, the length of the corol.

\* Female flowers on a different plant, or on the fame fpadix.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. (three-petal'd Syft. Veg.) three-parted, with as many exterior divisions, and the alternate ones very small.

Pist. Germ roundish. Style awl'd, short. Stigma acute.

PER. Berry (Drupe) egg'd, one-cell'd.

SEED one, bony, nearly egg'd, plough'd with a longitudinal furrow.

Bbb2 1284. ELŒ-

#### 1284. EL ÉIS. \* Jacq. amer. 280.

\* Male.

CAL. Perianth six-leaved: the leastets concave, erect.

Cor. one-petal'd, fix-cleft, erect, acute, the length of the calyx:

STAM. Filaments fix, awl'd the length of the corol. Anthers oblong, acute.

#### \* Female.

CAL. as in the male.

Cor. fix-petal'd.

Pist. Germ egg'd. Style thickish. Stigmas three, reflected.

PER. Drupe fibrous egg'd, subangular, oily.

SEED Nut egg'd, rather three-cornered, with three perforations, three-valved, one-cell'd.

### 1225. ARÉCA. Aréca Nut. (One house nine males.)

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Spathe two-valved. Spadix branchy.

Cor. Petals three, pointed, rigid.

STAM. Filaments nine, of which the three exterior are longer.

\* Female flowers on the same spadix.

CAL. Spathe common with the males.

Cor. Petals three, pointed, rigid.

PIST.

PER. Drupe rather egg'd, fibrous, girt at the base with an imbricated calyx.

SEED egg'd.

1226. ÉLA-

#### 1226. ÉLATE.

\* Male flowers.

CAL. Spathe two-valved. Spadix branchy.

Cor. Petals three, roundish.

STAM. Filaments three, fimple. Anthers adjoined.

\* Female flowers on the fame spadix with the male ones.

CAL. Spathe common with the males,

COR. Petals three, roundish, permanent.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style awl'd. Stigma acute.

PER. Drupe egg'd, pointed.

SEED Nut egg'd, plough'd with a furrow.

#### 1228. CARYÓTA. Mus. Cliff. 12. Schunda-pana H. M. I. 11. (One house many males.)

\* Male flowers.

CAL. universal Spathe compound. Spadix branchy.

Con. three-parted. Petals lanced, concave.

STAM. Filaments many, rather longer than the corol. Anthers linear.

\* Female flowers on the fame spadix with the male ones.

CAL. common with the males.

Con. three-parted. Petals pointed, very small.

PIST. Germ roundish. Style pointed. Stigma simple.

PER. Berry roundish, one-cell'd.

SEEDs two, large, oblong, roundish on one side. flat on the other.

Bbb 3 1436. MAU-

#### 1436. MAURITIA. S.

\* Male flowers on an ament oblong, feffile, every where covered with flowers firaitly approximated, with obtuse scales between each flower.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, cup-form, lop'd, intire, three-fided, fhort. Cor. one-petal'd. Tube fhort, the length of the calyx, with three futures, by which the divisions of the border are easily separated to the base. Border three-parted; the divisions equal, rather expanding, lanced, channel'd, rigid, as if woody, obtuse.

STAM. Filaments fix, inferted into the throat of the tube, very fhort, thick. Inthers linear, angular, the length of the petals: the alternate ones extended between the divitions of the border, horizontal: three alternate ones erect, apprefied to the channel of the divisions.

#### NIPA. Thunb. nov. gen. 5. p. 90.

\* Male Rowers.

CAL. Spathes oblong, concave, pointed, leathery: the exterior ones larger, gradually including the interior.

Proper Perianth none.

COR. Petals fix, linear, equal, reflex-expanding.

STAM. Filament one, thread-form, erect, the length of the petals.

Anther on the top of the filament, perforated, oblong, twelve-furrow'd.

\* Feminine flowers on the same Palm.

CAL. Spathes as in the male

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ angular, often five-angled, obliquely lop'd, smooth.

Style and Stigma none, but in their place a furrow on each side.

PER. Drupes very numerous, collected at top into the fize of a head, with unequal angles acute or obtuse, attenuated below, obtuser above, smooth.

#### LICUALA. Thunb. Act. Stockholm, 1782. p. 286. nov. gen. 3. p. 70.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, three parted, hairy without.

Cor. three-parted almost to the base: the divisions egg'd, acute, concave.

Nectary garland-form, lop'd. twice as short as the corol.

STAM. Filaments fix, inferted into the nectaries, erect, very short.

Anthers oblong, twin.

Pist. Germ above, convex, furrow'd, three-parted, smooth. Style one, simple. Stigmas two.

PER. Drupe globular, the fize of a pea.

SEED Nut hard.

I. WE have here inserted those plants from the works of Thunberg and L'Heritier, which we could not arrange in their proper places, not having soon enough been able to procure those books.

Three Males, One Eemale, before Ixia.

#### WITSÉNA. Thunh. nov. gen. p. 33.

CAL. none, except the brackes.

Cox. one-petal'd, tubular, erect, longer than the bractes. Tube cylindric, gradually enlarged. Border fix-parted, erect-expanding: the divisions oblong, obtuse, downy.

STAM. Filaments three, inserted above on the tube. Anthers oblong,

erect.

Pist. Germ above. Style one, thread-form, erect, bowing at the top, rather longer than the corol. Stigma end-nick'd.

Four Males, Two Females, before Aphanes.

#### GALOPÍNA. Thunb. nov. gen. p. 3.

CAL. none.

COR. four-cleft, above, revolute.

STAM. Filaments four, capillary, deciduous, long, inferted on the receptacle.

Pist. Germ beneath. Styles two, rather shorter than the filaments, growing out. Stigmas simple.

PER. none.

SEEDS two, naked, fubglobular, murex'd.

Four

#### Four Males, One Female.

# MONÉTIA. L'Heritier, Stirpes novæ. Fasc. 1.

- CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bellied, obscurely half-fourcleft, (two opposite interstices deeper), first three-cleft, then only two-cleft: (the divisions lanced, acute, reslected), pubescent, permanent.
- Cor. Petals four, inferted into the receptacle, subopposite to the calyx-divisions, longer than the calyx, linear, acute, revolute.
- STAM. Filaments four, erect, inferted into the receptacle, almost the length of the corol. Anthers oblong, two-cell'd, targetted.
- Pist. Germ above, rather four-corner'd, ending in a thickish conic fyle, which is shorter than the stamens. Stigma acute.
- Per. a Berry? juiceless, globular, retaining the calyx at the base:
  (a pappy head placed on the top), two-cell'd.
- SEEDs two, one in each cell, (if the fruit be really two-cell'd) appress'd, orbicular, compress'd, flat inwards, subconvex outwardly.

#### Five Males, One Female, after Celofia.

### CHENOLÉA. Thunh. nov. gen. p. 9.

- CAL. Perianth one-leaved, globular, concave, rather fleshy, fiveparted with divisions closely inflected. filver-downy without, smooth within.
- Cor. naked.
- STAM. Filaments five, inserted into the base of the calvx, thread-form, erect, bent according to the margin of the capsule, the length of the calvx. Anthers minute.
- PIST. Germ above. Style thread-form, very fhort. Stigmas two, fimple, awl'd, acute, reflex-expanding, rather longer than the ftyle.
- PER. Capfule round, fubdepress'd, navel'd, smooth, one-cell'd.
- SEED roundish, two-cleft at top, smooth.

Five Males, One Female, after Randia.

#### FAGRÆA. Thunb. nov. gen. p. 34.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, five-parted: the divisions obtuse, incumbent, membranous at top.

Cor. one-petal'd, funnel-form: Tube columnar, gradually dilated at top: Border contorted, five-parted: the divisions oblong, ob-

lique, obtufe, intire, expanding.

STAM. Filaments five, inseried into the tube, thread-form, equal, shorter than the corol. Anthers twin, egg'd, vertical, convex without, four-furrow'd, flat within, easily two-partible.

Pist. Germ above. Style thread-form, the length of the corol.

Stigma targetted, orbicular, flat.

PER. Berry egg'd, fleshy, smooth, covered with a scarf skin, two-cell'd, the size of a small pear.

#### Five Males, One Female, after Savagefia.

### CARÓXYLON. Thunb. nov. gen. p. 37.

CAL. Perianth two-leaved, fuborbicular, rude, concave within, keel'd without, very flender on the margin, erect, shorter than the corol.

Cor. one-petal'd, five-parted almost to the base. Tube none: divifions of the Border obtuse, broad, roundish, hollow-curled,

membranous, expanding.

Nestary. Scales five, inferted into the middle of the corol, rather narrower, and shorter than the corol, and conjoin'd with it beneath; placed on the converging fruit, egg'd, acutish, concave, membranous.

STAM. Filaments five, inserted on the fides of the germ, shorter than

the corol, capillary. Anthers very small.

Pist. Germ above, conic, smooth. Style simple, shorter than the corol, erect. Stigmas two, revolute, sometimes a single stigma.

PER. none.

SEED one, depress'd, round, spiral, clothed with a very slender membrane, cover'd with the permanent filaments and nectary.

Five

Five Males, One Female, after Cedrela.

# CALODENDRON. Thunberg. nov. gen. p. 41. Fine-tree.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, permanent, five-parted: the divisions egg'd, acute, thicketh, smooth within; villous-murex'd without, with subrevolute margins; many times shorter than the corol.

Cor. five-angled before its expansion, the length of the calyx, five-petal'd when expanded. Petals lanced, obtuse, expanding, channel'd within, keel'd without, waved, villous, thrice as long as the calyx.

Neclaries five, petal-form, inferted on the receptacle within the petals, line-lanced, awl'd at top, terminated with a gland, narrower than the corol, but of the fame length, smooth,

filver-glanded.

STAM. Filaments five, equal, the length of the corol: four antherbearing, one barren. Anthers egg'd, furrow'd, hearted, inferted on the back.

Pist. Germ above, pedicel'd, headed, murex'd. Style inferted on one fide of the germ, thread-form, the length of the filaments. Stigma fimple, obtufe.

ER. Capfule egg d, five-angled, with obtuse angles, five-furrow'd, murex'd, peduncled, five-valved, five-cell'd, the fize of a

Prune.

SEEDS two in each cell, subtriangular, convex on the back, smooth, the fize of a pea.

Six Males, Three Females, after Scheutzeria.

#### WURMBEA. Thunk. nov. gen. p. 18.

CAL. one-leaved, tubular, fix-angled, fmooth, half fix-parted: the divisions lanced, acute, erect, expanding.

Cor. none.

Pist. Germ above, three-fided, furrow'd, fmooth. Styles three, three-fided, awl'd, the length of the stamens. Stigmas obtuse.

Per. Capsule oblong, three-fided, three-furrow'd, smooth, three-

Per. Capfule obling, three-fided, three-furrow'd, fmooth, three-cell'd, three-parted from the middle, coalesced of three styles.

SEED round, very numerous.

Ten

Ten Males, One Female, after Swietenia.

#### EKEBÉRKIA. Thunh. nov. gen. p. 43.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, bell'd, downy, four-parted: the divisions egg'd, obtuse.

Cor. four-petal'd, rather longer than the calyx. Petals oblong, obtuse, downy without.

Nectary a ring furrounding the base of the germ.

STAM. Filaments ten, very short, pubescent. Anthers egg'd, acute, erect, yellow with two black lines.

Pist. Germ above. Style cylindric, very fhort. Stigma headed. Per. Berry globular, five-feeded, the fize of a Filbert.

SEEDS oblong, the Berry varies in the number of feeds, from two to

#### . Twelve Males, One Female.

#### ARISTOTÉLIA. L'Heritier. Stirp. nov. p. 31.

CAL. Perianth one-leaved, five-parted, concave-erect, villous: the divisions lanced, acute, appress'd, permanent, at length withering, then deciduous.

COR. Petals five, inverse-egg'd, obscurely scallop-lop'd, concave, fubimbricated on the fide, erect, seffile, inserted on the recep-

tacle, fcarcely longer than the calyx.

STAM. Filaments fifteen, of which five are interior, as if subapproximated by threes, (the intermediate interior one opposed to the calyx), very short, inserted on the receptacle. Anthers linear, two-cell'd, apprefs'd to the germ, and fcarcely shorter, longer than the filaments, (what I have seen were sterile).

Pist. Germ above, roundish, rather three-corner'd. Style threadform, longer, than the corol, half three-cleft, reflected at top. Stigmas three, fimple, scarcely pubescent, (the style is some-

times three-cleft, fometimes triple).

PER. Berry subglobular, obtusely three-corner'd, three-cell'd, the

fize of a pea.

SEEDS two, or folitary in each cell, roundish, egg'd when folitary, obscurely angular when two, hard. II. The II. The following are the effential characters of three plants from the 14th. edition of Murray's Systema Vegetabilium. These plants are published by Jacquin in the 9th. vol of the Acta Helvetica, which has not yet reached London.

Five Males, One Female, after Cedrela.

ELEODÉNDRON. Jacq. jun. in. act. belv. v. 9. Fig. 2.

Cor. five-petal'd, beneath. Dupe egg'd. Nut two-cell'd.

Six Males, One Female, after Burmannia.

LACHENALIA. Jacq. jun. aet. belv. v. 9. tab. 3.

CAL. rather three-leaved, beneath, colour'd.

Con. three-petal'd, inferted into the receptacle.

Obs. Is this plant different from the Phormium of the Supplement?

Dr-n-r.

Confederate Males, Frustraneous Polygamy, after Osmites.

SCLEROCARPUS. Jacq. jun. act. helv. vol. 9.

Receptacle naked. Pappus none.

CAL. furrow'd.

. III. We

III. We have followed the example of Murray in the 14th. edition of the System of Vegetables, in changing the name of Drimys No. 1403, of the Supplement Plant, to Wintera, because the Winter's bark is obtained from it, and the name Winterana No. 598, of the Gen. Plant. and Syst. Veget. to Canella, from the same authority, to prevent the confusion between Canella alba and Winter's bark, and the trees, which produce them.

As Solandra is removed from No. 1061, of the 13th edition of the System of Vegetables, to the genus Hydrocotyle in the Supplem. Plant. p. 272, it is therefore omitted, and the essential character of a plant described by Murray in the comment. Gott. is given under the name Solandra from the 14th, edition of the System. Veg. by Murray is inserted at the end of this Possscript.

Fusanus was placed in System. Veget. edition 13, after No. 1142, preceding Acer, but is removed in the Supplem. Plant. to the genus Thessum, p. 161, and is therefore here omitted.

Centella No. 1051, of Gen. Plant. and System. Veget. edition 13, is transfer'd in the Suppl. Plant. to the genus Hydrocótyle, along with Solandra, and ought therefore to have been omitted, but is inserted by mistake.

IV. The following observations are extracted from the addenda of Dr. Reichard.

MURRAY in the Com. reg. Soc. Gætting. T. 6. has described from the living plant the Amomum Zerumbet, the character of which differs something from the Amomum of Linneus.

The generic character of THALIA is emended by Rottboell in Col. Soc. med. Haun. v. 2. in the following manner.

RACHIS bending at right angles, on whose arms the flowers sit without a proper pedicel.

Spath. Glume permanent, two-flower'd, two-valved: the valvelets lanced, acute, concave, equal.

Perianth scales three, very small, fringed, permanent, crowning the germ.

Cor. Petals five, above, withering, in a double feries: the three exterior longer, oblong, waved, conjoin'd at the base, expanding.

Two interior less, erect-expanding, oblong, conjoin'd with each other, and with the nectary at the base.

Nectary petal-form, placed at the two smaller petals, lanced, pointed, concave.

STAM. Filaments one, awl'd, inferted into the nectary. Anther club'd.

PIST. Germ top-shape, crowned with the calyx. Style thread-form, inflected. Stigma leafy, inflected.

Per. Drupe oblong, gibbous, one-cell'd.

SEED one, awl'd, inflected? R.

From a new species of HEVCHERA, call'd dichotoma, two-fork'd, described by Murray in nov. Com. Gætt. T. 3. it appears that the character of the genus wants emendation, the mention of the depth of the interstices of the calyx, and of the figure of the divisions should be omitted, as liable to variation, nor should the proportion between the stamens, and the calyx be admitted.

The character of Calligonum described from living plants by Pallas, so much differs from that of Linneus, that it may be worth inserting. (Itin. Tom. 3. p. 536.)

CAL. none.

- Cor. five-petal'd, permanent: the inferior petal rather larger, the two opposite ones more oblong, less.
- STAM. ten, twelve at most, the length of the corol, erect, withering along with the corol, as the fruit increases, not deciduous. *Filaments* bristly, thicker at the base, downy. *Anthers* subglobular, twin.
- Pist. Germ conic, four-fided, sometimes three-fided, the two-cleft angles growing into the wings of the seed. Styles three, reflected. Stigmas headed.
- FRUIT Nut oblong, four-fided, the keels elongated into a flender creft, to which is adjoin'd an orbicular wing, or suboval membrane, striated from the disk toward the margin, waved, the four wings converge on all sides about the nut, and conceal it.
- SEM. Nucleus oblong, four-fided, deeply ingraved between the angles, Corcule central, growing out from the top of the nut.

V. Essential character of Solandra, from the 14th. edition of Systema Vegetabilium.

One Brotherhood, Many Males, after Sida.

... SOLÁNDRA, Murr. in Comment. Gott. a. 1784.

CAL. fimple.

CAPS. oblong, wreathed, 5-cell'd.

SEEDS many, disposed in cells, in a double order.

Obs. The values after maturity are divaricated even to the base, wing'd inwards by the partition.

### ORDINES NATURALES.

(Natural Orders.)

1. THE great CREATOR in the beginning endued the medullary subflance of Vegetables with principles productive of a difference in their cortical substance, whence arose as many individuals of different form, as there are Natural Orders.

2. The Omnipotent mix'd these classical plants (1) with each other, whence arose as many Genera, of these orders, as there were

thence produced plants.

3. Nature mix'd these Generic plants, (2) whence arose as many con-

generic Species, as now exist.

4. Accident mix'd these Species, (3) whence all the Varieties, which

occasionally occur.

5. This is evinced (1-4) by the laws of the Creator, from fimple to more compound.—From the laws of Nature in the production of Mules.—From the laws of Man from our observations a posteriori.

6. The Botanist will observe these laws, as much as possible.

The Scholar reduces Varietes to Species. Since specific knowledge is the foundation of solid knowledge.

The Botanist reduces the Species to Genera, whence the fraternal

affinity of plants appears.

The Veteran endeavours to reduce the Genera to Orders, from a previous knowledge of the nature of plants, (this however is difficult, from our prefent ignorance) as for example. Tamarix,—Cactus, unless Reaumuria. Asta,—Peonia, unless Cimicifuga.

g. The multitude of Genera is a burthen to the memory, relievable by System. System points out a plant without a Preceptor. The Natural Orders do not constitute a method without a Key. An artificial method therefore alone enables us to distinguish plants, since a key to a natural method is scarcely possible.

10. Natural Orders enable us to judge of the nature of plants; artifi-

cial ones enable us to distinguish them.

11. He who constructs the Natural Genera, brings into view the

Natural Orders, where it can be done.

He, who instead of a natural method disposes the plants according to the fragments of it, and rejects the artificial method, seems to me to resemble a man, who should demolish a commodious house built upon pillars, and in its place endeavour to erect another, unable to construct a pedestal, or to turn an arch.

OBS. The following Nutural Orders are well elucidated in Milne's Bota-

nical Dictionary.

OR-

#### ORDINES NATURALES.

( Natural Orders. )

- I. Palmæ, Palms.
- 2. Piperitæ, Peppers.
- 3. Calamariæ, Reeds. 4. Gramina, Graffes
- 5. Tripetaloideæ, 3-petal-like.
- 6. Ensatæ, Sword-like.
- 7. Orchideæ, Orchises.
- 8. Scitamineæ, Dainties
- 9. Spathaceæ, Spathed.
- 10. Coronariæ, Garlands.
- 11. Sarmentosæ. Climbers.
- 12. Holeraceæ, Potherbs.
- 13. Succulentæ, Succulent.
- 14. Gruinales, Crainbils. 15. Inundatæ, Immersed.
- 16. Calycifloræ, Calyx-bloffom'd.
- 17. Calycanthemæ, Calyx-flower'd
- 18. Bicornes, Two-horn'd.
- 19. Hesperideæ, Hesperian.
- 20. Rotaceæ. Wheel'd.
- 21. Preciæ, Early.
- 22. Caryophylleæ, Cloves.
- 23. Trihilatæ, Three-hiled.
- 24. Corydales, Helmet-like. 25. Putamineæ, Shell'd.
- 26. Multifiliquæ, Many-podded.
- 27. Rhoeadeæ, Poppies.
- 28. Luridæ, Lurid.
- 29. Campanaceæ, Bell'd.

- 30. Contortæ, Contorted.
- 31. Vepreculæ, Brakes.
- 32. Papilionaceæ, Papilionaceous.
- 33. Lomentaceæ, Dyer's plants.
- 34. Cucurbitaceæ, Gourds.
- 35. Senticosæ, Bryers. 36. Pomaceæ, Pome-bearing.
- 37. Columniferæ, Column-bearing
- 38. Tricoccæ, Three-grain'd. 39. Siliquosæ, Siliquous.
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- 42. Verticillatæ, Verticil'd.
- 43. Dumofæ, Bushy.
- 44. Sepiariæ, Hedge-plants.
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- 46. Hederaceæ, Ivies
- 47. Stellatæ, Star'd.
- 48. Aggregatæ, Aggregate.
- 49. Compositæ, Compound.
- 50. Amentaceæ, Amentaceous.
- 51. Coniferæ, Coniferous.
- 52. Coadunatæ, Congregated.
- 53. Scabridæ, Rugged.
- 54. Miscellaneæ. Misellaneous.
- 55. Filices, Ferns.
- 56. Musci, Mosses.
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Urtíca		642	Wurmbéa		763
Utriculária		81		X.	
Uvária		380	Xánthium		644
Uvulária		220	Xeránthemum		554
Ovulalia	V.		Ximénia		257
Massinium	V 4	260	Xylophýlla		200
Vaccinium		719	Xylópia		617
Valántia		28	Xýris		38
Valeriána			2x y 113	Y.	20
Valléa		362	Yúcca	* *	229
V allisnéria		677	1 ucca	Z.	229
Vandéllia		427.	774	A.I.	710
Varrónia		138	Zámia		740
Vatéria		365	Zánnichéllia		624
Vàtica		323	Zanónia		692
Velézia		171	Zanthóxylum		687
Vélla		442	Zéa		633
Verátrum		714	Zínnia		567
Verbáscum		130	Zizánia		. 648
Verbéna		19	Zizóphora		21
Verbesína		576	Zoegæa		581
V erónica		15	Zostéra		620
Vibúrnum		198			289
		500			
Vícia		200			



## ALPHABETICAL CATALOGUE

OF

## ENGLISH AND SCOTCH NAMES

OF

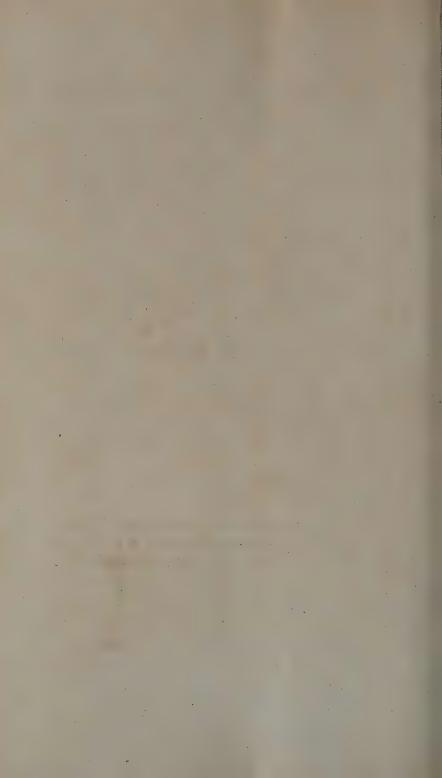
# PLANTS,

FROM THE MOST APPROVED BOTANICAL WRITERS,

REFER'D TO THEIR RESPECTIVE GENERA.

N.B. The Latin names in common use, as Anemone, Angelica, Azalea, &c. are not inserted in this catalogue (as they are to be found in the preceding Index) except where they have by custom been misapply'd; as Althaa frutex for Hibiscus, and wild Angelica for Aegopodium.

M, DCC, LXXXVII.



## ENGLISH AND SCOTCH NAMES

OF

# P L A No. T. S.

#### A.

Abele, Papulus Abelmosk, Hibiscus Acacia, Mimosa Acacia, false, Robinia Acacia, German, Prunus Acacia, three-thorned, Gleditsia Acajou, Anacardium Aconite, Aconitum Aconite, Winter, Helleborus Adam's Apple, Citrus Adam's Needle, Yucca Adder's-wort, Polygonum Adder's Tongue, Ophioglossum Adragant, Gum, see Tragacanth Agaric, Agaricus Agnus castus, Vitex Agrimony, Agrimonia Agrimony, Hemp, Enpatorium Agrimony, Bastard Hemp, Ageratum Agrimony, Naked-headed Hemp,

Agrimony, Naked-headed Hemp, Verbefina Agrimony, Water Hemp, Bidens Ague Tree, Laurus Aikraw, Lichen ferob

Alaternus, Bastard, Phylica Alder, Betula Alder, Black or Berry-bearing, Rhamnus Ale-cost, Tanacetum-Ale-hoof, Glechoma Alexanders, Smyrnium Alkali, Salicornia Alkanet, Lithospermum Alkekengi, Physalis All-good, Chenopodium All-heal, Clowns, Stachys All-heal, Hercules's, Pastinaca All-heal, Hercules's, Heracleum All-feed, Linum All-spice, Myrtus Alligator Pear, Laurus Almond, Amygdalus Almond, African, Brabejum Almond, Ethiopian, Brabejum Aloe, American, Agave Aloe, Water, Stratiotes Althæa frutex, Hibiscus Alysson, rough-leaved, Subularia Amaranth, Amaranthus Amaranth, Globe, Gomphrena Amber Tree, Anthospermum

Amellus

Amellus of Virgil, After Amomum Plinii, Solanum Amomum, German, Şisan Ananas, Bromelia Angelica, Berry-bearing, Aralia Angelica, Wild, Ægopodium Angelica Tree, Araha Anife, Pimpinella Anotta, Bixa Apeiba of the Brasilians, Sleanea Apple, Pyrus Apple, Adam's Citrus Apple, Blad, Cactus Apple, Custard, Annona Apple, Love, Solanum Apple, Mad, Solanum Apple, Male Balfam, Momordica Apple, May, Podophyllum Apple, Pine, Bromelia Apple, Purple, Annona Apple, Soap, Sapindus Apple, Sour, Annona Apple, Star, Chrysophyllum Apple, Sugar, Annona Apple, Sweet, Annona Apple, Thorn, Datura Apple, Water, Annona Apricot, Prunus Arbor Vitæ, Thuya Arbutus, Trailing, Epigæa Arcel, Lichen omph Ar-nuts, Avena elat Archangel, Lamium Archangel, Baulm-leav'd, Melittis Archangel, Yellow, Galeopsis Arrowhead, Sagittaria Arrow-headed Grass, Triglochin Arrow-root, Indian, Maranta Arfe-smart, Polygonum Artichoke, Cynara Artichoke, Jerusalem, Helianthus Arum, African, Calla Arum, Floating, Orontium Afarabacca, Afarum

Ash, Fraxinus Ash, Mountain, Sorbus Ash, Poison, Rhus Ash-weed, Aegopodium African Asparagus, Climbing, Medeola Asp, or Aspen Tree, Populus Asphodel, Asphodelus Asphodel, African, Anthericum Asphodel, Lily, Hemerocallis Asphodel, Lily, Crinum Asses Cucumber, Momordica. Atamasco Lily, Amaryllis Avens, Geum Avocado, Pear, Laurus Auricula, Primula Auricula, Borrage-leav'd, Ver-Ax-vetch, see Hatchet-vetch Azarole, Cratægus Azerira, Prunus

B.

Balaustine. Punica Balm, see Baulm Balm of Gilead, false, Dracocephalon Balsam, Impatiens Balsam of Tolu, Toluifera Balfam Apple, Male, Momordica Balsam Tree, Clusia Balsam Tree, Pistacia Balfam Tree, Copaifera Balsamine, Female, Impatiens Bámbu Cane, Arundo Banana, Musa Bane-berries, Actaa Banian Tree, Ficus Bark, True Jesuit's, Cinchona Bark, False Jesuit's, Iva Bark, Eluthera, Clutia Bark, Winter's, Wintera Barley, Hordeum BarrenBarren-wort, Epimedium Basetree Trefoil, Cytisus Basil, Ocimum
Basil, Field, Clinopodium Bafil, American Field, Monarda Basil, Syrian Field, Ziziphora Basil, Stone, Thymus Basil, Wild, Thymus Batchelor's Buttons, Lychnis Batchelor's Pear, Solanum Baulm, Melissa Baulm, Bastard, Melittis Baulm, Moldavian, Dracocephalum Baulm, Molucca, Molucella Baulm, Turkey, Dracocephalum Bay, Laurus Bay, Loblolly, Gordonia Bay, Rose, Nerium Bay, Dwarf Rose, Rhododendrum Bay, Mountain Rose, Rhododen-Bay, Sweet-flowering, Magnolia Bay Plumb, Psidium Bead Tree, Melia Bean, Vicia Bean, Bog, Menyanthes Bean, white, Cratægus Bean, Kidney, Phaseolus Bean Tree, Kidney, Glycine Bean Tree of America, Erythrina Bean Tree, Binding, Mimoja Bean Caper, Zygophyllum Bean Trefoil, Cytifus Bean Trefoil, Stinking, Anagyris Bear-berries, Arbutus Bear-bind, Convolvulus Bear's-breach, Acanthus Bear's-ear, Primula Bear's-ear, Sanicle, Cortnfa Bear's foot, Helleborus Beard, Old Man's, Clematis Beech, Fagus Beet, Beta Bee-flower, Ophrys

Behen, White, Cucubalus Bell-slower, Campanula Bells Canterbury, Campanula Bedstraw, Galium Bell-Pepper, Capficum Belladona Lily, Amaryllis Belvidere, Chenopodium Bellyach-weed, Jatropha Benjamin Tree, Laurus Bennet, Herb, Geum Berberry, Berberis Bermudiana, Sifyrinchium Betony, Betonica Betony, Paul's, Veronica Betony, Water, Scrophularia Big, Hordeum Bilberry, Vaccinium Bindweed, Convolvulus Bindweed, Black, Tamus Bindweed, Rough, Smilax Birch, Betula Birch of Jamaica, Pistacia Bird-cherry, Prunus Bird-pepper, Capsicum Bird's Eye, Adonis Bird's Foot, Ornithopus Bird's Foot Trefoil, Lotus Bird's Nest, Ophrys Bird's Nest, Purple, Orchis Birk, Betula Birth-wort, Aristolochia Bishop's-weed, Ammi Bistort, Polygonum Bitter-gourd, Cucumis Bitter-fweet, Solanum Bitter-vetch, Ervum Bitter-vetch, Orobus Bitter-vetch, Jointed podded, ErvumBitter-wort, Gentiana Blackberry, Rubus Blad Apple, Cactus Bladder Nut, Staphylæa Bladder Nut, African, Royena Bladder

Bladder Nut, Laurel-leaved, Ilex Bladder Senna, Colutea Bladder Senna, Jointed podded, Coronilla Bleffed Thiftle, Cnicus Blindman's Ball, Lycoperdon bow Blinks, Montia Blite, Blitum Blite, Amaranthus Blood-flower, Hæmanthus Blood-wood, Hæmatoxylon Blood-wort, Rumex Blue-bonnets, Centaurea cyan Blue-bottle, Centaurea Bog-bean, Menyanthes Bogberries, Vaccinium Bogwhorts, Vaccinium Bonduc, Guilandina Bonnet Pepper, Capficum Bore-cole, Braffica Borrage, Borrago Bottle-flower, Centaurea Box, Buxus Box, African, Myrsine Box, Low, Polygala Boxthorn, Lycium Brackens, Pteris Brakes, Pteris Bramble, Rubus Brank, Polygonum Brank Urfine, Acanthus Brassletto, Casalpina Break-stone, Saxifraga Break-stone, Parsley, Aphanes Briar, Sweet, Rosa Briar, Wild, Rosa Brimstone-wort, Peucedanum Bristol, Flower of, Lychnis Broccoli, Braffica Brooklime, Veronica Broom, Spartium Broom, African, Afpalathus Broom, Dyer's, Genista Broom, Dwarf, Genista

Broom, Single-seeded, Genista Broom Rape, Orobanche Broom Rape, with great Purple Flowers, Lathræa Brown-wort, Scrophularia Brown-wort, Prunella Bryony, Bryonia Bryony, Black, Tamus Buckler, Mustard, Biscutella Bucks-horn, Plantain, Plantago Bucks-horn, Warted, Cochlearia Buck-thorn, Rhamnus Buck-thorn, Sea, Hippophae Buck-wheat, Polygonum Bugbean, see Bogbean Bugle, Ajuga Bugloss, Anchusa Buglofs, Small wild, Asperuga Buglofs, Viper's, Echium Bullace Tree, Chrysophyllum Buliace Tree, Prunus Burdock, Aretium Burdock, Lesser, Xanthium Bur-Marygold, Bidens Burnet, Garden, Poterium Burnet, Greater wild, Sanguiforba Burnet Saxifrage, Pimpinella Burning thorny Plant, Euphorbia Bur Reed, Sparganium Butcher's Broom, Rusus Butter Burr, Tussilago
Butter-cups, Renunculus bulb Butter-wort, Pinguicula Button Tree, Conocarpus Button Weed, Spermacoce Button Wood, Cephalanthus Cabbage, Brassica

C.
Cabbage, Brassica
Cabbage, Dog's Theligonum
Cabbage, Sea, Crambe
Cabbage Tree, Cacalia
Calabash, Gucurbita
Calabash Tree, Crescentia
Calamint,

Calamint, Melissa Calamint, Water, Mentha Cale, Brassica Cale, Sea, Crambe Caltrops, Tribulus Caltrops, Water, Trapa Calve's Snout, Antirrhinum Cammock, Ononis Campeachy Wood, Hamatoxylon Camphire Tree, Laurus Campion, Angrostemma Campion, Lychnis Campion, Viscous, Silene Canary-grass, Phalaris Candle of the Indians, see Kandel Candleberry Myrtle, Myrica Candy Carrot, Athamanta Candy Lion's Foot, Catananthe Candy Tuft, Iberis Candy Tuft Tree, Iberis Cane or Reed, Arundo Cane, Sugar, Saccharum Canterbury Bells, Campanula Caper-bush, Capparis Caper, Bean, Zygophyllum Caraway, Garum Cardinal-flower, Lobelia Carline Thistle, Carlina Carnation, Dianthus Carnation, Spanish, Poinciana Carnation Tree, Caealia Carob Tree, Ceratonia Carrot, Daueus Carrot, Candy, Athamanta Carrot, Deadly, Thapfia Carui, Carum Cashew-nut, Anacardium Cassava, Jatropha Cassia, Poets, Ofyris Caffidony, Gnaphahum Cassiobury Bush, Cassine Catchfly, Silene Catmint, Nepetas

Cat's-foot, Glechoma

Cat's-foot Mountain, Gnophalium Cat's-tail, Typha Caterpillars, Scorpiurus Cauliflower, Brassica Cedar, Juniperus Cedar of Jamaica, Bastard, Theobroma Cedar, White, Gupreffus Cedar of Busaco, Cupressus Cedar of Libanus, Pinus Celandine, Chelidonium Celandine, Lesser, Ranunculus Celandine Tree, Bocconia Celeriac, Apium Celery, Apium Centaury, Centaurea Centaury, Lesser, Gentiana Centerach, Afplenium Chamomile, Anthemis Champignion, Agaricuscam Chardon, Cynara Charlock, Sinapi Charlock, White-flower'd, with jointed Pods, Rapbanus Chaste Tree, Vitex Cheese Rennet, Galium Cherry, Prunus Cherry, Barbadoes, Malpigia Cherry, Bird, Prunus Cherry, Cornelian, Cornus Cherry, Dwarf, Lonicera Cherry, Hottentot, Cassine Cherry, Winter, Physalis Cherry, Winter, Solanum Cherry of the Alps, Lonicera Cherry Laurel, Prunns Chervil, Garden, Scandix Chervil, Wild, Charophyllum Chestnut, Fagus Chestnut, Horse, Æsculus Chestnut, Indian Rose, Mesua Chich Pease, Gicer Chiches, Cicer Chichling Vetch, Lathyrus ChickChickweed, Alfine Chickweed, African, Mollugo Chickweed, Berry-bearing, Cucubalus Chickweed, Great, Stellaria Chickweed Mountain, Moehringia Chickweed Mouse-ear, Gerastium Chickweed, Small water, Montia China Root, Smilax China Rose Hibifcus Chinquapin, Fagus Chocolate-nut, Theobroma Christmas Rose, Helleborus Christopher, Herb, Actaa Christ's-thorn, Rhamnus Chryfanthemum, Baftard, Silphium Chryfanthemum, Hard - feeded, Osteospermum Ciboules, Allium Cicely, Sweet, Scandix Cinnamon Tree, Laurus Cinnamon, White, Laurus Cinquefoil, Potentilla Cinquefoil, Marsh, Comarum Ciftus, Marsh, Ledum Ciftus, Leffer Marsh, Andromeda Ciffus, Nettle-leaved, Turnera Ciftus, Rape of, Afarum Citron, Citrus Citrul, Gucurbita Cives, Allium Clary, Salvia Clary, Pyrænean, Horminum Clivers, Galium Cloud-berry, Rebuscham Clove July Flower, Dianthus Clove Tree, Caryophyllus Clover, Trifolium Clover, Dutch, Trifolium Clown's Allheal, Stachys Clown's Wound-wort, Stachys Cob-nut, Corylus Cock's-comb, Gelofia

Cock's-comb, Pedicularis Cock's-comb, Yellow, Rhinanthus Cock's-head, Hedylarum Cocoa-nut, Cocoa Cocoa-plumb, Chrysobalanus Codlin Tree, Pyrus Codlins and Cream, Epilobium Coffee Tree, Coffea Cole-seed, Brassica Cole-rape, Brassica Cole-wort, Braffica Cole-wort, Sea, Crambe Cole-wort, Sea, Convolvulus Coloquintida, Cucumis Colt's-foot, Tussilago Colt's-foot, Alpine, Cacalia Colt's-foot, Foreign, Cacalia Columbine, Aquilegia Columbine Feathered, Thalistrum Colutea, Jointed podded, Coro-Comphry, Symphytum Confound, Greater, Symphytum Consound Lesser, Bellis Consound, Middle, Ajuga Confound, Royal, Delphinium Confound, Saracen's, Solidago Confound, the True Saracen's, Senecio. Contrayerva, Dorstenia Contrayerva of Hernandez, Paj-Convall, Lily, Convallaria Coral Tree, Erithrina Coral-wort, Dentaria Coriander, Coriandrum Cork Tree, Quercus Cork, Indian, Zea Corn Flag, Gladiolus Corn Marigold, Chrysanthemum Corn Parsley, Sison Corn Rocket, Bunias Corn Rose, Pavaver Corn Sallad, Valeriana Cornel

Cornel Tree, Cornus Cornelian Cherry, Cornus Costmary, Tanacetum Cotton, Gossipium Cotton, Lavender, Santolina Cotton Tree, Silk, Bombax Cotton Grass, Eriophorum Cotton Weed, Filago Coventry Bells, Campanula Courbaril, Hymenæa Cow quakes, Briza Cowslip, Primula Cowslip, American, Dodecatheon Cowflip, Jerusalem, Pulmonaria Cowslip, Mountain. Pulmonaria Cow's Lungwort, Verbafcum Cow Parsnep, Heracleum Cow Weed, Charophyllum Cow Wheat, Melampyrum Coxcomb, fee Cock's comb Crab Tree, Pyrus Crake-berries, Empetrum Cranberries, Vaccinium Crane's-bill, Geranium Creeper, Virginian, Hedera Cress, Lepidium Cress, Indian, Tropæolum Cress, Sciatica, Iberis Cress, Spanish, Vella Cress, Swines, Cochlearia Crefs, Wall, Turritis Crefs, Warted, Cochlearia Crefs, Water, Sifymbrium Crofs, Winter, Erifymum Crofs Jerusalem, Lychnis Cross, Knights, Lychnis Cross, Scarlet, Lychnis Cross-wort, Valantia Crowberries, Empetrum Crow-foot, Rannuculus Crow-fick, Conferva riv Crown Imperial, Fritillaria

Cuckow-flower, Cardamine

Cuckow Pint, Arum

Cucumber, Cucumis Cucumber, Asses, Momordica Cucumber, Egyptian, Momordica Cucumber, Serpent, Trichofanthes Cucumber, Single-seeded, Sicyos Cucumber, Small creeping, Me-Cucumber, Spirting, Momordica Cucumber, Wild, Momordica Cudweed, Gnaphalium Cudweed, Bastard, Micropus Cullions, Orchis Cullions, Soldier's, Orchis Cumin, Guminum Cumin, Bastard, Lagacia Cumin, Wild, Lagacia Cup Mushroom, Peziza Curran Tree, Ribes Cushion Ladies. Saxifrag Culhion, Sea, Statice Custard, Apple, Annona Cypreis, Cupressus Cypreis, Summer, Chenopodium

D.

Daffodil, Narcissus Daffodil, Lily, Amaryllis Daffodil, Lily, Pancratium Daffodil, Sea, Pancratium Daify, Bellis Daify, Blue, Globularia Daify, Globe, Globularia Daily, Greater, Chrysanthemum Daify, Middle, Doronicum Daify, Ox-eye, Chryfanthemu Dame's Violet, Hesperis Damson Trée, Prunus Damson Tree, Chrysophyllum Dandelion, Leontodon Dane-wort, Sambucus Darnel, Lolium Date Plumb, Indian, Dioft yros Date Tree, Phænix Day

Day Lily, Hemerocallis Dead Nettle, Lamium Dead Nettle, Yellow, Galeopsis Deadly Carrot, Thapfia Deadly Nightshade, Atropa Devil in a bush, Nigella Devil's Bit, Scabiofa Devil's Bit, Yellow, Leontodon Dewberry Bush, Rubus Dier's Broom, Genista Dier's Weed, Reseda Dier's Weed, Genista Dill, Anethum Distaff Thistle, Atractylis Distaff Thistle, Carthamus Dittander, Lepidium Dittany, Origanum Dittany, Bastard, Marrubium Dittany, White, Dictamnus Dock, Rumex Doctor Tinker's Weed, Triofteum Dodder, Cuscuta Dodder of Thyme, Cuscuta Dog's Bane, Apocynum Dog's Bane, Asclepias Dog Berry, Cornus Dog's Cabbage, Theligonum Dog's Rue, Scrophularia Dog's Stones, Orchis Dog's Tooth, or Dog's Tooth Violet, Erythronium Dogwood, Cornus Dogwood of Jamaica, Erythrina Double Tongue, Ruscus Dove's Foot, Geranium Dragons, Dracontium Dragon's, Arum Dragon's Head, Dracocephalum Dragon's Water, Calla Dragon's Wort, Artemisia Dragon, Gum, see Tragacanth Dragon, Wild, Artemisia Drop-wort, Spiraa Drop-wort, Hemlock, Oenanthe

Drop-water, Oenanthe
Duck's-meat, Lemna
Duck's-meat, Starry, Callitriche
Duck's-foot, Podophyllum
Dulfe, Fucus palm
Dwale, Atropa

E.

Ebony, Cretan, Ebenus Ebony, False, Poinciana Ebony of the Alps, Cytifus Ebony, Mountain, Bauhinia Edders, Arum Egg Plant, Solanum Eglantine, Rosa Elder Tree, Sambucus Elder, Marsh, Viburnum Elecampane, Inula Elecampane, Baftard, Helenia Elemi Tree, Gum, Pistacia Elephant's Foot, Elephantopus Elephant's Head, Rhinanthus Elichrysum, Bastard Ethiopian Stoebe Eller, Betula aln Elm, Ulmus Enchanter's Nightshade, Circas Endive, Cichorium Eryngo, Eryngium Eschalot, Allium Eternal Flower, Xeranthemum Eternal Flower, Gnaphalium Eternal Flower, Gomphræna Evergreen, Aizoon Evergreen, Sempervivum Everlasting, Xeranthemum Everlasting, Gomphrana Everlasting, Gnaphalium Euonymus, Climbing, Celastrus Euonymus, Bastard, Kiggellaria Euonymus, Baftard, Celastrus Eve-bright, Euphrasia

Fairy Mushroom, Agaricus cor. Farting Tree, Hura Faufel Nut, Areca Felwort, Gentiana Felon-wort, Solanum Fennel, Anethum Fennel, Hog's, Peucedanum Fennel, Scorching, Thapfia Fennel, Sea, Crithmum Fennel Flower, Nigella Fennel Flower of Crete, Garidella Fennel Giant, Ferula Fenugreek, Trigonella Fern, Common Male, Polypodium Fern, Common Female, Polypodium Fern, Flowering, Ofmunda Fern, common or true Mules, Asplenium Fern, Mules, Hemionitis Fern, Sweet, Scandix Feverfew, Matricaria Feverfew, Baftard, Parthenium Fever-root, Triosteum Fever-weed, Eryngium Fiddle-wood, Citharexylum Field Basil, Clenopodium Field Basil, American, Monarda Field, Bafil, Syrian, Ziziphora Fig, Ficus Fig, Indian, Cactus Fig, Infernal, Argemone Fig, Pharaoh's, Ficus Fig, Pharaoh's, Musa Fig, Marigold, Mesembryanthemum Fig Tree, Cochineal, Cactus Fig-wort, Scrophularia Filberd, Corylus Fingrigo, Pisonia Finochia, Anethum Fir, Pinus Fir Moss, Upright, Lycopodium Fish Thistle, Carduus Flag, or Flag-flower, Iris

Flag, Corn, Gladiolus Flag, Sweet-scented, Acorus Flax, Linum Flax, Carolina, Polypremum Flax, Toad, Antirrhinum Fleabane, Conyza Fleabane, Marsh, Inula Fleabane, Middle, Inula Fleabane, Shrubby African, Tarchonanthus Fleabane Tree, Tarchonanthus Flea wort, Plantago Flix-weed, Sisymbrium Flower of Bristol, Lychnis Flower of Constantinople, Lychnis Flower Gentle, Amaranthus Flower of an Hour, Hibiscus Flower de Luce, Iris Flower-fence of Barbadoes, Poinciana Flower-fence, Bastard, Adenanthera Fluellin, Antirrhinum Fly Honeysuckle, Lonicera Fly Honeysuckle, African, Hal-Fly Bane, Silene Fly-wort, Silene Fool's Parsley, Æthusa Fool's Stones, Orchis Four o'clock Flower, Mirabilis Fox Glove, Digitalis Fox Tail Grass, Alopecurus Frankincense, Jews, Styrax Frankincense Tree, Pinus Fraxinella, Dictamnus French bean, Phaseolus French Honeysuckle, Hedysarum Fresh Water Soldier, Stratiotes Fryer's Cowl, Arum Fringe Tree, Chionanthes Fritillary, Fritillaria Fritillary Coxcomb, Stapelia Frog's Bit, Hydrocharis Fur'sell Fuller's Thistle, Dipsacus Furnatory, Fumaria Furze, Ulex Fustic Tree, Morus

G:

Gale, or Sweet Gale, Myrica Galingale, Cyperus Garavances, Gicer Garlick, Allium Gailick Pear, Crateva Gatter Tree, Cornus Gelder Rose, Viburnum Gelder Rose, Curran-leav'd, Spi-Gelder Rose, Virginian, Spiraa Gentian, Gentiana Gentian, Bastard, Sarothra Gentianella, Gentiana · Gentle, Flower, Amaranthus Gerard, Herb, Ægopodiam Germander, Teucrium Germander, Rock, Veronica Germander, Water, Teucrium Gilead, False Baulm of, Dracocephalum Gill, Glechoma Gilly-flower, see July-flower Ginger, Amonum Ginleng, Panax Gladiole, Water, Butomus Giadiole, Water, Lobelia Gladwin, Stinking, Iris Glass-wort, Salfola Glass-wort, Berry-bearing, Ana-Glass-wort, Jointed, Salicornia Globe Amaranth, Gomphrena Globe Daify, Globularia Globe Flower, Sphæranthus Globe Ranunculus, Trollius Globe Thistle, Echinops Goat's Beard, Tragopogon

Goat's Rue, Galega Goat's Stones, greater, Satyrium Goat's Stones, leffer, Orchis Goat's Thorn, Astragalus Gold of Pleasure, Myagrum Golden Cups, Ranunculus Golden Lung-wort, Hieracium Golden Maidenhair, Polytrichum Golden Mouse-ear, Hieracium Golden Rod, Solidago Golden Rod Tree, Bosea Golden Samphire, Inula Golden Saxifrage, Chrysoplenium Golden Thistle, Scolymus Goldy Locks, Chryfocoma Goldy-Locks, Gnaphalium Good Henry, Chenopodium Goofeberry, Ribes Gooseberry, American, Mela-Stoma Goofeberry of the Americans, Gooseberry of Barbadoes, Caetus Goofe-foot, Chenopodium Goose Grass, Galium Goose Grass, great, Asperugo Goose Tongue, Achillea Go to bed at Noon, Tragopogon Gorss, Ulex Gourd, Cucurbita Gourd, Bitter, Cucumis Gourd, Ethiopian, Sour, Adan-Jonia Gourd Tree, Indian, Crescentia Gout-wort, Agopodium Gowan, Bellis Grace, Herb of, Ruta Grain, Oily Purging, Sefanum Grain, Scarlet, Quercus Grain, Scarlet, Cactus Grape, Vitis Grape, Mangrove, Polygonum Grape, Sea-side, Polygonum Grape Hyacinth, Hyacinthus Grass

Hem-

Grass Vetch, Crimson, Lathyrus Grass Wrack, Zostera Gravel-bind, Convolvulus Greek Valerian, Polemonium Green-weed, Genista Grim the Collier, Hieracium Gromwell, or Gromil, Litho-Spermum Gromwell, German, Stellera Ground Ivy, Glechoma Ground Nut, Arachis Ground Pine, Teucrium Ground Pine, Stinking, Camphorosma Groundsel, Senecio Groundsel Tree, Baccharis Groundsel Tree with a Ficoides Leaf, Caccalia Guava, see Guayava Guava, French, Caffia Guayava, Psidium Guills, Chryfanthemum seg. Gum Elemi Tree, Pistachia Gum Succory, Chondrilla Gum Tragacanth, Astragalus Gum, Sweet, Liquidambar

Grass of Parnassus, Parnassia

#### H.

Hag-berries, Prunus pad
Hag-taper, Verbascum thap.
Hairbells, Hyacinthus
Hare's-ear, Bupleurum
Hare's Lettuce, Sonchus
Hart's-horn Plantain, Plantago
Hart's-tongue, Asplenium
Hart-wort, Sesele
Hart-wort of Crete, Tordylium
Hartwort, Shrubby, of Ethiopia,
Bapleurum
Hart-wort of Marseilles, Seseli
Hatchet Vetch, True, Coronilla

Hatchet Vetch, Clusius's Foreign, Biserrula Hawk-weed, Hieracum Hawk-weed, Bastard, Crepis Hawk-weed, Trailing crookedseeded, Hyoseris Hawk-weed, Woolly, Andryala Hawthorn, or Haw, Cratagus Hawthorn, Black American, Viburnum Hay, Burgundian, Medicago Hazel, or Hazel Nut, Corylus Hazel, Witch, Hamamelis Hazel, Witch, Ulmus Heart Pea, Cardiospermum Heart Seed, Gardiospermum Heart's Ease, Viola Heath, Erica Heath, berry-bearing, Empetrum Heath, black-berried, Empetrum Heath, Mountain, Saxifraga Heath, Low Pine, Coris Heath Peafe, Orobus Hedge Hog, Medicago Hedge Hog Thistle, Castus Hedge Hog Thorn, Spanish, Anthyllis Hedge Hyssop, Gratiola Hedge Mustard, Erysimum Hedge Nettle, Galeopsis Hedge Nettle, Shrubby, Prasium Hellebore, Helleborus Hellebore, Bastard, Serapias Hellebore, black, Helleborus Hellebore, Fennel-leaved black, Adonis Hellebore, White, Veratrum Helleborine, Serapias Helmet-flower, Aconitum Hemlock, Conium Hemlock, great broad - leaved Bastard Ligusticum Hemlock, lesser, Æthusa Hemlock, Water, Cicuta

Hemlock Drop-wort, Oenanthe Hemp, Cannabis Hemp, Bastard, Datisca Hemp, Bastard, Galeopsis Hemp Agrimony, Eupatorium Hemp Agrimony, Bastard, Age-Hemp Agrimony, Naked-headed, Verbefina Hemp Agrimony, Water, Bidens Henbane, Hyoscyamus Henbane, Yellow, Nicotiana Henweed, Guinea, Petiveria Hepatica, Anemone Hep Tree, Rofa Herb Bane, Orobanche Herb Bane, Great Purple, Lathræa Herb Bennet, Geym Herb Christopher, Astaa Herb Gerard, Ægopodium Herb of Grace, Ruta Herb Mastick, Satureia Herb Paris, Paris Herb Paris of Canada, Trillium Herb Robert, Geranium Herb Trinity, Viola Herb Truelove, Paris HerbTruelove of Canada, Trillium Herb Two-pence, Lysimachid Herb, Bessed, Geum Herb, St. Bartholomew's Ilex Herb, Willow, Epilobium Herb, Willow, Lythrum Herb, Willow, Lifymachia Hercules's Allheal, Paftinaca Hercules's Allheal, Heracleum Hercules's Club, Xanthoxylon Hiccory Nut, Juglans High Taper, Verbascum Hind-berry, Rubus Hog Plumb-tree, Spondias Hog's Fennel, Peucedanum

Hogweed of the Americans. Boerhavia Hollow-root, Adoxa Holly, Ilex Holly, Knee, Rufcus Holly, Sea, Eryngium Hollyhock, Alcea Holy Thistle, Cnicus Honesty, Lunaria Hone-wort, Sifon Honey-flower, Melianthus Honey Locust, Gleditsia Honeysuckle, Lonicera Honeysuckle, African Fly, Hal-Honeysuckle, American Upright, Honeysuckle, French, Hedyfarum Honeysuckle Grass, Trifolium Honey-wort, Cerinthe Hop, Humulus Hop-tree, Ilex Horehound, Marrubium Horehound, Base, Stachys Horehound, Bastard, Sideritis Horehound, Black, Ballota Horehound, Stinking Marsh Bastard, Glechoma Horehound, Water, Lycopus Hornbeam, Carpinus Horns, Medicago Horse Chestnut, Æsculus Horse Purssane, Trianthema Horse Radish, Cochlearia Horse-shoe Vetch, Hippocrepis Horse-tail, Equisetum Horse-tail, Shrubby, Ephedra Horse-tongue, Ruscus Hottentot Cherry, Cassine Hound's-tongue, Cynoglossum Houseleek, Sempervivum Houseleek, lesser, Sedum Houseleek, Small annual, Tillea

House-

Houseleek, Water, of Egypt, Pistia
Hyacinth, Hyacinthus
Hyacinth, African Blue, umbellated, Crinum
Hyacinth, Lily, Scilla
Hyacinth, Peruvian, Scilla
Hyacinth, Starry, Scilla
Hyssop, Hyssopus
Hyssop, Hedge, Gratiola
Hyssop, Mountain, Thymbra

T.

Jacinth, Hyacinthus Jack in a Box, Hernandia Jack by the Hedge, Erysimum Jacob's Ladder, Polemonium Jacobæa Lily, Amaryllis Jalap, Mirabilis Jaimine, Jasminum Jasmine, Arabian, NyEtanthes Jasmine, Bastard, Cestrum Jasmine, Bastard, Lycium Jasmine, Ilex-leaved, Lantana Jasmine, Fennel-leaved, Ipomoea Jasmine, Persian, Syringa. Jasmine, Red, Plumeria Jasmine, Scarlet, Bignonia Jasmine, Yellow, Bignonia Jericho, Rose of, Anastatica Jersey, Thea, New, Geanothus Jerusalem Artichoke, Helianthus Jerufalem Cowslip, Pulmonaria Terusalem Cross, Lychnis Jerusalem Oak, Chenopodium Jerusalem Sage, Phlomis Jerusalem, Sage of, Pulmonaria Jessamine, see Jasmine JesuitsBark -tree, True Cinchona Jesuits Bark-tree, False, Iva Jew's Frankincense, Styrax Jew's Mallow, Carchorus Hathera Bark, Clutia

Immortal Eagle flower, Impatiens Immortal flower, Gomphrena Indian God Tree, Ficus Indian Shot, Canna Indigo, Indigofera Indigo, Bastard, Amorpha Infernal Fig, Argemone Job's Tears, Coix Johnsonia, Callicarpa Johnquill, Narcissus Ipecacuana, Bastard, Asclepias Ipecacuana, False, Triosteum Iris, Uvaria, Aletris Iron-wood, Sideroxylum Iron-wort, Sideritis Judas-tree, Circis Jujube-tree, Rhamnus July-flower, Clove, Dianthus July-filower, Queen's, Hesperis July-flower, Stock, Cheiranthus Juniper, Juniperus Jupiter's Beard, Anthyllis Jupiter's Beard, American, Amorpha Jupiter's Distaff, Salvia Ivy, Hedera Ivy, Bindweed-leaved, Meni-Spermum Ivy, Ground, Glechoma Ivy-tree of America, Kalmia

K.

Kale, Sea, Crambe
Kali, Salfola
Kali, Egyptian, Mesembryanthemum
Kali, Sal, Salicornia
Kandel of the Indians, Rhize-phora
Kelp, Salicornia
Kermes, Quercus
Kidney Bean, Phaseolus

Kidney

Kidney Bean-tree of Carolina, Glycine Kidney Vetch, Anthyllis Kidney-Wort, Saxifraga King's Spear, Afphodelus Knapweed, Centaurea Knapweed, Thorny, Centaurea Knawel, Scleranthus Knee Holly, Ruscus Knee Holm, Ruscus Knight's Cross, Lychnis Knot Berries, Rubus Knot Grass, Polygonum Knot Grass, German, Scleranthus Knot Grafs, Mountain, Illecebrum Knot Grass, Verticillate, Illecebrum

#### L

Laburnum, Cytisus Alexander Ladder to Heaven, Convallaria Ladder, Jacob's, Polemonium Lady's Bedstraw, Galium Lady's Bower, Glematis Lady's Comb, Scandix Lady's Cushion Saxifraga Lady's Finger, Anthyllis Lady's Mantle, Alchemilla Lady's Seal, Tamus Lady's Slipper, Cypripedium Lady's Smock, Cardamine Lady's Traces, Triple, Ophrys Lakeweed, Polygonum Lamb's Lettuce, Valeriana Larch-tree, Pinus Lark's Heel, Delphinium -Lark's Spur, Delphinium Laserwort, Laserpitium Lavender, Lavandula Lavender, Sea, Statice Lavender Cotton, Santolina Laver, Ulva ---Laurel, Prunus Laurel, Alexandrian, Ru/cus

Laurel, Dwarf, of America, Kalmia Laurel, Flax-leaved, Daphne Laurel, Sea-side, Phyllanthus Laurel, Spurge, Daphne Laurustinus, Viburnum Lauskraut, Delphinium Lead-wort, Plumbago Leather-wood, Dirca Leek, Allium Lemon, Citrus Lemon, Water, Passifiora Lentils, Ervum Lentisk, Pistacia Lentisk, African, Schinus Lentisk, Peruvian, Schinus Leopard's Bane, Doronicum Lettuce, Lactuca Lettuce, Hare's, Sonchus Lettuce, Lamb's, Valeriana Lettuce, Wild, Prenanthes Life, Tree of, Thuya Life, Wood of, Guaiacum Life Everlasting, Gnaphalium Lignum Aloes, Cordia Lignum Vitæ, Guaiacum Lilac, Syringa Lily, Lilium Lily, African Scarlet, Amaryllis Lily, Asphodel, Grinum Lily, Atamasco, Amaryllis Lily, Belladona, Amaryllis Lily, St. Bruno's, Hemerocallis Lily, Conval, Convallaria Lily, Day, Hemerocallis Lily, Guernsey, Amaryllis Lily, Jacobæa, Amaryllis Lily, Japan, Amaryllis Lily, May, Convallaria Lily, Mexican, Amaryllis Lily, Persian, Fritillaria Lily, Superb, Gloriofa Lily, Water, Nymphaa

Lily, Leffer, Yellow Water, with fringed Flowers, Menyanthes Lily, Zeylon, Amaryllis Lily, Asphodel, Hemerocallis Lily, Daffodil, Amaryllis Lily, Daffodil, Pancratium Lily, Hyacinth, Scilla Lily, Thorn, Catesbæa Lily of the Valley, Convallaria Lime, Citrus Lime, Brook, Veronica Lime-tree, Tilia Ling, Erica Linden-tree, Tilia Lion's-foot, Candy, Catananche Lion's-leaf, Leontice Lion's-tail, Leonurus Lipple-hout, Cassine Liquorice, Glycyrrhiza Liquorice, Wild, Astragalus Liquorice, Wild, Capraria Liquorice, Wild, Glycine Liquorice Vetch, Astragalus Liquorice Vetch, Knobbed-rooted, Glycine Live-ever, Sedum Live-long, Sedum Liver-wort, Lichen Liver-wort, Marsh, Riccia Liver-wort, Noble, Anemone Lizard-tail, Saururus Lizard-tail, Piper Loblolly Bay, Gordonia Locker Gowlans, Trollius Locust, Melianthus Locust, Ceratonia Locust, Bastard, Hymenaa Locust-tree, Hymenæa Locust-treee, Robinia Locust-tree, Honey, Gleditsia Logwood, Hamatoxylon London Pride, Saxifraga Loose-strife, Lysimachia Loofe-strife, podded, Epilebium

Loose-strife, Purple, Lythrum Loose-strife, spiked, Lythrum Loose-strife, Yellow Virginian, Gaura Lords and Ladies, Arum Lotus, or Lote-tree, Celtis Lotus, supposed, of Homer, Diopyros Lotus, Honey, Trifolium Lovage, Ligusticum Love, Tree of, Cercis Love Apple, Solanum Love in a Mist, Passiflora Love lies a bleeding, Amaranthus Loufe-wort, Pedicularis Loufe-wort, Yellow, Rhinanthus Lucern Grass, Medicago Lucken-Gowan, Trollius Lung-wort, Pulmonaria Lung-wort, Cow's Verbascum Lung-wort, Golden, Hieracium Lupine, Lupinus Lust-wort, Drosera Lychnidea, Phlox Lychnis' Baftard, Phlox Lychnis, Wild, Agrostema

M.

Mace, Reed, Typha Mad Apple, Solanum Madder, Rubia Madder, Little Field, Sherardia Madder, Petty, Crucianella Mad-wort, Alyffum Mad-wort, German, Asperugo Mahaleb, Prunus Maho-tree, Hibiscus Maiden-hair, Adiantum Maiden-hair, English black, Afplenium Maiden-hair, Golden, Polytrichum Maiden-hair, White, Afplenium Maiden Plumb, Chrysobalanus Mala-

Malabar Nut, Justicia Male Balsam Apple, Momordica Mallow, Malva Mallow, Bastard, Malope Mallow, Jew's, Corchorus Mallow, Indian, Sida Mallow, Indian, Urena Mallow, Mash, Althæa Miallow, Rose, Alcea Mallow, Syrian, Hibifcus Mallow, Tree, Lavatera Mallow, Varied leaved, Lavatera Mallow, Venetian, Lavatera Mallow, Vervain, Malva Mallow, Yellow, Sida Mammee, Mammea Mammee, Sapota, Achras Manchineel-tree, Hippomane Mandrake, Mandragora Mango-tree, Mangifera Mangostan, or Mangosteen, Garciana Mangrove Grape, Polygonum Mangrove-tree of America, Rhizophora Manihot, Jatropha Maple, Acer Maracock, Passiflora Marigold, Calendula Marigold, African, Tagetes Marigold, Corn, Chrysanthemum Marigold, Fig, Mesembryanthemum Marigold, French, Tagetes Marigold, Marsh, Caltha Marjorum, common or sweet, Origanum Marjoram, Bastard, Origanum Marjoram, Pot, Origanum Marjoram, Spanish, Urtica Marjoram, Wild, Origanum Marjoram, Winter sweet, Ori-Marsh-mallow, see Mallow Martagon, Lilium

Marvel of Peru, Mirabilis Marum, Common, Satureia Marum, Pennyroyal-scented, Me-Marum, Syrian, or Cretan, Origanum Master-wort, Imperatoria Master-wort, Black, Astrantia Mastich, Herb, Satureia Mastich, Indian, Schinus Mastich, Peruvian, Schinus Mastich-tree, Pistachia Mastich-tree, Indian, Schinus Mastich Thyme, Satureia Mastich Thyme, Thymus Matfellon, Cantaurea Mat-weed, Hooded, Lygeum Maudlin, Achillea May Apple, Podohphyllum May Bush, Gratægus May Lily, Convallaria May Weed. Anthemis. Mays, Zea Meadia, Dodecatheon Meadow Rue. Thalistrum Meadow Safforn, Colchicum Meadow Saxifrage, Peucedanum Meadow-sweet, Spiraea Meadow-sweet, Greater, Spiræd Meadow, Queen of the, Spiraa Mealy-tree, Pliant, Viburnum Medic, Medicago Medic, Bastard, Medicago Medic, Sea, Medicago Medic, Vetch, Hedysarum Medic, Vetchling, Hedysarum Medlar, Mespilus Medufa's Head, Euphorbia Melancholy Thiftle, Carduus Melancholy-tree, Nyctanthes Melilot, Trifolium Melilot Trefoil, Trifolium Melon, Cucumis Melon, Water, Cucurbita .Melon-

Melon-thistle, Cactus Mercury, Mercurialis Mercury, English, Chenopodium Mezereon, Daphne. Meum, Athamanta Mignonette, Reseda Milfoil, Achillea Milfoil, Water, Hottonia Milfoil, Water, Myriophyllum Milfoil, Water, Utricularia Milk Vetch, Astragalus Milk Vetch, Bastard, Phaca Milk Wood, Bignonia Milk-wort, Polygala Milk-wort, Euphorbia Milk-wort, Sea, Glaux Millet, Panicum Millet-Grass, Milium Millet, Indian, Holcus Milt-waste, Asplenium Mint, Mentha Mint, Cat, Nepeta Misletoe, Viscum Mithridate Mustard, Thlaspi Mithridate Mustard, Bastard, Iberis Mock Orange, Philadelphus Mock Privet, Phillyrea Moldavian Baulm, Dracocepha-Molucca Baulm, Moluccella Moly with Lily-flowers, or Homer's, Allum Money-wort, Lysimachia Monk's-head, Leontodon Monks'-hood, Aconitum Monk's Rhubarb, Rumex

Monster, Fritillaria

Moon-wort, Lunaria Moor Berries, Vaccinium

Moss-tree, Lichen

Moon Seed, Menispermum Moon Trefoil, Medicago

Moschatel, Tuberose, Adoxa

Moss, Upright Fir, Locopodium Moss, Water, Fontinalis Moss-berries, Vaccinum Moth Mullein, Verbascum Mother of Thyme, Thymus Mother-wort, Leonurus Mouse-ear, Hieracium Mouse-ear, Creeping, Hieracium Mouse-ear Golden, Hieracium Mouse-ear Chikweed, Cerastium Mouse-ear Scorpion-grass, Myolotis Mouse-tail, Myosurus Mugweed, Valantia cru. Mug-wort, Artemisia Målberry-tree, Morus Mulberry Blite, Blitum Mule Fairchild's, Dianthus Mule-wort, Hemionitis, Mule's Fern, Hemionitis Mullein, Verbascum Mullein, Moth, Verbascum Mushrooms, Agaricus Mushrooms, Cup, Peziza Musk Seed, Hibifcus Mustard, Sinapis Mustard, Bastard, Cleome Mustard, Buckler, Biscutella Mustard, Hedge, Erysimum Mustard, Mithridate, Thlaspi Bastard Mithridate, Mustard, Iberis Mustard, Tower, Turritis Mustard, Bastard Tower, Arabis Mustard, Treacle, Clypeola Mustard, Treacle, Thiaspi Myrtle, Myrtus Myrtle, Candleberry Myrica Myrtle, Dutch, Myrica

N.

Naked Ladies, Colchicum Naples, Star of, Ornithogalum Narciflus Narcissus, Third, of Matthiolus, Pancratium Naseberry-tree, Sloanea Nasturtion, Tropæolum Navel-wort, Cotyledon Navel-wort, Bastard, Crassula Navel-wort, False, Grassula Navel-wort, Venus's, Cynoglossum Navel-wort, Water, Hydrocotyle Navew, Braffica Nectarine, Amygdalus Nep, Nepeta Nettle, Urtica Nettle, Dead, Lamium Nettle, Hedge, Galeopsis Nettle Shrubby Hedge, Prasium Nettle-tree, Celtis Net-work, Eriocaulon dec. Nickar-tree, Guilandina Nightshade, Solanum Nightshade, American, Phyto-Nightshade, American, Rivina Nightshade, Bastard, Rivina Nightshade, Deadly, Atropa Nightshade, Enchanter's, Circaa Nightshade, Malabar, Basella Nightshade, Three-leaved, Tril-Nipple-wort, Lapfana Noli me tangere, Impatiens Noli me tangere, Momordica None so pretty, Saxifraga Nonsuch, Lychnis Nose-bleed, Achillea Nut-tree, Corylus Nut, Bladder, Staphylæa Nut, Cashew, Anacardium Nut Chocolate, Theobroma Nut, Cob, Corylus Nut, Cocoa, Cocis Nut, Earth, Bunium Nut, Fausel, Areca Nut, Ground, Arachis

Nut, Hazel, Corylus Nut, Malabar, Justicia Nut, Pease Earth, Lathyrus Nut, Physic, Jatropha Nut, Physic, Croton Nut, Pig, Bunium Nut, Pistacia, Pistacia Nut, Purging, Croton Nut, Purging, Jatropha Nut, Spanish, Iris Nut, Walnut, Juglans

O.

Oak, Quercus Oak, Dwarf, Teucrium Oak of Cappadocia, Ambrosia Oak of Jerusalem, Chenopodium Oak, Poison, Rhus Oats, Avena Oats, Seafide, of Carolina, Uniola Oats, Wild-bearded, Bromus Oat-grass, Bromus Oil Nut, Ricinus Oil Seed, Ricinus Oil-tree, Ricinus Oily purging Grain, Sefamum Okra, Hibiscus Old Man's Beard, Clematis Old Man's Head, Dianthus Oleander, Nerium Oleaster, Elæagnus Olive, Olea Olive, Spurge, Daphne Olive, Wild, Elæagnus Olive, Wild, of Barbadoes, Bontia One Berry, Paris One Blade, Gonvallaria Onion, Allium Onion, Sea, Scilla Orange, Gitrus Orange, Mock, Philadelphus Origany, Origanum

Oroonoka,

Oroonoka, Nicotiana
Orpine, Sedum
Orpine, Bastard, Andrachne
Orpine, Lesser, Crassula
Orpine, True of Imperatus,
Telephium
Orrach, Atriplex
Orrach, Berry-bearing, Blitum
Orrach, Creeping shrubby, Atraphaxis
Orrach, Wild, Chenopodium
Ofter, Salix

Ofier, Salix
Ofmund Royal, Ofmunda
Ox-eye, Buphthalmum
Ox-eye of old Authors, Anthemis
Ox-eye, Daify, Chryfanthemum

Ox-eye, Daify, Chryfan Ox-lips, Primula Ox-tongue, Picris Ofwego Tea, Monarda Oylter-green, Ulva, lac

P

Paddock-stool, Agaricus Paddock-pipe, Equisetum Pæony, Pæonia Pagils, or Paigles, Primula Painted Ladies, Dianthus Painted Lady Peafe. Lathyrus Palm, Common or Greater, or Date-tree, Phænix Palm, Leffer or Dwarf, Chamærops Palm, The Cocoa Nut, Cocos Palm, The Fausel Nut, Areca Palm, Malabar, called Ampana and Carimpana, Borassus Palm, Wild Malabar, called Katou Indel, Elate Palm, Mountain, with largest Leaves, called Codda Panna, Corypha Palm with ringed Stems, called Todda Panna, Gycas

Palm with bipinnate Leaves, called Schunda Panna, Caryota Palma Christi, Ricinus Palmetto, Chamærops Panic, Panicum Panic-grass, Panicum Pansies, Viola Papaw-tree, Carica Papaw-tree of North America Annona Paraguay Tea, Ilex Park-leaves, Hypericum Parsley, Apium Parsley, Bastard, Caucalis Parsley, Corn, Sison Parsley, Fool's, Ethusa Parsley, Macedonian, Bubon Parsley, Milky, Selinum Parsley, Mountain, Athamanta Parsley, Stone, Bubon Parsley, Bastard Stone, Sison Parsley, Wild, Sison Parsley, Wild of America, Cardiospermum Parsley Break-stone, Appanes Parsley Piert, Aphanes Parsney, Pastinaca Parsnep, Cow's, Heracleum Parsnep, Prickly, Echinophora Parsnep, Water, Sium Parnassus, Grass of, Parnassia Pasque-flower, Anemone Passion-flower, Passifiora Patience, Rumex Paul's Betony, Veronica Pea, Pisum Pea, Chich, Cicer Pea, Chichling, Lathyrus Pea, Earth-nut, Lathyrus Pea, Everlasting, Lathyrus Pea, Heart, Cardiospermum Pea, Heath, Orobus Pea, Painted Lady, Lathyrus Pea. Pigeon, Cytifus Pea,

Pea, Sweet-scented, Lathyrus Pea, Tangier, Lathyrus Pea, Winged, Lotus Pea, Wood, Orobus Peach, Amygdalus Peach, Wolf's, Solanum Pear, Pyrus Pear, Avocado, Avocato or Alligator, Laurus Pear, Batchelor's, Solanum Pear, Garlick, Crateva Pear, Prickly, Cactus Pearl-wort, Sagina Pellitory, Parietaria Pellitory, Bastard, Achillea Pellitory, Double, Achillea Pellitory of Spain, Anthemis Pellitory of Spain, False, Chry*fanthemum* Pellitory-tree, Zanthoxylum Pellitory of the Wall, Parietaria Penny-royal, Mentha Penny-royal, Virginian, Satureia Penny-wort, Marsh, Hydrocotyle Penny-wort, Wall, Cotyledon Penny-wort, Water, Hydrocotyle Penguin, Bromelia Pentstemon, Chelone Peony, see Pæony Pepper, Piper Pepper, Barbary, Capficum Pepper, Bell, Capficum Pepper, Bird, Capsicum Pepper, Bonnet, Capficum Pepper, Guinea, Capsicum Pepper, Jamaica, Myrtus Pepper, Indian, Capficum Pepper, Long, Piper Pepper, Poor Man's, Lepidium Pepper, Wall, Sedum Pepper Water, Polygonum Pepper-grass, Pilularia Pepper-pot, Capficum

Pepper-tree, Vitis

Pepper-wort, Lepidium Percepier, Aphanes Periwinkle, Vinca Perficaria, Polygonum Pestilent-wort, Tussilago Petroseline Wortle, Apium Petty Madder, Crucianella Petty Whin, Ononis Pharoah's Fig, Musa Pharoah's Fig, Ficus Pheafant's Eye, Adonis Phyllyrea, False, Rhamnus Phu, Valeriana Physic, Nut, Fatropha Physic, Nut, Croton Physic, Pork, Phytolacca Pick-tooth, Daucus Pigeon Pea, Cytisus Pig Nut, Bunium Pig Nut, Juglans Pile-wort, Ranunculus Pimento, Myrtus Pimpernel, Anagallis Pimpernel, Water, Veronica Pimpernel, Round-leaved Water, Samolus Pimpernel, Yellow of the Woods, Lysimachia Pimpillo, Cactus Pinaster, Pinus Pine-tree, Pinus Pine, Ground, Teucrium Pine, Stinking Ground, Camphorosma Pine, Heath low, Coris Pine-apple, Bromelia Pine-apple, Wild, Renealmia Pink, Dianthus Pink, Indian, Ipomoea Pink, Indian, Lonicera Pink, Sea, Statice Pinpillow, see Pimpillo Pipe-tree, Syringa Pipe-tree, Pudding, Caffia

Piperidge Bush, Berberis Pippen, Pyrus Piquets, Dianthus Pishamin Plum, Diospyros Pistacia-Nut, Pistacia Pistacia-tree, Black Virginian, Hamamelis Pistacia, Hazel-leaved, Hamamelis Pitch-tree, Pinus Plane-tree, Platanus Plane-tree, False, Acer Plant, Burning thorny, Euphorbia Plant, Eg, Solanum Plant, Humble, Mimofa Plant, Sensitive, Mimoja Plant, Bastard sensitive, Æschynomene . Plantain, Plantago Plantain, Water, Alisma Plantain, Least Water, Limofella Plantain, Star headed Water, Ali|ma Plantain Shot, Canna Plantain-tree, Musa Pliant Mealy-tree, Viburnum Plowman's Spikenard, Baccharis Plowman's Spikenard, Gonyza

Plum-tree, Prunus Plum, American Black, Chrysobalanus

Plum, Bay, Pfidium
Plum, Brasilian, Spondias
Plum, Cocoa, Chrysobalanus
Plum, Hog, Spondias
Plum, Indian Date, Diospyros
Plum, Maiden, Chrysobalanus
Plum, Pishamin, Persimon, or
Pitchumon, Diospyros
Poccoon, see Puccoon
Pockwood, Guaiacum

Poet's Cassia, Osyris Poet's Rosemary, Osyris Poison Ash, Rhus Poison Berry, Cestrum
Poison Bush, Euphorbia
Poison Oak, Rhus
Poison Tree, Rhus
Poke, Virginian, Phytolacca
Poley Mountain, Teucrium
Poley Grass, Lythrum
Polypody, Polypodium
Pomegranate, Punica
Pompion, Cucurbita
Pond-weed, Potamogeton
Pond-weed, Triple-headed, Zannichellia

nichellia
Poplar, Populus
Poppy, Papaver
Poppy, Horned, Chelidonium
Poppy, Prickly, Argemone
Poppy, Spatling, Cucubalus
Pork Phyfic, Phytolacca
Potatoe, Solanum
Potatoe, Indian, Diofcorea
Potatoe, Spanish, Convolvulus
Prick Wood, Euonymus
Primrose, Primula
Primrose, Night, Oenothera
Primrose, Peerless, Narcissus
Primrose-tree, Oenothera

Princes Feather, Amaranthus
Privet, Ligustrum
Privet, Evergreen, Rhamnus
Privet, Mock, Phillyrea
Privy-saugh, Ligustrum
Puccoon, Sanguinaria
Pudding-grass, Mentha
Pudding Pipe-tree, Cassia
Puff-balls, Lycoperdon bow.
Pumpion, see Pompion
Pumpkin, see Pompion
Purging Grain, Oily, Sesamum
Purging Nut, Groton
Purging Nut, Jatropha
Purging Thorn, Rhamnus
Purple Apple, Annona

Purslane, Portulaca Purslane,

Purstane, Horse, Trianthema Purstane, Sea, Atriplex Purstane Water, Peplis Purstane, Tree Sea, Atriplex

Q.

Quamoclit, Ipomæa
Queen of the Meadows, Spiræa
Queen's July-flower, Hesperis
Queen's Violet, Hesperis
Quick, Cratægus
Quicken, Sorbus
Quickbean-tree, Sorbus
Quince-tree, Pyrus
Quill-wort, Isoetes lac.

R

Radish, Raphanus Radish, Horse, Cochlearia Radish, Water, Sifymbrium Ragged Robin, Lychnis Ragwort, Common, Senecio Ragwort, African, Othonna Ragworts, Sundry, of old Authors, Senecio Ragworts, Sundry, of old Authors, Solidago Rampions, Horned, Phyteuma Rampions, Crested, Lohelia Rampions, Common Esculent, Campanula Rampions with scabious Heads, fasione Ramsons, Allium Ranunculus, Globe, Trollius Rape, Braffica Rape, Broom, Orobanche Rape, Cole, Brassica Rape of Ciftus, Marum Raipberry, Rubus Rattle, Pedicularis

Rattle, Yellow, Rhinanthus

Rattlesnake Root, Senegal, Po-Rattleinake Root, Dr. Witts, Prenanthes Rattlesnake Weed, Eryngium Redbud, Cercis Red Whorts, Spanish, Arbutus Reddish, see Radish Reed, Arundo Reed, Burr, Sparganium Reed, Indian flowering, Canna Reed, Mace, Typha Rennet, Cheese, Galium Rest Harrow, Ononis Rhamnus, Bastard, Hippophae Rhendeer, Lichen ran. Rhubarb, Rheum Rhubarb, Monks, Rumer Ribwort, Plantago Rice, Oryxa Ricinus, Bastard, Croton Roane-tree, Sorbus Robert, Herb, Geranium Rocambole, Allium Rock Germander, Veronica Rock Rose, Cistus Rocket, Brassica Rocket, Bastard, Reseda Rocket, Corn, Bunias Rocket, Marsh, Sisymbrium Rocket, Sea, Bunias Rocket, Square-codded, of Montpelier, Bunias Rocket, Water, Sisymbrium Rocket, Winter, Sifymbrium Rocket, or Dame's, Violet, Hef-Rod, Aaron's, Solidago Rod, Golden, Solidago Rod-tree, Golden, Bosea Rod, Shepherd's, Dipfacus Roe-buck Berries, Rubus fax. Root, Indian Arrow, Maranta Root, China, Smilax Root

Root, False China, Senecio Root, Fever, Triosteum Root, Hollow, Adoxa Root, Rose, Rhodiola Root, Snake, Aristolochia Root, Snake, black or wild, of America, Actaa Root, Dr. Witts's Rattlesnake, Prenanthes Root, Senegaw Rattlesnake, Polygala Root, Sweet, Glycirrhiza Rose, Rosa Rose, China, Hibiscus Rose, Christmas, Helleborus Rose, Corn, Papaver Rose, Gelder, Viburnum Rose, Gelderland, Viburnum Rose, Virginian Gelder, Spiraa Rose, Martinico, Hibiscus Rose, Rock, Cistus Rose of Jericho, Anastatica Rose Bay, Nerium Rose Bay Dwarf, Rhododendrum

Rose Mallow, Alcea
Rose Root, Rhodiola
Rosemary, Rosmarinus
Rosemary, Poet's, Osyris
Rosemary, Wild, Ledum
Rosemary, Lesser wild, Andromeda
Rue, Ruta
Rue, Dog's, Scrophularia
Rue, Goat's, Galega
Rue, Meadow, Thalictrum
Rue, Wall, Asplenium
Rue, Wild Syrian, Peganum
Rupture-wort, Herniaria
Rupture-wort, Least, Linum
Rush, Juncus
Rush, Flowering, Butomus

Rose Bay, Mountain, Rhododen-

Rose Bay Willowherb, Epilobium

Rush, Lesser slowering, Scheuchzeria
Rush, Round, black-headed,
Marsh or Bog, Schoenus
Rush, Sweet, Acorus
Rush-grass, Scirpus
Russichiana, Dracocephalon
Rye, Secale
Rye, Wild, Hordeum
Rye-grass, Hordeum

S

Saffron, Crocus Saffron, Bastard, Carthamus Saffron, Meadow, Colchicum Sage; Salvia Sage, Wild, Teucrium Sage, Indian Wild, Eantana Sage, Wood, Teucrium Sage of Jerusalem, Pulmonaria Sage of Jerusalem, Phlomis Sage-tree, Phlomis Saint Bartholomew's Herb, Ilex Saint Bruno's Lily, Hemerocallis Saint John's Bread, Ceratonia Saint John's-wort, Hypericum Saint Peter's-wort, Ascyrum Saint Peter's-wort, Hyperieum Saint Peter's-wort, Shrubby, Lo-

Saintfoin, Hedyfarum
Sallad, Corn, Valeriana
Sal kali, Salicornia
Sallow, Salix
Salfafy, Tragopogon
Salt-wort, Salicornia
Salt-wort, Black, Glaux
Samphire, Crithmum
Samphire, Golden, Inula
Sandbox-tree, Hura
Sanders, fee Saunders
Sanicle, Sanicula
Sanicle, Saxifraga

Sanicle,

Sanicle, American Bastard, Mi-Sanicle, Bear's-ear, Cortufa Sappadillo-tree, Sloanea Sapota, Achras Sapota Mammee, Achras Saracen's Confound, Solidago Saracen's Confound, the true, Saracen's Wound-wort, Solidago Saracen's Wound-wort, The true, Sassafras-tree, Laurus Sassafy, see Salsafy Sattin-flower, Lunaria Sattin, White, Lunaria Sauce alone, Erysimum Savin, Juniperus Savin-tree, Indian, Bauhinia Saunders, Santalum Savory, Satureia Savoys, Braffica Saw-wort, Serratula Saxifrage, Saxifraga Saxifrage, Burnet, Pimpinella Saxifrage, Golden, Chrysosplenium Saxifrage, Meadow, Peucedanum Scabious, Scabiosa Scabious, Sheep's, Jasione Scallion, Allium Scammony, Syrian, Convolvulus Scammony of Montpelier, Cynanchum Sciatica Cress, The true, Lepi-Sciatica Cress, Iberis Scorching Fennel, Thapfia Scorpion-grafs, Scorpiurus Scorpion-grafs, Mouse-ear, My-Scorpion Senna, Coronilla Scorpion's Thorn, Ulex Screw-tree, fee Skrew-tree Scull-cap, fee Skull-cap

Scurvy-grass, Cochlearia Seabeard, Conferva rup Sea Weed, Fucus Sebesten, Cordia Sedum, Pyramidal, Saxifraga Seed, Heart, Cardiospermum Segs, Iris, pseu Self-heal, Brunella Self-heal, Sanicula Senna of the Shops, Caffia Senna, Bastard, Cassia Senna, Bastard, Colutea Senna, Jointed podded Bladder, Coronilla Senna, Scorpion, Coronilla Senna, Wild, Cassia Senegal, Rattlesnake Root, Polygala Sengreen, Sempervivum Sensitive Plant, Mimosa Sensitive Plant, Bastard, Eschynomene Septfoil, Tormentilla Sermountain, Laserpitium Serpent Cucumber, Trichosanthes Serpent's Tongue, Ophioglossum Service tree, Sorbus Service, Maple-leaved, Grata-Service, Wild, Cratagus Setfoil, see Septfoil Setwall, fee Zedoary, Setwall, Garden, Valeriana Setter-wort, Helleborus Shaddock, Citrus Shallot, fee Eschalot Shavegrass, Equisetum Sheep Scabious, Jasione Shepherd's Needle, Scandix Shepherd's Pouch, Thlaspi Shepherd's Rod, Dipfacus Shepherd's Staff, Dipfacus Shot, Indian, *Canna* Shot, plantain, Canna

Sickle

Sickle-wort, Coronilla Side-saddle Flower, Sarracena Silk, Cotton-tree, Bombax Silk, Virginian, Periploçã Silver Bush, Anthyllis Silver-tree, Protea Silver-weed, Potentilla Simpla Nobla, Phyllis Simpler's Joy, Verbena Skirret, Sium Skull-cap, Scutellaria Skrew-tree, Helicteres Sloe-tree, Prunus Sloke, Ulva Smallage, Apium Snails, Medicago Snail Clover, Medicago Snail Trefoil, Medicago Snakeweed, Palygonum Snake Root, Aristolochia Snake Root, Black or Wild, of America, Actaa Snap-tree, Justicia Snap Dragon, Antirrhinum Snap Dragon of America, Ruellia Sneeze-wort, Achillea Sneeze-wort, Auftrian, Xeranthemum Snowball-tree, Viburnum Snowberry-bush, Lonicera Snow-drop, Galanthus Snow-drop, Greater, Leucojum Snowdrop-tree, Chionanthus Soap Apple, Sapindus Soap Berry, Sapindus

Soap-wort, Saponaria
Soldanel, Soldanella
Soldanel of the Shops, Convolyulus
Soldier, Water, Stratiotes
Soldier, Fresh Water, Stratiotes
Soldier's Cullions, Orchis

Solomon's Seal, Convallaria Solomon's Seal, Penfylvania, Uvularia Sorgo, Holcus Sorrel, Rumex Sorrel, Indian Red, Hibiscus Sorrel, Indian White, Hibifcus Sorrel, Wood, Oxalis Sorrel-tree, Andromeda Sorrowful-tree, Nyctanthes Sour Gourd, Æthiopian, Adan-Jonia Sour Soap, Annona Southernwood, Artemisia South-sea Tea, Ilex Sow-bread, Cyclamen Sowruck, Rumex acet Sow Thistle, Sonchus Sow Thistle, Prenanthes Sow Thistle, Downy, Andryala Sow Thistle, Tangier, Scorzonera Sparrow-grass, see Asparagus Sparrow-wort, Passerina Sparrow-wort, Tragus's, Stellera Spatling Poppy, Cucubalus Spear-wort, Ranunculus Speerage, see Asparagus Speedwell, Veronica Speedwell, Female, Antirrhinum Spice Wood, Laurus Spice, All, Myrtus Spider-wort, Anthericum Spider-wort, Great Savoy, Hemerocallis Spider-wort, Virginian, Tradef-Spignel, Athamanta Spignel, Wild, Sefeli Spike-grass, Winged, Stipa Spikenard, Baftard French, Nardus

Spikenard, Celtic, Valeriana Spiknard, False, Lavandula Spikenard, Plowman's, charis Spikenard, Plowman's, Conyza Spikenard, Wild, Afarum Spinach, Spinacia Spinach, Strawberry, Blitum Spindle-tree, Euonymus Spindle-tree, Climbing, Celastrus Spindle-tree, Bastard, Kiggellaria Spindle-tree, Bastard, Celastrus Spiræa Frutex, Spiræa Spiræa, African, Diosma Spirting Cucumber, Momordica Spleen-wort, Asplenium Spleen-wort, Rough, Lonchitis Spleen-wort, Rough, Polypodium Spoon-wort, Cochlearia Spunge-tree, Mimosa Spurge, Euphorbia Spurge, Bastard, Euphorbia Spurge Clive, Daphne Spurge Olive, Daphne Spurrey, Spergula Squash, Cucurbita Squill, Scilla Squill, Lesser White, Pancratium Staff-tree, Celastrus Staff, Shepherd's, Dipfacus Stag's-horn-tree, Rhus Star of Alexandria, Ornithogalum Star Apple, Chryfophyllum Star of Bethlehem, Ornithogalum Star of Constantinople, Ornitho--galum Star Hyacinth, Scilla Star of Naples, Ornithogalum Star Thistle, Centaurea Star-wort, Aster

Bastard, Buphthal-Star-wort, Star-wort, Trailing, of Vera-Cruz, Tridax Star-wort, Yellow, Inula Star-wort, Yellow, Buphthalmum Staves Acre, Delphinium Stich-wort, Stellaria Stink-horns, Phallus Stock, Cheiranthus Stock July-flower, Cheiranthus Stock Dwarf Annual, Hesperis Stock, Virginian, Hesperis Stone Crop, Sedum Stone-crop-tree, Chenopodium Stone Parsley, Bubon Stone Parsley, Bastard, Sison Storax-tree, Styrax Storax, Liquid, Liquidambar Strawberry, Fragaria Strawberry, Barren, Potentilla Strawberry, Barren, Eragaria Strawberry Blite, Blitum Strawberry Spinach, Blitum Strawberry-tree, Arbutus Succory, Cichorium Succory, Gum, Chondrilla Succory, Wart, Lapfana Sugar Cane, Saccharum Sulphur-wort, Peucedanum Sultan-flower, Centaurea Sumach, Rhus Sumach, Myrtle-leaved, Coriaria Sumach, Tanner's or Currier's, Coriaria Sundew, Drofera Sun-flower, Helianthus Sun-flower, Bastard, Helenia Sun-flower, Dwarf, Rubeckia Sun-flower, Dwarf, Tetragonotheca Sun-flower, Little, Ciftus Sun-flower, Tickfeeded, Coreopfis

Sun-

Sun-flower, Willow-leaved, Helenia Superb Lily, Gloriofa Swallow-wort, Asclepias Sweet Briar, Rosa Sweet Cicely, Scandix Sweet Gum, Liquidambar Sweet John, Dianthus Sweet Root, Glycyrrhiza Sweet Sop, Annona Sweet Sultan, Centaurea Sweet Weed, Capraria Sweet William, Dianthus Sweet William of Barbadoes, Ipomæa Swine's Cress, Cochlearia Sycamore, Ficus Sycamore False, Acer Syringa, commonly called, Phiz ladelphus

### T,

Tacamahaca, Populus Tallow-tree, Croton Tamarind-tree, Tamarindus Tamarisk, Tamarix Tansey, Tanacetum Tansey, Wild, Potentilla Tare, Vicia Taragon, Artemisia Tarton-raire, Daphne Tea-tree, Thea Tea, Falle, Ilex Tea, New Jersey, Ceonothus Tea, Oswego, Monarda Tea, Paraguay, Ilex Tea, South-sea, Ilex Teasel, Dipsacus Tent-wort, Asplenium Thistle, Carduus Thistle, Blessed, Cnicus Thistle Carline, Carlina Thistle, Distaf, Atractylis

Thistle, Distaf, Carthamus Thistle, Fish, Carduus Thistle, Fuller's, Dipsacus Thistle, Gentle, Carduus Thistle, Globe, Echinops Thistle, Golden, Scolymus Thistle, Hedge-hog, Cactus Thistle, Holy, Cnicus Thiftle, Ladies, Carduus Thistle, Melancholy, Carduus Thistle, Melon, Castus. Thistle, Milk. Carduus Thistle, Soft, Carduus Thistle, Sow, Sonchus Thistle, Sow, Prenanthes Thistle, Downy Sow, Andryala Thistle, Star, Centaurea Thiftle, Torch, Cactus Thistle, Wooly, Onopordon Thongs, Fucus lor. Thorn, Black, Prunus Thorn, Box, Lycium Thorn, Christ's Rhamnus Thorn, Egyptian, Mimosa Thorn, Evergreen, Mespilus Thorn, Goat,'s Aftralagus Thorn, Lily, Catesbea Thorn, Purging, Rhamnus Thorn, Scorpion's Ulex Thorn, Spanish Hedge-hog, Anthyllis Thorn, White, Cratagus Thorn, Apple, Datura Thorny Plant, Burning, Euphor-Thorough Wax, Bupleurum Three Faces under a Hood, Viola Three-leav'd Grass, Trifolium Thrift, Statice Throat-wort, Campanula Throat-wort, Trachelium Thyme, Thymus Thyme, Dodder of, Cufcuta

Thyme,

Thyme, Maftick, Satureia Tickfeed, Corifpermum Tills, Ervum Timothy-grass, Phteum Tinker's Weed, Triosteum Toad Flax, Antirrhinum Tobacco, Nicotiana Tolu-tree, Balfam of, Toluifera Tomatoes, Solanum Tooth-ach-tree, Zianthoxylum Tooth-pick, Daueus Tooth-wort, Dentaria Tooth-wort, Plumbago Torch-Thiftle, Castus Tormentil, Tormentilla Touch me not, Impatiens Touch me not, Momordica Tower Mustard, Turritis Tower Mustard, Bastard, Arabis Tragacanth, Gum, Astragalus Tragus's Sparrow-wort, Stellera Traveller's Joy, Clematis Treacle Multard, Clypeola Treacle Mustard, Thlaspi Tree Moss, Lichen Trefoil, Trefolium Trefoil, Bean, Citisus Trefoil, Stinking Bean, Anagyris Trefoil Bird's-foot, Lotus Trefoil, Marsh, Menyanthes Trefoil, Moon, Medicago Trefoil, Shrub, Ptelea Trefoil of Montpelier, Shrub, Trefoil, Snail, Medicago Trefoil, Thorny, of Candia, Fagonia Trefoil Tree, Cytifus Trefoil Base-tree, Cytisus Trinity-herb, Viola Triple Ladies Traces, Ophrys True-love, Paris True-love of Canada, Trillium Truffles, Lycoperdon tub

Trumpet-flower, Bignonia Tuberose, Polyanthes Tulip, Tulipa Tulip, African, Hamanthes Tulip, Chequer'd, Fritillaria Tulip-flower, Bignonia Tulip-tree, Liriodendrum Tulip-tree, Laurel-leaved, Mag-Tun Hoot, Glechoma Tupelo-tree, Nysfa Turbith Indian, or of the Shops, Convolvulus Turbith, Garganic, Thapfia Turkey-feather, Ulva pavi Tutk's Cap, Lilium Turk's Head, Caetus Turk's Turban, Ranunculus Turnep, Brassica Turnep French, Brassica Turmerick, Curcuma Turnsole, Heliotropium Turpentine-tree, Pistacia Tutfan, Hypericum Twopence, Herb, Lysimachia Tway Blade, Ophrys Twy Blade, Ophrys

#### $\mathbf{v}$ .

Valerian, Valeriana
Valerian, Greek, Polemonium
Vanilla, or Vaneloe, Epidendrum
Vernal-grafs, Anthoxanthum
Venus's Comb, Scandix
Venus's Looking-glafs, Campanula
Venus's Navel-wort, Cynogloffum
Vervain, Verbena
Vervain Mallow, Malva
Vetch, Vicia
Vetch, Ax, fee Hatchet Vetch
Vetch, Bitter, Ervum

Vetch, Bitter, Orobus... Vetch, Jointed, Podded Bitter, Ervum Vetch, Chichling, Lathyrus Vetch, Crimfon Grafs, Lathyrus Vetch, Hatchet, Coronilla Vetch, Clufius's foreign Hatchet, Biserrula Vetch, Horse-shoe, Hippocrepis Vetch, Kidney, Anthyllis Vetch, Liquorice, Astragalus, Vetch, Knobbed-rooted Liquorice, Glycene Vetch, Milk, Astragalas Vetch, Baftard, Milk, Phaca Vetch, Venetian, Orobus Vetch, Medic, Hedysarum Vetchling, Hedysarum Vetchling, Medic, Hedysarum Vetchling, Yellow, Lathyrus Virburnum, American, Lantana Vine, Vitis Vine, Black, Tamus Vine, Climbing five-leaved, of Canada, Hedera Vine, Spanish Arbor, Ipomoea Vine, White, Bryonia Violet, Viola Violet, Bulbous, Galanthus Violet, Calathian, Gentiana Violet, Dame's, Hesperis Violet, Dog's Tooth, Erythronium Violet, Queen's, Hesperis Violet, Water, Hottonia Vipers's Buglos, Echium Viper's Grass, Scorzonera Virgin's Bower, Clematis Vitæ, Arbor, Thuya

W.

Wake Robin, Arum Wall-flower, Cheiranthus

Vitæ, Lignum, Guaiacum

Umbrella-tree Magnolia.

Walnut, Juglans Walnut, Jamaica, Hura Wall-wort, Sambucus Wanhom, Kampferia Ware-sea, Fucus ves Wart Succory, Lapfana Wart-wort, Euphorbia, 4, 11/17 Wart-wort, Heliotropium Wort-wort, Lapsana Water-leaf, Hydrophyllum Water Soldier, Stratiotes Wayfaring-tree, Viburnum Weld, Reseda Wheat, Triticum Wheat, Buck, Polygonum Wheat, Cow, Mylampyrum Wheat, French, Polygonium Wheat, Indian. Zea Wheat, Turkey, Zea Whin, Ulex Whin, Petty, Ononis Whistles Sea Fucus nod White Beam-tree, Cratagus White Leaf-tree, Cratagus White Sattin, Lunaria. White Wood Bignonia Whitlow Grass, Draba Whitlow Grass, Rue-leaved, Saxifraga Whortle Berry Vaccinium Whortle Berry, African, Royena Whorts, Black, Vaccinium Whorts, Bog, Vaccinium Whorts, Red, Vaccinium Whorts, Spanish Red, Arbutus Wicken-tree Sorbus Widow Wail, Cneorum Willow, Salix Willow, French, Epilobium Willow Spiked, of Theophrastus, Spiræa Willow, Sweet, Myrica Willow, Herb, Epilobium Willow, Herb, Lythrum Willow. Willow, Herb, Lysimachia Willow Herb, Rosebay, Epilo-Wind-flower, Anemone Wind-seed, Arctotis Winged spiked Grass, Stipa Winter Berry, Prinos Winter Bloom, Azalea Winter Cherry, Phyfalis Winter Cherry, Solanum Winter Green, Pyrola Winter Green, Ivy-flowering, Kalmia Winter Green, with Chickweed Flowers, Trientalis Winter's Bark, Wintera Witch Hazel, Hamamelis Witch Hazel, Ulmus Woad, Isatis Woad, Wild, Reseda Wolf's Bane, Aconitum Wolf's Bane, Winter, Helleborus Wolf's Peach, Solanum Woodbind, Lonicera Woodbind, Spanish, Ipomoea Wood of Life, Guaiacum Wood Anemone, Anemone Wood Sorrel, Oxalis

Woodroof, Asperula

Woodwaxen, Genisla
Worm-grafs, Spigelia
Worm-feed, Chenopodium
Wormwood, Artemisla
Wormwood, Wild, Parthenium
Wortle, Petroseline, Aipum
Would, Reseda
Wound-wort of Achilles, Achillea
Wound-wort, Clown's, Stachys
Wound wort, Saracen's, Solidago
Wound-wort, Saracens, the true,
Senecio
Wrack, Fucus
Wrack, Grafs, Zostera

Y.

Yams, Dioscorea Yapon, Ilex Yarrow, Achillea Yellow Weed, Reseda Yerva Mora, Bosea Yew-tree, Taxus

Z.

Zedoary, round, Kæmpferia Zedoary, long, Amomum Zerumbeth, Amomum.



